

Disclaimer

The following online version of the Owner's Manual describes all models as well as all the standard and optional equipment of your vehicle. Country-specific differences in the language variants are possible. Note that your vehicle may not be fitted with all features described. This is also the case for safety-relevant systems and functions. Please contact your authorised Mercedes-Benz dealer if you would like to have a printed Owner's Manual for other vehicle models and vehicle model years. The online version is the current valid Owner's Manual version. Possible variations to your vehicle may not be taken into account as Mercedes-Benz constantly updates their vehicles and equipment to the state of the art and introduces changes in design and equipment. Please also read the printed Owner's Manual, any supplementary documents and the digital Owner's Manual in the vehicle.

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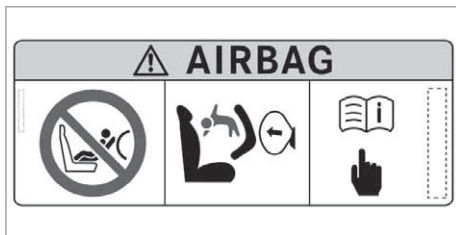
Vito

Owner's Manual

Mercedes-Benz



Front passenger airbag warning



⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death if the co-driver airbag is enabled

If the co-driver airbag is enabled, a child on the co-driver seat may be struck by the co-driver airbag during an accident.

NEVER use a rearward-facing child restraint system on a seat with an ENABLED FRONT AIRBAG; DEATH or SERIOUS INJURY to the CHILD can occur.

Observe the chapter "Children in the vehicle".

Welcome to the world of Mercedes-Benz

Before you first drive off, read these Operating Instructions carefully and familiarise yourself with your vehicle. For your own safety and a longer vehicle life, follow the instructions and warning notices in these Operating Instructions. Disregarding them may result in damage to the vehicle or environment or in personal injury.

The standard equipment and product description of your vehicle may vary and depends on the following factors:

- model
- order
- national version
- availability

The illustrations in these Operating Instructions show a left-hand drive vehicle. On right-hand-drive vehicles, the layout of vehicle parts and control elements differs accordingly.

Mercedes-Benz is constantly developing its vehicles further.

Mercedes-Benz therefore reserves the right to introduce changes in the following areas:

- design
- equipment
- technical features

Therefore, the description may differ from your vehicle in some cases.

The following documents are integral parts of the vehicle:

- printed Operating Instructions
- service booklet
- equipment-dependent supplements

Always keep these documents in the vehicle. If you sell the vehicle, always pass all documents on to the new owner.



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In these Operating Instructions, you will find the following symbols:

 **DANGER** Danger due to not observing the warning notices

Warning notices draw your attention to hazards that may endanger your health or life, or the health or life of others.

► Observe the warning notices.

 **ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE** Environmental damage due to failure to observe environmental notes

Environmental notes include information on environmentally responsible behaviour or environmentally responsible disposal.

► Observe environmental notes.

 **NOTE** Damage to property due to failure to observe notes on material damage

Notes on material damage inform you of risks which may lead to your vehicle being damaged.

► Observe notes on material damage.

 These symbols indicate useful instructions or further information that could be helpful to you.

► Instructions

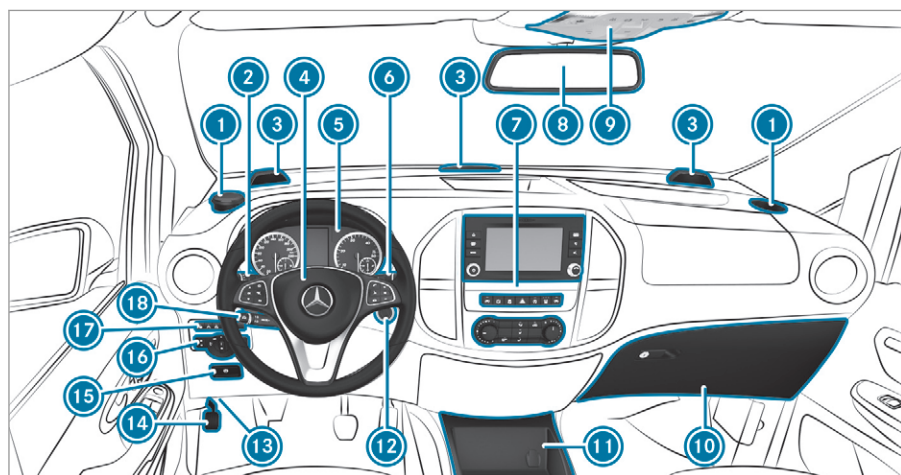
(→ Further information on a topic page)

Display Display in the multifunction display/media display

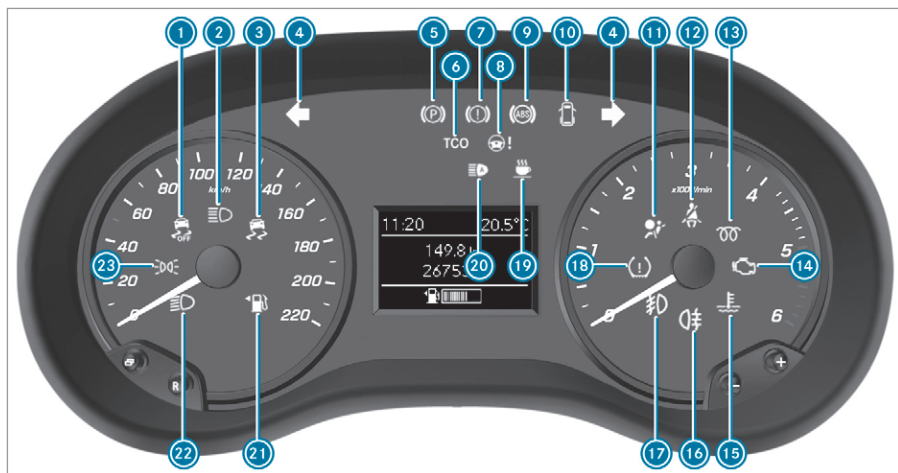
↪ Highest menu level to be selected in the multimedia system

➡ Corresponding submenus to be selected in the multimedia system

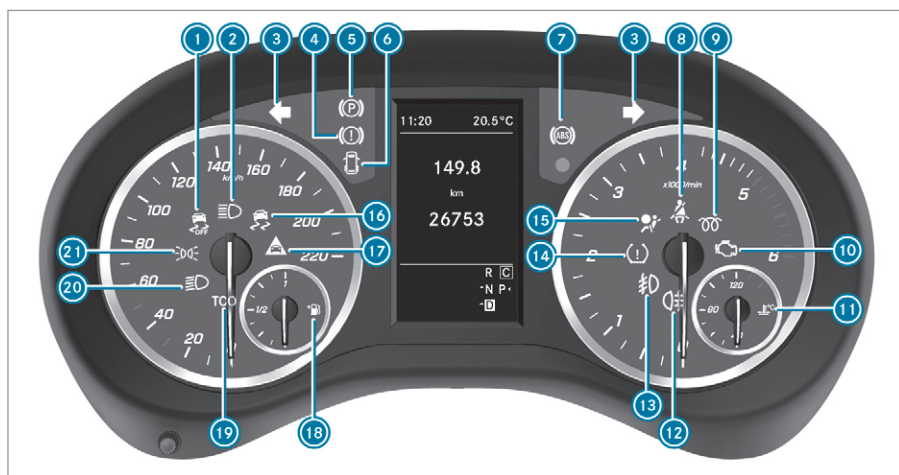
* Indicates a cause



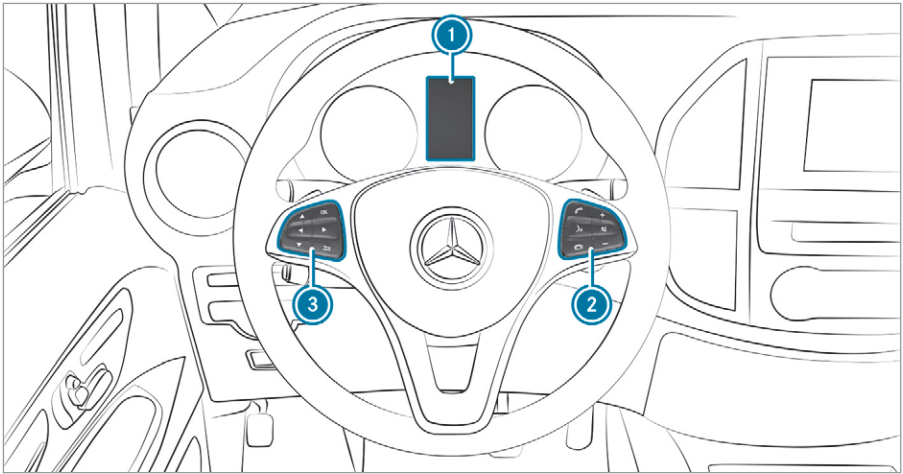
① Cup holders	→	90	Cigarette lighter	→	91
Ashtray	→	91	Switch clock for auxiliary warm-air heater	→	121
② Combination switch	→	94	Device installation frame for auxiliary equipment, e.g. a tachograph		
③ PARKTRONIC warning displays	→	159			
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Horn			⑬ Diagnostics connection	→	18
⑤ Instrument cluster	→	173	Opens the bonnet	→	216
⑥ DIRECT SELECT lever (automatic transmission)	→	135	⑭ Applies the parking brake	→	144
⑦ Centre console operating unit			⑮ Releases the parking brake	→	144
⑧ Inside rearview mirror			⑯ Light switch	→	93
⑨ Overhead control panel			⑰ Switch panel for driving systems:		
Interior lamp	→	99	 Lane Keeping Assist	→	167
⑩ Glove compartment	→	87	 Switches PARKTRONIC on/off	→	159
⑪ Stowage compartment			 DSR	→	154
12 V socket	→	92	⑱ Cruise control lever	→	151



1	ESP® OFF	→	310	15	Coolant	→	315
2	High beam	→	94	16	Rear fog light	→	94
3	ESP®	→	310	17	Fog light	→	94
4	Turn signal lights	→	94	18	Tyre pressure monitoring system	→	318
5	Parking brake	→	144	19	ATTENTION ASSIST	→	166
6	Tachograph	→	314	20	Adaptive Highbeam Assist	→	97
7	Brakes	→	310	21	Reserve fuel	→	315
8	Power steering	→	314	22	Low beam	→	93
9	ABS	→	310	23	Standing lights and licence plate lighting	→	93
10	Doors	→	314	Corresponding messages may also be shown on the multi-function display.			→ 278
11	Restraint system	→	310				
12	Seat belt	→	313				
13	Preglow	→					
14	Engine diagnostics	→	315				



1	 ESP® OFF	→	310	14	 Tyre pressure monitoring system	→	318
2	 High beam	→	94	15	 Restraint system	→	310
3	  Turn signal lights	→	94	16	 ESP®	→	310
4	 Brakes	→	310	17	 Distance warning	→	314
5	 Parking brake	→	144	18	 Reserve fuel	→	315
6	 Doors	→	314	19	 TCO Tachograph	→	314
7	 ABS	→	310	20	 Low beam	→	93
8	 Seat belt	→	313	21	 Standing lights and licence plate lighting	→	93
9	 Preglow			Corresponding messages may also be shown on the multi-function display. → 278			
10	 Engine diagnostics	→	315				
11	 Coolant	→	315				
12	 Rear fog light	→	94				
13	 Fog light	→	94				



① Multifunction display → 177

②  Ends or declines calls/ exits the phone book or redial memory → 185

 Makes or accepts calls/ switches to the redial memory

  Adjusts the volume

 Mutes

 Vehicles with a navigation system: switches on voice control of the navigation system (see the manufacturer's operating instructions)

③   Calls up the menu bar in the multifunction display and selects menus → 175

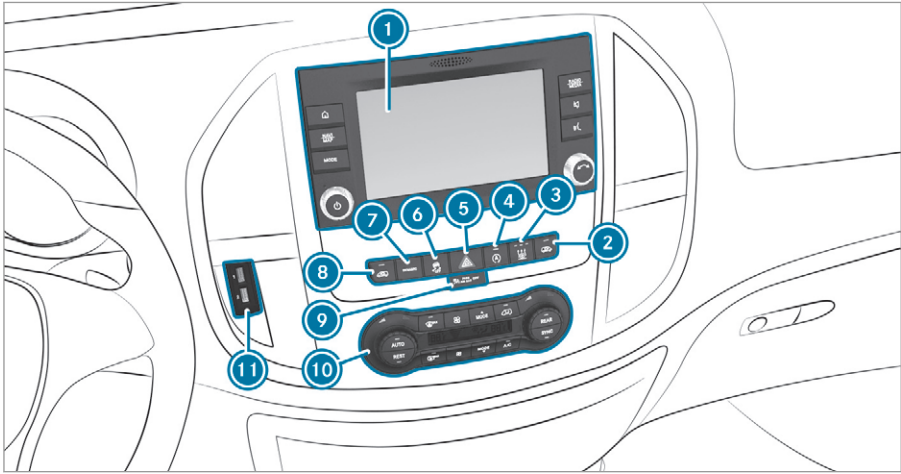
  Selects a submenu or function/scrolls through lists

 Confirms a selection/ hides display messages

 Back/vehicles with a navigation system: switches off voice control of the navigation system (see the manufacturer's operating instructions)

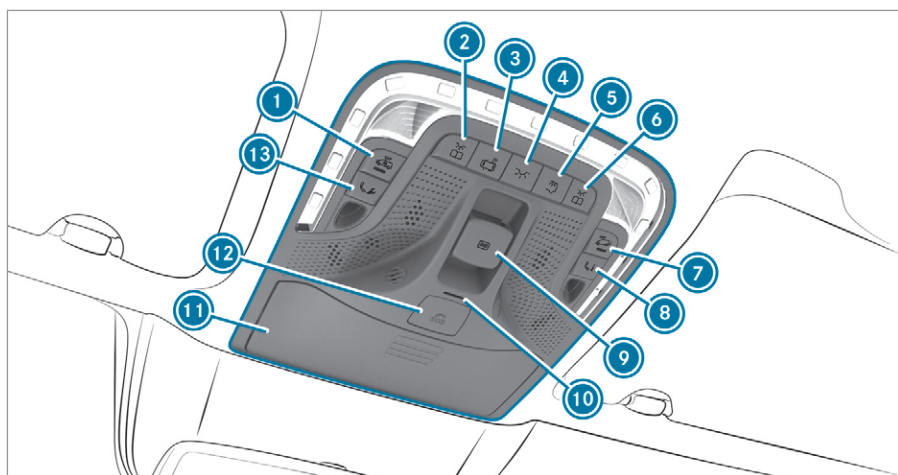
The multimedia system, telephone, and voice control via the steering wheel buttons in the right control panel only function with a Mercedes-Benz audio or navigation system. If you are using an audio or navigation system from another manufacturer, the described functions may be restricted or may not be available at all.

Operating unit

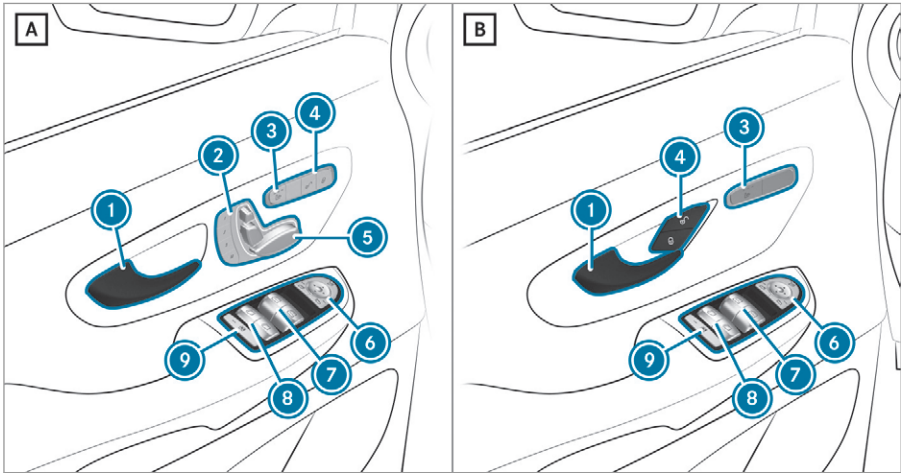


Centre console (example)

➊ Multimedia system	→	191	➋	Opens and closes the electric sliding door on the left side of the vehicle	→	51
➌ Opens and closes the electric sliding door on the right side of the vehicle	→	51	➍	PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp	→	31
➎ Stationary heater	→	117	➏	Climate control system operating unit	→	109
➐ Switches the ECO start/stop function on and off	→	133	➑	Media interface with AUX connection and USB port		
➒ Switches the hazard warning light system on and off	→	95	The layout and number of buttons depend on the equipment.			
➔ Switches ESP® on and off	→	147				
➖ Selects the DYNAMIC drive program (automatic transmission)	→	137				



1		Deactivates interior protection	→	69	8		Button for Info call	→	190
2		Switches the left-hand reading lamp on/off	→	99	9		Opens/closes the panorama sliding sunroof	→	65
3		Switches automatic interior lighting control on/off	→	99			Opens/closes the roller sunblinds	→	65
4		Switches the front interior lighting on/off	→	99	10		ATA indicator lamp	→	67
5		Switches the rear/load compartment lighting on/off	→	99	11		Glasses compartment	→	87
6		Switches the right-hand reading lamp on/off	→	99	12		SOS button	→	229
7		Deactivates tow-away protection	→	68	13		Breakdown assistance call button	→	190



A Vehicles with electrically adjustable front seats

B Vehicles with manually adjustable front seats

① Opens a door	→	49
② 1 2 3 Stores seat settings	→	73
③ Seat heating	→	86
④ Unlocks/locks the vehicle	→	49
⑤ Adjusts the seat electrically	→	72

⑥ Adjusts and folds the outside mirrors in/out electrically	→	107
⑦ Opens/closes the front side windows	→	60
⑧ Opens/closes pop-out window at the rear	→	62
⑨ Disables/enables pop-out window lock operation from rear compartment (child safety lock)	→	45

Environmental protection



ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE Environmental damage due to operating conditions and personal driving style

The pollutant emission of the vehicle is directly related to the vehicle's operation.

Operate the vehicle in an environmentally responsible manner to make a contribution to environmental protection. To do this, observe the following recommendations on operating conditions and your personal driving style.

Operating conditions:

- ▶ Make sure that the tyre pressures are always correct.
- ▶ Do not transport any unnecessary weight (e.g. a roof rack which is no longer required).
- ▶ Observe the service intervals. A regularly serviced vehicle will contribute to environmental protection.
- ▶ Always have maintenance work carried out at a qualified specialist workshop.

Personal driving style:

- ▶ Do not depress the accelerator pedal when starting the engine.
- ▶ Do not warm up the engine while stationary.
- ▶ Drive carefully and maintain a sufficient distance to other vehicles.
- ▶ Avoid frequent, sudden acceleration and braking.
- ▶ Shift gears in good time and use each gear only up to $\frac{2}{3}$ of its maximum engine speed.
- ▶ Switch off the engine in stationary traffic, e.g. use the ECO start/stop function.
- ▶ Drive in a fuel-efficient manner.

Take-back of end-of-life vehicles

EU countries only:

Mercedes-Benz will take back your end-of-life vehicle for environment-friendly disposal in accordance with the European Union (EU) End-Of-Life Vehicles Directive.

A network of vehicle take-back points and dismantlers has been established for you to return your vehicle. You can leave it at any of these points free of charge. This makes an important contribution to closing the recycling circle and conserving resources.

For further information about the recycling and disposal of end-of-life vehicles, and the take-back conditions, please visit the national Mercedes-Benz website for your country.

Mercedes-Benz GenuineParts



ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE Environmental damage caused by not using recycled/reconditioned components

Mercedes-Benz AG offers recycled/reconditioned components and parts with the same quality as new parts. The same entitlement from the implied warranty is valid as for new parts.

- ▶ Recycled/reconditioned components and parts from Mercedes-Benz AG.



NOTE Impairment of the operating efficiency of the restraint systems from installing accessory parts or from repairs or welding

Airbags and seat belt tensioners, as well as control units and sensors for the restraint systems, may be installed in the following areas of your vehicle:

- doors
- door pillars
- door sills
- seats
- cockpit
- instrument cluster
- centre console
- ▶ Do not install accessories such as audio systems in these areas.
- ▶ Do not carry out repairs or welding.
- ▶ Have accessory parts retrofitted at a qualified specialist workshop.

If you use parts, tyres, wheels or safety-relevant accessories which have not been approved by Mercedes-Benz, the operating safety of the vehicle may be jeopardised. Safety-relevant systems,

e.g. the brake system, may malfunction. Use only genuine Mercedes-Benz GenuineParts or parts of equal quality. Use only tyres, wheels and accessory parts that are approved for your vehicle model.

Mercedes-Benz tests original parts, conversion parts and accessory parts that have been approved for your vehicle model for reliability, safety and suitability. Despite ongoing market research, Mercedes-Benz is unable to assess other parts. Mercedes-Benz accepts no responsibility for the use of such parts in Mercedes-Benz vehicles, even if they have been approved officially or independently by a testing centre.

Certain parts are only officially approved for installation or modification if they comply with legal requirements. All genuine Mercedes-Benz GenuineParts meet the registration requirements. The use of non-approved parts may invalidate the vehicle's general operating permit.

This is the case in the following situations:

- the vehicle type changes from that stated in the general operating permit.
- other road users could be endangered.
- the exhaust gas or noise levels are adversely affected.

Always specify the vehicle identification number (VIN) and engine number when ordering genuine Mercedes-Benz GenuineParts (→ page 266).

Information about attachments, add-on equipment, installations and conversions

Notes on body/equipment mounting directives

For safety reasons, have add-on equipment produced and fitted in accordance with the valid Mercedes-Benz body/equipment mounting directives. These body/equipment mounting directives ensure that the chassis and add-on equipment form one unit and that the greatest possible level of operational and driving safety is achieved.

Both vehicle manufacturers and body manufacturers must always ensure that the products they manufacture come into circulation only in a safe state and do not pose any risks to people. Otherwise, there may be consequences under civil, criminal or public law. All manufacturers are responsible for the products that they have manufactured. Manufacturers of attachments, add-on equipment, installations and conversions must

guarantee compliance with Directive 2001/95/EC on general product safety.

Mercedes-Benz recommends the following procedure for safety reasons:

- Do not make any other changes to the vehicle.
- Obtain approval from Mercedes-Benz in the event of deviations from the approved body/equipment mounting directives.

Acceptance tests performed by public test bodies or official approvals do not rule out safety risks.

Comply with the information about Mercedes-Benz genuine parts (→ page 13).

You will find the Mercedes-Benz body/equipment mounting directives online at the <https://bb-portal.mercedes-benz.com/en/GLOBAL>.

You will also find information about the PIN assignment and changing the fuse there.

-  You can obtain further information at a qualified specialist workshop.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident and injury in the event of improper conversions or changes to the vehicle

Conversions or changes to the vehicle can prevent systems or components from functioning properly and/or jeopardise the vehicle's operational safety.

- Always have conversions or changes to the vehicle carried out at a qualified workshop.

Notes on the radiator

Even seemingly minor changes to the vehicle, such as attaching a radiator grille in winter, are not permitted. Do not cover the radiator. Do not use any thermal mats, insect protection covers etc.

Otherwise, the values of the vehicle's diagnostic system will be distorted. In some countries, the recording of engine diagnostics data is prescribed by law and must be verifiable and correct at all times.

Notes on the partition

Without a partition, vehicles that are registered as commercial vehicles (N1) do not fulfil ISO 27956, which describes the equipment for properly securing a load in delivery vehicles. If the vehicle is used to transport goods, retrofitting the partition is strongly recommended, as prop-

erly securing the load in vehicles without a partition will always be a complex operation.

Operating Instructions

These Operating Instructions describe all models, as well as standard and optional equipment of your vehicle that was available at the time of going to press. Country-specific differences are possible. Note that your vehicle may not be fitted with all functions described. This is also the case for systems and functions relevant to safety. Therefore, the equipment on your vehicle may differ from that in the descriptions and illustrations. The original purchase agreement documentation for your vehicle contains a list of all the systems in your vehicle.

Should you have any questions concerning equipment and operation, consult a Mercedes-Benz Service Centre.

The Operating Instructions and Service Booklet are important documents and should be kept in the vehicle.

Note on vehicles which are equipped by body manufacturers

Always observe the body manufacturer's Operating Instructions. You could otherwise fail to recognise dangers.

Operating safety

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to malfunctions or system failure

In order to avoid malfunctions or system failures:

- ▶ Always have the specified service/maintenance work as well as any necessary repairs carried out at a qualified specialist workshop.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident or injury due to improper modifications to electronic components

Modifications to electronic components, their software or wiring can impair their functionality and/or the functionality of other networked components or safety-relevant systems.

This can endanger the vehicle's operating safety.

- ▶ You must not tamper with wiring, electronic components, or their software.
- ▶ Always have work on electrical and electronic devices carried out at a qualified specialist workshop.

If you make any changes to the on-board electronics, the general operating permit is rendered invalid.

Observe the "Vehicle electronics" section in "Technical data".

⚠ WARNING Risk of fire due to flammable materials on hot parts of the exhaust system

Flammable material such as leaves, grass or twigs may ignite if they come into contact with hot parts of the exhaust system.

- ▶ When driving on unpaved roads or off-road, regularly check the vehicle underside.
- ▶ Remove trapped plants or other flammable material, in particular.
- ▶ If there is damage, consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately.

! NOTE Damage to the vehicle due to driving too fast and due to impacts to the vehicle underbody or suspension components

In the following situations, in particular, there is a risk of damage to the vehicle:

- the vehicle becomes grounded, e.g. on a high kerb or an unpaved road
- the vehicle is driven too fast over an obstacle, e.g. a kerb, speed bump or pothole
- a heavy object strikes the underbody or suspension components

In situations such as these, damage to the body, underbody, suspension components, wheels or tyres may not be visible. Components damaged in this way can unexpectedly fail or, in the case of an accident, may no longer absorb the resulting force as intended.

If the underbody panelling is damaged, flammable materials such as leaves, grass or twigs can collect between the underbody and the underbody panelling. These materials may

ignite if they come into contact with hot parts of the exhaust system.

► Have the vehicle checked and repaired immediately at a qualified specialist workshop.

or

► If driving safety is impaired while continuing your journey, pull over and stop the vehicle immediately, while paying attention to road and traffic conditions, and contact a qualified specialist workshop.

Declarations of conformity

Electromagnetic compatibility

The electromagnetic compatibility of the vehicle components has been checked and certified according to the currently valid version of Regulation UN R10.

Wireless vehicle components

EU and EFTA countries only:

The following information is valid for all wireless components in the vehicle as well as the information systems and communication devices integrated in the vehicle:

The manufacturers of the wireless components ensure that all wireless components installed in the vehicle conform to Directive 2014/53/EU. The full texts of the EU declarations of conformity are available at the following web address:
https://moba.i.daimler.com/markets/ece-row/baix/cars/certificates-of-conformity/en_GB/index.html



Further information is available from any Mercedes-Benz service centre.

Brazil only:

Note on the two-way radio systems in the vehicle:

These systems are not protected from harmful interference and must not cause interference in duly approved systems.

Ukraine only:

The manufacturer hereby declares that the vehicle components that receive and/or transmit radio waves fulfil the technical regulations for two-way radios. Further information is available from any Mercedes-Benz service centre.

Manufacturer addresses:

Below you will find the addresses of the manufacturers of wireless components. The addresses cannot be displayed on the equipment due to its size or nature.

Convenience central locking system

Marquardt GmbH, Schloßstraße 16, 78604 Rietheim, Germany

Huf Hülsbeck & Fürst GmbH & Co. KG, Steeger Straße 17, 42551 Velbert, Germany

Tyre pressure monitoring sensors

Schrader Electronics Ltd., 11 Technology Park, Belfast Road, Antrim BT41 1QS, Northern Ireland

Heater booster function remote control

Eberspächer Climate Control Systems GmbH & Co. KG, Eberspächerstrasse 24, 73730 Esslingen, Germany

Radar sensors

Autoliv Electronics ASP Inc., 26545 American Drive, Southfield, MI 48034, USA

Robert Bosch GmbH, Daimlerstraße 6, 71229 Leonberg, Germany

Mobile communication and telematics

Alpine Electronics Inc., 20-1 Yoshima-Kogyodan-cho, Iwaki-Shi Fukushima-Ken, Japan

Harman Becker Automotive Systems GmbH, Postfach 2260, 76303 Karlsbad, Germany

Type of wireless applications in the vehicle

Besides the typical frequencies for mobile communications, Mercedes-Benz vehicles use the following wireless applications:

Type of wireless applications in the vehicle

Frequency range	Technology	Transmission output/ magnetic field strength
433 MHz (433.05–434.79 MHz)	Convenience central locking system, tyre pressure monitoring system, heater booster function remote control	≤ 10 mW ERP
2.4 GHz ISM Band (2400–2483.5 MHz)	Bluetooth®, WLAN	≤ 100 mW EIRP
24.05–24.25 GHz	24 GHz ISM radar	≤ 100 mW EIRP
24.25–26.65 GHz	24 GHz UWB radar	≤ -41.3 dBm/MHz EIRP mean ≤ 0 dBm/50MHz EIRP peak
76–77 GHz	76 GHz radar	≤ 55 dBm peak EIRP

Information on the specific absorption rate

Only for France:

The values have been determined and tested in accordance with Décret n° 2019-1186 regarding

the indication of the specific absorption rate of radio-based vehicle components.

Vehicle components (designation in accordance with EU DoC)	SAR value in W/kg	Limit value to be used
Telephone system radio data transmission	< 0.4 W/kg	2 W/kg
Hermes 2.1	< 0.4 W/kg	2 W/kg
Compensator ECE DE003 & ECE DE004	< 0.4 W/kg	2 W/kg
Tablet PC SM-T230NZ	< 0.7 W/kg	4 W/kg
DAI RSE	< 1.8 W/kg	4 W/kg

Radio operating permit of transmitter key

Radio equipment approval number DC12B and DC12K

Country	Radio equipment approval information
Serbia 	DC12B: H005 20 20 P1620124700 DC12K: H005 20 P1620124800

Jack

Copy and translation of the original declaration of conformity:

EC declaration of conformity

1.

The signatory, as a representative

Manufacturer:

BRANO a.s.

74741 Hradec nad Moravicí, Opavská 1000,
Czech Republic

ID no.: 64-387-5933

VAT ID no.: CZ64-387-5933

hereby declare under our sole responsibility that the product:

2. a)

Designation:

Jack

Type, number:

A) A 164 580 02 18, A 166 580 01 18

B) A 240 580 00 18

C) A 639 580 02 18

Year of manufacture: 2015

Fulfils all relevant conditions

Directive no. 2006/42/EC

b)

Description and intended use:

The jack is only intended for raising the specified vehicle in accordance with the operating instructions affixed to the jack.

3.

Reference data of the harmonised standards or specifications

A) ISO 4063, EN ISO 14341-A, DBL 7382.20, MBN 10435, AS 2693

B) ISO 4063, ISO 14341-A, DBL 7392.10, MBN 10435

C) DBL 7392.10, DBL 8230.10

Technical documentation for the product is held by the manufacturer. Representative for compiling technical documentation: director of the technical department at Brano a.s.

4.

Hradec nad Moravicí

City

5.

05.05.2015

Date

Signed by:

Director of Quality



WARNING Risk of accident due to connecting devices to the diagnostics connection

If you connect devices to the diagnostics connection of the vehicle, the function of vehicle systems and operating safety may be impaired.

- For safety reasons, we recommend that you only use and connect products approved by your Mercedes-Benz service centre.



WARNING Risk of accident due to objects in the driver's footwell

Objects in the driver's footwell may impede pedal travel or block a depressed pedal.

This jeopardises the operating and road safety of the vehicle.

- Stow all objects in the vehicle securely so that they cannot get into the driver's footwell.
- Always fit the floor mats securely and as prescribed in order to ensure that there is always sufficient room for the pedals.
- Do not use loose floor mats and do not place floor mats on top of one another.



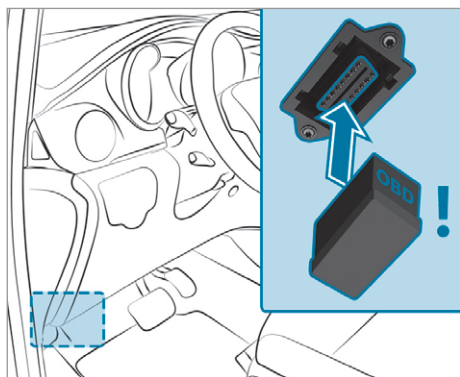
NOTE Battery discharging from using devices connected to the diagnostics connection

Using devices at the diagnostics connection drains the battery.

- Check the charge level of the battery.
- If the charge level is low, charge the battery, e.g. by driving a considerable distance.

Diagnostics connection

The diagnostics connection is a technical interface in the vehicle. It is used, for example, within the scope of repair and maintenance work or for reading out vehicle data by a specialist workshop. Diagnostic devices should therefore only be connected by a qualified specialist workshop.



The connection and use of another device on the diagnostics connection can have the following effects:

- malfunctions in the vehicle system
- permanent damage to vehicle components

Please refer to the warranty terms and conditions regarding this.

Moreover, connecting equipment to the diagnostics connection can lead to emissions monitoring information being reset, for example. This may lead to the vehicle failing to meet the requirements of the next emissions inspection during the main inspection.

Notes on changes to the engine output

Output increases can:

- change the emission values.
- lead to malfunctions.
- result in consequential damage.

The operating safety of the engine is not guaranteed in all situations.

If the vehicle's engine output is increased:

- tyres, suspension, brake system and engine cooling system must be adapted to the increase engine output.
- vehicle must be recertified.
- report changes in output to the accident insurance body.

This will otherwise lead to the invalidation of the vehicle's general operating permit and its insurance coverage.

If you sell the vehicle, inform the buyer of any alterations to the vehicle's engine output. This

may constitute a punishable offence under national legislation.

Qualified specialist workshop

A qualified specialist workshop has the necessary special skills, tools and qualifications to correctly carry out any necessary work on your vehicle. This particularly applies to work relevant to safety.

Always have the following work on the vehicle carried out at a qualified specialist workshop:

- Safety-relevant works
- Service and maintenance work
- Repair work
- Modifications as well as installations and conversions
- Work on electronic components

Mercedes-Benz recommends that you use a Mercedes-Benz service centre for this purpose.

Vehicle registration

Mercedes-Benz may ask its service centres to carry out technical inspections on certain vehicles. The quality or safety of the vehicle is improved as a result of the inspection.

Mercedes-Benz can only inform you about vehicle checks if it has your registration data.

In the following cases your vehicle may not be registered to you yet:

- you did not purchase your vehicle at an authorised specialist dealer.
- your vehicle has not yet been inspected at a Mercedes-Benz service centre.

It is advisable to register your vehicle with a Mercedes-Benz service centre.

Inform Mercedes-Benz as soon as possible about any change in address or vehicle ownership. You can do this, for example, at a Mercedes-Benz service centre.

Correct use of the vehicle

If you remove warning stickers, you or others may fail to recognise the dangers. Leave warning stickers in position.

Observe the following information in particular when operating the vehicle:

- safety notes in these Operating Instructions
- technical data for the vehicle
- traffic rules and regulations
- laws pertaining to motor vehicles and safety standards

A WARNING Risk of fire and accident when transporting substances which are hazardous to health or react aggressively

Gases and fluids can even escape from containers which are fully closed.

This can adversely affect your concentration during the journey and your health. Electronic component parts may also experience malfunctions, short circuits or system failures.

- ▶ Do not stow or transport any substances which are hazardous to health and/or aggressively reactive in the vehicle interior.

These instructions must also be observed for vehicles whose load compartment is not fully separated from the cab.

Partition with door/window: always keep the door/window in the partition closed while transporting items.

Substances that constitute a health hazard or react aggressively include, for example:

- solvents
- fuel
- oil and grease
- cleaning agents
- acid

Information on the REACH directive

EU and EFTA countries only:

The REACH directive (Directive (EC) No. 1907/2006, Article 33) stipulates a duty to supply information about substances of very high concern (SVHCs).

Mercedes-Benz AG acts to the best of its knowledge to prevent these SVHCs from being used and to enable customers to safely handle these substances. There are SVHCs known to Mercedes-Benz AG, according to supplier information and internal product information, found in

individual components of this vehicle in quantities of over 0.1 percent by weight.

Further information can be obtained at the following addresses:

- <https://reach.daimler.com/de/home/>
- <https://reach.daimler.com/en/home/>

Notes for persons with electronic medical aids

Despite careful development, Mercedes-Benz AG cannot completely rule out the interaction of vehicle systems with electronic medical aids such as cardiac pacemakers.

In addition, there are components built into the vehicle that, regardless of the operating status of your vehicle, can generate magnetic fields on a par with permanent magnets. These fields can be found, for example, in the area around the multimedia and sound system or also in the seating area, depending on the vehicle equipment.

For this reason, the following can occur in isolated cases, depending on the aids used:

- medical aids malfunctioning
- adverse health effects

Observe the notes and warnings of the manufacturer of the medical aids; if in doubt, contact the device manufacturer and/or your doctor. If there is continuing uncertainty concerning the possibility of medical aids malfunctioning, Mercedes-Benz AG recommends using only a few electrical vehicle systems and/or maintaining an appropriate distance from the components.

Only have repairs and maintenance work in the area of the following components carried out by a qualified specialist workshop:

- vehicle components carrying live voltage
- transmission aerals
- multimedia system and sound system

If you have any queries or suggestions, consult a qualified specialist workshop.

Implied warranty

! **NOTE** Damage to the vehicle arising from violation of these operating instructions.

Damage to the vehicle can arise from violation of these operating instructions.

Such damage is not covered by either the Limited Warranty or the new or used-vehicle warranty.

- Observe the instructions in these operating instructions on proper operation of your vehicle as well as regarding possible vehicle damage.

QR codes for rescue card

The QR code stickers are affixed to the B-pillar on the driver's and co-driver's side. In the event of an accident, emergency services can use the QR code to quickly determine the corresponding rescue card for your vehicle. The current rescue card contains, in compact form, the most important information about your vehicle e.g. the routing of electric cables.

Further information can be obtained at <https://www.mercedes-benz.de/qrcode>.

Data storage

Data processing in the vehicle

Electronic control units

Electronic control units are fitted in your vehicle. Control units process data which, for example, they receive from vehicle sensors, generate themselves or exchange between themselves. Some control units are required for the safe operation of your vehicle, some assist you when driving, such as driver assistance systems, while others enable comfort or infotainment functions.

The following provides you with general information regarding data processing in the vehicle. Additional information regarding exactly which data in your vehicle are collected, saved and transmitted to third parties, and for what purpose, can be found in the information directly related to the functional characteristics in question in their respective operating instructions. This information is also available online and, depending on the vehicle equipment, digitally.

Personal data

Every vehicle is identified by a unique vehicle identification number. Depending on the country, this vehicle identification number can be used by, for example, governmental authorities to determine the identity of the owner. There are other possibilities for using data collected from the vehicle to identify the owner or driver, such as the licence plate number.

Therefore, data generated or processed by control units may be attributable to a person or, under certain conditions, become attributable to a person. Depending on which vehicle data are available, it may be possible to make inferences about, for example, your driving behaviour, your location, your route or your use patterns.

Legal requirements regarding the disclosure of data

If legally required to do so, manufacturers are, in individual cases, legally obliged to provide governmental entities, upon request and to the extent required, data stored by the manufacturer. For example, this may be the case during the investigation of a criminal offence.

Governmental entities are themselves, in individual cases and within the applicable legal framework, authorised to read out data from the vehicle. In the case of an accident, information that can help with an investigation can, therefore, be taken from the airbag control unit, for example.

Operational data in the vehicle

This is data regarding the operation of the vehicle, which have been processed by control units.

This includes the following data, for example:

- vehicle status information such as the speed, longitudinal acceleration, lateral acceleration, number of wheel revolutions or the fastened seat belts display
- ambient conditions, such as temperature, rain sensor or distance sensor

Generally, these are volatile data and will not be stored beyond the period of operation but will only be processed within the vehicle itself. Control units, vehicle keys for example, often contain data memories. Their use permits the temporary or permanent documentation of technical information about the vehicle's operating state, component loads, maintenance requirements and technical events or faults.

Depending on the technical equipment, the following data are stored:

- operating status of system components, such as fill levels, tyre pressure or battery status
- malfunctions or faults in important system components, such as lights or brakes

- system reactions in special driving situations, such as airbag deployment or the intervention of stability control systems
- information on events in which the vehicle is damaged

In certain cases, it may be required to store data that would have otherwise been temporary. This may be the case if the vehicle has detected a malfunction, for example.

If you use services, such as repair services and maintenance work, stored operational data as well as the vehicle identification number can be read out and used. They can be read out by service network employees, such as workshops and manufacturers or third parties, such as breakdown services. The same is true in the case of warranty claims and quality assurance measures.

In general, the readout is performed via the legally prescribed port for the diagnostics connection in the vehicle. The operational data that are read out document technical states of the vehicle or of individual components and assist in the diagnosis of malfunctions, compliance with warranty obligations and quality improvement. To that end, these data, in particular information about component loads, technical events, malfunctions and other faults may be transmitted along with the vehicle identification number to the manufacturer. In addition, the manufacturer is subject to product liability. For this reason, the manufacturer also uses operational data from the vehicle, for example, for recalls. These data can also be used to examine the customer's warranty and guarantee claims.

Fault memories in the vehicle can be reset by a service outlet or at your request as part of repair or maintenance work.

Convenience and infotainment functions

You can store convenience settings and individual settings in the vehicle and change or reset them at any time.

Depending on the vehicle equipment, this includes the following settings, for example:

- seat and steering wheel positions
- suspension and climate control settings
- individual settings, such as interior lighting

Depending on the selected equipment, you can import data into vehicle infotainment functions yourself.

Depending on the vehicle equipment, this includes the following data, for example:

- multimedia data, such as music, films or photos for playback in an integrated multimedia system
- address book data for use in an integrated hands-free system or an integrated navigation system
- entered navigation destinations
- data on the use of Internet services

These data for convenience and infotainment functions may be saved locally in the vehicle or they may be located on a device which you have connected to the vehicle, such as a smartphone, USB flash drive or MP3 player. If you have entered these data yourself, you can delete them at any time.

This data is transmitted from the vehicle to third parties only at your request. This applies, in particular, when you use online services in accordance with the settings that you have selected.

Smartphone integration (e.g. Android Auto or Apple CarPlay®)

If your vehicle is equipped appropriately, you can connect your smartphone or another mobile end device to the vehicle. You can then control them by means of the control elements integrated in the vehicle. The smartphone's picture and sound can be output via the multimedia system. Simultaneously, specific items of information are transferred to your smartphone. Depending on the type of integration, this includes position data, day/night mode and other general vehicle statuses. For more information, please consult the vehicle Operating Instructions/infotainment system.

This integration allows the use of selected smartphone apps, such as navigation or music player apps. There is no additional interaction between the smartphone and the vehicle, particularly active access to vehicle data. The type of additional data processing is determined by the provider of the app being used. Which settings you can make, if any, depends on the specific app and the operating system of your smartphone.

Online services

Wireless network connection

If your vehicle has a wireless network connection, data can be exchanged between your vehicle and

other systems. The wireless network connection is made possible by the vehicle's own transmitter and receiver or by a mobile end device that you have brought into the vehicle, for example, a smartphone. Online functions can be used via this wireless network connection. This includes online services and applications/apps provided to you by the manufacturer or by other providers.

Manufacturer's own services

Regarding the manufacturer's online services, the individual functions are described by the manufacturer in a suitable place, for example, in the Operating Instructions or on the manufacturer's website, where the relevant data protection information is also given. Personal identification data may be used to provide online services. Data is exchanged via a secure connection, e.g. the manufacturer's designated IT systems. Any personal data which are collected, processed and used, other than for the provision of services, is done so exclusively on the basis of legal permission. This is the case, for example, for a legally prescribed emergency call system, a contractual agreement or when consent has been given.

You can have services and functions, some of which are subject to a fee, activated or deactivated. This excludes legally prescribed functions and services, such as an emergency call system.

Services of third parties

If you use online services from other providers (third parties), these services are the responsibility of the provider in question and subject to that provider's data protection conditions and terms of use. As a general rule, the manufacturer has no influence on the content exchanged.

For this reason, when services are provided by third parties, please ask the service provider in question for information about the type, extent and purpose of the collection and use of personal data.

Data protection rights

Depending on your country or the equipment and range of functions of your vehicle as well as the services you use and the services on offer, you are entitled to different data protection rights. Further information on data protection and your data protection rights can either be found on the manufacturer's website or you will receive this information as part of the various services and service offers. There, you will also find the con-

tact information for the manufacturer and its data protection officer.

At a workshop, for example, with the support of a specialist and possibly for a fee, you can have data read out which is stored only locally in the vehicle.

Copyright

Information on licences for free and open-source software used in your vehicle can be found on the data storage medium in your vehicle document wallet and with updates on the following website:
<https://www.mercedes-benz.com/opensource>.

Restraint system

Protection provided by the restraint system

The restraint system includes the following components:

- Seat belt system
- Airbags
- Child restraint system
- Child seat securing systems

The restraint system can help prevent the vehicle occupants from coming into contact with parts of the vehicle interior in the event of an accident. In the event of an accident, the restraint system can also reduce the forces to which the vehicle occupants are subjected.

Only a seat belt which is worn correctly can provide the intended level of protection. Depending on the detected accident situation, seat belt tensioners and/or airbags supplement the protection offered by a correctly worn seat belt. Seat belt tensioners and/or airbags are not deployed in every accident.

Vehicles with a co-driver bench seat: the seat belt tensioner on the co-driver seat is triggered whether or not the seat belt tongue is engaged in the seat belt buckle.

In order for the restraint system to provide the intended level of protection, each vehicle occupant must observe the following information:

- Fasten seat belts correctly.
- Sit in an almost upright seat position with their back against the seat backrest.
- Sit with their feet resting on the floor, if possible.
- Always secure persons under 1.50 m tall in an additional restraint system suitable for Mercedes-Benz vehicles.

However, no system available today can completely eliminate injuries and fatalities in every accident situation. In particular, the seat belt and airbag generally do not protect against objects penetrating the vehicle from the outside. It is also not possible to completely rule out the risk of injury caused by the airbag deploying.

Limited protection provided by the restraint system

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death due to modifications to the restraint system

Vehicle occupants may no longer be protected as intended if alterations are made to the restraint system.

- ▶ Never alter the parts of the restraint system.
- ▶ Never tamper with the wiring or any electronic component parts or their software.

If it is necessary to adjust the vehicle to accommodate a person with disabilities, contact a qualified specialist workshop.

Mercedes-Benz recommends that you only use driving aids which have been approved specifically for your vehicle by Mercedes-Benz.

Restraint system functionality

When the ignition is switched on, a self-test is performed, during which the  restraint system warning lamp lights up. It goes out no later than a few seconds after the vehicle is started. The components of the restraint system are then functional.

Restraint system malfunction

A malfunction has occurred in the restraint system in the following cases:

- The  restraint system warning lamp does not light up when the ignition is switched on.
- The  restraint system warning lamp lights up continuously or repeatedly during a journey.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to malfunctions in the restraint system

Components in the restraint system may be activated unintentionally or not deploy as intended in an accident.

- ▶ Have the restraint system checked and repaired immediately at a qualified specialist workshop.

Function of the restraint system in an accident

How the restraint system works is determined by the severity of the impact detected and the type of accident anticipated:

- frontal impact
- rear impact
- side impact

The activation thresholds for the components of the restraint system are determined based on the evaluation of the sensor values measured at various points in the vehicle. This process is preemptive in nature. The triggering/deployment of the components of the restraint system should take place in good time at the start of the collision.

Factors which can only be seen and measured after a collision has occurred cannot play a decisive role in airbag deployment. Nor do they provide an indication of airbag deployment.

The vehicle may be deformed significantly without an airbag being deployed. This is the case if only parts which are relatively easily deformed are affected and the rate of vehicle deceleration is not high. Conversely, an airbag may be deployed even though the vehicle suffers only minor deformation. If very rigid vehicle parts such as longitudinal members are hit, for example, the vehicle deceleration may be high enough for this to happen.

Depending on the detected deployment situation, the components of the restraint system can be activated or deployed independently of each other:

- Seat belt tensioner: frontal impact, rear impact, side impact¹⁾
- Driver's airbag, co-driver airbag: frontal impact
- Side airbag: side impact
- Window airbag: side impact, frontal impact

¹⁾ Only when the vehicle is fitted with a side impact airbag or window airbag.

The co-driver airbag can only be deployed in the event of an accident if the PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp is off. If the co-driver seat is occupied, make sure, both before and during the journey, that the status of the co-driver airbag is correct (→ page 31).

WARNING Risk of burns from hot airbag components

The airbag parts are hot after an airbag has been deployed.

- ▶ Do not touch the airbag parts.
- ▶ Have a deployed airbag replaced at a qualified specialist workshop as soon as possible.

Mercedes-Benz recommends that you have the vehicle towed to a qualified specialist workshop after an accident. Take this into account, particularly if a seat belt tensioner is triggered or an airbag is deployed.

If the seat belt tensioners are triggered or an airbag is deployed, you will hear a bang, and a small amount of powder may also be released:

- The bang will not generally affect your hearing.
- In general, the powder released is not hazardous to health but may cause short-term breathing difficulties to persons suffering from asthma or other pulmonary conditions.

Provided it is safe to do so, leave the vehicle immediately or open the window in order to prevent breathing difficulties.

Seat belts

Protection provided by the seat belt

Always fasten your seat belt correctly before starting a journey. Only a seat belt which is worn correctly can provide the intended level of protection.

WARNING Risk of injury or death due to incorrectly fastened seat belt

If the seat belt is not worn correctly, it cannot perform its intended protective function.

In addition, an incorrectly fastened seat belt can also cause injuries, for example, in the event of an accident or when braking or changing direction suddenly.

- ▶ Always ensure that all vehicle occupants have their seat belts fastened correctly and are sitting properly.

Always observe the instructions about the correct driver's seat position and adjusting the seat (→ page 70).

In order for the correctly worn seat belt to provide the intended level of protection, each vehicle occupant must observe the following information:

- The seat belt must not be twisted and must fit tightly and snugly across the body.
- The seat belt must be routed across the centre of the shoulder and as low down across the hips as possible.
- The shoulder section of the seat belt should not touch your neck nor be routed under your arm or behind your back.
- Avoid wearing bulky clothing, e.g. a winter coat.
- Push the lap belt down as far as possible across your hips and pull tight with the shoulder section of the belt. Never route the lap belt across your abdomen.

Pregnant women must also take particular care with this.

- Never route the seat belt across sharp, pointed, abrasive or fragile objects.
- Only one person should use each seat belt at any one time. Infants and children must never travel sitting on the lap of a vehicle occupant.
- Never secure objects with a seat belt if the seat belt is being used by one of the vehicle's occupants. Always observe the instructions for loading the vehicle when securing objects, luggage or loads (→ page 204).

Also ensure that no objects, e.g. a cushion, are ever placed between a person and the seat.

If children are travelling in the vehicle, always observe the instructions and safety notes on "Children in the vehicle" (→ page 34).

Limitations of the protection provided by the seat belt

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death due to incorrect seat position

The seat belt will not offer the intended level of protection if you have not moved the seat backrest to an almost vertical position.

In particular, you may slip under the seatbelt and injure yourself.

- ▶ Adjust the seat properly before beginning your journey.

- ▶ Always ensure that the seat backrest is in an almost vertical position and that the shoulder section of your seat belt is routed across the centre of your shoulder.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death when additional restraint systems are not used for persons with a smaller stature

Persons under 1.50 m tall cannot wear the seat belt correctly without a suitable additional restraint system.

- ▶ Always secure persons under 1.50 m tall in a suitable restraint system.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death due to damaged or modified seat belts

Seat belts cannot provide protection in the following situations:

- the seat belt is damaged, has been modified, is extremely dirty, bleached or dyed
- the seat belt buckle is damaged or extremely dirty
- modifications have been made to the seat belt tensioner, seat belt anchorage or seat belt retractor

Seat belts may sustain non-visible damage in an accident, e.g. due to glass splinters.

Modified or damaged seat belts could tear or fail in the event of an accident, for example.

Modified seat belt tensioners could accidentally trigger or fail to function as intended.

- ▶ Never modify the seat belt system, for example the seat belt, seat belt buckle, seat belt tensioner, seat belt anchorage and seat belt retractor.
- ▶ Make sure that the seat belts are undamaged, not worn and clean.
- ▶ Always have the seat belts checked immediately after an accident at a qualified specialist workshop.

Mercedes-Benz recommends that you use seat belts which have been approved for your vehicle by Mercedes-Benz.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death from deployed pyrotechnic seat belt tensioners

Pyrotechnic seat belt tensioners that have been deployed are no longer operational and are unable to perform their intended protective function.

- Therefore, have deployed pyrotechnic seat belt tensioners immediately replaced at a qualified specialist workshop.

Mercedes-Benz recommends that you have the vehicle towed to a qualified specialist workshop after an accident.

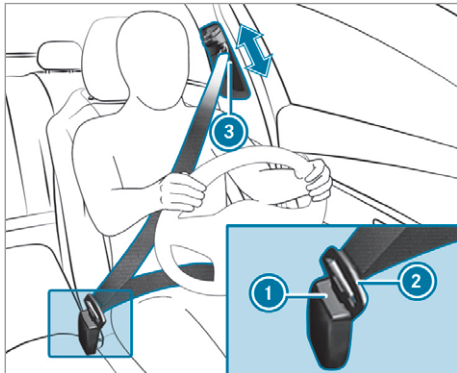
! NOTE Damage caused by trapping the seat belt

If an unused seat belt is not fully retracted, it may become trapped in the door or in the seat mechanism.

- Always ensure that an unused seat belt is fully retracted.

Fastening and adjusting seat belts

If the seat belt is pulled quickly or sharply, the seat belt retractor locks. The seat belt strap cannot be pulled out any further.



- Always engage seat belt tongue (2) of the seat belt into seat belt buckle (1) of the corresponding seat.
- Press and hold the seat belt outlet release and slide seat belt outlet (3) into the desired position.

- Let go of the seat belt outlet release and ensure that seat belt outlet (3) locks into position.

Vehicles with automatic co-driver airbag shutoff:

! NOTE Deployment of the seat belt tensioner and side impact airbag when the front passenger seat is unoccupied

If the seat belt tongue is engaged in the seat belt buckle of the unoccupied front passenger seat, the seat belt tensioner and the side impact airbag may also deploy in the event of an accident along with other systems.

- Only one person should use each seat belt at any one time.

Vehicles without automatic co-driver airbag shutoff:

! NOTE Deployment of the seat belt tensioner when the front passenger seat is unoccupied

If the seat belt tongue is engaged in the seat belt buckle of the unoccupied front passenger seat, the seat belt tensioner may also deploy in the event of an accident along with other systems.

- Only one person should use each seat belt at any one time.

Seat belt adjustment function

Vehicles with PRE-SAFE®: after a front seat belt has been fastened, the automatic seat belt adjustment may apply a certain tightening force. Do not hold onto the seat belt while it is adjusting.

The seat belt adjustment can be switched activated or deactivated:

- using the on-board computer on vehicles with steering wheel buttons (→ page 186)
- at a specialist qualified workshop for vehicles without steering wheel buttons

Releasing the seat belts

- Press the release button in the seat belt buckle and guide the seat belt back with the seat belt tongue.

Function of the seat belt warning system for driver and co-driver

The  seat belt warning lamp in the Instrument Display reminds you that all vehicle occupants must fasten their seat belts correctly.

A warning tone may also sound.

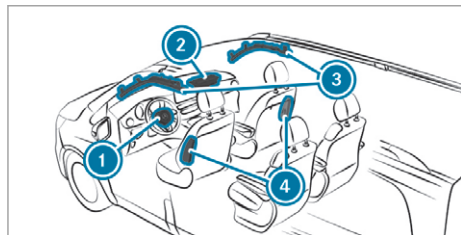
The seat belt warning goes out when the driver and co-driver fasten their seat belts.

Vehicles without a co-driver airbag or with a co-driver bench seat: the  seat belt warning lamp goes out and the warning tone ceases when the driver's seat belt is fastened.

Only for certain countries: regardless of whether the driver and co-driver's seat belts are already fastened, the  seat belt warning lamp comes on for six seconds every time after switching on the ignition. After the vehicle is started, it goes out as soon as the driver's and the co-driver's seat belts have been fastened.

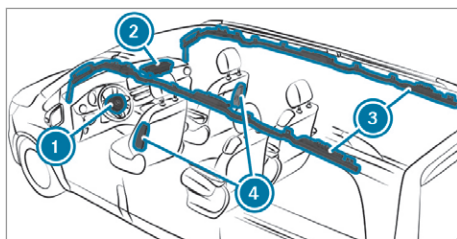
Airbags

Overview of airbags



Example: vehicles with window airbag above front door

- ① Driver's airbag
- ② Co-driver airbag
- ③ Window airbag
- ④ Side airbag



Example: vehicles with window airbag for all rows of seats

- ① Driver's airbag
- ② Co-driver airbag
- ③ Window airbag
- ④ Side airbag

An airbag's installation location is identified by the label AIRBAG.

When enabled, an airbag can provide additional protection for the respective vehicle occupant.

Possible protection per airbag:

- Driver's airbag, co-driver airbag: head and ribcage
- Window airbag: head
- Side airbag: ribcage and pelvis

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death if the co-driver airbag is enabled

If the co-driver airbag is enabled, a child on the co-driver seat may be struck by the co-driver airbag during an accident.

NEVER use a rearward-facing child restraint system on a seat with an ENABLED FRONT AIRBAG; DEATH or SERIOUS INJURY to the CHILD can occur.

When fitting a child restraint system to the co-driver seat, observe the vehicle-specific information (→ page 43). Also be sure to observe the notes on rearward-facing or forward-facing child restraint systems on the co-driver seat.

Information on the automatic co-driver airbag shutoff

The co-driver airbag can only be deployed in the event of an accident if the PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp is off. If the co-driver seat is occupied, make sure, both before and during the journey, that the status of the co-driver airbag is correct (→ page 31).

! NOTE Deployment of components of the restraint system when the front passenger seat is unoccupied

In an accident, the components of the restraint system may deploy unnecessarily on the front passenger side if:

- There are heavy objects on the front passenger seat.
 - The seat belt tongue is engaged in the seat belt buckle of the front passenger seat and the front passenger seat is unoccupied.
- Stow objects in a suitable place.
- Only one person should use each seat belt at any one time.

Protection provided by the airbags

Depending on the accident situation, an airbag may supplement the protection offered by a correctly fastened seat belt.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death due to an incorrect seat position

If you deviate from the correct seat position, the airbag cannot perform its intended protective function.

Each vehicle occupant must make sure of the following:

- Fasten seat belts correctly. Pregnant women must take particular care to ensure that the lap belt never lies across the abdomen.
 - Adopt the correct seat position and keep as far away as possible from the airbags.
 - Observe the following information.
- Always make sure that there are no objects between the airbag and vehicle occupant.

To avoid the risks resulting from the deployment of an airbag, each vehicle occupant must observe the following information in particular:

- Before starting your journey, adjust your seat correctly; both the driver's and co-driver seat should be moved as far back as possible.

When doing so, always observe the information on the correct driver's seat position (→ page 70).

- Only hold the steering wheel by the steering wheel rim. This allows the airbag to be fully deployed.
- Always lean against the seat backrest when the vehicle is in motion. Do not lean forwards or against the door or side window. You may otherwise be in the deployment area of the airbags.
- Always keep your feet on the floor. Do not put your feet on the cockpit, for example. Your feet may otherwise be in the deployment area of the airbag.
- If children are travelling in the vehicle, observe the additional notes (→ page 34).
- Always stow and secure objects correctly.

Objects in the vehicle interior may prevent an airbag from functioning correctly. Each vehicle occupant must always make sure of the following in particular:

- There are no people, animals or objects between the vehicle occupants and an airbag.
- There are no objects between the seat, door and door pillar (B-pillar).
- There are no hard objects, e.g. coat hangers, hanging on the grab handles or coat hooks.
- There are no accessory parts, such as mobile navigation devices, mobile phones or cup holders, attached to the vehicle within the deployment area of an airbag, e.g. on the cockpit, on the door, on the side window or on the side trim.

In addition, no connecting cables, tensioning straps or retaining straps must be routed or attached to the vehicle within the deployment area of an airbag. Always comply with the accessory manufacturer's installation instructions and, in particular, the notes on suitable places for installation.

- There are no heavy, sharp-edged or fragile objects in the pockets of your clothing. Store such objects in a suitable place.

Limited protection provided by airbags

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to modifications to the cover of an airbag

If you modify the cover of an airbag or affix objects such as stickers to it, the airbag may no longer function correctly.

- ▶ Never modify the cover of an airbag and do not affix objects to it.

An airbag's installation location is identified by the label AIRBAG (→ page 28).

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death due to the use of unsuitable seat covers

Due to unsuitable seat covers, the airbags cannot protect vehicle occupants as intended.

In addition, the operation of the automatic front passenger airbag shutoff could be restricted.

- ▶ You should only use seat covers that have been approved for the corresponding seats by Mercedes-Benz.

Vehicles with window airbags in all rows of seats:

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to malfunctioning sensors in the door

The function of the airbags can be impaired due to modifications or incorrect work performed on the doors or door trim, or if the doors are damaged.

- ▶ Never modify the doors or parts of the doors.
- ▶ Always have work on the doors or door trim carried out at a qualified specialist workshop.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to deployed airbag

A deployed airbag no longer offers any protection.

- ▶ Have the vehicle towed to a qualified specialist workshop in order to have the deployed airbag replaced.

Have deployed airbags replaced immediately.

Status of the co-driver airbag

Function of the automatic co-driver airbag shutoff

The automatic co-driver airbag shutoff is able to detect whether the co-driver seat is occupied by a person or a child restraint system. The co-driver airbag is enabled or disabled accordingly.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death due to objects under the co-driver seat

Objects trapped under the co-driver seat can interfere with the function of the automatic co-driver airbag shutoff or damage the system.

- ▶ Do not store any objects under the co-driver seat.
- ▶ When the co-driver seat is occupied, make sure that no objects are trapped under the co-driver seat.

When fitting a child restraint system to the co-driver seat, always make sure of the following:

- Ensure that the child restraint system is positioned correctly (→ page 37).
- Always comply with the child restraint system manufacturer's installation instructions.
- Never place objects (e.g. cushions) under or behind the child restraint system.
- The entire base of the child restraint system must always rest on the sitting surface of the co-driver seat.
- The backrest of the forward-facing child restraint system must, as far as possible, be resting on the seat backrest of the co-driver seat.
- The child restraint system must not touch the roof or be put under strain by the head restraints. Adjust the seat backrest inclination and the head restraint setting accordingly.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death due to objects between the seat surface and the child restraint system

Objects between the sitting surface and the child restraint system could affect the function of the automatic co-driver airbag shutoff.

- ▶ Do not place any objects between the sitting surface and the child restraint system.

- ▶ The entire base of the child restraint system must always rest on the sitting surface of the co-driver seat.
- ▶ The backrest of the forward-facing child restraint system must, as far as possible, be resting on the seat backrest of the co-driver seat.
- ▶ Always comply with the child restraint system manufacturer's installation instructions.

A person on the co-driver seat must observe the following information:

- Fasten seat belts correctly (→ page 25).
- Sit in an almost upright seat position with their back against the seat backrest.
- Sit with their feet resting on the floor, if possible.

The co-driver airbag may otherwise be disabled by mistake, for example, in the following situations:

- The co-driver transfers their weight by supporting themselves on a vehicle armrest.
- The co-driver sits in such a way that their weight is raised from the sitting surface.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death due to a disabled front passenger airbag

The front passenger airbag is disabled when the PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp is lit.

A person in the front passenger seat could then, for example, come into contact with the vehicle interior, especially if the person is sitting too close to the cockpit.

If the front passenger seat is occupied, always ensure that:

- the classification of the person in the front passenger seat is correct and the front passenger airbag is enabled or disabled in accordance with the person in the front passenger seat.
- the front passenger seat has been moved as far back as possible.
- the person is seated correctly.
- ▶ Both before and during the journey, ensure that the status of the front passenger airbag is correct.

If the co-driver seat is occupied, the classification of the person or child restraint system on the co-driver seat takes place after the co-driver airbag shutoff self-test. The PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp displays the status of the co-driver airbag.

Always observe the notes on the function of the PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp (→ page 31).

Function of the PASSENGER AIR BAG indicator lamps



Vehicles without an automatic co-driver airbag shutoff have a special sticker affixed to the side of the cockpit on the co-driver side (→ page 42).

Self-test of automatic co-driver airbag shutoff

The PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp lights up for approximately six seconds during the self-test when the ignition is switched on.

The status of the co-driver airbag is displayed after the self-test:

- PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF is not lit: the co-driver airbag may deploy during an accident.
- PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF lights up continuously: the co-driver airbag is disabled. It will not be deployed in the event of an accident.

If the PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp and the  restraint system warning lamp light up simultaneously, the co-driver seat may not be used. Also in this case, do not fit a child restraint system to the co-driver seat. Have the automatic co-driver airbag shutoff checked and repaired immediately at a qualified specialist workshop.

Status indicator

If the co-driver seat is occupied, ensure, both before and during the journey, that the status of the co-driver airbag is correct for the current situation.

After fitting a rearward-facing child restraint system to the co-driver seat: PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF must be lit continuously.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death when using a rearward-facing child restraint system while the front passenger airbag is enabled

If you secure a child in a rearward-facing child restraint system on the front passenger seat and the PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp is off, the front passenger airbag can deploy in the event of an accident.

The child could be struck by the airbag.

Always ensure that the front passenger airbag is disabled. The PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp must be lit.

NEVER use a rearward-facing child restraint system on a seat with an ENABLED FRONT AIRBAG. This can result in the DEATH of or SERIOUS INJURY to the CHILD.

When fitting a child restraint system to the co-driver seat, observe the vehicle-specific information (→ page 43).

Depending on the child restraint system and the stature of the child, the PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp may be off. In this case, do not fit the rearward-facing child restraint system to the co-driver seat.

Instead, fit the rearward-facing child restraint system to a suitable rear seat.

After fitting a forward-facing child restraint system to the co-driver seat: depending on the child restraint system and the stature of the child, PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF may be lit continuously or be off. Always observe the following information.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death due to incorrect positioning of the forward-facing child restraint system

If you secure a child in a forward-facing child restraint system on the front passenger seat that is positioned too close to the cockpit, in the event of an accident, the child could:

- come into contact with the vehicle interior if the PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp is lit, for example
- be struck by the airbag if the PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp is off.

► Always move the front passenger seat as far back as possible and fully retract the seat cushion length adjustment. While doing so, always make sure that the shoulder belt strap is correctly routed from the seat belt outlet of the vehicle to the shoulder belt guide on the child restraint system. The shoulder belt strap must be routed forwards and downwards from the seat belt outlet. If necessary, adjust the seat belt outlet and the front passenger seat accordingly.

► Always comply with the child restraint system manufacturer's installation instructions.

When fitting a child restraint system to the co-driver seat, observe the vehicle-specific information (→ page 43).

If a person is sitting on the co-driver seat: PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF may be lit continuously or be off, depending on the person's stature.

A person on the co-driver seat must always observe the following information:

- If the co-driver seat is occupied by an adult or a person with a stature corresponding to that of an adult, the PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp must be off. This indicates that the co-driver airbag is enabled.

If the PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp is lit continuously, an adult or person with a build corresponding to that of an adult should not use the co-driver seat.

Instead, they should use a rear seat.

- If the co-driver seat is occupied by a person of smaller stature (e.g. a teenager or small adult), the PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp either lights up continuously or

remains off, depending on the result of the classification.

- If the PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp is off: move the co-driver seat as far back as possible, or the person of smaller stature should use a rear seat.
- If the PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp is lit continuously: the person of smaller stature should not use the co-driver seat.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death when the PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp is lit

If the PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp remains lit after the self-test, the front passenger airbag is disabled.

If the front passenger seat is occupied, always ensure that:

- The classification of the person in the front passenger seat is correct and the front passenger airbag is enabled or disabled in accordance with the person in the front passenger seat.
- The person is seated properly with a correctly fastened seat belt.
- The front passenger seat has been moved as far back as possible.

Be sure to also observe the following further related subjects:

- Child restraint system on the co-driver seat (→ page 43).
- Suitable positioning of the child restraint system (→ page 37).

PRE-SAFE® System

Function of PRE-SAFE® (anticipatory occupant protection)

PRE-SAFE® can detect certain hazardous situations and take pre-emptive measures to protect the vehicle occupants.

PRE-SAFE® can implement the following measures independently of each other:

- Tightening the seat belts on the driver's seat and co-driver seat.
- Closing the side windows.

- **Vehicles with a sliding sunroof:** closing the sliding sunroof.
- **Vehicles with memory function:** adjusting the co-driver seat to a more favourable seat position.

! **NOTE** Damage caused by objects in the footwell or behind the seat

The automatic adjustment of the seat position may result in damage to the seat and/or the object.

► Stow objects in a suitable place.

Reversing the PRE-SAFE® system measures

If an accident did not occur, the pre-emptive measures that were taken are reversed.

You will need to make certain adjustments yourself.

- If the seat belt pre-tensioning is not reduced, move the seat backrest back slightly.
The locking mechanism releases.

Automatic measures after an accident

Depending on the type and severity of the accident, and depending on the vehicle's equipment, the following measures can be implemented, for example:

- activating the hazard warning lights
- triggering an automatic emergency call (→ page 229)
- switching off the engine

To restart the vehicle, switch the ignition off and switch it back on (→ page 127). Depending on the type and severity of the accident, it may be possible that the vehicle can no longer be started.

- switching off the fuel supply
- unlocking the vehicle doors
- lowering the front side windows
- switching on the interior lighting

Safely transporting children in the vehicle

Always observe when children are travelling in the vehicle

- ① Always observe the safety notes relevant to the situation. In doing so, you will be able to identify possible risks and avoid dangers when children are travelling in the vehicle (→ page 34).

Be diligent

Bear in mind that negligence when securing a child in the child restraint system may have serious consequences. Always be diligent and secure a child carefully before each journey.

To improve protection for children younger than 12 years old or under 1.50 m in height, Mercedes-Benz recommends you observe the following information:

- Always secure the child in a child restraint system suitable for this Mercedes-Benz vehicle.
- The child restraint system must be appropriate to the age, weight and size of the child.
- The vehicle seat must be suitable for fitting a child restraint system (→ page 37).

Accident statistics show that children secured on the rear seats are generally safer than children secured on the front seats. For this reason, Mercedes-Benz strongly advises that you fit a child restraint system to a rear seat.

The generic term child restraint system

The generic term child restraint system is used in this set of Operating Instructions. A child restraint system is, for example:

- a baby car seat
- a rearward-facing child seat
- a forward-facing child seat
- a child booster seat with a backrest and seat belt guides

The child restraint system must be appropriate to the age, weight and size of the child.

Observe laws and regulations

Always observe the legal requirements when using a child restraint system in the vehicle.

Make sure that the child restraint system is approved in accordance with the valid test specifications and guidelines. You can obtain further information at a qualified specialist workshop.

Mercedes-Benz recommends that you use a Mercedes-Benz service centre for this purpose.

Only use approved child restraint systems

Only child restraint systems with the UNECE standard UN-R44 are approved for use in the vehicle.

Information on child restraint system approval categories and details on the approval label on the child restraint system (→ page 37).

Detecting risks, avoiding danger

Securing systems for child restraint systems in the vehicle

Only use the following securing systems for child restraint systems:

- the ISOFIX securing rings
- the seat belt system of the vehicle
- the Top Tether anchorages

Fitting an ISOFIX child restraint system is preferred.

Simply attaching to the securing rings on the vehicle can reduce the risk of fitting the child restraint system incorrectly.

When securing a child with the integrated seat belt of the ISOFIX child restraint system, always comply with the permissible gross weight for the child and child restraint system (→ page 39).

Advantage of a rearward-facing child restraint system

It is preferable to transport a baby or a small child in a suitable rearward-facing child restraint system. In this case, the child sits in the opposite direction to the direction of travel and faces backwards.

Babies and small children have comparatively weak neck muscles in relation to the size and weight of their head. The risk of injury to the cervical spine during an accident can be reduced in a rearward-facing child restraint system.

Always secure a child restraint system correctly

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death due to incorrect installation of the child restraint system

The child can then not be protected or restrained as intended.

- ▶ Be sure to comply with the manufacturer's installation instructions for the child restraint system and its correct use.
- ▶ Make sure that the entire base of the child restraint system always rests on the sitting surface of the seat.
- ▶ Never place objects (e.g. cushions) under or behind the child restraint system.
- ▶ Use child restraint systems only with the original cover designed for them.
- ▶ Always replace damaged covers with genuine covers.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death due to unsecured child restraint systems in the vehicle

If the child restraint system is incorrectly fitted or not secured, it can come loose.

The child restraint system could be flung around and hit vehicle occupants.

- ▶ Always install child restraint systems correctly, even when not in use.
- ▶ Always comply with the child restraint system manufacturer's installation instructions.

- Always observe the child restraint system manufacturer's installation and operating instructions as well as the vehicle-specific information:
 - Fitting the ISOFIX child restraint system on the rear seat (→ page 39).
 - Securing the child restraint system with the seat belt on the rear seat (→ page 42).
 - Securing the child restraint system with the seat belt on the co-driver seat (→ page 43). Observe the specific instructions for the rearward-facing and forward-facing child restraint systems (→ page 43).

If the co-driver seat is occupied, ensure, both before and during the journey, that the status of the co-driver airbag is correct for the current situation (→ page 31).
- Observe the warning labels in the vehicle interior and on the child restraint system.
- Also secure Top Tether if present.

Do not modify the child restraint system

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to modifications to the child restraint system

The child restraint system can no longer function properly. This poses an increased risk of injury.

- ▶ Never modify a child restraint system.
- ▶ Only affix accessories which have been specially approved for this child restraint system by the child restraint system's manufacturer.

Mercedes-Benz recommends Mercedes-Benz care products for cleaning child restraint systems recommended by Mercedes-Benz.

Only use child restraint systems which are in proper working condition

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death caused by the use of damaged child restraint systems

Child restraint systems or their retaining systems that have been subjected to stress in an accident may not be able to perform their intended protective function.

It may be the case that the child cannot be properly restrained.

- ▶ Always immediately replace child restraint systems that have been damaged or involved in an accident.
- ▶ Have the securing systems for the child restraint systems checked at a qualified specialist workshop before installing a child restraint system again.

Avoid direct sunlight

⚠ WARNING Risk of burns when the child seat is exposed to direct sunlight

If the child restraint system is exposed to direct sunlight or heat, parts could heat up.

Children could suffer burns from these parts, particularly on the metallic parts of the child restraint system.

- ▶ Always make sure that the child restraint system is not exposed to direct sunlight.
- ▶ Protect the child restraint system, e.g. with a blanket.

- ▶ If the child restraint system has been exposed to direct sunlight, allow it to cool before securing a child in it.
- ▶ Never leave children unattended in the vehicle.

Observe when stopping or parking

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident and injury due to leaving children unattended in the vehicle

If children are left unattended in the vehicle, they could, in particular:

- open doors, thereby endangering other persons or road users.
- get out and be struck by oncoming traffic.
- operate vehicle equipment and become trapped, for example.

In addition, the children could also set the vehicle in motion by, for example:

- releasing the parking brake.
- changing the transmission position.
- starting the vehicle.

- ▶ Never leave children unattended in the vehicle.
- ▶ When leaving the vehicle, always take the key with you and lock the vehicle.
- ▶ Keep the vehicle key out of the reach of children.

Overview of recommended child restraint systems

- ① Further information on the correct child restraint system can be obtained at a qualified specialist workshop. Mercedes-Benz recommends that you use a Mercedes-Benz service centre for this purpose.

Securing with ISOFIX

Weight category 0+ (up to 13 kg and up to approx. 15 months)

Type ¹	BABY SAFE plus
Size categories	E
Approval	E1 04 301 146

Type ¹	BABY SAFE plus
Order number ²	B6 6 86 8224
1 Manufacturer: Britax Römer.	2 With colour code 9H95.

Weight category I (9 to 18 kg and from approximately 9 months to 4 years)

Type ¹	DUO plus
Size categories	B1
Approval	E1 04 301 133
Order number ²	A 000 970 43 02
1 Manufacturer: Britax Römer.	2 With colour code 9H95.

Securing with the seat belt on the vehicle seat

Weight category 0 (up to 10 kg and approximately 6 months) and weight category 0+ (up to 13 kg and approximately 15 months)

Type ¹	BABY SAFE plus II
Approval	E1 04 301 146
Order number ²	A 000 970 38 02
1 Manufacturer: Britax Römer.	2 With colour code 9H95.

Weight category I (9 to 18 kg and from approximately 9 months to 4 years)

Type ¹	DUO plus
Approval	E1 04 301 133
Order number ²	A 000 970 43 02
1 Manufacturer: Britax Römer.	2 With colour code 9H95.

Weight category II/III (15 to 36 kg and from approximately 4 to 12 years)

Type ¹	KIDFIX XP
Approval	E1 04 301 304
Order number ²	A 000 970 49 02
Type ¹	AMG KIDFIX XP
Approval	E1 04 301 304
Order number ²	A 000 970 33 02
1 Manufacturer: Britax Römer.	2 With colour code 9H95.

Overview of suitable seats in the vehicle for fitting a child restraint system

Left/right rear seat (second and third seat row)

Preferred securing system:

-  ISOFIX child seat anchor (→ page 38)
-  Also secure Top Tether if present (→ page 40)

Alternative securing system:

-  Seat belt on vehicle seat (→ page 40)

Co-driver seat

Securing system:

-  Seat belt on vehicle seat (→ page 40)

Always observe the following:

- If the co-driver seat is occupied, ensure, both before and during the journey, that the status of the co-driver airbag is correct for the current situation (→ page 31).
- Observe the notes on automatic co-driver airbag shutoff (→ page 30).

Centre rear seat (second and third seat row)

Securing system:

-  Seat belt on vehicle seat (→ page 40)
-  Also secure Top Tether if present (→ page 40)

Approval categories for child restraint systems

Only use approved child restraint systems

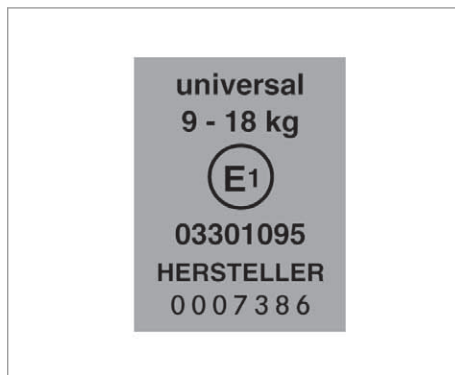
Only child restraint systems with the UNECE standard UN-R44 are approved for use in the vehicle.

Identification on the child restraint system

Information about the approval category, weight category and approval number, for example, is on the approval label on the child restraint system.

There may be further information such as the ISOFIX size categories, depending on the approval category of the child restraint system.

Approval categories in accordance with UN-R44



Example of an approval label

- **Universal:** child restraint systems in the "Universal" category are approved for installation in vehicles. They can be used, in accordance with overviews of the suitability of seats for securing child restraint systems, on seats labelled U, UF or IUF.

The IUF label refers to an ISOFIX child restraint system in the "Universal" category. These child restraint systems must also be secured using Top Tether or support points.

- **Semi-Universal:** child restraint systems in the "Semi-Universal" category may only be used if the vehicle and vehicle seat are listed in the child restraint system manufacturer's vehicle model list.
- **Vehicle-specific:** child restraint systems in the "Vehicle-specific" category may only be used if the vehicle and vehicle seat are listed in the child restraint system manufacturer's vehicle model list.

Please note the suitability of the vehicle seats

Depending on the approval category, there are forward-facing and rearward-facing child restraint systems. Their use may be restricted for certain vehicle seats.

- Suitability of seats for anchorage of ISOFIX child restraint systems (→ page 38).
- Suitability of seats for attaching belt-secured child restraint systems (→ page 40).

Fitting an ISOFIX child restraint system on the rear seat

Overview of suitability of the seats for attaching ISOFIX child restraint systems

ISOFIX designation	
	ISOFIX is a standardised securing system for special restraint systems. • The symbol indicates seats suitable for attaching an ISOFIX child restraint system in accordance with UN R44 (→ page 37). • Attach only child restraint systems that are approved in accordance with UN R44 as per the following ISOFIX tables.

Size class:	Device:	Rear seat / rear bench seat	
Carry cot			
F	ISO/L1	X (rear seat)	IL ¹ (rear bench seat)
G	ISO/L2	X (rear seat)	IL ^{2, 3} (rear bench seat)
Weight group 0 (up to 10 kg and up to approx. 6 months)			
E	ISO/R1	IL ^{2, 3}	
Weight group 0+ (up to 13 kg and up to approx. 15 months)			
E	ISO/R1	IL ^{2, 3}	
D	ISO/R2	IL ^{2, 3}	
C	ISO/R3	IL ^{2, 3, 4}	
Weight group 1 (9–18 kg and approx. 9 months to 4 years)			
D	ISO/R2	IL ^{2, 3}	
C	ISO/R3	IL ^{2, 3, 4}	
B	ISO/F2	IUF	
B1	ISO/F2X	IUF	
A	ISO/F3	IUF	

Size class:	Device:	Rear seat / rear bench seat
X Not suitable for an ISOFIX child restraint system in this weight group and/or size class. IL Suitable for ISOFIX child restraint systems according to the table in "Overview of the recommended child restraint systems", or if the vehicle and the seat are listed on the child restraint system manufacturer's vehicle model list. IUF Suitable for forward-facing ISOFIX child restraint systems of the "Universal" category in this weight group.		
1 Only on the first rear seat row on a rear bench seat. 2 The seat must be installed in the direction of travel. 3 It is permissible to use a seat on the second rear seat row only if the maximum distance between the two rear seat rows is set. To this end, the seat on the second rear seat row must be fitted in the rearmost position allowed and the seat on the first rear seat row in front of it must be fitted in the foremost position allowed. If you use the centre seat on the second rear seat row, all seats on the first rear seat row must be fitted in the foremost position allowed. 4 If you are using a child restraint system in size class C (ISO/R3), make sure that the front seat backrest does not rest against the child restraint system. If possible, move the front seat to the highest position and the seat backrest to the upright position.		

Fitting an ISOFIX child restraint system on the rear seat

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death if the permissible gross mass of the child and child restraint system together is exceeded.

Too much load may be placed on the ISOFIX child restraint system and the child may not be restrained correctly in the event of an accident, for example.

- ▶ If the child and the child restraint system together weigh more than the permissible gross mass of 33 kg, only use an ISOFIX child restraint system with which the child is secured with the vehicle seat belt.
- ▶ Also secure the child restraint system with the Top Tether belt, if available.

Always comply with the information about the mass of the child restraint system:

- in the manufacturer's installation and operating instructions for the child restraint system used
- on a label on the child restraint system, if available

Check regularly that the permissible gross mass of the child plus the child restraint system is not exceeded.

When you install a child restraint system, observe the following:

- ✓ Always observe the correct use and suitability of the seats for attaching a child restraint system.

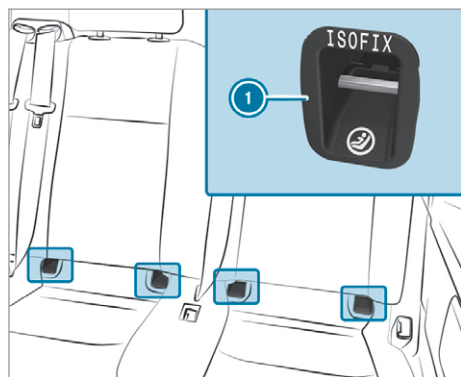
ISOFIX child seat anchor (→ page 38)

- ✓ Always observe the manufacturer's installation and operating instructions for the child restraint system used.
- ✓ Make sure that the child's feet do not touch the front seat. If necessary, move the front seat slightly forwards.

 When fitting an ISOFIX child restraint system, also observe the following:

- ✓ **When using a Group 0/0+ baby car seat and a Group 1 rearward-facing child restraint system on a rear seat:** adjust the front seat so that the seat does not touch the child restraint system.
- ✓ Move the rear seat backrest to an upright position before you fit the child seat. Do not adjust the seat backrest when an ISOFIX child restraint system is fitted.
- ✓ For certain child restraint systems in weight group 2 or 3, there may be restrictions on the maximum size setting, e.g. due to possible contact with the roof.
- ✓ Do not put the child restraint system under strain between the roof and the sitting surface and/or fit it facing the wrong direction.

- ✓ Do not put the child restraint system under strain by the head restraint. Adjust the head restraints as appropriate.



① ISOFIX mounting brackets

Before every journey, make sure that the ISOFIX child restraint system is engaged correctly in both mounting brackets in the vehicle.

! **NOTE** Damage to the seat belt for the centre seat during installation of the child restraint system

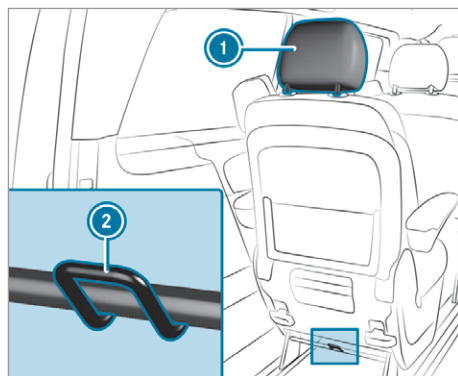
- ▶ Make sure that the seat belt is not trapped.

- ▶ Attach the ISOFIX child restraint system to both mounting brackets ① in the vehicle.

Securing Top Tether

-  If the child restraint system is equipped with a Top Tether belt:

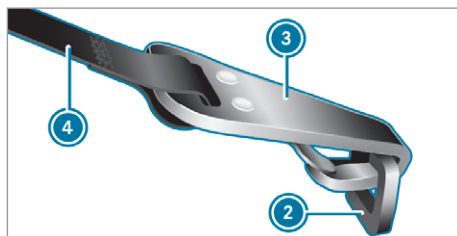
The risk of injury can be reduced by Top Tether. The Top Tether belt enables an additional connection between the child restraint system attached with ISOFIX and the vehicle.



Example

Top Tether anchorage ② is on the lower part of the rear seat on the cross strut between the seats or bench seat legs.

- ▶ Fit the ISOFIX child restraint system with Top Tether. Comply with the child restraint system manufacturer's installation instructions.



- ▶ Guide Top Tether belt ④ under head restraint ① between the two head restraint bars.
- ▶ Hook Top Tether hook ③ into Top Tether anchorage ② without twisting.
- ▶ Tension Top Tether belt ④. Comply with the child restraint system manufacturer's installation instructions.

Securing the child restraint system with the seat belt

Notes on the suitability of seats for attaching belt-secured child restraint systems

Suitability of seats for attaching belt-secured child restraint systems

Rear seats

Weight category 0: up to 10 kg	
Rear seat	U ¹

Rear bench seat	U ¹ , L ¹
Weight category 0+: up to 13 kg	
Rear seat	U ¹
Rear bench seat	U ¹ , L ¹
Weight category I: 9 to 18 kg	
Rear seat	U ¹ , L ¹
Rear bench seat	U ¹ , L ¹
Weight category II: 15 to 25 kg	
Rear seat	U, L
Rear bench seat	U, L

Weight category III: 22 to 36 kg	
Rear seat	U, L
Rear bench seat	U, L
U Suitable for child restraint systems of the "Universal" category in this weight category.	
L Suitable for semi-universal child restraint systems according to the table in "Recommended child restraint systems", or if the vehicle and the seat are listed in the child restraint system manufacturer's vehicle model list.	
1 The seat must be installed in the direction of travel.	

Co-driver seat – Notes

Notes on child restraint systems on the co-driver seat

- If it is absolutely necessary for you to fit a child restraint system to the co-driver seat, be sure to observe the information on child restraint systems on the co-driver seat (→ page 43).
Observe the specific instructions for the rearward-facing and forward-facing child restraint systems. If the co-driver seat is occupied, ensure, both before and during the journey, that the status of the co-driver airbag is correct for the current situation (→ page 31).

Co-driver seat/co-driver bench seat

Weight category 0: up to 10 kg	
Co-driver airbag enabled	X
Co-driver airbag disabled ¹	U ² , L
Weight category 0+: up to 13 kg	
Co-driver airbag enabled	X
Co-driver airbag disabled ¹	U ² , L
Weight category I: 9 to 18 kg	
Co-driver airbag enabled	UF ² , L
Co-driver airbag disabled ¹	U ² , L
Weight category II: 15 to 25 kg	
Co-driver airbag enabled	UF ² , L
Co-driver airbag disabled ¹	U ² , L
Weight category III: 22 to 36 kg	
Co-driver airbag enabled	UF ² , L

Co-driver airbag disabled ¹	U ² , L
X Not suitable for children in this weight category.	
U Suitable for child restraint systems of the "Universal" category in this weight category.	
UF Suitable for forward-facing child restraint systems of the "Universal" category in this weight category.	
L Suitable for semi-universal child restraint systems according to the table in "Recommended child restraint systems", or if the vehicle and the seat are listed in the child restraint system manufacturer's vehicle model list.	
1 The vehicle is equipped with automatic co-driver airbag shutoff. The PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp must be lit.	
2 In combination with a long seat belt buckle (police seat) not suitable for child restraint systems.	

Securing the child restraint system with the seat belt on the rear seat

When fitting a belt-secured child restraint system, observe the following:

- ✓ Always comply with the manufacturer's installation and operating instructions for the child restraint system used.
- ✓ For a child restraint system in the "Universal" or "Semi-Universal" category, make sure that the system has been approved for the vehicle seat.

Observe the notes under "Suitability of seats for attaching belt-secured child restraint systems" (→ page 40).

- ✓ **When using a category 0/0+ baby car seat and a category I rearward-facing child restraint system on a rear seat:** adjust the front seat so that the seat does not touch the child restraint system.

- ✓ **When using a category I forward-facing child restraint system:** remove the head restraint from the respective seat, if possible.

After the child restraint system has been removed, replace the head restraint immediately and adjust all head restraints correctly.

- ✓ The backrest of the forward-facing child restraint system must, as far as possible, be resting on the seat backrest of the rear seat.
- ✓ For certain child restraint systems in weight category II or III, there may be restrictions on the maximum size setting, e.g. due to possible contact with the roof.
- ✓ The child restraint system must not be put under strain between the roof and the seat cushion and/or be fitted facing the wrong direction. Where possible, adjust the seat cushion inclination accordingly.
- ✓ The child restraint system must not be put under strain by the head restraint. Adjust the head restraints as appropriate.
- ✓ Make sure that the child's feet do not touch the front seat. If necessary, move the front seat slightly forwards.

► Install the child restraint system. The entire base of the child restraint system must always rest on the sitting surface of the rear seat.

► Always make sure that the shoulder belt strap is correctly routed from the seat belt outlet of

the vehicle to the shoulder belt guide on the child restraint system.

The shoulder belt strap must be routed forwards and downwards from the seat belt outlet.

Instructions for vehicles without automatic co-driver airbag shutoff



The sticker is visible when the co-driver door is open:

Vehicles without an automatic co-driver airbag shutoff have a special sticker affixed to the side of the cockpit on the co-driver side.

If you turn the key to position [2] in the ignition lock, the PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp lights up briefly. However, it has no function and is not an indication of the automatic co-driver airbag shutoff.

Be sure to observe the following notes:

- Never fit a rearward-facing child restraint system to the co-driver seat.
- Always fit a rearward-facing child restraint system to a suitable rear seat
 - Suitability of seats for attaching belt-secured child restraint systems (→ page 40)
 - Securing the child restraint system with the seat belt on the rear seat (→ page 42)
- Notes on rearward-facing and forward-facing child restraint systems on the co-driver seat (→ page 43)

Notes on rearward-facing and forward-facing child restraint systems on the co-driver seat

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death when using a child restraint system while the co-driver airbag is enabled

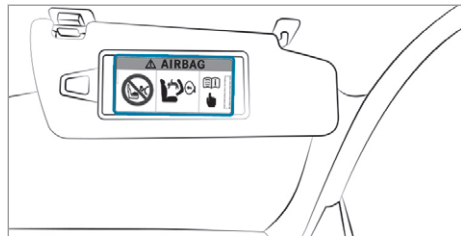
If you secure a child in a child restraint system on the co-driver seat and the PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp is off, the co-driver airbag can deploy in the event of an accident.

The child could be struck by the airbag.

► Always ensure that the co-driver airbag is disabled. The PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp must be lit.

NEVER use a rearward facing child restraint on a seat protected by an ENABLED AIRBAG in front of it, DEATH or SERIOUS INJURY to the CHILD may occur.

Observe the specific instructions for the rearward-facing and forward-facing child restraint systems (→ page 43).



Warning notice on the co-driver sun visor

Always observe the status of the co-driver airbag on the PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator

- If it is absolutely necessary to fit a child restraint system to the co-driver seat, always observe the information on automatic co-driver airbag shutoff (→ page 30).
- When using a rearward-facing child restraint system on the co-driver seat, the co-driver airbag must always be disabled. It is only deactivated if the PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp is lit continuously (→ page 31).
- If the PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp is off, the co-driver airbag is enabled. The co-driver airbag may deploy during an accident.

Securing the child restraint system with the seat belt on the co-driver seat

When fitting a belt-secured child restraint system on the co-driver seat, always observe the following:

- ✓ Observe the notes on rearward-facing and forward-facing child restraint systems on the co-driver seat (→ page 43).
- ✓ Observe the child restraint system manufacturer's installation and operating instructions.
- ✓ For a child restraint system in the "Universal" or "Semi-Universal" category, make sure that the system has been approved for the vehicle seat.

Observe the notes under "Suitability of seats for attaching belt-secured child restraint systems" (→ page 40).

- ✓ When using a forward-facing child restraint system in category I: remove the head restraint from the respective seat, if possible.

After the child restraint system has been removed, replace the head restraint immediately and adjust all head restraints correctly.

- ✓ The backrest of the forward-facing child restraint system must, as far as possible, be resting on the seat backrest of the co-driver seat.
- ✓ For certain child restraint systems in weight category II or III, there may be restrictions on the maximum size setting, e.g. due to possible contact with the roof.
- ✓ The child restraint system must not be put under strain between the roof and the seat cushion and/or be fitted facing the wrong direction.
- ✓ The child restraint system must not be put under strain by the head restraint. Adjust the head restraints as appropriate.
- ✓ Never place objects (e.g. cushions) under or behind the child restraint system.

► Set the co-driver seat as far back as possible and move the seat into the highest position possible.

► Set the seat backrest to the most vertical position possible.

- ▶ Install the child restraint system.
The entire base of the child restraint system must always rest on the sitting surface of the co-driver seat.
- ▶ Always make sure that the shoulder belt strap is correctly routed from the seat belt outlet of the vehicle to the shoulder belt guide on the child restraint system.
The shoulder belt strap must be routed forwards and downwards from the seat belt outlet.
- ▶ If necessary, adjust the seat belt outlet and the co-driver seat as appropriate.

Child safety locks

Activating or deactivating child safety locks for the doors

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident and injury due to children left unattended in the vehicle

If children are left unsupervised in the vehicle, they could, in particular:

- open doors, thereby endangering other persons or road users
- get out and be struck by oncoming traffic.
- operate vehicle equipment and become trapped, for example.

In addition, the children could also set the vehicle in motion, for example by:

- releasing the parking brake.
- changing the transmission position.
- starting the vehicle.

- ▶ Never leave children unattended in the vehicle.
- ▶ When leaving the vehicle, always take the key with you and lock the vehicle.
- ▶ Keep the vehicle key out of reach of children.

⚠ WARNING Danger to life due to exposure to extreme heat or cold in the vehicle

If people, particularly children, are exposed to extreme temperatures over an extended period of time, there is a risk of serious injury or danger to life.

- ▶ Never leave persons, children in particular, unattended in the vehicle.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident and injury due to children left unattended in the vehicle

If children are travelling in the vehicle, they could, in particular:

- open doors, thereby endangering other persons or road users
- get out and be struck by oncoming traffic
- operate vehicle equipment and become trapped, for example

- ▶ Always activate the child safety locks installed if children are travelling in the vehicle.
- ▶ Never leave children unattended in the vehicle.
- ▶ When leaving the vehicle, always take the key with you and lock the vehicle.

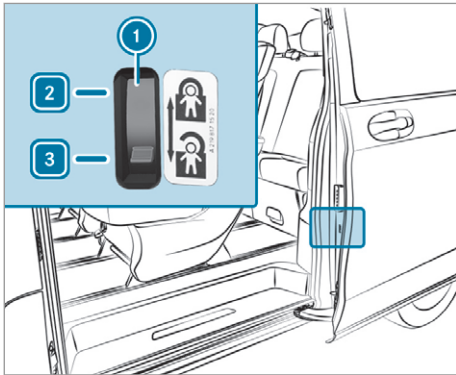
The following doors have child safety locks:

- sliding doors
- pop-out windows

The child safety locks on the doors secure each door separately. The doors can no longer be opened from the inside (exception: electric sliding door). When the vehicle is unlocked, the door can be opened from the outside.

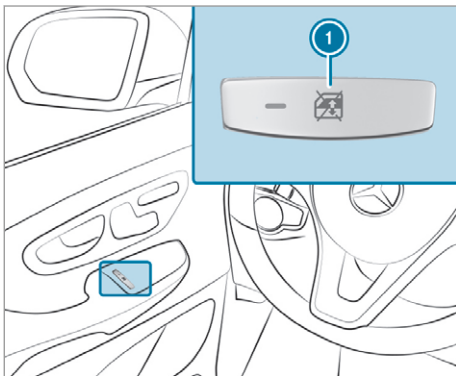
If the electric sliding door is secured, only the sliding door controls in the rear are deactivated. The electric sliding door can be opened at any time using the switch in the centre console.

A secured sliding door cannot be opened from inside the vehicle. When the vehicle is unlocked, the sliding door can be opened from the outside.



- ▶ Slide child safety lock bolt ① to position ② (activate) or ③ (deactivate).
- ▶ Make sure that the child safety locks are working properly.

Activating or deactivating child safety locks for the pop-out windows



- ▶ **To activate and deactivate:** press button ①.
- ▶ If the indicator lamp on button ① is lit, operation of the electrical pop-out windows is disabled. Operation is then only possible using the buttons in the driver's door.

Notes on pets in the vehicle

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident and injury due to animals left unsecured or unattended in the vehicle

If you leave animals in the vehicle unattended or unsecured, they could press buttons or switches, for instance.

An animal may:

- activate vehicle equipment and become trapped, for example
- switch systems on or off and endanger other road users

Unsecured animals may be thrown about the vehicle in the event of an accident, or sudden steering and braking manoeuvres, and injure vehicle occupants.

- ▶ Never leave animals unattended in the vehicle.
- ▶ Always correctly secure animals while driving, e.g. using a suitable animal carrier.

Key

Overview of key functions

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident and injury due to leaving children unattended in the vehicle

If children are left unattended in the vehicle, they could, in particular:

- open doors, thereby endangering other persons or road users.
- get out and be struck by oncoming traffic.
- operate vehicle equipment and become trapped, for example.

In addition, the children could also set the vehicle in motion by, for example:

- releasing the parking brake.
- changing the transmission position.
- starting the vehicle.

- ▶ Never leave children unattended in the vehicle.
- ▶ When leaving the vehicle, always take the key with you and lock the vehicle.
- ▶ Keep the vehicle key out of the reach of children.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to inadvertent turning of the key in the ignition lock

If you attach large or heavy objects to the key, the key could inadvertently turn in the ignition lock while the vehicle is in motion.

- ▶ Do not attach any large or heavy objects to the key.
- ▶ Remove a key ring if it is cumbersome before you insert the key in the ignition lock.

! NOTE Damage to the key caused by magnetic fields

- ▶ Keep the key away from strong magnetic fields.



- ① Indicator lamp
- ② To lock the vehicle centrally
- ③ To unlock the sliding doors and the tailgate or rear-end door, or to unlock and open/close the electric sliding door
- ④ Emergency key
- ⑤ To unlock the vehicle centrally or the front door(s) only

The key's factory setting enables you to centrally lock and unlock the following components:

- the driver's door and co-driver door
- the sliding doors
- the tailgate or rear-end doors

i If you do not open the vehicle within approximately 40 seconds of unlocking, the vehicle will lock again and anti-theft protection will be primed again.

Do not keep the key together with electronic devices or metallic objects. This can affect the key's functionality.

i If the check lamp does not light up when you press the or button, the battery is discharged.

Replace the key battery (→ page 47).

Changing the unlocking settings

The key has the following adjustable unlocking functions:

- unlock centrally
- unlock the driver's and co-driver's door (panel van)
- unlock the driver's door (Tourer or Mixto)

▶ **To switch between the settings:** press and hold the and buttons at the same time for approximately six seconds until the indicator lamp flashes twice.

▶ **To unlock the vehicle centrally when the unlocking function is selected for the driv-**

er's door or the driver's and co-driver's door: press the  button a second time.

Removing and inserting the emergency key



i The anti-theft alarm system (ATA) is triggered when you unlock and open the vehicle using the emergency key (→ page 67).

▶ **To remove:** push release catch **1** in the direction of the arrow and simultaneously pull emergency key **2** completely out of the key.

▶ **To insert:** push emergency key **2** completely into the key until it engages and release catch **1** is back in its initial position.

Replacing the key battery

⚠ DANGER Risk of fatal injuries due to swallowing batteries

Batteries contain toxic and corrosive substances. Swallowing batteries may cause severe internal burns to occur within two hours.

There is a risk of fatal injury.

- ▶ Keep batteries out of the reach of children.
- ▶ If the battery compartment does not close securely, do not use the key any longer and keep it out of the reach of children.
- ▶ If batteries are swallowed, seek medical attention immediately.

🔥 ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE Environmental damage due to improper disposal of batteries



Batteries contain pollutants. It is illegal to dispose of them with the household rubbish.



Dispose of batteries in an environmentally responsible manner. Take discharged batteries to a qualified specialist workshop or to a collection point for used batteries.

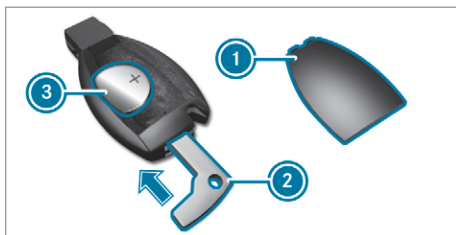
Requirements

- you require a CR 2025 3 V cell battery

Changing the battery

Mercedes-Benz recommends that you have the battery changed at a qualified specialist workshop.

▶ Remove the emergency key (→ page 47).



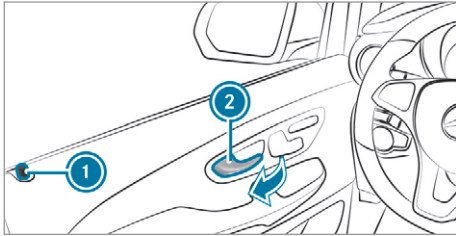
- ▶ Press emergency key **2** into the opening in the key in the direction of the arrow until battery compartment cover **1** opens. When doing so, do not hold battery compartment cover **1** shut.
- ▶ Tap the key against the palm of your hand so that battery **3** falls out of the battery compartment.
- ▶ Insert the new battery into the battery tray with the positive pole facing upwards. Use a lint-free cloth to do so.
- ▶ Fit battery compartment cover **1** to the key casing with the front lugs first and push it closed.
- ▶ Slide emergency key **2** back into the key (→ page 47).

Problems with the key

Problem	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
It is no longer possible to lock the vehicle using the key.	Possible causes: The doors are not closed properly. ► Close the doors properly and lock the vehicle again.
The turn signal lamps do not flash when the vehicle is locked.	Possible causes: The central locking system has malfunctioned. ► Lock the vehicle using the emergency key (→ page 47) or press down the safety pins and then close the doors. ► Have the locking system checked at a qualified specialist workshop.
It is no longer possible to lock or unlock the vehicle using the key.	Possible causes: - The key battery is weak or discharged. - The key is faulty. ► Point the tip of the key at the driver's door handle from very close range and press the  or  button. If this does not work: ► Replace the key battery (→ page 47). or ► Use the emergency key to unlock and lock the vehicle (→ page 47). ► Have the key checked at a qualified specialist workshop.
The engine cannot be started using the key.	Possible causes: The on-board electrical system voltage is too low. ► Switch off all non-essential consumers, such as interior lighting, and try to start the engine again. If this does not work: ► Check the starter battery and charge it, if necessary (→ page 233). or ► Jump-start the vehicle (→ page 233). or ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
You have lost a key.	► Have the key deactivated at a qualified specialist workshop. ► If necessary, have the mechanical locks replaced.
You have lost the emergency key.	► Report the loss immediately to the vehicle insurers. ► If necessary, have the mechanical locks replaced.

Doors

Unlocking and opening the door from inside



Door handle (example: driver's door)

- ▶ Pull door handle ②.
- Locking pin ① pops up when the door is unlocked.

Centrally locking and unlocking the door from the inside

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident and injury due to leaving children unattended in the vehicle

If children are left unattended in the vehicle, they could, in particular:

- open doors, thereby endangering other persons or road users.
- get out and be struck by oncoming traffic.
- operate vehicle equipment and become trapped, for example.

In addition, the children could also set the vehicle in motion by, for example:

- releasing the parking brake.
- changing the transmission position.
- starting the vehicle.

- ▶ Never leave children unattended in the vehicle.
- ▶ When leaving the vehicle, always take the key with you and lock the vehicle.
- ▶ Keep the vehicle key out of the reach of children.

⚠ WARNING Danger to life due to exposure to extreme heat or cold in the vehicle

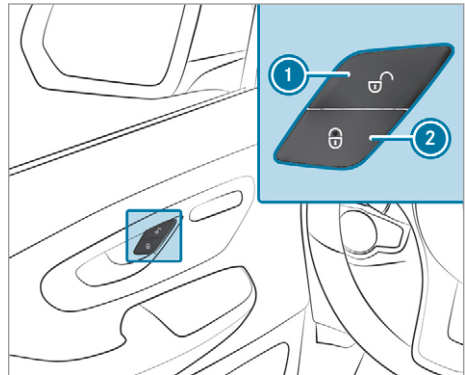
If people, particularly children, are exposed to extreme temperatures over an extended

period of time, there is a risk of serious injury or danger to life.

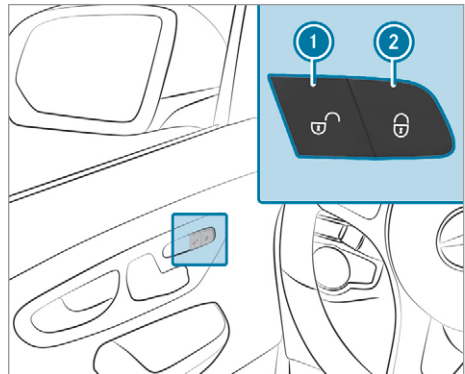
- ▶ Never leave persons, children in particular, unattended in the vehicle.

You can use the central locking buttons to centrally lock and unlock the entire vehicle from the inside.

The central locking buttons are located in the driver's door.



Central locking buttons (vehicles with manually adjustable front seats)



Central locking buttons (vehicles with electrically adjustable front seats)

- ▶ **To lock or unlock the entire vehicle:** press button ① (unlock) or ② (lock) when the doors are closed.

Observe the following settings when locking and unlocking from inside:

- If the driver's or co-driver's door is open, the open door is not locked.

All other doors and the tailgate/rear-end doors are locked.

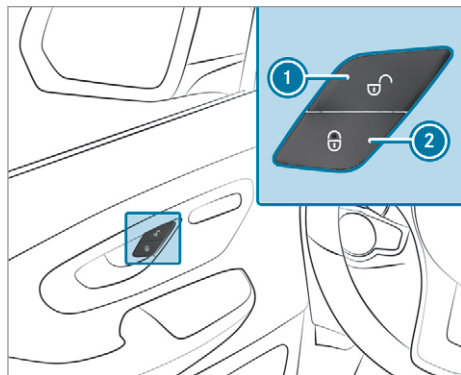
- If a sliding door or the tailgate/rear-end doors are open, only the driver's and co-driver's doors are locked.
- You cannot unlock the vehicle centrally from the inside if the vehicle has been locked with the key.
- If the vehicle has been locked using the central locking button and a door is opened from the inside, only the door that has been opened is unlocked.
- If the vehicle has previously been locked with the key, opening a door from the inside will trigger the anti-theft alarm system. Switch off the alarm (→ page 68).

Activating/deactivating the automatic locking mechanism

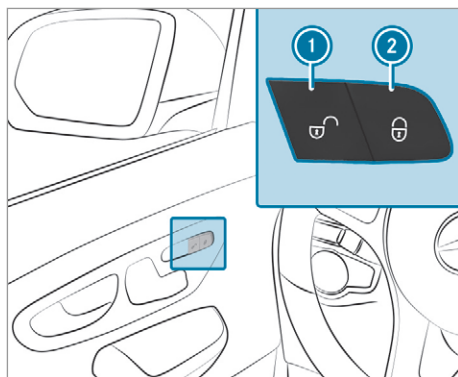
Requirements

- The power supply or the ignition is switched on.
- The doors are closed.

When the ignition is switched on and the vehicle is travelling at a speed above 15 km/h, the vehicle locks automatically.



Central locking buttons (vehicles with manually adjustable front seats)



Central locking buttons (vehicles with electrically adjustable front seats)

- If the vehicle is being tested on a roller dynamometer or is being tow-started or push-started, there is a risk of being locked out when the function is activated.

- ▶ **To activate:** press and hold button ② until you hear a tone.
- ▶ **To deactivate:** press and hold button ① until you hear a tone.

Unlocking and locking the driver's door with the emergency key

- ① To lock the vehicle fully with the emergency key, press down the locking pins of the doors. Then lock the driver's door with the emergency key.
- ▶ **To unlock:** insert the emergency key fully into the driver's door lock and turn it anti-clockwise.
- ▶ **To lock:** insert the emergency key fully into the driver's door lock and turn it clockwise.
- ① **Right-hand drive vehicles:** turn the emergency key in the opposite direction for each case.

Sliding door

Opening/closing the sliding door from outside

⚠ WARNING Risk of becoming trapped due to an open sliding door which is not engaged in place

On an incline, the sliding door can move by itself.

This can cause you or other people to become trapped.

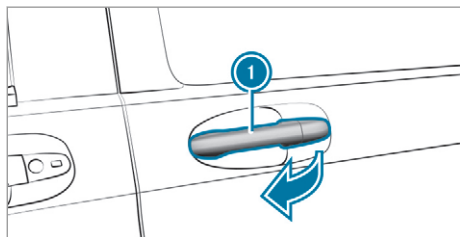
► Always make sure that the open sliding door is engaged. To do so, open the sliding door to the stop.

! NOTE Damage to the sliding door due to incorrect use

Using the lower guide of the sliding door (carriage) as a step can result in damage to the trim and/or mechanical components of the sliding door.

► Do not use the lower guide of the sliding door (carriage) as a step.

Opening



The sliding door is equipped with an active retainer, which engages when the door is opened as far as it will go.

- Pull door handle ① in the direction of the arrow.
The sliding door opens.
- Push back the sliding door using door handle ① until it engages.
- Check the sliding door catch.

Closing

- Pull the sliding door by door handle ①.
The sliding door is released from its catch.
- Push the sliding door firmly forwards using door handle ① and close it.

Opening/closing the sliding door from inside

⚠ WARNING Risk of becoming trapped due to sliding door opening towards the rear

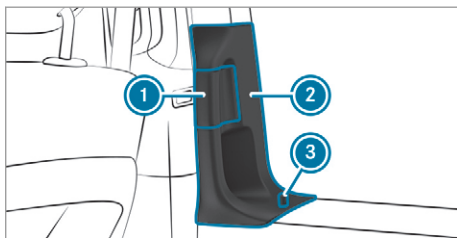
When you open the sliding door, the sliding door could hit other people as it moves towards the rear of the vehicle.

► Only open the sliding door when traffic conditions permit.

Requirements

- The child safety lock is deactivated.

Opening



- Pull back rocker switch ①.
If the door is locked, locking pin ③ pops up.
The sliding door unlocks and opens.
- Push back the sliding door using door handle ② until it engages.
- Check the sliding door catch.

Closing

- Push rocker switch ① forwards.
The sliding door is released from its catch.
- Push the sliding door forwards using door handle ② and close it.

Electric sliding door

Function of the electric sliding door

⚠ WARNING Risk of becoming trapped despite reversing function

The reversing feature does not react:

- to soft, light and thin objects, e.g. fingers
- over the last 8 mm of the closing movement

The reversing feature therefore cannot prevent someone being trapped in these situations.

- ▶ Make sure that no body parts are in the closing area.

If someone becomes trapped, take the following actions:

- press the  button on the key or
- pull the exterior door handle or
- press the appropriate sliding door button in the centre console or
- press the button on the door sill or
- pull the rocker switch on the door handle

⚠ WARNING Risk of becoming trapped due to sliding door opening towards the rear

When you open the sliding door, the sliding door could hit other people as it moves towards the rear of the vehicle.

- ▶ Only open the sliding door when traffic conditions permit.

! NOTE Damage to the sliding door due to incorrect use

Using the lower guide of the sliding door (carriage) as a step can result in damage to the trim and/or mechanical components of the sliding door.

- ▶ Do not use the lower guide of the sliding door (carriage) as a step.

You must reset the electric sliding door if there has been a malfunction or a drop in voltage (→ page 54).

Your vehicle can be equipped with an electric sliding door on the left and/or right-hand side.

You can open and close the sliding door with these controls:

- Sliding door buttons on the centre console
- Sliding door button on the door sill (B-pillar)
- Door handle (inside or outside)
- Key

The sliding door is equipped with automatic blockage detection with reversing function. If a solid object blocks or restricts the sliding door during the automatic closing process, the sliding door opens again automatically. If the sliding door is obstructed during the opening procedure, it moves back a few centimetres in the opposite direction and stops.

The automatic blockage detection with reversing function is only an aid. It is not a substitute for your attentiveness when closing the electrical sliding door.

If an obstacle is detected, the display shows the [Left-hand electric sliding door Obstruction detected](#) message, for example, and five warning tones sound.

- ① In unfavourable operating conditions, e.g. frost, ice or heavy soiling, press and hold the appropriate sliding door button. The electric sliding door moves with increased force. Observe that in such circumstances, the blockage detection is less sensitive. To stop the movement, release the sliding door button.

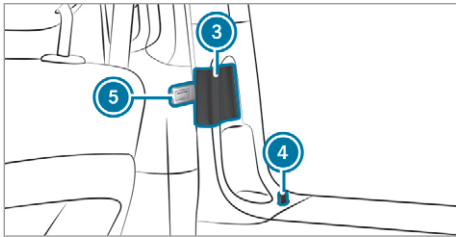
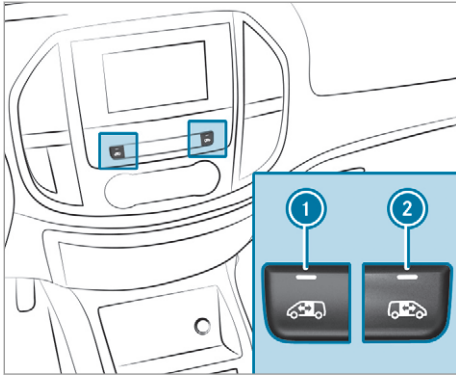
Opening and closing the electrical sliding door from the inside

⚠ WARNING Risk of becoming trapped due to sliding door opening towards the rear

When you open the sliding door, the sliding door could hit other people as it moves towards the rear of the vehicle.

- ▶ Only open the sliding door when traffic conditions permit.

Opening



- ❶ Sliding door button for the sliding door on the left-hand side
- ❷ Sliding door button for the sliding door on the right-hand side
- ❸ Rocker switch
- ❹ Locking knob
- ❺ Sliding door button in the door sill

You can only open a sliding door with sliding door button ❺ in the door sill or with rocker switch ❸ on the door handle if the child-proof lock has not been activated.

The sliding door is equipped with an active retainer, which engages the door at the end stop when opened.

- ▶ Briefly press appropriate sliding door button ❶ or ❷ in the centre console.
- or
- ▶ Press sliding door button ❺ in the door sill.
- or
- ▶ Briefly pull back rocker switch ❸.
If the door is locked, locking knob ❹ pops up. The sliding door unlocks, automatic operation is started and the sliding door opens.

If you use sliding door button ❶ or ❷ in the centre console you will hear two warning signals during the opening procedure.

The indicator lamp in sliding door button ❶ or ❷ in the centre console flashes for the duration of automatic operation.

The indicator lamp in sliding door button ❶ or ❷ in the centre console is lit whenever the appropriate sliding door is open. Depending on the vehicle equipment, the display can also show the **Sliding door open** message.

Closing

- ▶ Briefly press appropriate sliding door button ❶ or ❷ in the centre console.

or

- ▶ Press sliding door button ❺ in the door sill.

or

- ▶ Briefly push rocker switch ❸ forwards.
The sliding door is released from its lock and automatic operation is started. The sliding door closes.

If you use sliding door button ❶ or ❷ in the centre console you will hear two warning signals during the closing procedure.

The indicator lamp in sliding door button ❶ or ❷ in the centre console goes out whenever the corresponding sliding door is closed.

Interrupting automatic operation

- ▶ Press corresponding sliding door button ❶ or ❷ in the centre console again.

or

- ▶ Press sliding door button ❺ in the door sill again.

or

- ▶ Briefly pull back rocker switch ❸.

Opening/closing the electric sliding door with the key

- ❗ If the vehicle is fitted with two sliding doors, the  button on the key can only be used to open or close one of the two sliding doors (→ page 54).

- ▶ **To unlock:** briefly press the  button on the key.

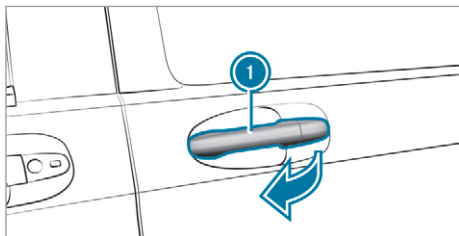
- ▶ **To open:** press and hold the  button on the key for longer than 0.5 seconds.
You will hear two acoustic signals and the sliding door will open automatically.

► **To close:** press and hold the  button on the key for longer than 0.5 seconds. You will hear two acoustic signals and the sliding door will close automatically.

► **To interrupt automatic operation:** briefly press the  button on the key. The sliding door stops moving.

① In unfavourable operating conditions, e.g. frost, ice or heavy soiling, press and hold the appropriate sliding door button. The electric sliding door moves with increased force. Observe that in such circumstances, the obstacle detection is less sensitive. To stop the movement, release the sliding door button.

Opening/closing the electrical sliding door from the outside



► **To open:** pull door handle ①.

The sliding door unlocks, automatic operation is started and the sliding door opens. In addition, you will hear two warning signals.

► **To close:** pull door handle ①.

The sliding door is released from its lock and automatic operation is started. The sliding door closes.

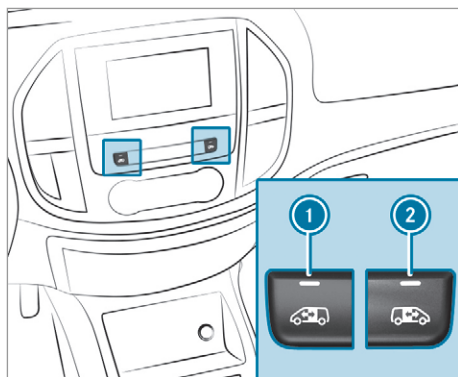
► **To interrupt automatic operation:** pull door handle ① again.

Programming the key button for the sliding door

Requirements

- The vehicle is equipped with two electric sliding doors.
- The sliding door to be programmed is open.
- The ignition is switched on.

The  button on the key can be programmed. Program the  button to open the right or left sliding door.



① Sliding door button for the sliding door on the left-hand side

② Sliding door button for the sliding door on the right-hand side

► Press and hold sliding door button ① or ② in the centre console for the appropriate sliding door until the sliding door is closed and four tones have sounded.

The **Left-hand electric sliding door key programmed/Right-hand electric sliding door key programmed** message appears in the display.

Resetting the electric sliding door

You must reset the electric sliding door if there has been a malfunction or a drop in voltage.

► If the sliding door is open: close it by hand.

► Using the corresponding  or  sliding door button on the centre console, open the sliding door at least 40 cm and then close the sliding door completely.

► When the sliding door is closed, open the sliding door fully using the corresponding  or  sliding door button on the centre console.

The sliding door is reset and operational.

Problems with the electric sliding door

Problem	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
The electric sliding door is locked in place.	Unfavourable operating conditions, e.g. frost, ice or heavy soiling, may obstruct the sliding door. ► Press and hold the sliding door button until the sliding door has opened or closed. The sliding door moves with increased force. Observe that in such circumstances, the blockage detection is less sensitive. To stop the movement, release the sliding door button. ► Remove the cause of the blockage at the earliest opportunity.

Tailgate

Opening and closing the tailgate

⚠ DANGER Risk of exhaust gas poisoning

Combustion engines emit poisonous exhaust gases such as carbon monoxide. Exhaust gases can enter the vehicle interior if the tailgate is open when the engine is running, especially if the vehicle is in motion.

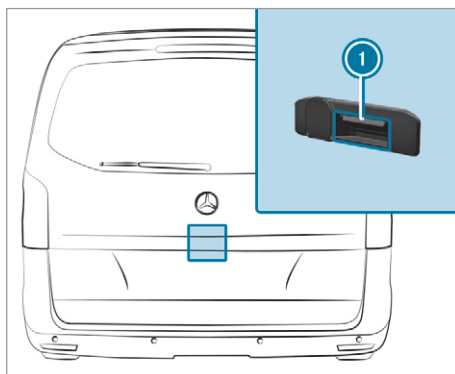
- Always switch off the engine before opening the tailgate.
- Never drive with the tailgate open.

! NOTE Damage to the tailgate caused by obstacles above the vehicle

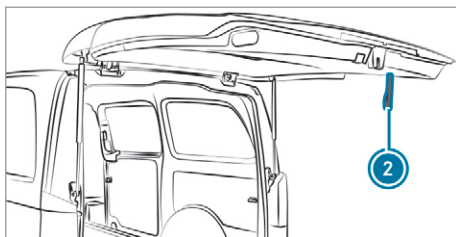
The tailgate swings rearwards and upwards when it is open.

- Make sure that there is sufficient space behind and above the tailgate.

- ① You will find details of the tailgate opening dimensions under "Technical data" (→ page 274).



- **To open:** push button ① on the handle and raise the tailgate.



- **To close:** pull the tailgate firmly downwards by loop ② and close it from outside.

Opening the tailgate in an emergency

If the battery voltage is low or the voltage supply is interrupted, the tailgate cannot be opened.

In an emergency, you can open the tailgate using the release catch for service purposes.

- Prise off the cover on the lower part of the tailgate with a suitable tool, e.g. the screwdriver from the vehicle tool kit.

- ▶ Insert the screwdriver into the opening and move the release lever until the tailgate unlocks and opens.
- ▶ Lift the tailgate upwards.

EASY-PACK tailgate

Notes on the EASY-PACK tailgate

A DANGER Risk of exhaust gas poisoning

Combustion engines emit poisonous exhaust gases such as carbon monoxide. Exhaust gases can enter the vehicle interior if the tailgate is open when the engine is running, especially if the vehicle is in motion.

- ▶ Always switch off the engine before opening the tailgate.
- ▶ Never drive with the tailgate open.

! NOTE Damage to the tailgate caused by obstacles above the vehicle

The tailgate swings rearwards and upwards when it is opened.

- ▶ Make sure that there is sufficient space behind and above the tailgate.

- ① You will find details of the tailgate opening dimensions under "Technical data" (→ page 274).

Obstruction detection with reversing function

The tailgate is equipped with automatic object detection with reversing function. If a solid object blocks or restricts the tailgate during the automatic closing process, the tailgate opens again automatically. The automatic object detection with reversing function is only an aid. It is not a substitute for your attentiveness when closing the tailgate.

A WARNING Risk of becoming trapped despite reversing function

The reversing feature does not react:

- to soft, light and thin objects, e.g. fingers
- over the last 8 mm of the closing movement

The reversing feature therefore cannot prevent someone being trapped in these situations.

- ▶ Make sure that no body parts are in the closing area.

If someone is trapped:

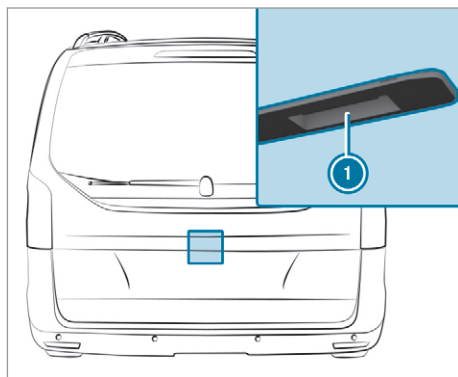
- press the  button on the key or
- press the closing button on the tailgate or
- pull the handle of the tailgate

Opening and closing the EASY-PACK tailgate

Requirements:

- The rear window is closed.
- The tailgate is unlocked.
- There are no persons within the swinging range of the tailgate.
- **Vehicles with rear window which can be opened separately:** the  button of the key must be programmed to open and close the tailgate (→ page 58).

Opening

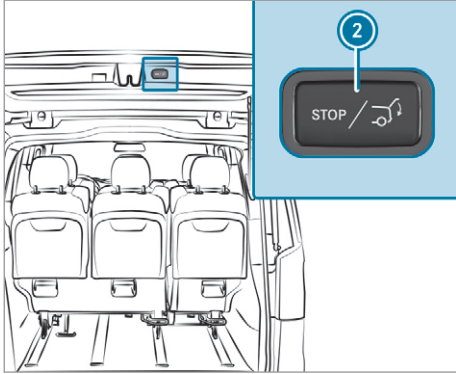


- ▶ Press button ① in the handle and step out of the swinging range of the tailgate.

or

- ▶ Press the  button of the key for longer than 0.5 seconds. Automatic operation is started. The tailgate opens and swings upwards.
- In addition, you will hear two warning signals.

Closing



- ▶ Press button ② in the tailgate and step out of the swinging range of the tailgate.

or

- ▶ Press the button of the key for longer than 0.5 seconds. Automatic operation is started and the tailgate closes. During closing, closing button ② flashes and two warning tones sound.

Interrupting automatic operation

- ▶ Press button ① in the handle again.
- or
- ▶ Press closing button ② in the tailgate again.
- or
- ▶ Press the button on the key again for longer than 0.5 seconds.

Adjusting the opening angle of the tailgate

Setting the end position

You can set the opening angle of the tailgate by saving the desired position as the end position.

- ▶ Open the tailgate and stop automatic operation in the desired position.

or

- ▶ Open the tailgate and manually swing it into the desired position.
- ▶ Press and hold the closing button on the tailgate until the confirmation tone sounds once. The current position of the tailgate has been saved as the end position.

Resetting to the maximum opening angle

- ▶ Open the tailgate.
- ▶ Press and hold the closing button on the tailgate until the confirmation tone sounds twice. The saved end position has been deleted and the tailgate opens again to the maximum extent.

Resetting the tailgate

You must reset the tailgate if there has been a malfunction or an interruption in the voltage supply.

- ▶ If the tailgate is open: close the tailgate by hand.
 - ▶ Briefly press the button in the handle of the tailgate, step out of the swinging range of the tailgate and open the tailgate.
 - ▶ When the tailgate is fully open, press the closing button in the tailgate and step out of the swinging range of the tailgate. The tailgate closes. When the tailgate is fully closed, it is reset and operational.
- ① When the button of the key is programmed for operating the tailgate (→ page 58), you can also use the key to open and close the tailgate.

Opening and closing the rear window

⚠ DANGER Risk of poisoning from exhaust gases

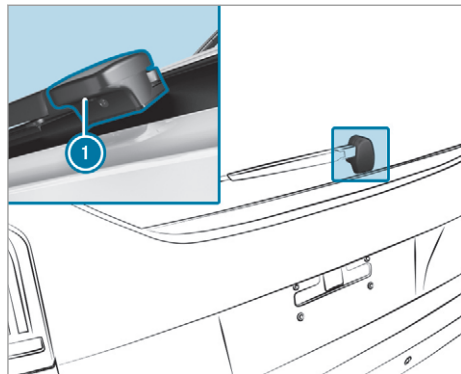
Combustion engines emit poisonous exhaust gases, such as carbon monoxide. Exhaust gases can enter the vehicle interior if the rear window is open when the engine is running, especially if the vehicle is in motion.

- ▶ Always switch off the engine before opening the rear window.
- ▶ Never drive with the rear window open.

Requirements

- The vehicle or load compartment is unlocked and the tailgate is closed.
- **To open with the key:** the button on the key is programmed to open the rear window (→ page 58).

Opening



► Press the  button on the key.
or

► Press button ① on the handle on the rear window.

Closing

► Swing the rear window down and push it closed.

Programming the key button for the tailgate or rear window

Requirements:

- The tailgate and the rear window are closed.
- The ignition is switched on.

If your vehicle is fitted with an EASY-PACK tailgate, you can program the  button on the key either to open/close the tailgate or to open the rear window.

- Press the buttons in the handle of the tailgate and in the handle of the rear window simultaneously for approximately five seconds. After successfully changing the function, the vehicle turn signal lamps flash once.
- Check the function of the  button on the key.

Rear-end doors

Opening and closing the rear-end doors from outside

⚠ DANGER Risk of poisoning from exhaust gases

Combustion engines emit poisonous exhaust gases, such as carbon monoxide. Exhaust gases can enter the vehicle interior if the tailgate or the rear-end door is open when the engine is running, especially if the vehicle is in motion.

- Always switch off the engine before opening the tailgate or the rear-end door.
- Never drive the vehicle when the tailgate or rear-end door is open.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to the rear-end door swinging open

When you open a rear-end door, the following can occur:

- You or another person can be injured.
- A person may be struck by oncoming traffic.

This is particularly the case if you open the rear-end door more than 90° or if it opens in an uncontrolled manner.

Even rear-end doors which are properly closed can swing open when the vehicle parked is on an incline or it is windy.

- Only open a rear-end door when the traffic conditions and surroundings permit.
- Always make sure that the rear-end doors are properly closed.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to concealed lighting systems

If you open the rear-end doors by 90°, the rear lighting systems will be concealed.

Other road users will then not be able to see the vehicle, or will see it only with difficulty.

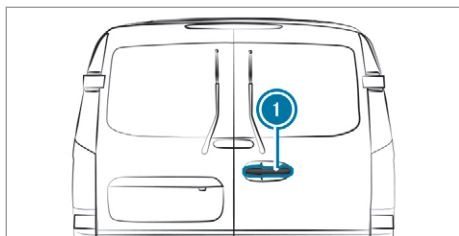
Therefore, in these or similar situations, safeguard the vehicle in accordance with national regulations, e.g. with a warning triangle.

! NOTE Damage to the rear-end doors due to objects obstructing their range of movement

When the rear-end doors are opened, any objects obstructing the range of movement of the rear-end doors can be damaged as well as the vehicle.

- Make sure that there is sufficient clearance when opening the rear-end doors.

Opening the right rear-end door

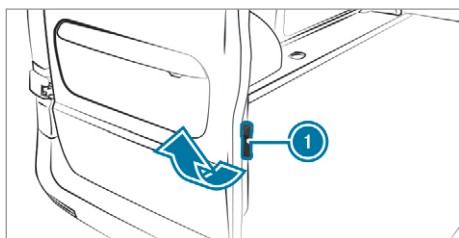


You can stop the rear-end doors at an angle of approximately 90°, and also at 180° or 270°. Make sure that the opened rear-end door is stopped correctly in the catch.

- Pull handle ①.
- Swing the rear-end door to the side until it engages.

i The rear-end doors can also be opened beyond 90° (→ page 60).

Opening the left rear-end door



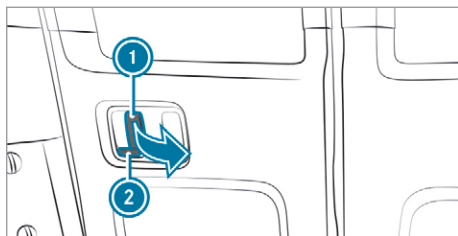
- Make sure that the right rear-end door is open and engaged.
- Pull release handle ① in the direction of the arrow.
- Swing the rear-end door to the side until it engages.

Closing the rear-end doors from outside

- If necessary, pull the rear-end doors away from the magnetic door retainer (→ page 60).
- Close the left rear-end door firmly from outside.
- Close the right rear-end door firmly from outside.

Opening/closing the rear-end doors from the inside

Opening



A white area on latch ② indicates that the rear-end door is unlocked.

- **To unlock:** slide latch ② to the left. A white area is visible.
- Pull release lever ① and open the rear-end door.
- Swing the rear-end door to the side until it engages.

i If you open a locked rear-end door from inside, you only unlock the rear-end door. The other doors remain locked.

Closing

- Make sure that the left rear-end door is closed.
- Pull the rear right door firmly to by the door handle.
- **To lock:** slide latch ② to the right. The white area is no longer visible.

Opening the rear-end doors 180° or 270°

! NOTE Damage due to collision between the rear-end door and the sliding door or the pop-out window

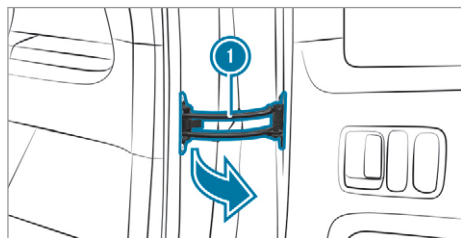
If the respective rear-end door is opened 270° while the sliding door is open, the doors will collide.

There will be a collision between the rear window wiper and the pop-out window under the following circumstances:

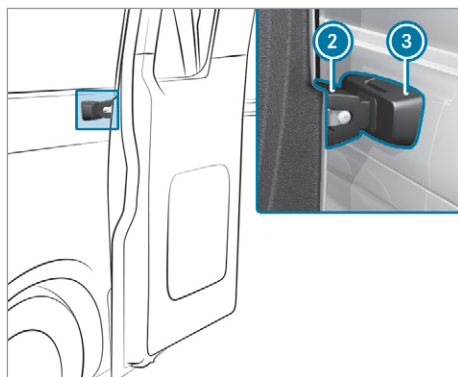
- The pop-out window is open.
 - The rear-end door is open 270°.
 - The rear window wiper is in operation.
- Make sure that the sliding door is closed before opening the rear-end door to 270°.
- Make sure that the rear window wiper is switched off or the pop-out window is closed before opening the rear-end door to 270°.

Requirements

- The vehicle is designed such that you can open the rear-end doors 180° or 270° (side wall).



- Open the rear-end door approximately 45°.
- Pull and hold door retainer ① in the direction of the arrow.
- Open the rear-end door at an angle greater than 90° so that the door retainer is no longer locked in place.
- Release the door retainer and open the rear-end door 180° or 270°.



- With the rear door opened 270°, push it against magnetic door retainer ③ on the side wall.
- When the magnet on rear-end door ② is in contact with magnetic door retainer ③, the rear-end door is held in position.

Side window

Opening and closing the side windows

! WARNING Risk of becoming trapped when opening a side window

When you open a side window, parts of the body could be drawn in or become trapped between the side window and window frame.

- When opening, make sure that nobody is touching the side window.
- If someone is trapped, release the button immediately or pull it in order to close the side window again.

! WARNING Risk of becoming trapped when closing a side window

When closing a side window, body parts could be trapped in the closing area in the process.

- When closing, make sure that no body parts are in the closing area.
- If someone is trapped, release the button immediately or press the button in order to reopen the side window.

⚠ WARNING Risk of becoming trapped when children operate the side windows

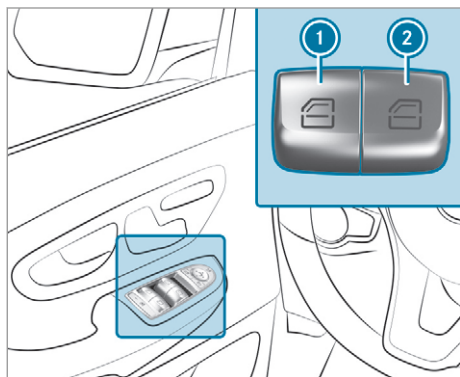
Children could become trapped if they operate the side windows, particularly when unattended.

- ▶ Activate the child safety lock for the rear side windows.
- ▶ When leaving the vehicle, always take the key with you and lock the vehicle.
- ▶ Never leave children unattended in the vehicle.

⚠ WARNING Danger to life due to exposure to extreme heat or cold in the vehicle

If people, particularly children, are exposed to extreme temperatures over an extended period of time, there is a risk of serious injury or danger to life.

- ▶ Never leave persons, children in particular, unattended in the vehicle.



- ▶ **To open manually:** press and hold button ① or ②.
- ▶ **To close manually:** pull and hold button ① or ②.

The windows in the front doors can also be operated automatically.

- ▶ **To open completely:** briefly press button ① or ② beyond the point of resistance. Automatic operation will start.
- ▶ **To close completely:** briefly pull button ① or ② beyond the point of resistance. Automatic operation will start.

- ▶ **To interrupt automatic operation:** briefly press or pull button ① or ② again.

You can still operate the side windows when the vehicle is parked. This function will remain available for around five minutes or until you open a front door.

Automatic reversing function of the side windows

If an object blocks a side window during the closing process, the side window will open again automatically. The automatic reversing function is only an aid and is not a substitute for your attentiveness.

- ▶ During the closing process, make sure that no body parts are in the closing area.

⚠ WARNING Risk of becoming trapped despite there being reversing protection on the side window

The reversing function does not react:

- to soft, light and thin objects, e.g. fingers.
- during resetting.

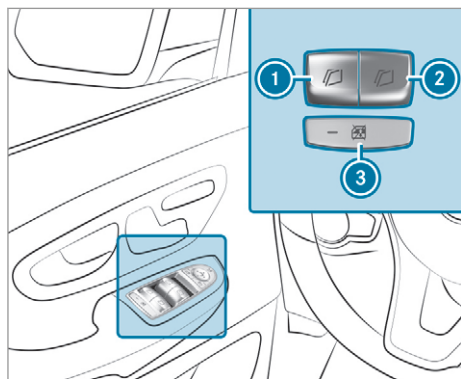
The reversing function cannot prevent someone from becoming trapped in these situations.

- ▶ During the closing process, make sure that no body parts are in the closing area.
- ▶ If someone becomes trapped, press the  button to open the side window again.

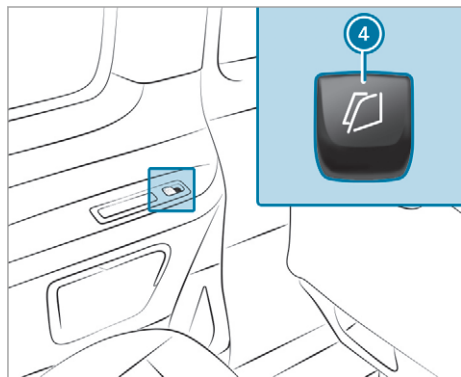
Opening and closing the pop-out windows

Requirements:

- The power supply or the ignition is switched on.



Example: driver's door control panel



Button in the rear (example: left-hand side of the vehicle)

- ① Opens and closes the rear left pop-out window
- ② Opens and closes the rear right pop-out window
- ③ Child safety lock for electric rear pop-out window (→ page 45)
- ④ Opens and closes the pop-out window

You can operate the pop-out window with button ④ only if the child safety lock is not activated.

- ▶ **To start automatic operation:** press/pull the corresponding button beyond the point of resistance.

- ▶ **To stop automatic operation:** press/pull the corresponding button beyond the point of resistance again.

Ventilating the vehicle before starting a journey (convenience opening)

⚠ WARNING Risk of entrapment when opening a side window

When opening a side window, parts of the body could be drawn in or become trapped between the side window and window frame.

- ▶ When opening, make sure that nobody is touching the side window.
- ▶ Release the button immediately if somebody becomes trapped.

The "convenience opening" function can only be operated using the key. The key must be in close proximity to the driver's or co-driver door.

- ▶ Press and hold the  button on the key. The following functions are performed:
 - the vehicle is unlocked
 - the side windows are opened
 - the panoramic sliding sunroof is opened
 - the hinged windows are opened
- ▶ **To interrupt convenience opening:** release the  button.

Closing the side windows from the outside (convenience closing)

⚠ WARNING Risk of entrapment due to not paying attention during convenience closing

When the convenience closing feature is operating, parts of the body could become trapped in the closing area of the side windows.

- ▶ When the convenience closing feature is operating, monitor the entire closing process and make sure that no body parts are in the closing area.

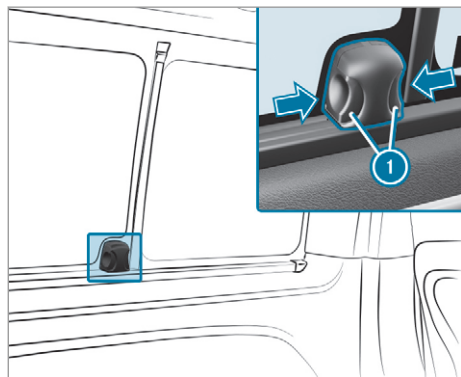
- ▶ Press and hold the  button on the key.
The following functions are performed:
 - the vehicle is locked
 - the side windows are closed
 - the panoramic sliding sunroof is closed
- ▶ **To interrupt convenience closing:** release the  button.

Adjusting the side windows

The side windows must be readjusted after a malfunction or a voltage supply interruption.

- ▶ Switch on the power supply (→ page 127).
- ▶ Push both buttons on the power window and hold for approximately one second after the side window has closed.
- ▶ If the side windows remain closed when you release the buttons, they have been reset correctly. If this is not the case, repeat the steps described for the open side windows.

Opening and closing the sliding windows



- ▶ **To open:** press both handle sections ❶ together simultaneously and slide the sliding window to the desired notch.
- ▶ **To close:** slide the sliding window shut until the handle sections ❶ engage audibly and fit into place.

Problems with the side windows

Problem	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
You cannot open or close a side window all the way.	⚠ WARNING Risk of becoming trapped or fatally injured if reversing protection is not activated If you close a side window again immediately after it has been blocked, the side window will close with increased or maximum force. The reversing function is then not active and body parts may become trapped. ► Make sure that no parts of the body are in the closing area. ► To stop the closing process, release the button or press the button again to reopen the side window. If there are no objects or leaves in the window guide preventing the window from closing, there may have been a malfunction or an interruption to the on-board electrical system voltage. ► Reset the side windows (→ page 63).

Panorama sliding sunroof

Notes on the panorama sliding sunroof

In this section, the term "sliding sunroof" refers to the panorama sliding sunroof.

⚠ WARNING Risk of becoming trapped when the sliding sunroof is being opened and closed

Body parts may become trapped in the range of movement.

- During opening and closing, make sure that no body parts are in the range of movement.
- Release the button immediately if somebody becomes trapped.

or

- Briefly press the button in any direction during automatic operation. The opening or closing process will be stopped.

⚠ WARNING Risk of entrapment if the sliding sunroof is operated by children

Children operating the sliding sunroof could get caught in the moving parts, particularly if unattended.

- Never leave children unattended in the vehicle.
- When leaving the vehicle, always take the key with you and lock the vehicle.

i When the sliding sunroof is open, resonance noise may also occur in addition to the usual airflow noises. This is caused by minor pressure fluctuations in the vehicle interior. To prevent or stop these noises, alter the position of the sliding sunroof or open a side window slightly.

Sliding sunroof reversing function

The sliding sunroof is equipped with an automatic reversing function. If a solid object prevents or hinders the closing process, the sliding sunroof will open again automatically. The automatic reversing function is only an aid and is not a substitute for your attentiveness in the process of closing the sliding sunroof.

⚠ WARNING Risk of becoming trapped even with the reversing feature active

In particular, the reversing function will not react:

- to soft, light and thin objects, e.g. fingers
- over the last 4 mm of the closing path
- during resetting
- when you close the sliding sunroof again manually immediately after automatic reversing

- During the closing process, make sure that no body parts are in the closing area.

- ▶ Release the button immediately if somebody becomes trapped.

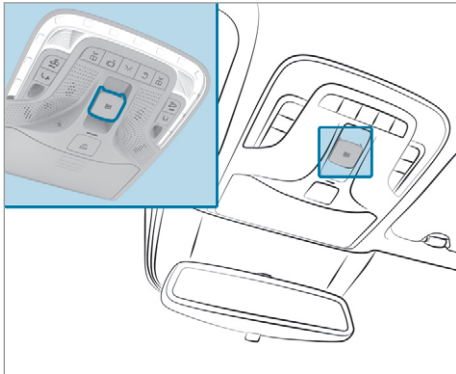
or

- ▶ Press the button in any direction during the automatic closing process. The closing process will be stopped.

Opening and closing the panorama sliding sunroof

Requirements

- The power supply has been switched on.



- ▶ **To raise (vent position):** press the  button.
- ▶ **To open:** pull back the  button.
- ▶ **To close and lower:** pull down the  button.
- ▶ **To start automatic operation:** push or pull the  button beyond the point of resistance and release it.
- ▶ **To stop automatic operation:** push or pull the  button beyond the point of resistance and release it.

You will still be able to operate the sliding sunroof if you switch off the engine or remove the key. This function will remain available for 30 seconds or until you open a front door.

When the power supply is switched off, the sliding sunroof will close automatically in the following situations:

- If it starts to rain
- In the event of extreme outside temperatures
- After six hours
- If there is a malfunction in the power supply

The sliding sunroof will remain raised at the rear to allow the vehicle interior to continue to be ventilated.

The sliding sunroof will not close in the following situations:

- If the sliding sunroof is raised at the rear.
- If the sliding sunroof is obstructed.
- If it is not raining on the field of the rain sensor on the windscreen because the vehicle is underneath a bridge, for example.

If the sliding sunroof closes via the rain closing function and is obstructed in the process, it will open again slightly. The rain closing function will then be disabled.

Opening and closing the roller sunblinds of the sliding sunroof

⚠ WARNING Risk of becoming trapped when the roller sunblind is being opened and closed

Body parts may become trapped between the roller sunblind and frame or sliding roof.

- ▶ When opening or closing, make sure that no body parts are in the roller sunblind's range of movement.
- ▶ Release the button immediately if somebody becomes trapped.

or

- ▶ Briefly press the button in any direction during automatic operation. The opening or closing process will be stopped.

Requirements

- The power supply has been switched on.

Reversing function of the roller sunblind

You can open and close the roller sunblind only when the sliding sunroof is closed.

The roller sunblinds are fitted with an automatic reversing function. If a solid object prevents or hinders the closing process, the roller sunblind will open again automatically. The automatic reversing function is only an aid and is not a substitute for your attentiveness in the process of closing the roller sunblinds.

- ▶ When closing the roller sunblind, make sure that no body parts are in the range of movement.

⚠ WARNING Risk of becoming trapped despite reversing function

In particular, the reversing function will not react:

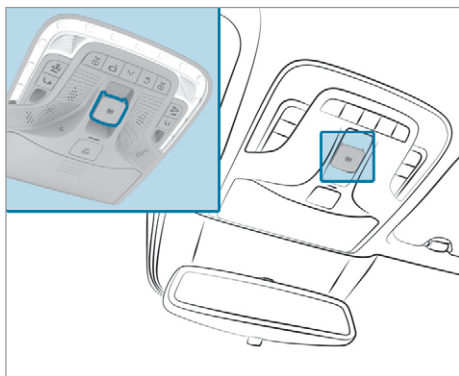
- to soft, light and thin objects, e.g. fingers
- when you close the roller sunblind again manually immediately after automatic reversing

- ▶ When closing the roller sunblind, make sure that no body parts are in the range of movement.
- ▶ Release the button immediately if somebody becomes trapped.

or

- ▶ Press the button in any direction during the automatic closing process. The closing process will be stopped.

Opening and closing roller sunblinds



You can close the roller sunblinds only when the sliding sunroof is closed.

- ▶ **To open:** press the  button. The roller sunblinds will open, and the sliding sunroof will then be raised into the vent position.

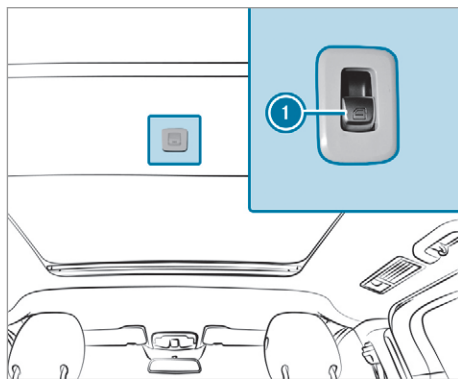
or

- ▶ Pull back the  button. The roller sunblinds will open.
- ▶ **To close:** pull down the  button. When the sliding sunroof is closed, the roller sunblinds will close.

If you push or pull the  button beyond the point of resistance and release it, you will start automatic operation in the direction in question.

You can stop automatic operation by pushing or pulling the button again.

Opening and closing roller sunblinds from the rear



- ▶ Push or pull button ① to the point of resistance and hold it until the roller sunblind or the sliding sunroof has reached the desired position.
- ▶ **Automatic operation:** push or pull button ① beyond the point of resistance and release it.

With the sliding sunroof, a complete opening or closing process will always pass through "vent position", a fixed intermediate position. You will need to operate button ① twice to execute a complete opening or closing process.

Problems with the sliding sunroof

Problem	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
The sliding sunroof cannot be closed and you cannot detect the cause.	▲ WARNING Risk of becoming trapped or fatal injuries when the sliding sunroof is closed again If you close the sliding sunroof again immediately after it has been blocked or reset, the sliding sunroof will close with increased or maximum force. There is a risk of becoming trapped or even of fatal injuries! ► Make sure that no parts of the body are in the closing area. ► Release the button immediately if somebody becomes trapped. or ► Briefly press the button in any direction during the automatic closing process. The closing process will be stopped. If the sliding sunroof is obstructed during closing and opens again slightly: ► Immediately after the sliding sunroof has been obstructed, pull the  button down again to the point of resistance until the sliding sunroof is closed. The sliding sunroof will be closed with increased force. If the sliding sunroof is obstructed again and opens again slightly: ► Immediately after the sliding sunroof has been obstructed, pull the  button down again to the point of resistance until the sliding sunroof is closed. The sliding sunroof will be closed without the automatic reversing function.

Anti-theft prevention

Function of the immobiliser

The immobiliser prevents your vehicle from being started without the correct key.

The immobiliser is automatically activated when the ignition is switched off, and deactivated when the ignition is switched on.

When leaving the vehicle, always take the key with you and lock the vehicle. If the key is left inside the vehicle, anyone can start the engine.

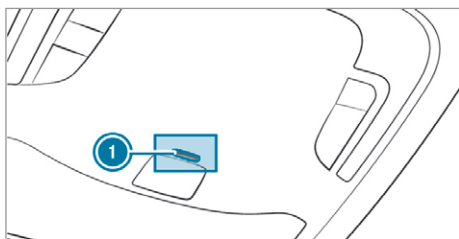
ATA (Anti-Theft Alarm system)

Function of ATA (Anti-theft Alarm system)

If the ATA system is primed, a visual and audible alarm is triggered in the following situations:

- when opening a door
- when opening the vehicle with the emergency key
- when opening the bonnet
- when opening the tailgate or rear door

After locking the vehicle with the key, the ATA system is automatically primed.



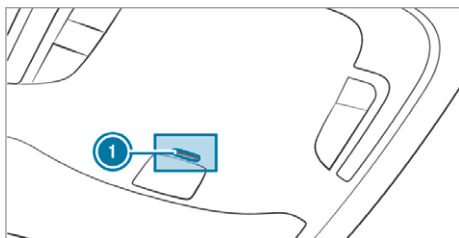
When the ATA system is primed, indicator lamp ① flashes in the overhead control panel.

ATA is automatically deactivated in the following situations:

- After unlocking the vehicle with the key.
 - When the key is inserted into the ignition lock.
- ① The alarm is not deactivated, even if you immediately close the open door that has triggered it, for example.

Priming/deactivating ATA (Anti-theft Alarm system)

Priming



- ▶ Close all the doors.
- ▶ Lock the vehicle with the key. Indicator lamp ① in the overhead control panel flashes.

Deactivating

- ▶ Unlock the vehicle with the key.
- or
- ▶ Insert the key into the ignition lock. Indicator lamp ① in the overhead control panel goes out.

Stopping the alarm

- ▶ Press the  or  button on the key.
- or
- ▶ Insert the key into the ignition lock. The alarm stops.

Function of tow-away protection

A visual and audible alarm is triggered if the inclination of the vehicle changes, e.g. when lifted on one side, and tow-away protection is primed.

Priming/deactivating tow-away protection

Requirements

- The doors are closed.
- The tailgate or rear-end doors are closed.

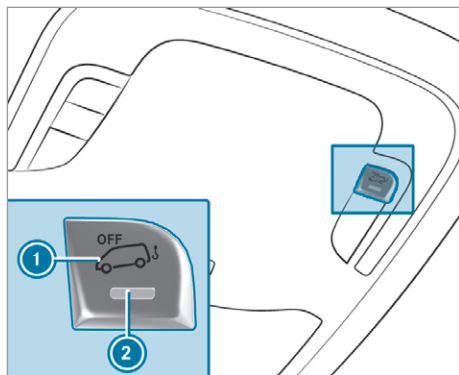
Priming

- ▶ Lock the vehicle with the key. Tow-away protection is automatically primed after about 50 seconds.

Deactivating

- ▶ Open the vehicle with the key.
- or
- ▶ Insert the key into the ignition lock. Tow-away protection is deactivated.

Deactivating



- ▶ Remove the key from the ignition lock.
- ▶ Press button ①. When the button is released, indicator lamp ② in the button lights up for approximately three seconds.
- ▶ Lock the vehicle with the key. Tow-away protection is deactivated.

Tow-away protection remains deactivated until you lock the vehicle again.

In the following situations, a false alarm can occur:

- when loading and/or transporting the vehicle on a ferry or car transporter, for example
- when parking the vehicle on a movable surface, such as a split-level garage

Deactivate tow-away protection in these situations.

Function of the interior motion sensor

If the primed interior motion sensor detects motion in the vehicle interior, a visual and acoustic alarm is triggered. This can happen if someone reaches into the vehicle interior, for example.

Priming and deactivating the interior motion sensor

Requirements

- The side windows are closed.
- The doors are closed.
- The tailgate or rear-end doors are closed.

Priming

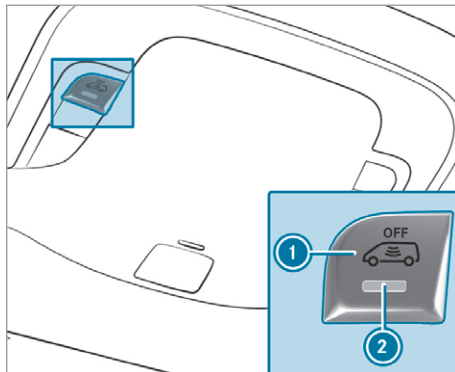
- ▶ Make sure that nothing (such as mascots or coat hangers) is hanging on the rear-view mirror or on the grab handles. This will prevent false alarms.
- ▶ Lock the vehicle with the key. The interior motion sensor is primed after approximately 20 seconds.

Deactivating

- ▶ Unlock the vehicle with the key.
- or

- ▶ Insert the key into the ignition lock. The interior motion sensor automatically switches off.

Deactivating



- ▶ Remove the key from the ignition lock.
- ▶ Press button ①. When the button is released, indicator lamp ② in the button lights up for approximately three seconds.
- ▶ Lock the vehicle with the key. The interior motion sensor is deactivated.

Interior protection remains deactivated until you lock the vehicle again.

In the following situations, a false alarm can occur:

- if there are people or animals remaining inside
- when transporting the vehicle on a ferry or car transporter, for example

Deactivate the interior motion sensor in these situations.

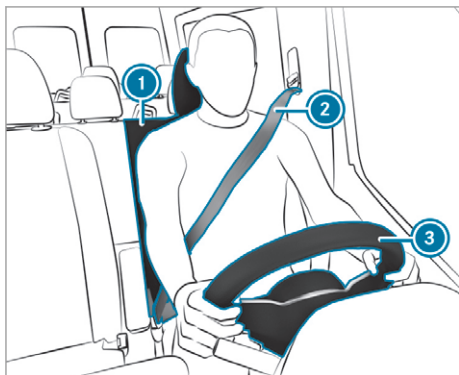
Notes on the correct driver's seat position

- ⚠ WARNING** Risk of injury if vehicle settings are adjusted while the vehicle is in motion

You could lose control of the vehicle in particular in the following situations:

- If you adjust the driver's seat, the head restraints, the steering wheel or the mirror while the vehicle is in motion.
- If you fasten your seat belt while the vehicle is in motion.

► Before starting the engine: adjust the driver's seat, head restraints, steering wheel and mirror in particular and fasten your seat belt.



Ensure the following when adjusting steering wheel ③, seat belt ② and driver's seat ①:

- You are sitting as far away from the driver's airbag as possible.
- You are sitting in an upright position
- Your thighs are gently supported by the seat cushion.
- Your legs are not fully extended and you can reach the pedals easily
- The back of your head is supported at eye level by the middle part of the head restraint.
- You can hold the steering wheel with your arms slightly bent
- You can move your legs without any restrictions
- You can see all of the instrument cluster displays well

- You have a good overview of the traffic conditions
- Your seat belt sits snugly against your body and passes across the centre of your shoulder and across your hips in the pelvic area.

Seats

Adjusting the front seat mechanically

- ⚠ WARNING** Risk of becoming trapped if the seats are adjusted by children

Children could become trapped if they adjust the seats, particularly when unattended.

- When leaving the vehicle, always take the key with you and lock the vehicle.
- Never leave children unattended in the vehicle.

- ⚠ WARNING** Risk of injury if vehicle settings are adjusted while the vehicle is in motion

You could lose control of the vehicle in particular in the following situations:

- If you adjust the driver's seat, the head restraints, the steering wheel or the mirror while the vehicle is in motion.
- If you fasten your seat belt while the vehicle is in motion.

► Before starting the engine: adjust the driver's seat, head restraints, steering wheel and mirror in particular and fasten your seat belt.

- ⚠ WARNING** Risk of becoming trapped during seat adjustment

When you adjust a seat, you or other vehicle occupants could become trapped, e.g. on the seat guide rail.

- Make sure when adjusting a seat that no one has any body parts in the sweep of the seat.

- ⚠ WARNING** Risk of accident due to the driver's seat not being engaged

The driver's seat may move unexpectedly while driving.

This could cause you to lose control of the vehicle.

- ▶ Always make sure that the driver's seat is engaged before starting the vehicle.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death due to the front seat being positioned too close to the cockpit

The front airbags can also injure the occupants in the front of the vehicle.

- ▶ Always adjust the front seats so they are as far away as possible from the front airbags.
- ▶ In addition, observe the notes on correct seat adjustment.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death due to incorrect seat position

The seat belt will not offer the intended level of protection if you have not moved the seat backrest to an almost vertical position.

In particular, you may slip under the seatbelt and injure yourself.

- ▶ Adjust the seat properly before beginning your journey.
- ▶ Always ensure that the seat backrest is in an almost vertical position and that the shoulder section of your seat belt is routed across the centre of your shoulder.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to head restraints not being fitted or being adjusted incorrectly

If head restraints have not been installed or have not been adjusted correctly, there is an increased risk of injury in the head and neck area, e.g. in the event of an accident or when braking.

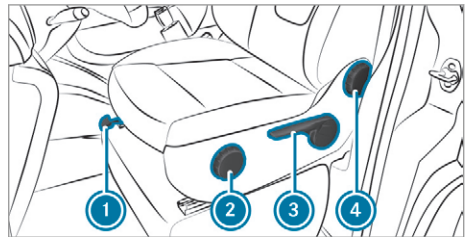
- ▶ Always drive with the head restraints fitted.
- ▶ Before driving off, make sure for every vehicle occupant that the centre of the head restraint supports the back of the head at about eye level.

! NOTE Damage to the seats and the seat heating due to fluids, sharp objects or insulating materials

To avoid damage to the seats or seat heating, take the following steps:

- ▶ Do not spill any fluids onto the seats. If something does get spilt onto the seats, dry the seats as quickly as possible.
- ▶ If the seat covers are moist or wet, do not switch the seat heating on. Do not use the seat heating to dry the seats.
- ▶ Clean the seats as recommended. See the "Cleaning and care" section.
- ▶ Do not transport any heavy loads on the seats. Do not place any sharp objects such as knives, nails or tools on the seats. Use the seats only for people if possible.
- ▶ While the seat heating is in operation, do not cover the seats with insulating materials such as blankets, coats, bags, protective covers, child seats or booster seats.

Adjusting the seat fore-and-aft position



- ① Seat fore-and-aft position adjustment
- ② Seat angle adjustment
- ③ Seat height adjustment
- ④ Seat backrest adjustment

- ▶ Pull lever ① upwards and slide the seat forwards or back until the desired position has been reached.

- ▶ Release lever ① and slide the seat forwards or back until the desired position has been reached.

- ① For front swivel seats, the lever in position ① is used to release the swivel seat. The lever to adjust the fore-and-aft position is in the form of a bar in front of the seat (→ page 74).

Adjusting the seat height

- ▶ Pull or push lever ③ repeatedly until the desired seat height has been reached.

Adjusting the seat backrest

- ▶ Turn handwheel ④ forwards.
The seat backrest will move to a vertical position.
- ▶ Turn handwheel ④ backwards.
The seat backrest will tilt back.

Adjusting the seat angle

- ▶ Turn handwheel ② forwards.
The front of the seat cushion will tilt down.
- ▶ Turn handwheel ② backwards.
The front of the seat cushion will tilt up.

Adjusting the front seat electrically

⚠ WARNING Risk of becoming trapped if the seats are adjusted by children

Children could become trapped if they adjust the seats, particularly when unattended.

- ▶ When leaving the vehicle, always take the key with you and lock the vehicle.
- ▶ Never leave children unattended in the vehicle.

The seats can be adjusted when there is no key in the ignition lock.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury if vehicle settings are adjusted while the vehicle is in motion

You could lose control of the vehicle in particular in the following situations:

- If you adjust the driver's seat, the head restraints, the steering wheel or the mirror while the vehicle is in motion.
- If you fasten your seat belt while the vehicle is in motion.
- ▶ Before starting the engine: adjust the driver's seat, head restraints, steering wheel and mirror in particular and fasten your seat belt.

⚠ WARNING Risk of becoming trapped during seat adjustment

When you adjust a seat, you or other vehicle occupants could become trapped, e.g. on the seat guide rail.

- ▶ Make sure when adjusting a seat that no one has any body parts in the sweep of the seat.

Observe the safety notes on "Airbags" and "Children in the vehicle".

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death due to the front seat being positioned too close to the cockpit

The front airbags can also injure the occupants in the front of the vehicle.

- ▶ Always adjust the front seats so they are as far away as possible from the front airbags.
- ▶ In addition, observe the notes on correct seat adjustment.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death due to incorrect seat position

The seat belt will not offer the intended level of protection if you have not moved the seat backrest to an almost vertical position.

In particular, you may slip under the seatbelt and injure yourself.

- ▶ Adjust the seat properly before beginning your journey.
- ▶ Always ensure that the seat backrest is in an almost vertical position and that the shoulder section of your seat belt is routed across the centre of your shoulder.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to head restraints not being fitted or being adjusted incorrectly

If head restraints have not been installed or have not been adjusted correctly, there is an increased risk of injury in the head and neck area, e.g. in the event of an accident or when braking.

- ▶ Always drive with the head restraints fitted.
- ▶ Before driving off, make sure for every vehicle occupant that the centre of the head restraint supports the back of the head at about eye level.

Do not interchange the head restraints of the front and rear seats. Otherwise, you will not be

able to set the height and inclination of the head restraints to the correct position.

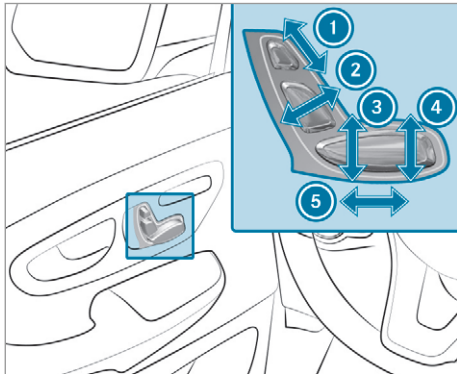
NOTE Damage to the seats and the seat heating due to fluids, sharp objects or insulating materials

To avoid damage to the seats or seat heating, take the following steps:

- ▶ Do not spill any fluids onto the seats. If something does get spilt onto the seats, dry the seats as quickly as possible.
- ▶ If the seat covers are moist or wet, do not switch the seat heating on. Do not use the seat heating to dry the seats.
- ▶ Clean the seats as recommended. See the "Cleaning and care" section.
- ▶ Do not transport any heavy loads on the seats. Do not place any sharp objects such as knives, nails or tools on the seats. Use the seats only for people if possible.
- ▶ While the seat heating is in operation, do not cover the seats with insulating materials such as blankets, coats, bags, protective covers, child seats or booster seats.

Requirements

- The ignition is switched on or the door is open.



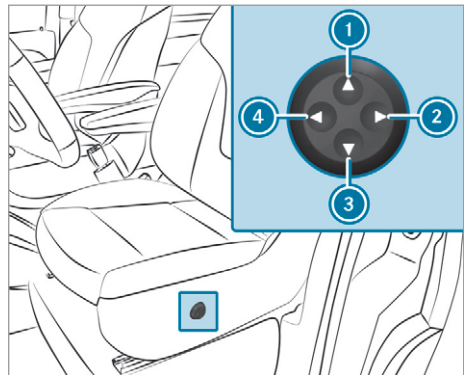
- ① Head restraint height adjustment
- ② Seat backrest inclination adjustment
- ③ Seat height adjustment
- ④ Seat angle adjustment
- ⑤ Seat fore-and-aft position adjustment

- ▶ Adjust the seat using buttons ① to ⑤ on the door trim.

If the ignition is not switched on, you can adjust the seat within 30 seconds of unlocking the vehicle.

- ① **Vehicles with PRE-SAFE®:** if PRE-SAFE® intervenes, the front passenger seat will automatically be adjusted from a less favourable position into one that offers better protection. The front passenger seat can be readjusted only after the hazardous situation is over. Information about the system can be found under "PRE-SAFE®" (→ page 33).
- ① You can save the settings for the seat with the memory function (→ page 73).

Setting 4-way lumbar support



- ① Higher
- ② Weaker
- ③ Lower
- ④ Stronger

- ▶ Use buttons ① to ④ adjust the backrest contour individually to your spine.

Operating the memory function

WARNING Risk of an accident if the memory function is used while driving

If you use the memory function on the driver's side while driving, you could lose control of the vehicle as a result of the adjustments being made.

- ▶ Only use the memory function on the driver's side when the vehicle is stationary.

⚠ WARNING Risk of entrapment when adjusting the seat with the memory function

When the memory function adjusts the seat, you and other vehicle occupants – particularly children – could become trapped.

- ▶ During the adjustment process of the memory function, make sure that no one has any body parts in the sweep of the seat.
 - ▶ If somebody becomes trapped, immediately release the memory function position button.
- The adjustment process is stopped.

⚠ WARNING Risk of entrapment if the memory function is activated by children

Children could become trapped if they activate the memory function, particularly when unattended.

- ▶ Never leave children unattended in the vehicle.
- ▶ When leaving the vehicle, always take the key with you and lock the vehicle.

The memory function can be used when the ignition is switched off.

! NOTE Damage to the seat when moving into a stored position

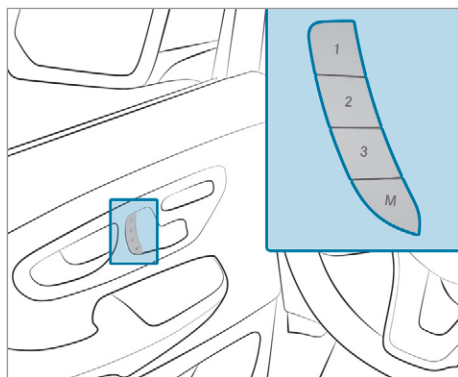
If the seat is moved out of the fully reclined position into a stored seat position, it can collide with other vehicle parts.

This can damage the seat.

- ▶ Before moving the seat into a stored position, move the seat backrest into an upright position.

Storing seat settings

Seat settings for up to three people can be stored and called up using the memory function. The position of the seat, seat backrest and head restraint are stored as a single memory preset.



- ▶ Adjust the seat to the desired position.
- ▶ Briefly press memory button **M** and then press preset position button **1**, **2** or **3** within three seconds. An acoustic signal sounds. The settings are stored.
- ▶ **To call up:** press and hold preset position button **1**, **2** or **3** until the seat is in the stored position.

Rotating the front seats

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or fatal injuries due to the driver's seat and front passenger seat not being engaged

In this situation, the restraint systems cannot perform their intended protective function.

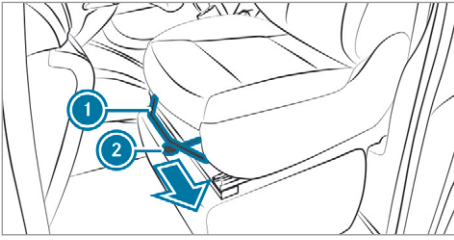
- ▶ Engage the driver's seat- and front passenger seat in the direction of travel before starting the engine.

! NOTE Damage to the seats due to collision with adjacent car parts

The seats can collide with adjacent car parts when they are rotated.

This can damage the seats.

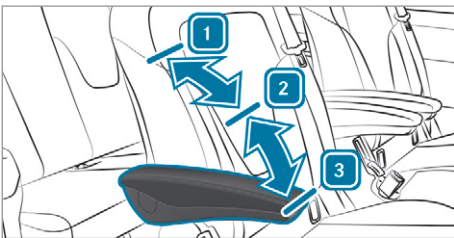
- ▶ When rotating the seats, make sure there is sufficient clearance.



You can rotate the driver's and front passenger seats by 50° and 180°. The seats engage both in and opposite to the direction of travel as well as at 50° to the exit.

- ▶ When rotating the seat, open the respective front door in order to avoid a collision with the door trim.
- ▶ Adjust the steering wheel in such a way that there is sufficient clearance to rotate and adjust the driver's seat (→ page 86).
- ▶ Push lever ① in the direction of the arrow. The turning device will be unlocked.
- ▶ Rotate the seat in the desired direction.
- ▶ If there is a risk of collision with the centre console or the B-pillar, pull lever ② upwards and move the front seat forwards or backwards into the desired position. Then release lever ②.
- ▶ In the desired position, make sure that the seat has engaged in the direction of rotation and the longitudinal direction.

Adjusting armrests



- ▶ Fold the armrest upwards more than 45° in position ②. The armrest will be unlocked.
- ▶ Fold the armrest forwards ③ as far as it will go.
- ▶ Slowly fold the armrest upwards into the required position.

- ▶ **To fold the armrest upwards:** if necessary, fold the armrest upwards more than 90° in position ①.

Rear bench seats

Notes on the rear seats

Your vehicle may be equipped with the following bench seats in the rear compartment:

- Standard rear bench seat
- Comfort rear bench seat
- Seat/bunk combination

Bench seat anchorage

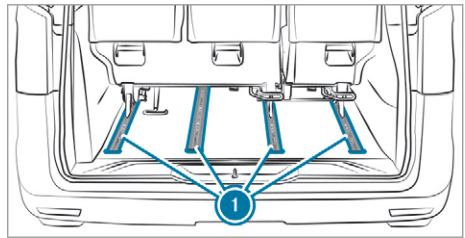
⚠ WARNING Risk of accident and injury as a result of rear bench seat not being engaged

If the rear bench seat is not engaged, it may be flung around during travel.

- ▶ Always make sure that the rear bench seat is engaged as described.

Keep the seat anchorages in the vehicle floor free of dirt and objects at all times to ensure that the seat engages securely.

If the indicator tab of the anchorage is not retracted into the seat leg, the seat is not correctly engaged. Engage the seat again.

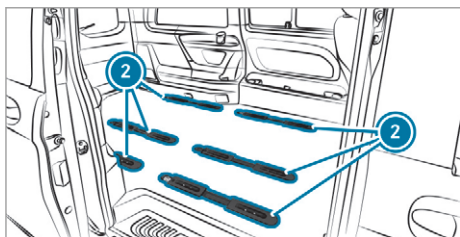


Example: seat rail system with quick-locking mechanism

Guide rails ① of the seat rail system can be used for the following purposes:

- For mounting up to two rear bench seats in two rows
- For mounting both rear seat rows facing one another
- For moving the rear bench seats

① Vehicles with seat rail systems: When you remove a rear bench seat, the seat slider may slide into a guide rail. The seat sliders will then no longer be parallel in the guide rails. In this case, you will no longer be able to fit the rear bench seat. The seat sliders must be moved only using a special tool or at a qualified specialist workshop in order to prevent the risk of damage. The tool is available as a Mercedes-Benz accessory.



Seat anchorages with quick-locking mechanism (example: three seat anchorages per row of rear seats)

You can secure rear bench seats in seat anchorages ②. If your vehicle is equipped with four seat anchorages on the first rear seat row, the rear bench seats can be mounted facing one another.

Seating variants

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to incorrect installation of the rear bench seats

The integrated safety precautions in the rear bench seats cannot perform their intended protective function.

- ▶ Always install the rear bench seats as described.
- ▶ Use only rear bench seats approved for your vehicle.

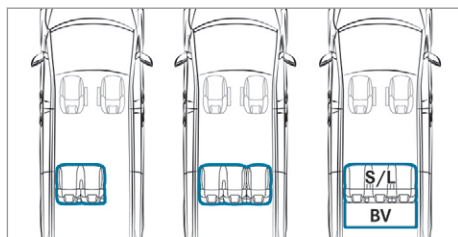
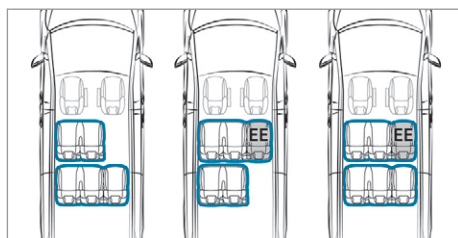
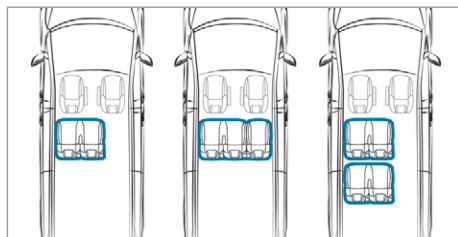
Depending on the type of seat anchorage in the vehicle floor, you can install the following seating variants:

- Rear bench seats with two or three seats
- Seat/bunk combination with three seats

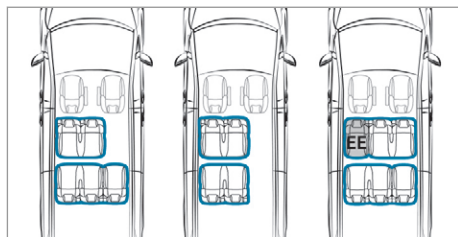
Depending on the vehicle equipment, you can fit the rear bench seats on the first and/or second rear seat row.

The seating variants shown are permitted only if the conditions specified below for safe rear seat-

ing are met. Other seating variants are not permitted and may endanger the occupants.



Seating variants facing in the direction of travel



Seating variants in the face-to-face position

EE Easy entry and exit feature – EASY-ENTRY

S/L Seat/bunk combination

BV Bed extension

If a rear bench seat is marked with EE in the illustrations, a rear bench seat must be fitted with the EASY-ENTRY easy entry and exit feature in the position indicated.

If a rear bench seat is not marked, a rear bench seat can be fitted with or without an EASY-ENTRY/EXIT section in the position indicated.

Please observe the following conditions for safe rear seating:

- Use only rear bench seats approved for the vehicle.
- A rear bench seat with three seats without the EASY-ENTRY feature may be fitted only if there is no other rear seat row behind it.
- A rear bench seat may be fitted facing the rear only if each seat has a seat opposite it – face-to-face position.
- Vehicles with individual seat anchorages in the vehicle floor:
 - Either only standard bench seats or only comfort bench seats may be fitted. Mixed fitting is not permitted.
 - Passengers may use the seats only if the rear seat and/or rear bench seat has engaged correctly (→ page 78).
- Vehicles with a seat rail system in the vehicle floor:
 - Either only comfort rear bench seats or only the seat/bunk combination (S/L) may be fitted. Mixed fitting is not permitted.
 - Passengers may use the seats only if the rear seat and/or rear bench seat has engaged correctly (→ page 78).

Using the EASY-ENTRY easy entry and exit feature (rear bench seat)

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident and injury as a result of rear bench seat not being engaged

If the rear bench seat is not engaged, it may be flung around during travel.

- Always make sure that the rear bench seat is engaged as described.

In order to ensure that the rear bench seat can securely engage, keep the seat guide rails and anchorages in the vehicle floor free of dirt and foreign objects.

If the indicator tab of the seat anchorage is not retracted into the seat leg, the seat is not correctly engaged. Engage the seat again.

⚠ WARNING Risk of becoming trapped when adjusting the rear bench seat

When adjusting a rear bench seat, you or another vehicle occupant could become trapped by the guide rail of the rear bench seat, for example.

- Make sure that no one has any part of their body within the sweep of the rear bench seat when adjusting it.

⚠ WARNING Risk of becoming trapped due to the rear bench seat not being engaged

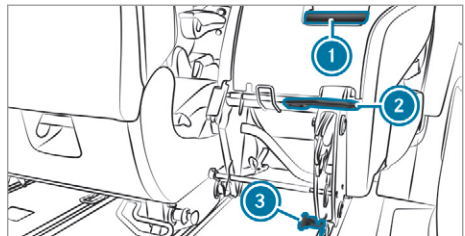
The rear bench seat will not engage when folded forward. The rear bench seat may inadvertently fold back while the vehicle is accelerating, braking or changing direction suddenly or in the event of an accident, for example.

People within the sweep of the rear bench seat may become trapped.

- Always fold back a rear bench seat that has been folded forward before you start driving.
- Ensure that the rear bench seat is engaged.

Folding the EASY-ENTRY section forwards and back

If you fold the EASY-ENTRY section of the rear bench seat forwards, it is easier to get into or out of the second rear seat row.



Rear bench seat with EASY-ENTRY feature (example: comfort rear bench seat)

- ① Grab handle
- ② EASY-ENTRY release handle
- ③ Release handle for front seat anchorages

- Pull EASY-ENTRY release handle ② upwards.
- Fold the EASY-ENTRY section forwards with the aid of grab handle ①.

- ▶ **To fold the EASY-ENTRY section back:** fold the EASY-ENTRY section back until it engages in the seat anchorages. The indicator tab will no longer be visible.

i The EASY-ENTRY section is correctly engaged when the seat anchorage engages audibly and the indicator tab is no longer visible and is fully retracted into the seat anchorage.

Removing the EASY-ENTRY section

- ▶ **Vehicles with comfort rear bench seat:** fold the seat backrest forward.
- ▶ Pull EASY-ENTRY release handle **2** upwards.
- ▶ Fold the EASY-ENTRY section forwards with the aid of grab handle **1**.
- ▶ Pull release handle **3** for the front seat anchorages upwards.
- ▶ Fold the EASY-ENTRY section further forwards.
- ▶ Lift the EASY-ENTRY section up and out of the anchorage.

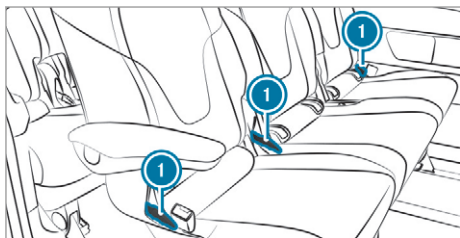
Installing the EASY-ENTRY section

- ▶ Place and engage the front seat anchorage of the EASY-ENTRY section on the seat anchorages.
- ▶ Fold the EASY-ENTRY section back. The rear seat leg of the EASY-ENTRY section will engage audibly. The indicator tab on the seat anchorage will no longer be visible.

i The EASY-ENTRY section is correctly engaged when the seat anchorage engages audibly and the indicator tab is no longer visible and is fully retracted into the seat anchorage.

- ▶ **Vehicles with comfort rear bench seat:** fold the seat backrest back to the seat position.

Adjusting the seat backrest (comfort rear bench seat)



Only the seat backrests of a comfort rear bench seat can be adjusted.

- ▶ Pull release handle **1** for the seat backrest upwards and hold it in position.
- ▶ Move the seat backrest to the desired position.
- ▶ Release the seat backrest release handle **1** and move the seat backrest slightly. The seat backrest will engage in position.

Moving the rear bench seat (standard and comfort rear bench seat)

⚠ WARNING Risk of becoming trapped when adjusting the rear bench seat

When adjusting a rear bench seat, you or another vehicle occupant could become trapped by the guide rail of the rear bench seat, for example.

- ▶ Make sure that no one has any part of their body within the sweep of the rear bench seat when adjusting it.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to moving the rear bench seat while the vehicle is in motion

If you move the rear bench seat while driving, the seat may move in an unexpected or jerking manner, for instance when braking.

You could become trapped as well as thrown against parts of the vehicle or other vehicle occupants.

- ▶ Only move the rear bench seat when the vehicle is stationary.
- ▶ Make sure that the rear bench seat is engaged after it is moved.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to no protective effect from the window airbag

If you move the seat position outside the marked area, the window airbag can no longer provide optimum protection.

The protective effect of the window airbag is gradually reduced and may in some positions no longer be provided at all.

- ▶ Engage the rear seats or the rear bench seat on the guide rail within the marked area.

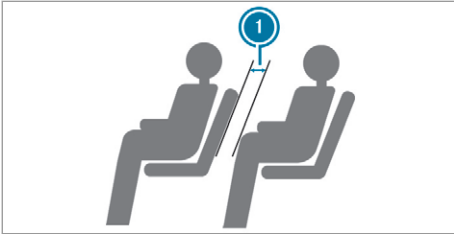
⚠ WARNING Risk of injury from the front seat being positioned too close to vehicle occupants

If you move the rear seats or the rear bench seat outside the markings on the guide rail, this could result in the passenger striking their head on the front seat.

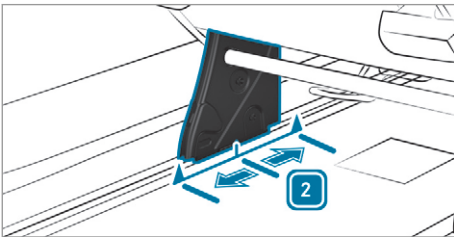
- Maintain a minimum clearance of 5 cm between the knees of the respective vehicle occupants and the seat in front of them.

Requirements

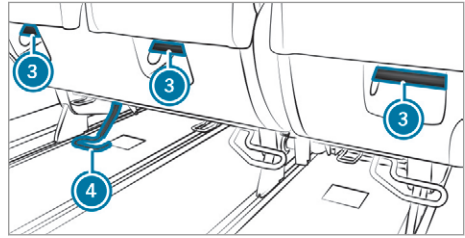
- The vehicle is equipped with a seat rail system in the vehicle floor.



Maintain a minimum clearance of 5 cm **①** between the knees of the vehicle occupants and the seat in front of them.



Starting from the basic setting **②**, the rear bench seat for passengers can be moved forwards or backwards by 5 cm. In doing so, make sure that passengers have sufficient legroom to reduce the risk of injury during braking.



Example: rear bench seat

You can slide the rear bench seat only when it is unoccupied. If possible, slide the rear bench seat with the assistance of a second person.

- Pull up release handle **④** for seat fore-and-aft adjustment.
- Move the rear bench seat to the desired position by grab handles **③**.
- Let go of release handle **④**. Release handle **④** will fold down to its original position.
- Make sure that all sliders for fore-and-aft adjustment engage audibly on both sides. It will no longer be possible to move the rear bench seat.

Folding the rear bench seat forwards and backwards

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident and injury as a result of rear bench seat not being engaged

If the rear bench seat is not engaged, it may be flung around during travel.

- Always make sure that the rear bench seat is engaged as described.

In order to ensure that the rear bench seat can securely engage, keep the seat guide rails and anchorages in the vehicle floor free from dirt and foreign objects.

If the indicator tab of the seat anchorage is not retracted into the seat anchorage, the seat is not correctly engaged. Engage the seat again.

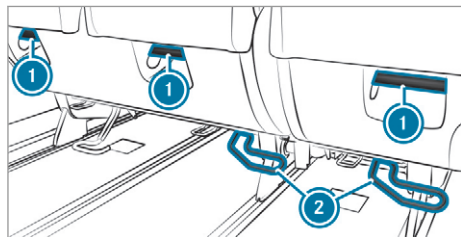
⚠ WARNING Risk of becoming trapped due to the rear bench seat not being engaged

The rear bench seat will not engage when folded forward. The rear bench seat may inadvertently fold back while the vehicle is accelerating, braking or changing direction sud-

denly or in the event of an accident, for example.

People within the sweep of the rear bench seat may become trapped.

- ▶ Always fold back a rear bench seat that has been folded forward before you start driving.
- ▶ Ensure that the rear bench seat is engaged.



- ▶ Remove the head restraints (→ page 84).
- ▶ Fold the seat backrest forwards (→ page 78).
- ▶ Pull the release handles for rear seat anchorage (2) up and tilt the rear bench seat.
- ▶ Grasp the rear bench seat by grab handles (1) and fold the seat forwards.

Installing and removing the comfort rear bench seat

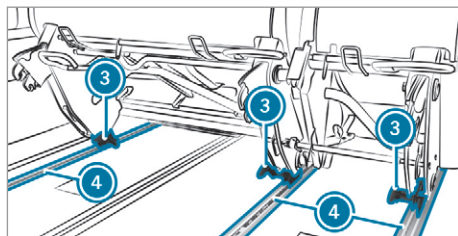
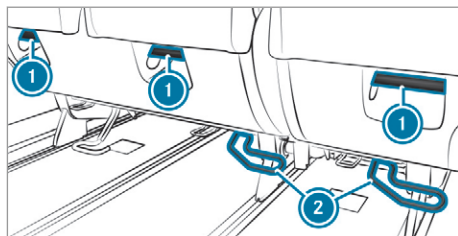
⚠ WARNING Risk of accident and injury as a result of rear bench seat not being engaged

If the rear bench seat is not engaged, it may be flung around during travel.

- ▶ Always make sure that the rear bench seat is engaged as described.

Keep the seat anchorages in the vehicle floor free of dirt and objects at all times to ensure that the rear bench seat engages securely.

Removing the comfort rear bench seat



- ▶ In vehicles with a seat rail system, carry out the release, removal and subsequent reinstallation of the rear bench seats at the marked basic position only (→ page 78).
- ▶ Make sure that all sliders for fore-and-aft adjustment are engaged on both sides. It should not be possible to move the rear bench seat.
- ▶ Fold the rear bench seat forwards (→ page 79).
- ▶ Pull release handle (3) upwards.
- ▶ Hold the rear bench seat by grab handles (1) and lift it out of seat anchorages (4).
- ▶ If the second rear seat row is to be removed or tilted, the seat or bench seat in the first rear seat row must first be tilted forward to avoid damage to the seats.

Installing the comfort rear bench seat

- ▶ Grasp the rear bench seat by grab handles (1) and insert it into front seat anchorages (4) from the front and above at an angle.
- ▶ Tilt the rear bench seat back and allow it to engage. Fold release handles (2) down towards the vehicle floor.
- ▶ Fold the rear bench seat back into the seat position.

The rear seat legs of the rear bench seat are correctly engaged when the seat legs engage audibly

and the indicator tabs on the seat legs are no longer visible and have fully retracted into the seat legs.

- ▶ Slide the rear bench seat into the basic setting (→ page 78).

Notes on the seat/bunk combination

⚠ WARNING Risk of becoming trapped when adjusting the rear bench seat

When adjusting a rear bench seat, you or another vehicle occupant could become trapped by the guide rail of the rear bench seat, for example.

- ▶ Make sure that no one has any part of their body within the sweep of the rear bench seat when adjusting it.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to moving the rear bench seat while the vehicle is in motion

If you move the rear bench seat while driving, the seat may move in an unexpected or jerking manner, for instance when braking.

You could become trapped as well as thrown against parts of the vehicle or other vehicle occupants.

- ▶ Only move the rear bench seat when the vehicle is stationary.
- ▶ Make sure that the rear bench seat is engaged after it is moved.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to no protective effect from the window airbag

If you move the seat position outside the marked area, the window airbag can no longer provide optimum protection.

The protective effect of the window airbag is gradually reduced and may in some positions no longer be provided at all.

- ▶ Engage the seat-/bunk combination on the guide rail within the marked area.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to positioning the seat-/bunk combination outside the markings

If you move the seat-/bunk combination outside the markings on the guide rail, this could result in the passenger striking their head on the seat.

- ▶ Maintain a minimum clearance of 5 cm between the knees of the respective vehicle occupants and the seats in front of them.

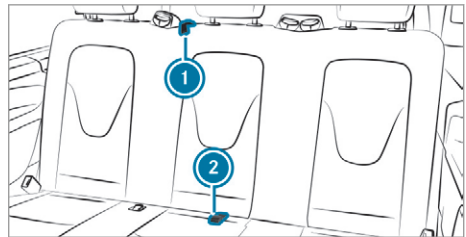
! NOTE Damage to the seat/bunk combination when moving

If you grasp and push the seat/bunk combination by the stowage compartment plastic cover only, the cover may break off.

If the space in front of or behind the seat/bunk combination is not clear, objects may become trapped when displaced.

The seat/bunk combination, trim or the objects may become damaged.

- ▶ To move, use the loop between the seat backrest and sitting surface.
- ▶ When moving, make sure that the space in front of or behind the seat/bunk combination is clear.



- ① Adjusting the seat backrest grab strap
- ② Moving the seat/bunk combination grab strap

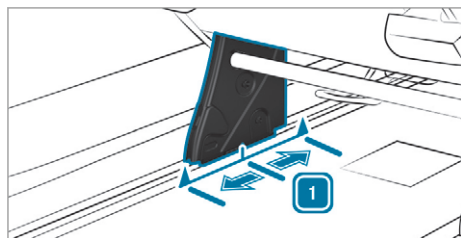
Use only corresponding grab straps ① and ② to adjust the seat/bunk combination.

The seat/bunk combination can accommodate three persons. You can adjust the seat backrest to a vertical and horizontal position. If you set the seat backrest to the horizontal position, this – together with the bed extension – will give you a full-length bed for two people.

Passengers may use the seats of the seat/bunk combination only when the seat backrest is upright. Only then do the seat belts provide the intended degree of protection.

The seat/bunk combination is fitted with two removable stowage compartments under the seat surface (→ page 88). You can use these stowage compartments to store bedding, for example.

Positioning the seats in the optimum area of protection



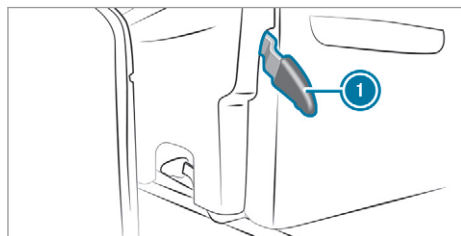
1 Basic setting

Starting from the basic setting **1**, the seat/bunk combination for passengers can be moved forwards or backwards by 5 cm. In doing so, make sure that passengers have sufficient legroom to reduce the risk of injury during braking.

Using the seat/bunk combination

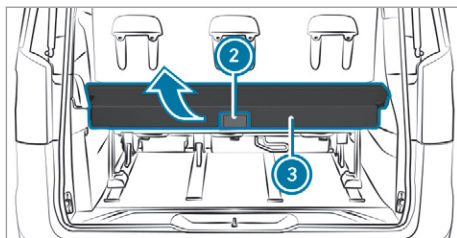
Moving the seat/bunk combination

You can move the seat/bunk combination only when it is unoccupied. Pull the seat/bunk combination forwards using only the loop between the seat surface and the seat backrest.

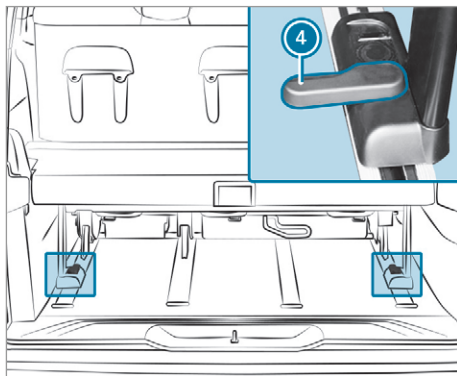


- ▶ Pull release handle **1** up as far as it will go and hold it in this position.
- ▶ Grasp the loop between the seat surface and the seat backrest and move the seat/bunk combination.
- ▶ Let go of release handle **1**. The locking mechanism will engage automatically.
- ▶ Make sure that all sliders for fore-and-aft adjustment engage audibly on both sides. It should no longer be possible to move the seat/bunk combination.

Bed extension



- ▶ **To fold up:** pull release handle **2** back and move bed extension **3** into an upright position. The bed extension will engage in an upright position.



- ▶ **To remove:** fold up bed extension **3** and unscrew thumbscrews **4**. The bed extension will now be loose and capable of being removed from the guide rails.
- ▶ **To install:** guide bed extension **3** into the guide rails and tighten thumbscrews **4**.

Setting up/folding away the berth

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death if the berth is used while the vehicle is in motion

Any vehicle occupant using a bed while the vehicle is in motion cannot be restrained properly.

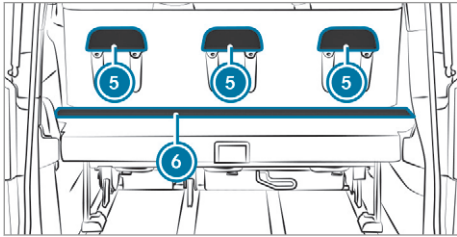
- ▶ Use the bed only when the vehicle is parked.

⚠ WARNING Risk of becoming trapped when the seat backrest is folded up and down

When folding the seat backrest up or down, you could cause yourself or other vehicle occupants to become trapped.

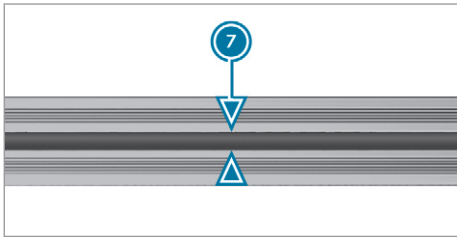
- Make sure that the range of movement of the seat backrest is clear and that no one is trapped.

The safety net for the top berth is not a restraint system for vehicle occupants while the vehicle is in motion.

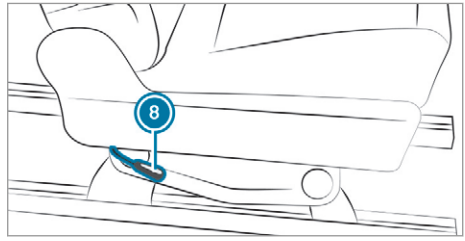


The berth can accommodate two persons.

- Fold up the short section of bed extension 6.



- Move the seat/bunk combination forwards to mark 7 on the guide rail.
- Remove the head restraints of the seat/bunk combination.
- Rotate the head restraints by 180° and insert them into brackets 5 on the rear side of the seat backrest.



- Pull backrest release handle 8 up and adjust the seat backrest to a horizontal position. When doing so, hold on to the seat backrest only by the grab strap.
- Fold down the short section of bed extension 6.
- **To fold away:** perform the steps to set up the berth in reverse order.

After use, finish by moving the seat/bunk combination back to the basic setting and ensure that the seat backrest is in an upright position.

Installing and removing the standard rear bench seat and seat/bunk combination

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident and injury as a result of rear bench seat not being engaged

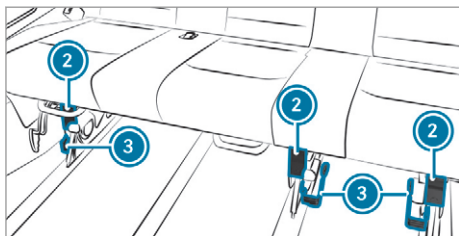
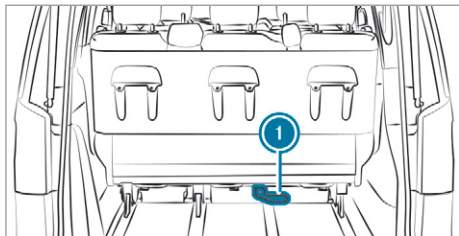
If the rear bench seat is not engaged, it may be flung around during travel.

- Always make sure that the rear bench seat is engaged as described.

Keep the seat guide rails and anchorages in the vehicle floor free of dirt and objects to ensure that the rear bench seat engages securely.

If the indicator tab of the seat anchorage is not retracted into the seat leg, the seat is not correctly engaged. Engage the seat again.

Removing the rear bench seat

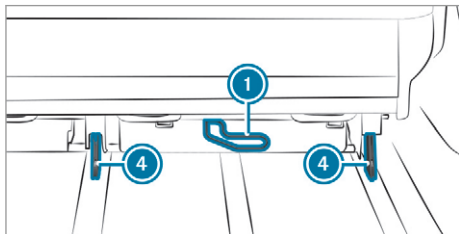


i In vehicles with a seat rail system, carry out the release, removal and subsequent reinstallation of the rear bench seat at the marked at the marked basic position only (→ page 78).

- ▶ Fold the release handle for the rear seat anchorage **1** up.
- ▶ Fold the rear bench seat forwards at the upper edge of the seat backrest.
- ▶ Pull the release handle for the front seat legs **3** up.
- ▶ Grasp the rear bench seat by the lower edge of the seat cushion.
- ▶ Fold the rear bench seat forwards and remove it from the seat anchorages **2**.

Installing the rear bench seat

You can install the rear bench seats in the face-to-face position only if the vehicle floor is fitted with four seat anchorages on the first rear seat row or with a seat rail system.



- ▶ Grasp the rear bench seat by the lower edge of the seat cushion.
- ▶ Insert the rear bench seat into the front seat anchorages **2** from above at the front and allow it to engage.
- ▶ Make sure that the release handles for the front seat legs **3** are folded down towards the floor of the vehicle.
- ▶ Fold the rear bench seat back into the seat position.
- ▶ Press the release handle for rear seat anchorage **1** down until indicator tabs **4** have fully retracted into the rear seat legs.

The rear seat legs of the rear bench seat are correctly engaged when the seat legs engage audibly and indicator tabs **4** on the seat legs are no longer visible and have fully retracted into the seat legs.

Head restraints

Adjusting the head restraint mechanically

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury if vehicle settings are adjusted while the vehicle is in motion

You could lose control of the vehicle in particular in the following situations:

- If you adjust the driver's seat, the head restraints, the steering wheel or the mirror while the vehicle is in motion.
- If you fasten your seat belt while the vehicle is in motion.

▶ Before starting the engine: adjust the driver's seat, head restraints, steering wheel and mirror in particular and fasten your seat belt.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to head restraints not being fitted or being adjusted incorrectly

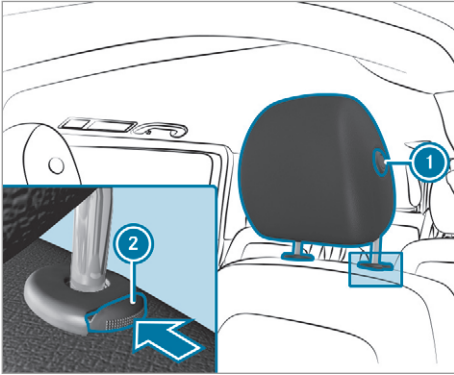
If head restraints have not been installed or have not been adjusted correctly, there is an increased risk of injury in the head and neck area, e.g. in the event of an accident or when braking.

- ▶ Always drive with the head restraints fitted.
- ▶ Before driving off, make sure for every vehicle occupant that the centre of the

head restraint supports the back of the head at about eye level.

Do not interchange the head restraints of the front and rear seats. Otherwise, you will not be able to set the height and inclination of the head restraints to the correct position.

Using the head restraint fore-and-aft adjustment, adjust the head restraint so that it is as close to the back of the head as possible.



► **To raise:** pull the head restraint upwards into the desired position and ensure that it engages.

i Use the head restraint only when it is engaged.

► **To lower:** press release button (2), slide the head restraint downwards into the desired position and ensure that it engages.

i Use the head restraint only when it is engaged.

► **To move forwards:** press release button (1) and pull the head restraint forwards until it engages in the desired position.

► **To move backwards:** press release button (1) and slide the head restraint backwards into the desired position.

► **To remove:** press release button (2) and pull the head restraint up and out.

► **To fit:** press the head restraint with detent into the holes on the left-hand side when viewed in the direction of travel until it engages.

Adjusting the head restraint electrically

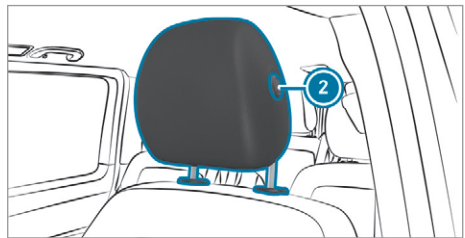
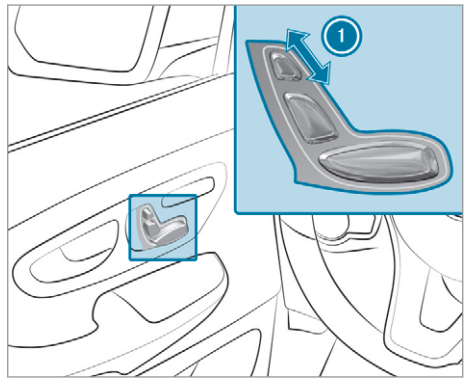
! **NOTE** Damage to the electrical head restraint when adjusted manually

If the height of the electrically adjustable head restraint is adjusted manually, this can damage the mechanism of the head restraint.

► Adjust the height of the electrically adjustable head restraints using the buttons in the door trim.

Requirements

- The ignition is switched on or the door is open.



► **To adjust the height:** push button (1) up or down in the direction of the arrow.

► **To move forwards or backwards:** press and hold release knob (2) and slide the head restraint forwards or backwards into the desired position.

i If the ignition is not switched on, you can adjust the head restraint height within 30 seconds of unlocking the vehicle.

Switching the seat heating on/off

⚠ WARNING Risk of burns due to repeatedly switching on the seat heating

Repeatedly switching on the seat heating can cause the seat cushion and seat backrest padding to become very hot.

In particular, the health of persons with limited temperature sensitivity or a limited ability to react to high temperatures may be affected or they may even suffer burn-like injuries.

- ▶ Do not repeatedly switch on the seat heating.

To protect against overheating, the seat heating may be temporarily deactivated after it is switched on repeatedly.

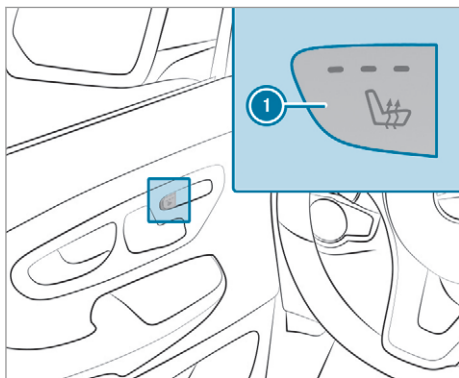
! NOTE Damage to the seat heating due to overheating

The seat heating may overheat if the seat is unoccupied when the seat heating is switched on or if objects are placed on the seat.

- ▶ Switch off the seat heating when the seat is unoccupied.
- ▶ Do not place any objects on the seat when the seat is unoccupied.

Requirements

- The power supply has been switched on.



Front seat

- ▶ **To switch on/increase the level:** press button ① repeatedly until the desired heating level is set.

Depending on the heating level, one to three indicator lamps will light up.

- ▶ **To switch off/reduce the level:** press button ① repeatedly until the desired heating level is set.

When all indicator lamps are off, the seat heating is switched off.

- ① The seat heating will automatically switch back out of the three heating levels after 7, 10 and 20 minutes until the seat heating switches off.

Steering wheel

Adjusting the steering wheel

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury if vehicle settings are adjusted while the vehicle is in motion

You could lose control of the vehicle in particular in the following situations:

- If you adjust the driver's seat, the head restraints, the steering wheel or the mirror while the vehicle is in motion.
- If you fasten your seat belt while the vehicle is in motion.

- ▶ Before starting the engine: adjust the driver's seat, head restraints, steering wheel and mirror in particular and fasten your seat belt.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to unlocked steering wheel

The steering wheel may move unexpectedly if it is unlocked while the vehicle is in motion.

- ▶ Make sure that the steering wheel is locked before driving off.
- ▶ Never unlock the steering wheel when the vehicle is in motion.

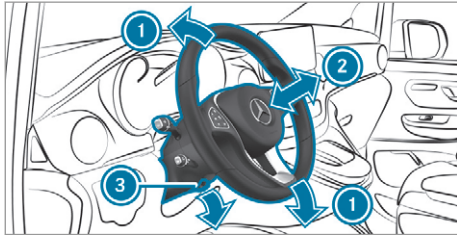
⚠ WARNING Risk of entrapment for children when adjusting the steering wheel

Children could injure themselves if they adjust the steering wheel.

- ▶ Never leave children unattended in the vehicle.

- ▶ When leaving the vehicle, always take the key with you and lock the vehicle.

Adjusting the steering wheel



- ▶ **To unlock:** push release lever ③ down as far as it will go. The steering column is unlocked.
- ▶ Adjust height ① and distance ② to the steering wheel.
- ▶ **To lock:** push release lever ③ up as far as it will go. The steering column is locked.

Stowage areas

Stowage spaces and stowage compartments

Opening and closing the glove compartment

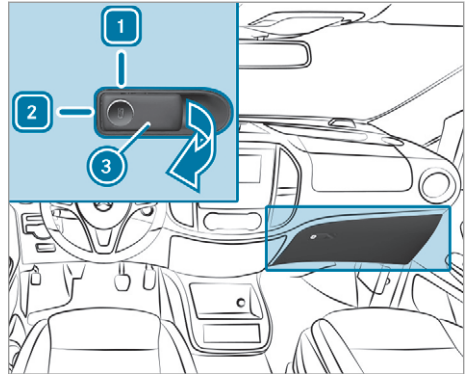
⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to objects being stowed incorrectly

If objects in the vehicle interior are stowed incorrectly, they can slide or be thrown around and hit vehicle occupants. In addition, cup holders, open stowage spaces and mobile phone brackets cannot always retain all objects they contain.

There is a risk of injury, particularly in the event of sudden braking or a sudden change in direction.

- ▶ Always stow objects in such a way that they cannot be thrown around in such situations.
- ▶ Always make sure that objects do not protrude from stowage spaces, luggage nets or stowage nets.
- ▶ Close the lockable stowage spaces before starting a journey.
- ▶ Always stow and secure heavy, hard, pointed, sharp-edged, fragile or bulky objects in the boot.

Comply with the instructions for loading the vehicle.



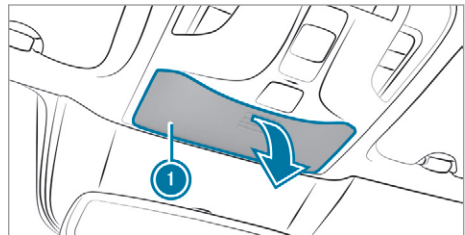
- ① Unlocked
- ② Locked
- ③ Glove compartment handle

- ▶ **To lock/unlock:** turn the emergency key a quarter turn anti-clockwise ② (to lock) or clockwise ① (to unlock).
- ▶ **To open:** pull glove compartment handle ③ in the direction of the arrow.
- ▶ **To close:** fold the glove compartment handle up and press it until it engages.

Using the stowage net on the seat backrest

- ▶ Store lightweight small parts in the stowage nets.

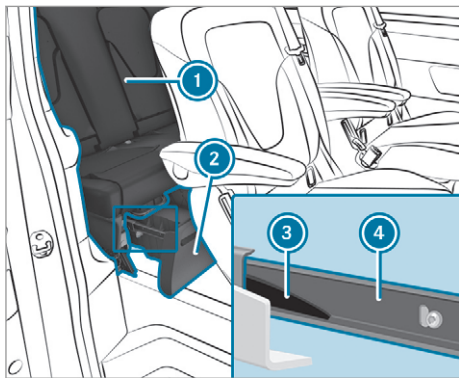
Opening the glasses compartment



- ▶ Press the ① button.

Installing and removing stowage compartments underneath the seat/bunk combination

Removing



- i** The maximum load that can be placed in each stowage compartment is 13 kg.
- ▶ Slide seat/bunk combination ① as far back as possible (→ page 82).
 - ▶ Pull stowage compartment ② out as far as it will go.
 - ▶ Pull left-hand plastic tongue ③ down and right-hand plastic tongue ③ up, when viewed in the direction of travel. Pull out stowage compartment ② a little each time. The corresponding stop will be released.
 - ▶ Pull out stowage compartment ②.

Fitting

- ▶ Slide seat/bunk combination ① as far back as possible (→ page 82).
- ▶ Slide stowage compartment ② into guide rails ④ underneath the seat/bunk combination. Plastic tongues ③ will engage automatically.

Folding table

Installing and removing the folding table

- ⚠ WARNING** Risk of injury from unsecured items in the vehicle

If objects, luggage or loads are not secured or not secured sufficiently, they could slip, tip over or be thrown around and thereby hit vehicle occupants.

There is a risk of injury, particularly in the event of sudden braking or a sudden change in direction.

- ▶ Always stow objects in such a way that they cannot be thrown around.
- ▶ Before the journey, secure objects, luggage or loads against slipping or tipping over.

- ⚠ WARNING** Risk of accident- and injury due to the folding table not being engaged

The folding table can come loose and be flung around while the vehicle is in motion.

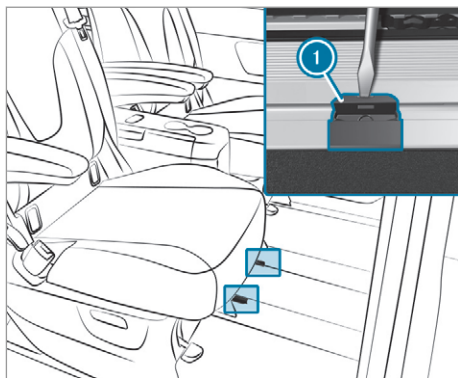
- ▶ Install the folding table as described.
- ▶ Only move the folding table when the vehicle is stationary.
- ▶ Ensure that the folding table is correctly engaged.

- ⚠ NOTE** Damage to the folding table or the armrest when the rear seats are folded forwards or backwards

If the folding table is not positioned all the way back when the rear seats are folded forwards or backwards, the folding table and/or the armrest of the rear seat may be damaged.

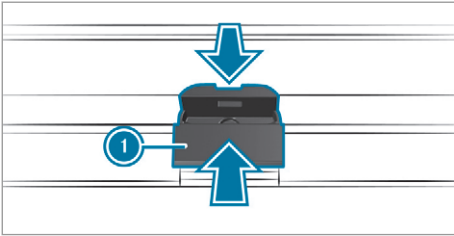
- ▶ Slide the folding table all the way back before folding the rear seats forwards or backwards.

Installing the folding table

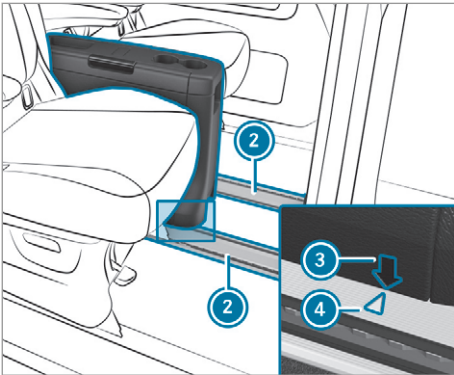


- ▶ Observe the notes on loading (→ page 204).

- ▶ Push the rear seats back fully or, if necessary, remove them.
- ▶ Lift off both covers ❶ from the guide rail using a suitable tool, e.g. a screwdriver.

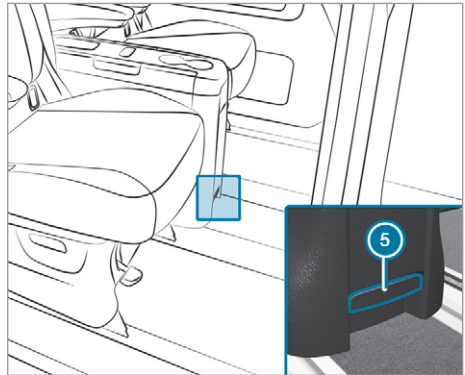


- ▶ Press both covers ❶ together slightly and remove them from the guide rail. The openings in the rail for the middle slide on the underside of the folding table will be open.
- ▶ Rotate the folding table until the arrow on the underside of the folding table is pointing in the direction of travel.



Installation position

- ▶ Insert the folding table into guide rails ❷ so that arrows ❸ on the folding table point to both markings ❹ on guide rail ❷. The guides and sliding rail on the underside of the folding table fit into the guide rail.



- ▶ Pull lever ❺ on the front or rear side of the folding table upwards and push the folding table backwards.

Press both covers ❶ together slightly and engage them in the openings of the guide rails.

Moving the folding table

- ▶ Keep lever ❺ pulled and move the folding table into the desired position.
- ▶ Release lever ❺.
- ▶ Move the folding table until it automatically engages in the next possible position.
- ▶ After repositioning the table, ensure that the folding table is properly secured again.

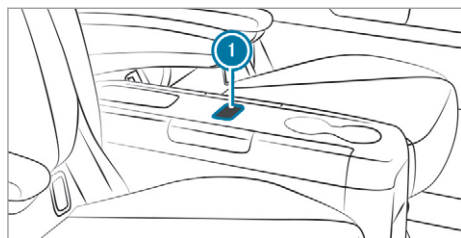
Removing the folding table

- ▶ Fold in the table panels and retract the table.
- ▶ Push the rear seats back fully or, if necessary, remove them.
- ▶ Push the folding table back far enough so that covers ❶ of the openings in the rail can be removed.
- ▶ Lift off both covers ❶ from the guide rail using a suitable tool, e.g. a screwdriver.
- ▶ Press both covers ❶ together slightly and remove them from guide rail ❷. The openings in the rail for the middle slide on the underside of the folding table will be open.
- ▶ Push the folding table forwards into the installation position. Arrows ❸ on the folding table point to both markings ❹ on guide rail ❷.
- ▶ Lift the folding table out of guide rail ❷.

- ▶ Press both covers ① together slightly and engage them in the openings of guide rails ②.

Using the folding table

Extending the folding table

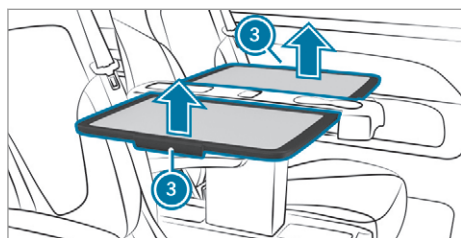
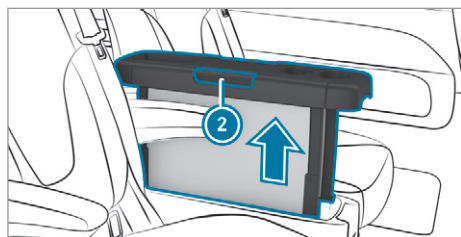


- ▶ Press button ① all the way down and release it.
The folding table moves upwards and engages automatically.

Retracting the folding table

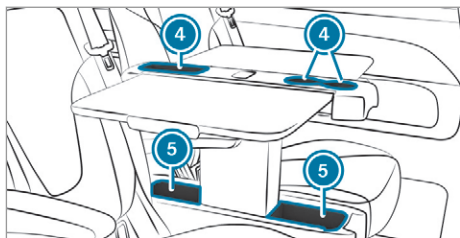
- ▶ Press button ① all the way down and simultaneously press the centre section of the folding table downwards.
- ▶ Release button ① when the folding table is in its retracted position.
The centre section of the folding table will engage automatically.

Folding the table panel in and out

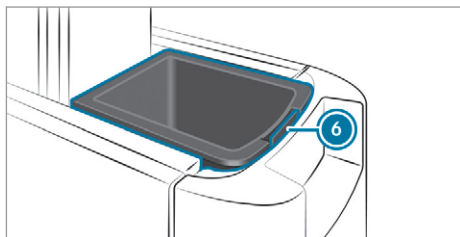


- ▶ **To fold out the table panel:** pull out the table panels upwards to the stop using handle ② and swing them to the side until they engage.
- ▶ **To fold in the table panel:** swing the table panels up using handle ③ and slide them vertically downwards into the table.

Installing and removing the insert



- ④ Recesses on the folding table
- ⑤ Stowage compartments



- ▶ **To remove:** press lug ⑥ and remove the insert.
- ▶ **To install:** insert the insert and press it down until it engages.

Information about the bottle holder

The bottle holders are in front of the stowage compartments in the front doors.

There are additional bottle holders on the left and right in the rear compartment side trim.

Cup holders

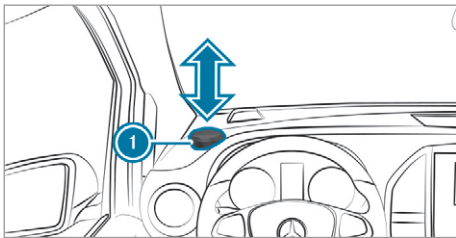
Overview of cup holders in the cockpit

- ⚠ **WARNING** Risk of accident or injury if the cup holder is used while the vehicle is in motion

Cup and bottle holders cannot keep containers secure while the vehicle is in motion.

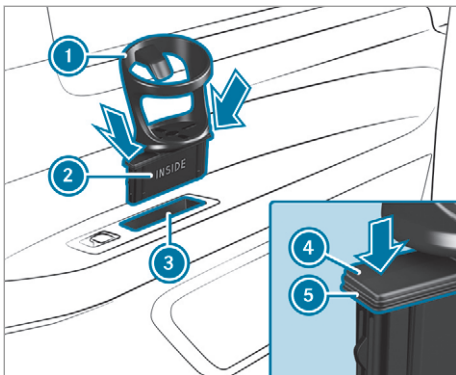
If you use a cup or bottle holder while the vehicle is in motion, the container may be flung around and liquids could be spilled. Vehicle occupants may come into contact with the liquid and if it is hot, they could be scalded. You could be distracted from traffic conditions and you may lose control of the vehicle.

- Use the cup and bottle holders only when the vehicle is stationary.
- Place only suitable containers in the cup and bottle holders.
- Close the containers, particularly if the liquid is hot.



Cup holders ① are located at the upper left and right of the cockpit.

Inserting the cup holder in the rear passenger compartment



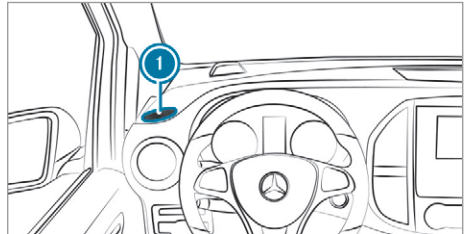
- Position cup holder ① above stowage compartment ③ so that "INSIDE" lettering on its base ② faces towards the vehicle interior.
- Insert base ② into stowage compartment ③ and press down on both sides.

The cup holder is correctly inserted when both sealing rings ⑤ are inserted in stowage compartment ③ and upper edge ④ of the base locks positively with stowage compartment ③.

- **To remove:** grasp the bottom of cup holder ① from below and remove it by lifting its base ② out vertically.

Ashtray and cigarette lighter

Using ashtrays



- The ashtray with cap ① can be inserted into a cup holder on the cockpit or into a cup holder in the rear passenger compartment.

Using the cigarette lighter in the front centre console

⚠ WARNING - Risk of fire and injury from the hot cigarette lighter

You can burn yourself if you touch the hot heating element or the socket of the cigarette lighter.

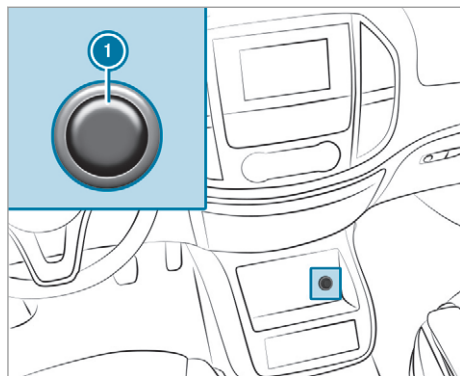
In addition, flammable materials may ignite if:

- you drop the hot cigarette lighter
- a child holds the hot cigarette lighter to objects, for example

- Always hold the cigarette lighter by the knob.
- Always make sure that the cigarette lighter is out of reach of children.
- Never leave children unattended in the vehicle.

Requirements:

- The power supply has been switched on.

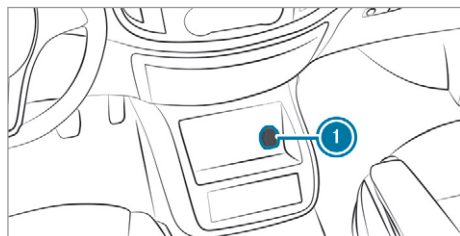


Cigarette lighter (example: vehicle with stowage compartment under the centre console)

- ▶ Press in cigarette lighter ①.

Sockets**Using the 12 V socket in the front centre console****Requirements:**

- The power supply has been switched on.
- Only devices with up to a maximum of 180 watts (15 A) are permissible.



- ▶ Fold up cover ① of the socket.
- ▶ Insert the plug of the device.

Exterior lighting

Notes on changing the lights when driving abroad

Low beam

In countries in which traffic drives on the opposite side of the road from the country in which the vehicle is registered, you will have to switch the headlamps to symmetrical dipped beam. This will prevent oncoming traffic from being dazzled. Symmetrical dipped beam will no longer illuminate the edge of the carriageway as far as high.

Vehicles with halogen headlamps:

It is not necessary to change the headlamps over to symmetrical dipped beam. The statutory requirements of the countries in which traffic drives on the opposite side of the road from the country in which the vehicle is registered will also be met without changing over.

Vehicles with LED headlamps:

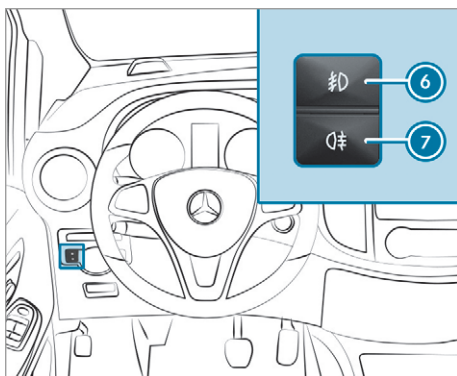
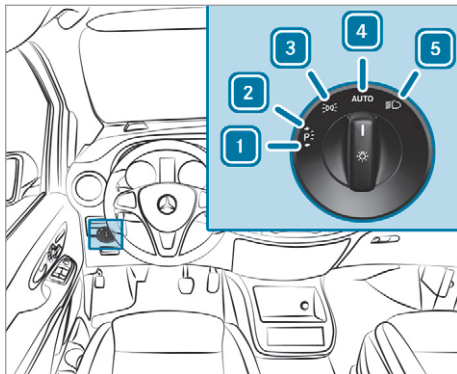
You can set the low beam for driving on the right or left via the on-board computer (→ page 186).

Information about lighting systems and your responsibility

The vehicle's various lighting systems are only aids. The vehicle driver is responsible for adjusting the vehicle's lighting to the prevailing light, visibility, statutory conditions and traffic conditions.

Light switch

Operating the light switch



- 1 Left parking lights
- 2 Right parking lights
- 3 Standing lights and licence plate and instrument lighting
- 4 Lights off and daytime running lights
- 4 With light sensor: automatic driving lights (preferred light switch position)
- 5 Low beam or high beam
- 6 Fog light
- 7 Rear fog light

If you hear a warning tone when exiting the vehicle, the lights may still be on.

► Turn the light switch to **0** or **AUTO**.

The exterior lighting (except standing and parking lights) will automatically switch off in the following cases:

- if you remove the key from the ignition lock.
- if you open the driver's door while the key is in position **0** in the ignition lock.

Switching on the daytime running lights

- Turn the light switch to **0** or **AUTO**.

Automatic driving lights function

The standing lights, low beam and daytime running lights will be switched on automatically depending on the ignition status and the light conditions.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident when the dipped beam is switched off in poor visibility

When the light switch is set to **AUTO**, the dipped beam may not be switched on automatically if there is fog, snow or other causes of poor visibility such as spray.

- In such cases, turn the light switch to .

The automatic driving lights are only an aid. Responsibility for vehicle lighting rests with you. If the standing lights and low beam have been switched on, the green  (standing lights) and  (low beam) indicator lamps on the instrument cluster will light up.

Activating/deactivating the fog light

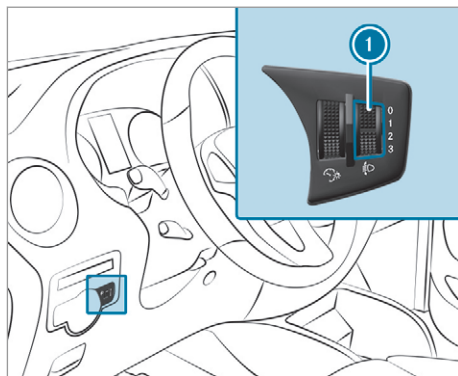
Requirements:

- The light switch is in the  or **AUTO** position.
- The power supply has been switched on.
- **To switch on the fog light:** the vehicle is fitted with front fog lamps.

- **To switch the fog light on or off:** press the button .
- **To switch the rear fog light on or off:** press the button .

Comply with the country-specific regulations for using the rear fog lamp.

Adjusting headlamp range

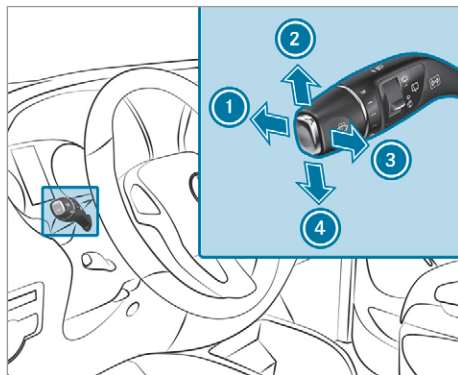


- Turn headlamp range adjuster **1** to the required position.
- If the vehicle is unladen, select position **0**.

The illumination of the road should be 40 m to 100 m and low beam must not dazzle oncoming traffic.

You can use the headlamp range adjuster to adjust the light cone of the headlamps to your vehicle's load condition. The light cone will change as the seats are occupied or the load compartment is loaded or unloaded. This can cause visibility conditions to deteriorate and you could dazzle oncoming traffic.

Operating the combination light switch



- 1** High beam
- 2** Right turn signal light
- 3** Headlamp flashing
- 4** Left turn signal light

- ▶ Use the combination switch to activate the desired function.

Switching on high beam

- ▶ Switch on the low beam (→ page 93).
- ▶ Push the combination switch forwards ①. The  indicator lamp on the instrument cluster will light up.
- ① The high beam switches to the **AUTO** position only in darkness and when the engine is running.
- ▶ **To switch off:** move the combination switch back to its starting position. The  indicator lamp on the instrument cluster will light up.

Headlamp flashing

- ▶ Briefly pull the combination switch in the direction of arrow ③.

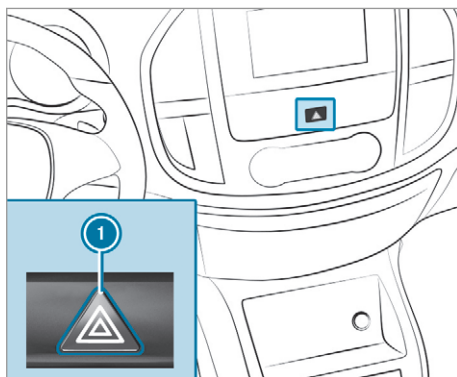
Turn signal lights

- ▶ **To indicate:** push the combination switch in the required direction ② or ④ until it engages. In the case of larger steering movements, the combination switch will automatically switch back.
- ▶ **To indicate briefly:** tap the combination switch briefly in the required direction ② or ④. The corresponding turn signal lamp will flash three times.

Switching the hazard warning light system on/off

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to concealed lighting systems

If you open the rear-end doors by 90°, the rear lighting systems will be concealed. Other road users will then not be able to see the vehicle, or will see it only with difficulty. Therefore, in these or similar situations, safeguard the vehicle in accordance with national regulations, e.g. with a warning triangle.



- ▶ Press button ①.

If you operate a turn signal indicator while the hazard warning light system is switched on, only the turn signal lamps on the relevant side of the vehicle will light up.

The hazard warning light system will switch on automatically in the following situations:

- The airbag is deployed
- The vehicle is heavily braked from a speed of more than 70 km/h to a standstill.

The hazard warning light system will automatically switch off when the vehicle regains a speed of more than 10 km/h after maximum full-stop braking.

- ① The hazard warning light system will work even when the vehicle has been switched off.

Intelligent Light System

Function of the Intelligent Light System

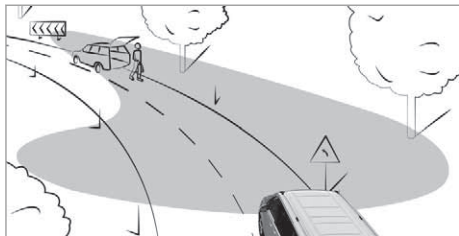
The Intelligent Light System adapts the headlamps' lighting function to the current driving and weather situation.

The system comprises the following functions:

- Active light function (→ page 96)
- Cornering light (→ page 96)
- Motorway mode (→ page 96)
- Enhanced fog light function (→ page 96)

You can switch the Intelligent Light System function on or off via the on-board computer (→ page 96).

Active light function



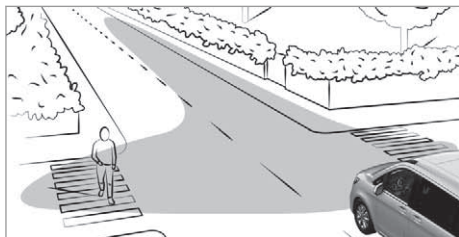
The active light function has the following functions:

- The headlamps follow the steering movements.
- Relevant areas are better illuminated during a journey.

The functions will be active when low beam is switched on.

The active light function can, for example, detect pedestrians, cyclists and animals at an earlier stage.

Cornering light function



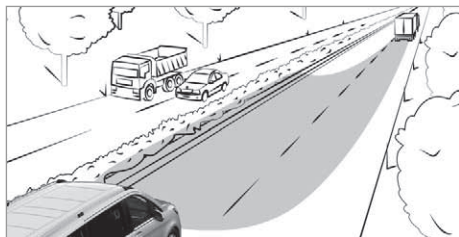
The function is active under the following conditions:

- Your speed is less than 40 km/h and the turn signal light has been switched on or the steering wheel is turned.
- Your speed is between 40 km/h and 70 km/h and the steering wheel is turned.

The cornering light may still light up for a short time but will be switched off automatically after a maximum of three minutes.

Motorway mode function

Motorway mode increases the range and brightness of the cone of light, enabling better visibility.



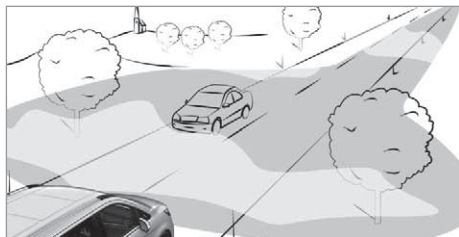
Motorway mode will automatically be activated in the following cases:

- Your speed is greater than 110 km/h and the vehicle has covered at least 1,000 m without any significant steering movement.
- Your speed is greater than 130 km/h.

If your speed falls below 80 km/h after motorway mode has been activated, it will automatically be deactivated.

Enhanced fog light function

The enhanced fog light function reduces self-dazzling and improves the illumination of the edge of the carriageway.



If your speed is below 70 km/h and the fog light has been switched on, the enhanced fog light function will automatically be activated.

The enhanced fog light function will automatically be deactivated after activation in the following cases:

- Your speed is greater than 100 km/h.
- The fog light is switched off.

Switching the Intelligent Light System on/off

Vehicles with steering-wheel buttons

- ▶ Use the ◀ or ▶ button to select **Settings**.
- ▶ Use the ▼ or ▲ button to select **Lights**.
- ▶ Press the **OK** button.

- ▶ Use the  or  button to select **Intelligent Light System**.

The current status will be displayed.

- ▶ **To switch on or off:** press the  button.

When you switch on the Intelligent Light System function, you will enable the following functions:

- Motorway mode
 - Active light function
 - Cornering light
 - Enhanced fog light function
- ❗ If you set the low beam for driving on the right or left, the display will show the display message **Inactive for left-side traffic** or **Inactive for right-side traffic** in the **Lights** submenu instead of **Intelligent Light System** (→ page 186). This display message will appear only if the setting for driving on the right or left is the opposite to your vehicle's national version.
- ❗ You can find further information in "Intelligent Light System" (→ page 95).

Vehicles without steering-wheel buttons

The vehicle must be at a standstill.

- ▶ Press the  button to select the **Settings** menu.
 - ▶ Press the  button to select the **Intell. Light System:** submenu.
- The display will show the current status.
- If the **Intell. Light System inoperative** message is shown on the display, the Intelligent Light System is not available and has been switched off due to a malfunction.
- ▶ Press the  or  button to switch the Intelligent Light System on or off.
 - ▶ Press the  button to confirm.
- The next submenu will be shown on the display.

When the Intelligent Light System is switched on, the following functions will be enabled:

- Motorway mode
 - Active light function
 - Cornering light
 - Enhanced fog light function
- ❗ You can find further information in "Intelligent Light System" (→ page 95).

Adaptive Highbeam Assist

Adaptive Highbeam Assist function

- ⚠ WARNING** Risk of accident despite Adaptive Highbeam Assist

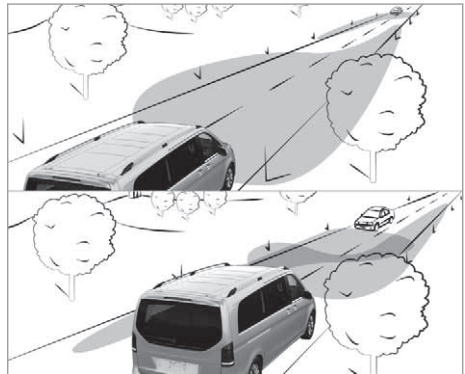
Adaptive Highbeam Assist does not react to:

- road users without lights, e.g. pedestrians
- road users with poor lighting, e.g. cyclists
- road users whose lighting is obstructed, e.g. by a barrier

On very rare occasions, Adaptive Highbeam Assist may fail to recognise other road users with their own lighting, or may recognise them too late.

In these, or in similar situations, the automatic high beam will not be deactivated or will be activated despite the presence of other road users.

- ▶ Always observe the road and traffic conditions carefully and switch off the high beam in good time.



The Adaptive Highbeam Assist automatically switches between the following settings:

- Low beam
- High beam

The system detects that vehicle lights are approaching in the opposite direction or driving ahead of the vehicle.

If your speed is greater than 30 km/h and no other road users are detected, high beam will automatically be switched on.

If your speed is greater than 25 km/h, the headlamp range will be controlled automatically depending on the distance from other road users. High beam will automatically be deactivated in the following cases:

- Your speed is lower than 25 km/h.
- Other road users have been detected.
- The road is sufficiently illuminated.

System limits

Adaptive Highbeam Assist cannot take the road, weather or traffic conditions into consideration.

The detection of obstacles may be restricted if:

- visibility is poor, e.g. in fog, heavy rain or snow.
- the sensors are dirty or covered.

Adaptive Highbeam Assist is only an aid. You are responsible for ensuring correct vehicle lighting in accordance with the prevailing light, visibility and traffic conditions.

The system's optical sensor is located behind the windscreen near the overhead control panel.

Switching Highbeam Assist on/off

Requirements

- The light switch is in the **AUTO** position.

► **To switch on:** switch on high beam using the combination switch.

If high beam is automatically switched on in darkness, the  indicator lamp on the multifunction display will light up.

► **To switch off:** switch off high beam using the combination switch.

Adaptive Highbeam Assist Plus

Adaptive Highbeam Assist Plus function

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident despite Adaptive Highbeam Assist Plus

Adaptive Highbeam Assist Plus does not react to:

- road users without lights, e.g. pedestrians
- road users with poor lighting, e.g. cyclists
- road users whose lighting is obstructed, e.g. by a barrier

On very rare occasions, Adaptive Highbeam Assist Plus may fail to recognise other road

users with their own lighting, or may recognise them too late.

In these, or in similar situations, the automatic high beam will not be deactivated or will be activated despite the presence of other road users.

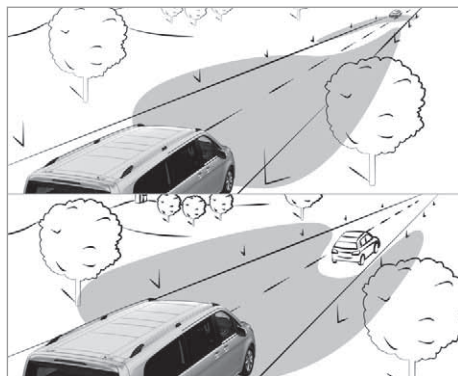
► Always observe the road and traffic conditions carefully and switch off the high beam in good time.

Adaptive Highbeam Assist Plus cannot take into account road, weather or traffic conditions.

Detection may be restricted in the following cases:

- In poor visibility, e.g. fog, heavy rain or snow
- if there is dirt on the sensors or the sensors are obscured

Adaptive Highbeam Assist Plus is only an aid. You are responsible for ensuring correct vehicle lighting in accordance with the prevailing light, visibility and traffic conditions.



Adaptive Highbeam Assist Plus switches automatically between the following light types:

- Low beam
- Partial high beam
- High beam

Partial high beam uses high beam to shine past other road users rather than dazzling them. The low beam illumination area covers the vehicle in front.

At speeds lower than 25 km/h or if there is insufficient street lighting, Highbeam Assist Plus will perform the following actions:

- Partial high beam and high beam will be automatically deactivated.
- The  indicator lamp on the instrument cluster will go out. The  symbol for Highbeam Assist Plus will remain switched on.

At speeds greater than 30 km/h, Highbeam Assist Plus will perform the following actions:

- If no other road users are detected, high beam will be switched on.
- If other road users are detected, partial high beam will be switched on.
- The  indicator lamp on the instrument cluster will light up.

At speeds greater than 40 km/h, Highbeam Assist Plus will perform the following actions:

- If no other road users are detected and the road is straight, high beam will be switched on.
- If highly reflective signs are detected, high beam will automatically be switched off.
- If other road users are detected, partial high beam will be switched on automatically.
- The  indicator lamp on the instrument cluster will light up.

The system's optical sensor is located behind the windscreen near the overhead control panel.

Switching Adaptive Highbeam Assist Plus on/off

Requirements

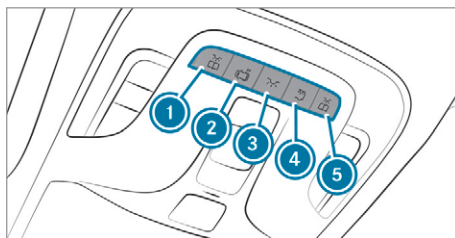
- The light switch is in the **AUTO** position.

- ▶ **To switch on:** switch on high beam using the combination switch.
If high beam is automatically switched on in darkness, the  indicator lamp on the multifunction display will light up.
- ▶ **To switch off:** switch off high beam using the combination switch.

Adjusting the interior lighting

Adjusting the interior lighting

Front overhead control panel



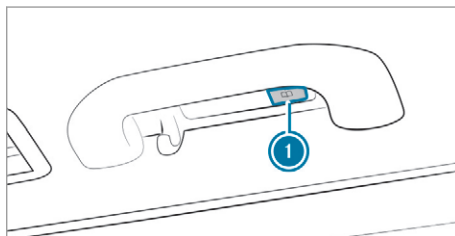
Interior lighting buttons (example: comfort overhead control panel)

- ①  Front-left reading lamp
- ②  Automatic interior lighting control
- ③  Front interior lighting
- ④  Rear or load compartment lighting
- ⑤  Front-right reading lamp

- ▶ **To switch on/off:** press the corresponding button ① – ⑤.

The layout and number of buttons depend on the equipment.

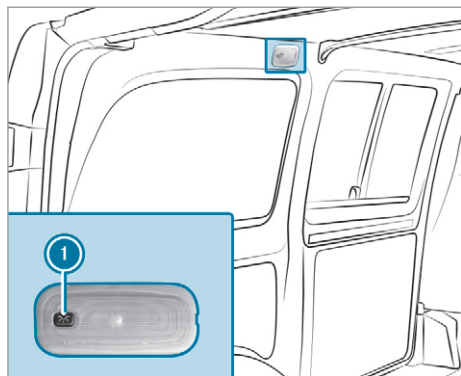
Operating unit in the grab handle



- ①  Rear reading lamp

- ▶ **To switch on/off:** press button ①.

Operating unit in the load compartment



①  Load compartment lighting

▶ **To switch on/off:** press button ①.

If your vehicle is equipped with a load compartment lamp with a button, you can switch all load compartment lamps on and off by pressing the  button on this load compartment lamp.

Regardless of the switch position, you can switch the load compartment lighting on and off centrally by pressing the  button on the overhead control panel.

Changing bulbs

Instructions for replacing light sources

⚠ WARNING Risk of burns from hot component parts whilst replacing a bulb

Bulbs, lamps and plug connectors can become very hot during operation.

When replacing a bulb, you could burn yourself on these component parts.

▶ Allow the component parts to cool down before replacing the bulbs.

When you are replacing the light bulb, observe the following:

- Do not use any light bulb that has been dropped or has scratches on its glass tube. Otherwise, the light bulb may explode.
- The bulb may explode if it is hot or if you touch, drop or scratch it.
- Stains on the glass tube will reduce the service life of the light bulb. Do not touch the glass tube with your bare hands. If necessary,

clean the glass tube with alcohol or spirits while it is cold state and wipe it down with a lint-free cloth.

- Protect light bulbs from humidity and do not bring them into contact with liquids.
- Before changing the bulbs, switch off the vehicle's lighting system. This will prevent a short circuit.
- Use bulbs only in enclosed lamps that have been designed for them.
- Use only spare bulbs of the same type and with the correct voltage.

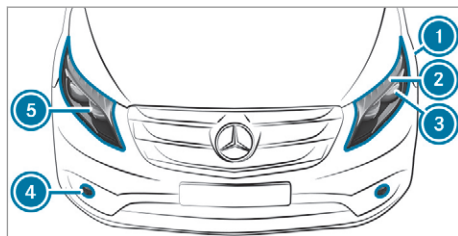
Always ensure the bulbs are firmly secured.

Have the following light bulbs changed at a qualified specialist workshop only:

- Bulbs in the licence plate lighting
- Front fog lamp

Replacing front light bulbs (vehicles with halogen headlamps)

Overview of front light source types



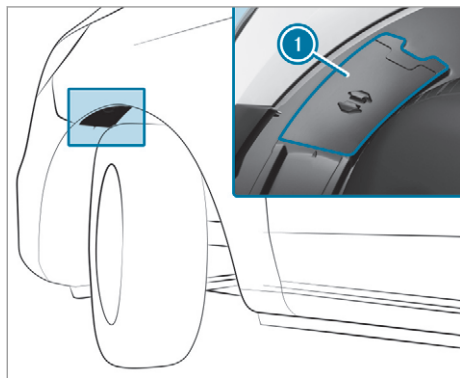
- ① Side additional turn signal lamp: WY 5 W
- ② Turn signal light: PY 21 W
- ③ Low beam: H7 55 W
- ④ Front fog lamp: H11 55 W
- ⑤ High beam/standing/parking lights/daytime running lights: H15 55 W/15 W

Replacing light sources in the headlamp

Requirements

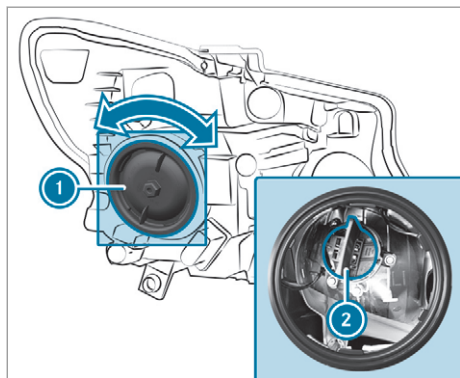
- The lighting system is switched off.
- The appropriate front wheel is turned inwards.
- **Low beam:** you require a H7 55 W light bulb.
- **Turn signal light:** you require a PY 21 W light bulb.
- **High beam / standing/parking lights / daytime running lights:** you require a H15 55 W/15 W light bulb.

Fitting/removing the cover in the front wheel arch



- ▶ **To remove:** grip the centre of cover ①, slide it upwards and pull it out. The cover will hang downwards on the strap.
- ▶ **To fit:** insert cover ① at the top and slide it downwards until it engages.

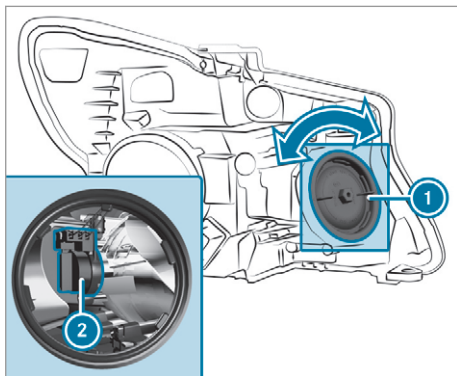
Low beam



- ▶ Remove the cover in the front wheel arch.
- ▶ Turn housing cover ① anti-clockwise and remove it.
- ▶ Turn socket ② for low beam to the left and pull it out.
- ▶ Pull the bulb out of socket ②.
- ▶ Insert the new bulb into socket ②.
- ▶ Insert socket ② and rotate it to the right to tighten it.
- ▶ Press on housing cover ① and rotate it to the right to tighten it.

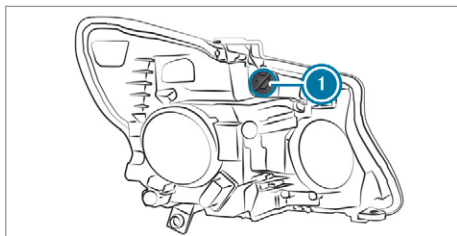
- ▶ Replace the cover in the front wheel arch.

High beam, standing/parking lights and day-time running lights



- ▶ Open the bonnet.
- ▶ Turn housing cover ① anti-clockwise and remove it.
- ▶ Pull out the bulb with socket ②.
- ▶ Insert the new bulb with socket ② and engage it as far as it will go.
- ▶ Press on housing cover ① and rotate it to the right to tighten it.
- ▶ Close the bonnet.

Turn signal light

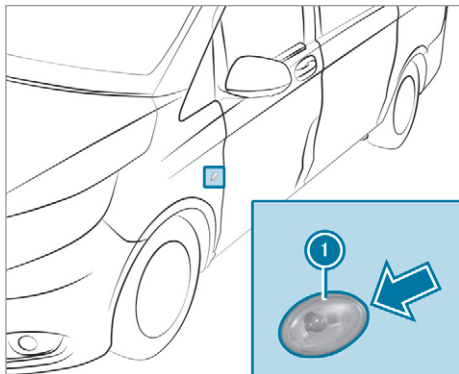


- ▶ Open the bonnet.
- ▶ Turn socket ① anti-clockwise and pull it out.
- ▶ Pull the bulb out of socket ①.
- ▶ Insert the new bulb into socket ①.
- ▶ Insert socket ① and turn it clockwise until it engages.
- ▶ Close the bonnet.

Replacing light bulbs in the side additional indicators

Requirements

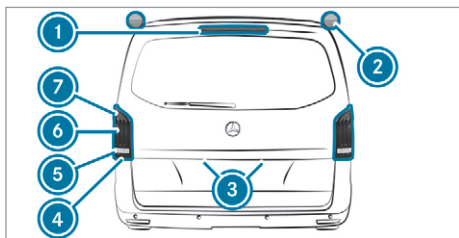
- The lighting system is switched off.
- You will need a WY 5 W bulb.



- ▶ Push additional indicator ① forwards and swivel it out.
- ▶ Push the bulb rearwards.
- ▶ Gently turn the bulb anti-clockwise and take it out of the socket.
- ▶ Insert the new bulb into the socket and turn it clockwise to screw it in.
- ▶ Align additional indicator ① at the front and engage it.

Replacing rear bulbs

Overview of rear light source types



Vehicles with standard tail lamp

- ① Third brake light: LED
- ② Additional turn signal lamp on the roof: P 21 W
- ③ Licence plate lighting: LED
- ④ Rear fog light (driver's side): P 21 W
- ⑤ Reversing light: P 21 W

- ⑥ Brake light, tail light/parking lights: P 21 W
 - ⑦ Turn signal light: P 21 W
- Vehicles with LED tail lamps
- ① Third brake light: LED
 - ② Additional turn signal lamp on the roof: P 21 W
 - ③ Licence plate lighting: LED
 - ④ Rear fog light (driver's side): LED
 - ⑤ Reversing light: W 16 W
 - ⑥ Brake light, tail light/parking lights: LED
 - ⑦ Turn signal light: LED

Replacing light sources in the tail lamp

Requirements

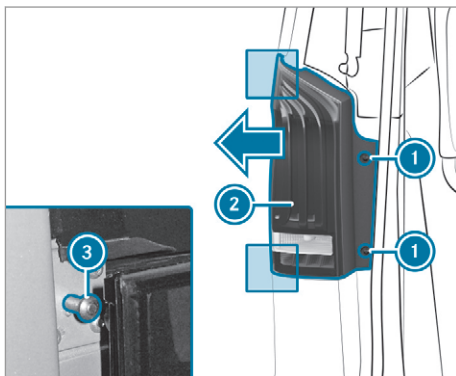
- The lighting system is switched off.
- **Standard tail lamp:** you require a P 21 W light source.
- **LED tail lamp:** you require a W 16 W light source.
- **Additional turn signal lamp on the roof:** you require a P 21 W light source.

Removing the tail lamp

! NOTE Damage to the paintwork during tail lamp removal

The paintwork may be damaged when the tail lamps are removed. The tail lamp may, for example, scratch the paintwork when it is removed.

- ▶ Remove the tail lamps carefully.
- ▶ Mercedes-Benz recommends having the tail lamp light sources replaced at a qualified specialist workshop.



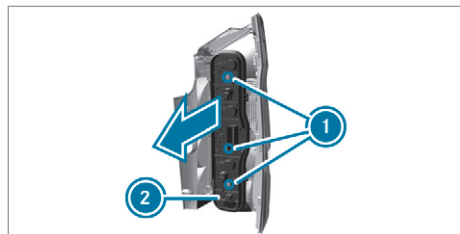
Please note that you can change the bulb of the reversing light only in the case of an LED tail lamp.

- ▶ Open the tailgate / rear-end door.
- ❗ You will find a screwdriver in the vehicle tool kit (→ page 244).
- ▶ Unscrew two side screws ①.
- ▶ Push tail lamp ② outwards against bolts ③ as far as it will go.
- ▶ Press tail lamp ② off outwards and away from bolts ③.
- ▶ Pull the connector off the bulb mount of tail lamp ②.

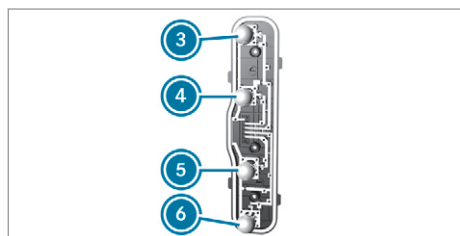
Installing the tail lamp

- ▶ Push the connector into the bulb mount of tail lamp ②.
- ▶ Push tail lamp ② onto bolts ③ from the side and press it against the vehicle.
- ▶ Tighten two side screws ①.

Standard tail lamp



- ▶ Unscrew three screws ① and remove bulb mount ② from the tail lamp.

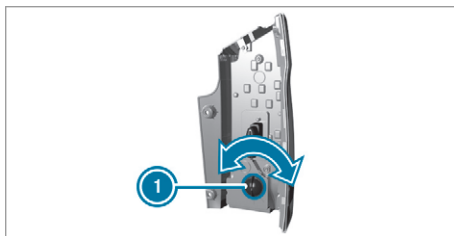


Bulb mount

- ③ Turn signal light
- ④ Brake light, tail light, parking light
- ⑤ Reversing light
- ⑥ Rear fog light (only on the driver's side)

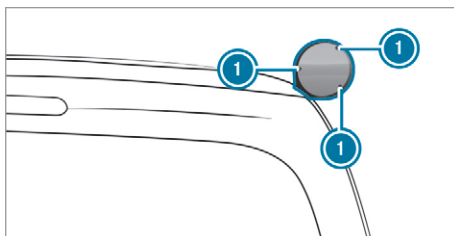
- ▶ Remove the tail lamp.
- ▶ Gently turn the bulb anti-clockwise and take it out of the socket.
- ▶ Push the new bulb into the socket and turn it clockwise to screw it in.
- ▶ Insert bulb mount ② into the tail lamp and tighten all three screws ①.
- ▶ Install the tail lamp.

LED tail lamp



- ▶ Remove the tail lamp.
- ▶ Unscrew housing cover ① by turning it anti-clockwise.
- ▶ Turn the socket anti-clockwise and pull it out.
- ▶ Pull the bulb out of the socket.
- ▶ Insert the new bulb into the socket.
- ▶ Insert the socket and rotate it clockwise to tighten it.
- ▶ Press on housing cover ① and rotate it clockwise to tighten it.
- ▶ Install the tail lamp.

Additional turn signal lamp on the roof



- ▶ Loosen screws ①.
- ▶ Remove the lens.
- ▶ Gently turn the bulb anti-clockwise and take it out of the socket.
- ▶ Push the new bulb into the socket and turn it clockwise to screw it in.
- ▶ Position the lens and tighten screws ①.

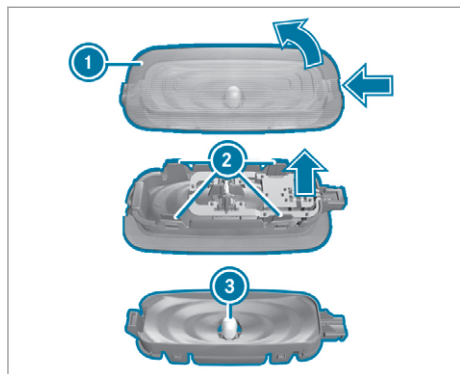
Replacing interior light bulbs

Replacing light sources in the interior

Requirements

- The interior lighting has been switched off.
- **Rear and load compartment lamp:** you require a T10 6W xenon light source.
- **Interior and surround lighting:** you require a W 5 W light source.
- **Signal and ambient lamp in the tailgate:** you require a W 5 W light source.

Rear and load compartment lamps

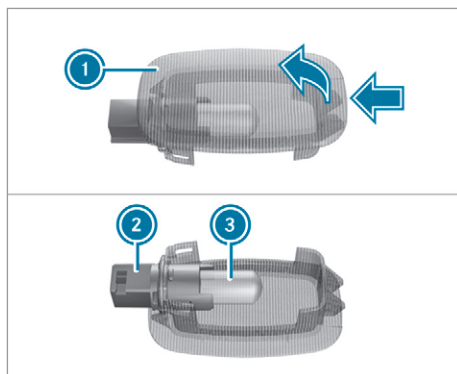


- ▶ Push in the catch spring of lens ① with a suitable object, e.g. a screwdriver, and then prise off the lens with the lamp housing.
- ▶ Push the lugs of socket ② inwards.
- ▶ Remove light source ③ from the lamp housing.
- ▶ Insert the new light source.
- ▶ Position the lens on the lamp housing and engage it.
- ▶ Align the lens with the lamp housing and engage it.

Additional interior and surround lighting

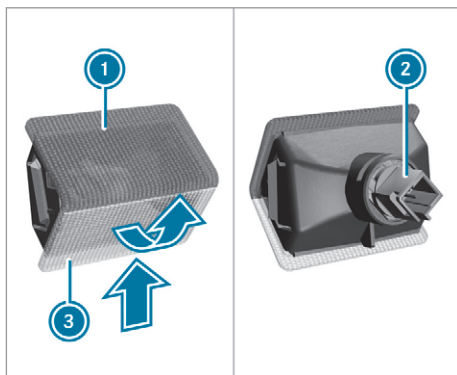
Depending on the equipment, replacing the light sources as described here applies to the following lamps:

- The sun visor mirror lamp
- The ambient lamp at the bottom of the front door
- The ambient lamp on the inside of the tailgate



- ▶ Push in the catch spring of lamp housing ① with a suitable object, e.g. a screwdriver, and prise off lamp housing ①.
- ▶ Turn socket ② anti-clockwise and pull it out of lamp housing ①.
- ▶ Pull bulb ③ out of socket ②.
- ▶ Push new bulb ③ into socket ②.
- ▶ Screw socket ② into lamp housing ① by turning it clockwise.
- ▶ Place lamp housing ① in position on the left and engage it.

Signal and ambient lamp in the tailgate



- ▶ Push in the catch spring of the lamp housing on the side of transparent lens ② with a suitable object, e.g. a screwdriver, and prise off the lamp housing.
- ▶ Turn socket ③ anti-clockwise and pull it out of the lamp housing.
- ▶ Pull the bulb out of socket ③.
- ▶ Push the new bulb into socket ③.

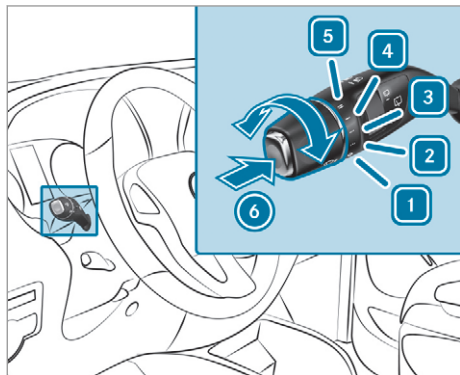
- ▶ Screw socket ③ into the lamp housing by turning it clockwise.
- ▶ Place the lamp housing in position at the side of red lens ① and engage it.

Windscreen wipers

Switching the windscreen wipers on and off

Requirements:

- The power supply has been switched on.



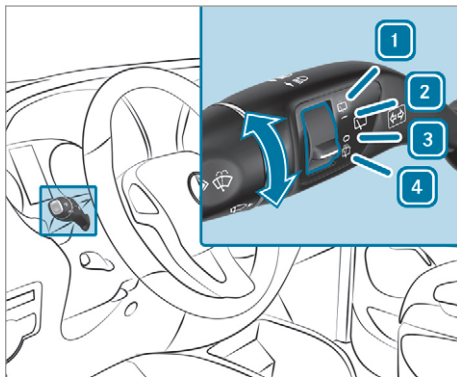
- 1 0 Windscreen wipers off
- 2 ... Intermittent wiping, low (low rain sensor sensitivity)
- 3 Intermittent wiping, high (high rain sensor sensitivity)
- 4 — Continuous wiping, slow
- 5 = Continuous wiping, fast

- ▶ Turn the combination switch to the corresponding position 1 – 5.
- ▶ **Single wiping:** push the button on the combination switch in the direction of arrow ⑥.
- ▶ **Washing:** push the button on the combination switch in the direction of arrow ⑥ as far as the second point of resistance.

Switching the rear window wiper on/off

Requirements

- The power supply has been switched on.



- 1 [Washer fluid symbol] Wiping with washer fluid
- 2 [Intermittent symbol] Intermittent wiping
- 3 0 Rear window wiper off
- 4 [Washer fluid symbol] Wiping with washer fluid

- ▶ Move the [Wiper symbol] switch to the corresponding position.

The [Wiper symbol] symbol will appear on the instrument cluster when the rear window wiper is switched on.

In vehicles with steering-wheel buttons, the on-board computer will show the [Wiper symbol] symbol on the [Assistance graphic](#) menu.

- ▶ **To wipe with washer fluid:** push the [Wiper symbol] switch beyond its current position as far as it will go towards 1 or 4 and hold it there.

Replacing the windscreen wiper blades

⚠ WARNING Risk of becoming trapped if the windscreen wipers are switched on while wiper blades are being replaced

If the windscreen wipers begin to move while you are changing the wiper blades, you can be trapped by the wiper arm.

- ▶ Always switch off the windscreen wipers and ignition before changing the wiper blades.

! NOTE Damage to the windscreen or rear window during wiper blade replacement

If the wiper arm on the windscreen or rear window is folded back before a wiper blade has been fitted, the window may be damaged by the force of the impact.

- ▶ Never fold the wiper arm on the windscreen or rear window back until a wiper blade has been fitted. Keep hold of the wiper arm when replacing a wiper blade.

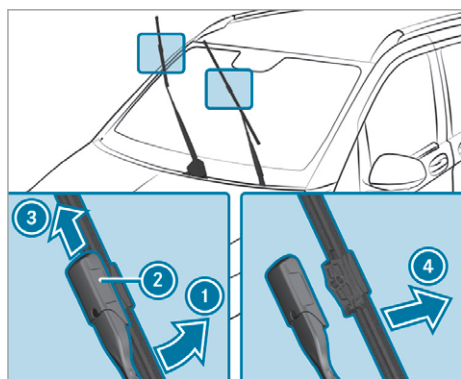
! NOTE Damage to bonnet or windscreen wipers when opening the bonnet

If the windscreen wipers have been folded back from the windscreen when the bonnet is opened, the windscreen wipers or the bonnet may be damaged.

- ▶ Ensure that the windscreen wipers have not been folded back from the windscreen.

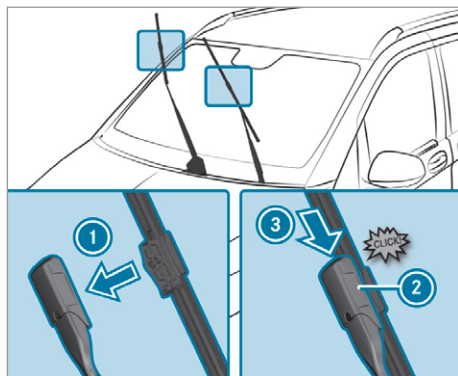
Removing the wiper blades

- ▶ Fold the wiper arms away from the windscreen.



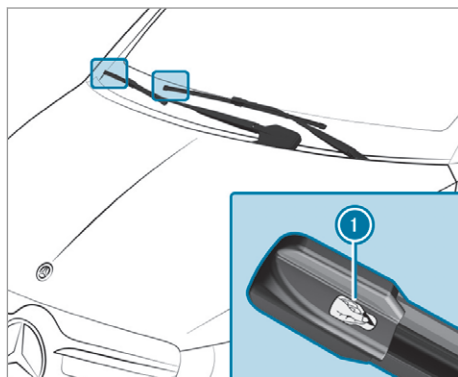
- ▶ Hold the wiper arm with one hand. With the other hand, turn the wiper blade in the direction of arrow ① away from the wiper arm as far as it will go.
- ▶ Slide catch ② in the direction of arrow ③ until it engages in the removal position.
- ▶ Remove the wiper blade from the wiper arm in the direction of arrow ④.

Fitting the wiper blades



- ▶ Insert the new wiper blade into the wiper arm in the direction of arrow ①.
- ▶ Slide catch ② in the direction of arrow ③ until it engages in the locking position.
- ▶ Make sure that the wiper blade is seated correctly.
- ▶ Fold the wiper arms back onto the windscreen.

Maintenance display



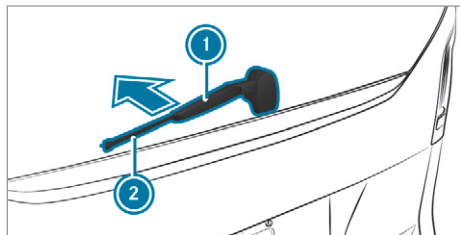
- ▶ Remove protective film ① from the maintenance displays on the tips of the newly fitted wiper blades.

If the colour of the maintenance display changes from black to yellow, the wiper blades should be replaced.

- ① The time until the colour changes varies depending on the usage conditions.

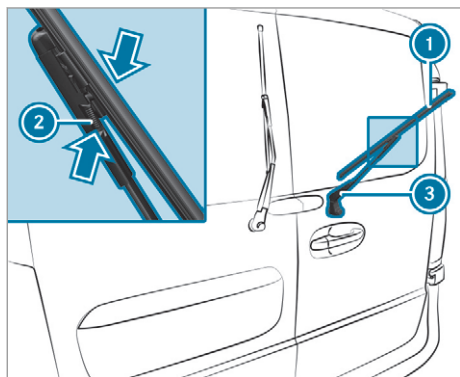
Replacing the rear window wiper blade

Tailgate



- ▶ Fold wiper arm ① away from the rear window until it engages in the replacement position.
- ▶ Hold wiper arm ① firmly and pull wiper blade ② off the wiper arm in the direction of the arrow.
- ▶ Place new wiper blade ② on wiper arm ①.
- ▶ Hold wiper arm ① firmly and push wiper blade ② in the opposite direction to the arrow until it engages.
- ▶ Make sure that wiper blade ② is seated correctly.
- ▶ Fold wiper arm ① back onto the rear window.

Rear-end doors



- ▶ Fold wiper arm ③ away from the rear window.
- ▶ Press two retaining clips ② together in the direction of the arrow and swivel the wiper blade away from the wiper arm.
- ▶ Pull wiper blade ① upwards out of the holder on wiper arm ③.

- ▶ Insert new wiper blade ① in the holder on wiper arm ③.
- ▶ Push new wiper blade ① onto wiper arm ③ until the retaining clips engage.
- ▶ Fold wiper arm ③ back onto the rear window.

Mirrors

Operating the outside mirrors

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury if vehicle settings are adjusted while the vehicle is in motion

You could lose control of the vehicle in particular in the following situations:

- If you adjust the driver's seat, the head restraints, the steering wheel or the mirror while the vehicle is in motion.
 - If you fasten your seat belt while the vehicle is in motion.
- ▶ Before starting the engine: adjust the driver's seat, head restraints, steering wheel and mirror in particular and fasten your seat belt.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to misjudgement of distance when using the outside mirror

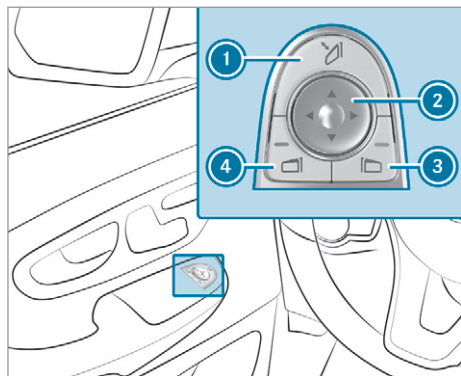
The outside mirrors reflect objects on a smaller scale. The objects in view are in fact closer than they appear.

- ▶ Therefore, always look over your shoulder in order to ensure that you are aware of the actual distance between you and the road users driving behind you.

Adjusting the outside mirrors manually

- ▶ Adjust the outside mirrors to the correct position manually.

Adjusting the outside mirrors electrically



- ▶ Switch on the power supply or the ignition.
- ▶ Press button ③ or ④ to select the outside mirror to be adjusted.
- ▶ Set the position of the mirror glass using button ②.

Folding the electric outside mirrors in/out

! NOTE Damage to the electric outside mirrors

If you fold the electric outside mirrors in or out manually, you may damage the outside mirrors and they will not lock in place properly.

If the outside mirrors are not folded in when washing the vehicle in a car wash, the washer brushes may fold them in forcibly and damage them.

- ▶ The outside mirrors must only be folded in and out electrically.
- ▶ Fold the outside mirrors in before washing the vehicle in a car wash.

- ▶ Switch on the power supply or the ignition.
- ▶ Briefly press button ①.

You will no longer be able to fold in the outside mirrors once you reach a speed greater than 47 km/h.

Engaging the outside mirrors

If an outside mirror has been forcibly disengaged forwards or backwards, proceed as follows.

- ▶ Press and hold button ① until you hear a click followed by the mirror audibly engaging in position.
The mirror housing will now be engaged and you will be able to adjust the outside mirrors as normal.

Heating the outside mirrors

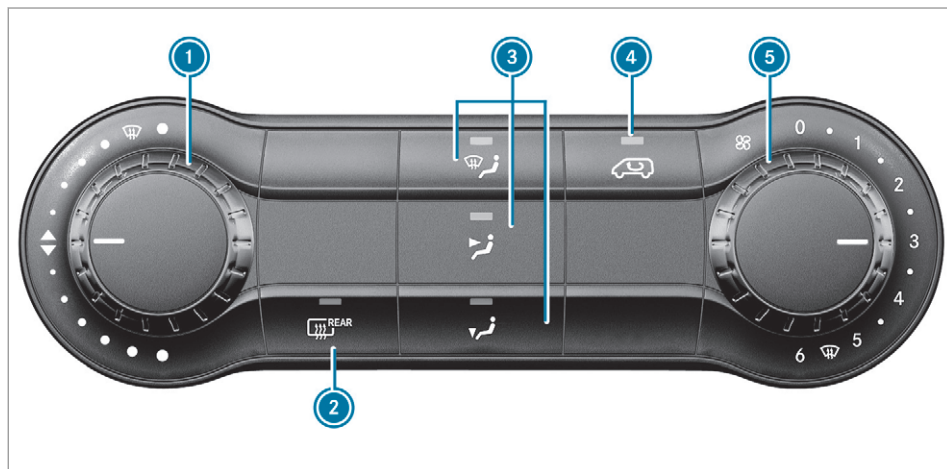
Vehicles without a rear window heater: at temperatures below 15°C, the mirror heater will automatically switch on permanently once the engine has been started.

Vehicles with a rear window heater: at temperatures below 15°C, the mirror heater will automatically switch on for ten minutes once the engine has been started. The mirror heater can also be switched on together with the rear window heater.

- ▶ Switch on the ignition.
- ▶ Press the  button on the control panel for the air conditioning.
The indicator lamp on the  button will light up and the mirror heater will be switched on together with the rear window heater.

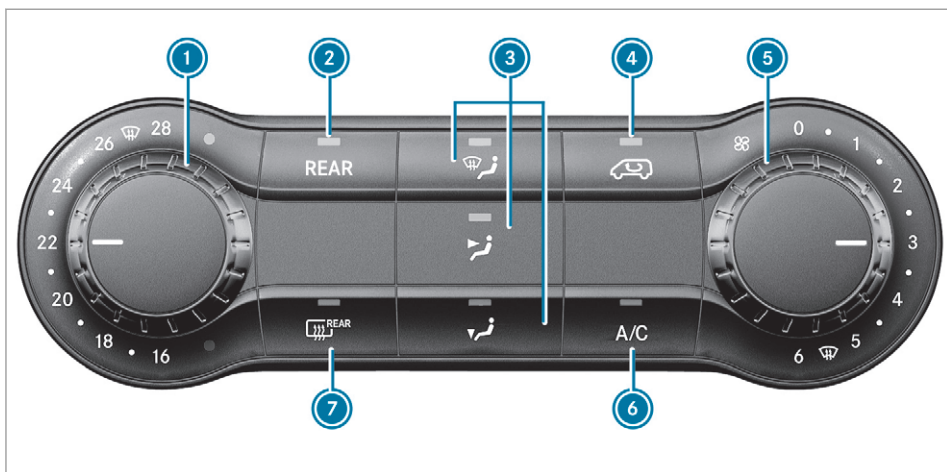
Overview of climate control systems

Heating system overview



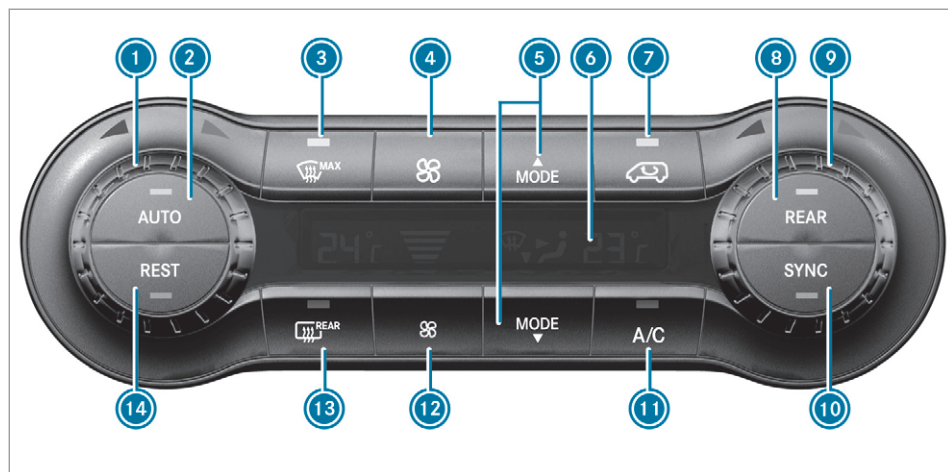
- ① Sets the temperature (→ page 113)
 Defrosts the windscreen
- ②  Switches the rear window heater on/off (→ page 115)
- ③  Adjusts the air distribution (→ page 113)
 Demists the windscreen
- ④  Switches air-recirculation mode on/off (→ page 114)
- ⑤  Sets the airflow (→ page 113)
 Demists the windscreen

TEMPMATIC overview



- ① Sets the temperature (→ page 113)
 Demists the windscreen
- ②  Switches the rear-compartment heating or rear air conditioning system on/off
- ③  Adjusts the air distribution (→ page 113)
 Demists the windscreen
- ④  Switches air-recirculation mode on/off (→ page 114)
- ⑤  Sets the airflow (→ page 113)
 Demists the windscreen
- ⑥  Switches cooling with air dehumidification on/off (→ page 112)
- ⑦  Switches the rear window heater and mirror heater on/off (→ page 115)

THERMOTRONIC overview



- ① Sets the temperature on the left and at the rear (for vehicles with rear air conditioning system only) (→ page 113)
- ② **AUTO** Switches on automatic mode (→ page 112)
- ③ **MAX** Demists the windscreen (→ page 114)
- ④ **FAN** Increases airflow (→ page 113)
- ⑤ **MODE** Sets the air distribution (→ page 113)
- ⑥ Display
- ⑦ **RECIRC** Switches air-recirculation mode on/off (→ page 114)
- ⑧ **REAR** Switches controls to rear air conditioning system (second menu level)
- ⑨ Sets the temperature on the right and at the rear (for vehicles with rear air conditioning system only) (→ page 113)
- ⑩ **SYNC** Switches synchronisation on/off (→ page 114)
- ⑪ **A/C** Switches cooling with air dehumidification on/off (→ page 112)
- ⑫ **FAN** Reduces airflow (→ page 113)
- ⑬ **REAR** Switches the rear window heater and mirror heater on/off (→ page 115)
- ⑭ **REST** Switches residual heat utilisation on/off (→ page 115)

Operating climate control systems

Switching the climate control system on/off

Front heating or TEMPTRONIC air conditioning

If climate control is switched off, the air supply and circulation will also be switched off. Use this setting only for a brief period. Otherwise, the windows could mist up.

- Switch on the ignition.
- **To switch on:** turn the **FAN** airflow control to level **1** or higher.
- **To switch off:** turn the **FAN** airflow control to level **0**.

Front THERMOTRONIC automatic climate control

- Switch on the ignition.
- **To switch on:** press the **AUTO** button. The indicator lamp on the **AUTO** button will light up. Climate control will automatically be regulated according to the set temperature.

or

- Press the **FAN** button and set a blower setting. The blower settings will be shown on the display as a bar graph.
- **To switch off:** press the **FAN** button and then press it again once the lowest blower setting has been reached. The operating unit display will go off.

Rear TEMPOMATIC air conditioning

- ▶ Switch on the TEMPOMATIC climate control.
- ▶ **To switch on:** press the  button on the air conditioning operating unit. The indicator lamp on the  button will light up when the rear climate control is switched on. The settings for temperature, airflow and, if a rear air conditioning system is fitted, air distribution will be adopted for the rear climate control.

Rear THERMOTRONIC automatic climate control

- ▶ Switch on the THERMOTRONIC automatic climate control.

To switch on:

- ▶ Press the  button on the automatic climate control operating unit. The indicator lamp on the  button will flash. The operating unit display will show the second menu level for the temperature and airflow setting of the rear air conditioning system.
- ▶ Press the  button and set a blower setting for the rear climate control. The blower settings will be shown on the display as a bar graph. The rear air conditioning system will be switched on.
- ▶ If necessary, set the temperature for the rear climate control using the temperature control. The display will show the selected rear-compartment temperature.

If you do not set a new value within approximately ten seconds, the operating unit display will return to the first menu level for the automatic climate control settings. The indicator lamp on the  button will light up continuously.

- ① The air distribution setting applies both to the automatic climate control and to the rear air conditioning system and cannot be set separately for the two.
- ▶ **To switch off:** press the  button on the automatic climate control operating unit. The indicator lamp on the  button will flash. The operating unit display will show the second menu level for the temperature and airflow setting of the rear air conditioning system.

- ▶ Press the  button and then press it again once the lowest blower setting has been reached. The operating unit display will go off and the rear air conditioning system will be switched off.

If you do not set a new value within approximately ten seconds, the operating unit display will return to the first menu level for the automatic climate control settings. The indicator lamp on the  button will go out.

- ① When the vehicle is started, the climate control settings most recently selected will be adopted automatically.

Switching the A/C function on/off

Requirements

- The climate control system has been switched on (→ page 111).
- The engine is running.

When the "Cooling with air dehumidification" function is switched on, the air inside the vehicle is cooled and dehumidified according to the temperature selected.

For THERMOTRONIC automatic climate control, the function for automatic climate control settings can be activated or deactivated only on the first menu level. If you do not set a new value for the rear-compartment climate control on the second menu level within approximately ten seconds, the control panel display will go back to the first menu level.

- ▶ Press the  button. The indicator lamp on the  button will light up when the function is switched on.
- ① Switch off the A/C function only briefly. Otherwise, the windows could mist up more quickly.
- ① Condensation may leak from the underside of the vehicle in cooling mode. This is not a sign of a defect.

Automatically regulating climate control

Requirements:

- The climate control system has been switched on (→ page 111).

THERMOTRONIC automatic climate control

When THERMOTRONIC automatic climate control is in automatic mode, the set temperature will

automatically be kept constant. The system automatically regulates the temperature of the dispensed air, the airflow and the air distribution.

Automatic mode for automatic climate control settings can be activated or deactivated only on the first menu level. If you do not set a new value for the rear-compartment climate control in the second menu level within approximately ten seconds, the control panel display will go back to the first menu level.

- ▶ Set the desired temperature (→ page 113).
- ▶ **To switch automatic mode on/off:** press the **AUTO** button.
When the indicator lamp on the **AUTO** button lights up, automatic mode is switched on. Airflow and air distribution are regulated automatically. The "Demist windscreen" function is switched off.

If you deactivate automatic mode, the automatic climate control will save the current settings.

In automatic mode, if you adjust the airflow or air distribution manually, the indicator lamp above the **AUTO** button will go out. The function that has not been changed manually, however, will continue to be regulated automatically.

Information on the air distribution settings

Heating or TEMPMATIC air conditioning

-  Directs air to the demister vents
-  Directs air to the centre and side air vents
-  Directs air to the footwell vents

THERMOTRONIC automatic climate control

-  Directs air to the demister vents
-  Directs air to the demister, centre and side air vents
-  Directs air to the demister, centre, side and footwell vents
-  Directs air to the demister and footwell vents
-  Directs air to the centre and side air vents
-  Directs air to the centre, side and footwell vents
-  Directs air to the footwell vents

Setting the air distribution

Requirements:

- The climate control system is switched on.

Heating or TEMPMATIC air conditioning

- ▶ Press the ,  and/or  button.
If the indicator lamp in a button lights up, the air is directed to the corresponding air vents.

THERMOTRONIC automatic climate control

- ▶ Press the **MODE**  or **MODE**  button to set the air distribution.
The control panel display shows the corresponding air distribution symbol.

Setting the airflow

Requirements

- The climate control system is switched on.

Heating or TEMPMATIC air conditioning

- ▶ **To increase or decrease:** turn the airflow control clockwise or anti-clockwise to the desired level (→ page 110).

Vehicles with rear climate control: the set level will also be adopted for the rear compartment.

THERMOTRONIC automatic climate control

- ▶ **To increase or decrease:** press the  or  button.
The control panel display will show the airflow control setting as a bar graph.

Vehicles with rear climate control: press the **REAR** button to set the airflow for the rear compartment. When the indicator lamp on the button flashes, you can set the airflow.

Setting the temperature

Requirements

- The climate control system is switched on.

Heating or TEMPMATIC air conditioning

- ▶ **To increase or decrease:** turn the temperature control anti-clockwise or clockwise (→ page 110).

THERMOTRONIC automatic climate control

You can set the temperature separately for the driver's and front passenger sides. In vehicles with rear climate control, the temperature for the rear passenger compartment can also be set.

Each set temperature is automatically maintained at a constant level.

- **To increase or decrease:** turn the corresponding temperature control anti-clockwise or clockwise (→ page 111).
The control panel display shows the set temperature for the left or right side at the respective edge of the display.

Vehicles with rear climate control: press the  button to set the temperature for the rear compartment. When the indicator lamp on the button flashes, you can set the temperature.

Switching the synchronisation function on/off

Requirements

- The climate control system has been switched on (→ page 111).

THERMOTRONIC automatic climate control

The temperature can be set centrally using the synchronisation function. The temperature setting for the driver's side will then be adopted for the front passenger side and, in vehicles with rear climate control, the rear compartment as well.

- Press the  button.
When the indicator lamp on the  button lights up, the function is switched on. The display will then show the temperature set on the driver's side for the front passenger side.

The synchronisation function will switch off if the temperature setting for the front passenger side or for the rear compartment is altered. The indicator lamp on the  button will go out.

Demisting the windscreen

Heating or TEMPMATIC air conditioning

You can use the following settings to defrost and demist the windscreen and the front side windows from the inside. Select the following settings only for as long as it takes for the windscreen to be clear.

- Switch on climate control (→ page 111).
- If necessary, switch on the rear window heater (→ page 115).
- If the windows are misted up: switch off air-recirculation mode (→ page 114).
- Turn the temperature control and airflow control to the  position (→ page 110).

- Select the  position for air distribution (→ page 113).
Only the indicator lamp on the  button will light up.
- Vehicles with heating: close the centre air vents (→ page 116).
- Vehicles with air conditioning: switch on the "Cooling with air dehumidification" function (→ page 112).

THERMOTRONIC automatic climate control

You can use the following settings to defrost and demist the windscreen and the front side windows from the inside. Select the following settings only for as long as it takes for the windscreen to be clear.

- Switch on climate control (→ page 111).
- If necessary, switch on the rear window heater (→ page 115).
- Press the  button.
The temperature, airflow and air distribution will be regulated automatically. Air-recirculation mode will be deactivated.

When you enable automatic mode, the "Demist windscreen" function will switch off automatically.

When you switch off the "Demist windscreen" function, the previous settings for automatic climate control will be applied again.

Note the following exceptions:

- Air-recirculation mode will remain switched off.
- If the A/C function has been automatically activated, it will remain active.

Switching air-recirculation mode on/off

Heating

When air-recirculation mode is switched on, the windows may mist up more quickly. Switch on air-recirculation mode only briefly.

- Press the  button.
When the indicator lamp on the  button lights up, air-recirculation mode is switched on.

After approximately five minutes at outside temperatures below approximately 7°C, air-recirculation mode will switch off automatically.

TEMPMATIC air conditioning or THERMOTRONIC automatic climate control

When air-recirculation mode is switched on, the windows may mist up more quickly. Switch on air-recirculation mode only briefly.

- ▶ Press the  button.
When the indicator lamp on the  button lights up, air-recirculation mode is switched on.

Air-recirculation mode will automatically switch on in the following cases:

- in high outside temperatures
- while the vehicle is driving through a tunnel (vehicles with THERMOTRONIC automatic climate control and navigation only)

After approximately 30 minutes, outside air will automatically be introduced again.

Air-recirculation mode will automatically switch off in the following cases:

- after approximately five minutes at outside temperatures below approximately 7°C
- after approximately five minutes when the "Cooling with air dehumidification" function is deactivated
- after approximately 30 minutes at outside temperatures above approximately 7°C and when the "Cooling with air dehumidification" function is switched on

Convenience opening/closing

⚠ WARNING Risk of entrapment due to not paying attention during convenience closing

When the convenience closing feature is operating, parts of the body could become trapped in the closing area of the side windows.

- ▶ When the convenience closing feature is operating, monitor the entire closing process and make sure that no body parts are in the closing area.

⚠ WARNING Risk of entrapment from the convenience opening feature

During convenience opening parts of the body could be drawn in or become trapped between the side window and window frame.

- ▶ When opening, make sure that nobody is touching the side windows.
- ▶ If someone becomes trapped, immediately press the  button in the door to open the side windows. The side windows stop.
- ▶ To continue closing the side windows, pull on the  button.

- ▶ **Convenience closing feature with the air-recirculation button:** press and hold the  button until the side windows close. The indicator lamp in the  button lights up and air-recirculation mode is activated.

- ▶ **Convenience opening with the air-recirculation button:** press the  button until the side windows open.

The side windows move back to their original positions.

The indicator lamp in the  button goes out and air-recirculation mode is deactivated.

- i** If you open the side windows manually after closing them using the convenience closing feature, they will remain in this position when opened using the convenience opening feature.

- ▶ **Pre-entry climate control and convenience opening with the key:** press and hold the  button on the key.
The side windows open automatically and the blower of the climate control system is activated.

Switching the rear window heater on/off

The rear window heater consumes a lot of electricity. You should therefore switch off the rear window heater as soon as the rear window is clear.

- ▶ Switch on the ignition.
- ▶ Press the  button on the control panel.
If the indicator lamp on the  button lights up, the rear window heater is switched on.

The rear window heater will switch off automatically after a few minutes.

Switching the residual heat utilisation on/off

When the engine is switched off, it is possible to make use of the residual heat of the engine to heat or ventilate the vehicle interior for approx-

imately 30 minutes. The heating or ventilation time depends on the set vehicle interior temperature.

▶ Switch off the engine or remove the key.

▶ **To switch on:** press the **REST** button. When residual heat utilisation is switched on, the indicator lamp on the **REST** button will light up.

The blower will run at a low speed regardless of the airflow setting.

If the "Residual heat" function is switched on at high outside temperatures, only the stationary ventilation will be switched on. The blower will then run at medium speed.

▶ **To switch off:** press the **REST** button again. The indicator lamp on the **REST** button will go out.

Residual heat utilisation will switch off automatically in the following cases:

- after a running time of approximately 30 minutes
- if the starter battery's charge status is too low
- when the ignition is switched on
- when the hot-water auxiliary heater is switched on

Operating air vents

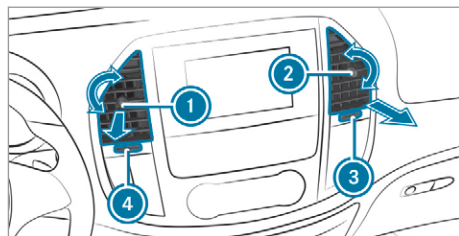
Adjusting the air vents

▲ WARNING Risk of burns and frostbite due to being too close to the air vents

Very hot or very cold air can flow from the air vents.

- ▶ Make sure that all vehicle occupants always maintain a sufficient distance from the air vents.
- ▶ If necessary, direct the airflow to another area of the vehicle interior.

Adjusting the centre air vents

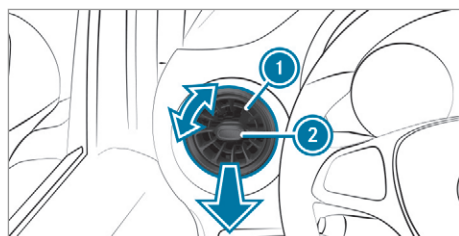


▶ **To open/close:** turn controller ① or ② to the right or left as far as it will go.

Adjusting the airflow direction:

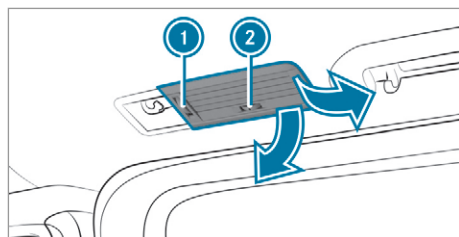
- ▶ hold the centre air vent by controller ① or ② and move it up or down.
- ▶ Using adjustment wheel ③ or ④, move the centre air vent to the left or right.

Adjusting the side air vents:



- ▶ **To open/close:** turn controller ② to the right or left as far as it will go.
- ▶ **To adjust the airflow direction:** hold side air vent ① by controller ② and move it up or down or to the left or right.

Opening/closing the rear air vents:



- ① Adjustment wheel for vertically adjusting and regulating airflow
- ② Adjustment wheel for horizontally adjusting airflow

The air vents can be adjusted only on vehicles with rear-compartment air conditioning.

- ▶ **To open:** turn adjustment wheel ❶ of the rear air vent to the centre position.
- ▶ **To close:** turn adjustment wheel ❶ to the upper or lower end position.

Auxiliary heating

Information about auxiliary heating

⚠ DANGER Risk of fatal injury due to poisonous exhaust gases

If the tailpipe is blocked or sufficient ventilation is not possible, poisonous exhaust gases such as carbon monoxide may enter the vehicle. This is the case in enclosed spaces or if the vehicle gets stuck in snow, for example.

- ▶ Always switch the stationary heater off in enclosed spaces without an air extraction systems, e.g. in garages.
- ▶ Keep the tailpipe and the area around the vehicle free from snow when the engine or the stationary heater are running.
- ▶ Open a window on the windward side of the vehicle to ensure an adequate supply of fresh air.

⚠ WARNING Risk of fire due to hot stationary heater components and exhaust gases

Flammable materials such as leaves, grass or twigs may ignite.

- ▶ When the stationary heater is switched on, make sure that:
 - hot vehicle parts do not come into contact with flammable materials.
 - the exhaust gas can flow out of the stationary heater exhaust pipe unhindered.
 - the exhaust gas does not come into contact with flammable materials.

The heater for the auxiliary heating is fitted at the front of the vehicle underbody. The emissions outlet is on the left side of the vehicle below the front door.

⚠ WARNING Risk of poisoning during work on the auxiliary warm-air heater

If work on the heat exchanger of the auxiliary warm-air heater is not performed correctly, exhaust fumes could leak into the passenger compartment.

- ▶ Have all work on the auxiliary warm-air heater carried out at a qualified specialist workshop.

If you are transporting hazardous materials, comply with the relevant safety regulations. Place objects a sufficient distance from the auxiliary heating outlet opening.

❗ NOTE Damage to the auxiliary heating due to overheating

If the flow of hot air is blocked, the auxiliary heating may overheat and switch off.

- ▶ Do not block the flow of hot air.

❗ NOTE Battery discharge caused by stationary heater or stationary ventilation operation

Operating the stationary heater or stationary ventilation drains the battery.

- ▶ After heating or ventilating the vehicle twice, drive for a longer period of time.

Your vehicle may be equipped with either a hot-water auxiliary heater or an auxiliary warm-air heater.

The **hot-water auxiliary heater** is adjusted and operated using the  button on the centre console and the on-board computer or by remote control.

The **auxiliary warm-air heater** is adjusted and operated via the switch clock in the stowage compartment below the centre console or by remote control.

Hot-water auxiliary heater

Function of the hot-water auxiliary heater

Observe the notes on auxiliary heating (→ page 117).

The hot-water auxiliary heater has a heater booster, stationary heater and stationary ventilation function. In addition, the auxiliary heating system heats the engine coolant to protect the engine.

The stationary heater is operated directly using the vehicle's fuel. For this reason, the fuel tank must be filled above the reserve level so that the stationary heater can work.

The stationary heater automatically adjusts its operating mode to changes in outside temperature and weather conditions. It is therefore possible that the stationary heater may switch from ventilation to heating mode or from heating to ventilation mode.

The stationary heater will automatically switch itself off after a maximum of 50 minutes. The heater booster function helps to heat up the vehicle while the engine is running and at low outside temperatures.

You can set up to three departure times for pre-entry climate control by remote control or via the on-board computer. The switch-on time is then calculated based on the outside temperature and the activated departure time. This means that your vehicle is preheated or precooled by the set departure time.

If the departure time is reached and the engine is not started, the auxiliary heating will continue to run for approximately five more minutes. It will then switch off automatically.

When the auxiliary heating is heating and the engine is started, the heater booster function of the auxiliary heating will be activated.

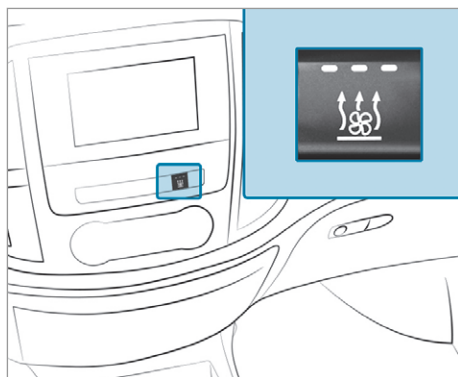
When the auxiliary heating is ventilating and the engine is started, the auxiliary heating will be automatically switched off.

Switching the hot-water auxiliary heater on/off with the button

Requirements

- The fuel tank is filled above the reserve level.

- ▶ Set the desired temperature on the operating unit (→ page 113).
If the temperature is not altered before the auxiliary heating is switched on, the last temperature setting will be adopted.



The coloured indicator lamps on the  button have the following meanings:

- Blue – stationary ventilation is switched on
- Red – the stationary heater is switched on
- Yellow – a departure time is preselected

▶ **To switch on:** press the  button.

If the red or blue indicator lamp on the  button lights up, the auxiliary heating is switched on.

If you switch on the auxiliary heating while the engine is running, you will activate the heater booster function of the auxiliary heating. The heater booster function supports the climate control system of your vehicle and helps to heat up the vehicle interior as quickly as possible.

At outside temperatures below -9°C, the heater booster function will be switched on automatically when the engine is started. The red indicator lamp on the  button will light up. Until the engine is started again, the heater booster function can be switched off as described for the auxiliary heating. When you switch off the engine, the heater booster function will be switched off automatically.

- ▶ **To switch off:** press the  button again. The red or blue indicator lamp on the  button will go out.

Adjusting the hot-water auxiliary heater by remote control

Requirements:

- The fuel tank is filled above the reserve level.

Switching on immediately



- ▶ Press and hold the **ON** button until the **ON** message appears on the remote control's display.

Setting the departure time

- ▶ Briefly press the **ON** button.
- ▶ Continue to press the **◀** or **▶** button until the time to be changed appears on the display.
- ▶ Press the **ON** and **OFF** buttons simultaneously. The  symbol on the remote control display will flash.
- ▶ Set the required departure time with the **◀** and **▶** buttons.
- ▶ Press the **ON** and **OFF** buttons simultaneously. The new departure time will be saved.

Up to three departure times can be saved.

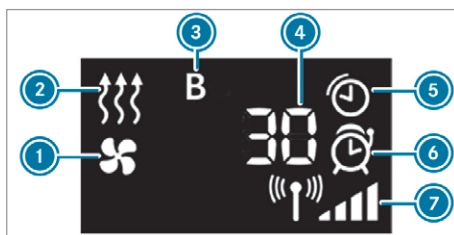
- ▶ **To activate the departure time:** briefly press the **ON** button.
- ▶ Select the required departure time with the **◀** and **▶** buttons.
- ▶ Press and hold the **ON** button. The  symbol, the departure time and, depending on the selected departure time, letter **A**, **B** or **C** will appear on the remote control's display.

- ▶ **To deactivate the departure time:** select the required departure time and press and hold the **OFF** button. **OFF** will appear on the display.
- ▶ **To check the status of the active stationary heater:** briefly press the **ON** button.

Switching off immediately

- ▶ Press and hold the **OFF** button.

Overview of remote control displays (stationary heating/ventilation)



- 1 Stationary ventilation switched on
- 2 Stationary heating switched on
- 3 Selected departure time
- 4 Remaining stationary heating or ventilation time (in minutes)
- 5 Stationary heating or ventilation active
- 6 Departure time activated
- 7 Signal strength

Further display options:

- **Time:** the selected departure time.
- **0 minutes:** the running time of the stationary heating extends as the engine has not yet reached the operating temperature.
- **OFF:** stationary heating or ventilation has been switched off.

Changing the remote control's battery (stationary heater)

⚠ DANGER Risk of fatal injuries due to swallowing batteries

Batteries contain toxic and corrosive substances. Swallowing batteries may cause severe internal burns within two hours.

There is a risk of fatal injuries.

- ▶ Keep batteries out of the reach of children.

- ▶ If the battery cover does not close securely, do not continue to use the remote control, and keep it out of the reach of children.
- ▶ If batteries are swallowed, seek medical attention immediately.



ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE Environmental damage due to improper disposal of batteries



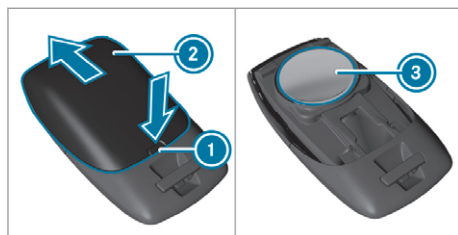
Batteries contain toxic and corrosive substances.



Take discharged batteries to a qualified specialist workshop or to a collection point for used batteries.

Requirements

- A CR2450 lithium battery is available.



- ▶ Push a pointed object into recess ①.
- ▶ Slide battery cover ② backwards in the direction of the arrow.
- ▶ Insert new battery ③ with the lettering facing upwards.
- ▶ Slide battery cover ② onto the remote control in the opposite direction to the arrow until the battery cover engages.

Adjusting the hot-water auxiliary heater with the on-board computer

Requirements

- The fuel tank is filled above the reserve level.
- The ignition is switched on.

Setting the departure time

Before setting your departure time, make sure that the clock on the on-board computer is set to

the correct time. Otherwise, the auxiliary heating will switch on at the wrong time and possibly in an unsuitable location. When setting your departure time, you should also observe the notes on auxiliary heating.

Use the buttons on the steering wheel.

- ▶ Use the ◀ or ▶ button to select the **Settings** menu.
- ▶ Use the ▼ or ▲ button to select **Heating**.
- ▶ Press the **OK** button to confirm. The display will show the current settings for the auxiliary heating.
If no departure time has been enabled, the display will show **No preselection**.
If a departure time has been enabled, the display will show its code letter, e.g. **Departure time A**, and the set departure time enabled.
- ▶ **To change the settings:** press the **OK** button again. The display will show the current settings in the **Departure time** list.
- ▶ **To enable a departure time:** use the ▼ or ▲ button to select one of the three departure times and confirm your selection with the **OK** button. The display will show the code letter and the set departure time enabled.
- ▶ **To deactivate the departure time:** use the ▼ or ▲ button to select **No preselection** and confirm your selection with the **OK** button.
- ▶ **To set the departure time:** use the ▼ or ▲ button to select **Change A**, for example, and confirm your selection with the **OK** button.
- ▶ Use the ◀ or ▶ button to switch between hours and minutes.
- ▶ Use the ▼ or ▲ button to set the hours or minutes.
- ▶ Press the **OK** button to confirm. The changed departure time will then be enabled. The display will show the relevant code letter along with the changed time.

Rectifying problems with the hot-water auxiliary heater

FAIL appears on the remote control display

Possible cause:

- Signal transmission between transmitter and receiver is malfunctioning.

► Change your position in relation to the vehicle, moving closer if necessary.

FAIL appears on the remote control display

Possible cause:

- The starter battery is not sufficiently charged.

► Charge the starter battery.

Possible cause:

- The fuel tank is not filled up to the reserve level.

► Refuel at the nearest filling station.

FAIL appears on the remote control display

Possible cause:

- The auxiliary heating has malfunctioned.

► Have the auxiliary heating checked at a qualified specialist workshop.

Auxiliary warm-air heater

Function of the auxiliary warm-air heater

Observe the notes on auxiliary heating (→ page 117).

The air-intake opening for the auxiliary warm-air heater is located on the inner side of the left front seat base. The warm-air outlet is on the rear side of the left front seat.

The auxiliary warm-air heater supplements the climate control system of your vehicle and has an auxiliary heating function.

The stationary heater will switch off automatically when the engine is switched off or when the set heating duration has elapsed.

The immediate heating mode of the auxiliary heating supports the climate control system when the engine is running and the outside temperature is low.

You have the following options for operating the auxiliary heating:

- The switch clock in the stowage compartment below the centre console
- Remote control

You can use the switch clock to set up to three departure times for pre-entry climate control.

Auxiliary warm-air heater switch clock overview

Use the switch clock to configure the following settings:

- Switching immediate heating mode on/off
- Setting up to three preselection times
- Setting the operating duration within a range of 10 to 120 minutes or to continuous operation
- Adjusting the heating level (preselected temperature).



- ① Program column on the display
 Selects preselection memory number 1-3
 Mon-Sun, sets days
- ② Menu bar on the display
 Switches immediate heating mode on/off
 Sets the preselection periods
 Sets the day, time and operating duration
 Sets the heating level
- ③ Display section for time, heating level and operating duration on the display
 Continuous operation on
 Heating level set

- ④ Selects an option in program column ① or on menu bar ② (forwards)
Increases values
- ⑤ Confirms a selection or setting
- ⑥ Status bar
 Heating mode on
- ⑦ Activates the switch clock
Cancels or terminates the settings in a menu
- ⑧ Selects an option in program column ① or on menu bar ② (backwards)
Reduces values

Operating the switch clock (auxiliary warm-air heater)

Activating the switch clock

The switch clock will switch to standby mode after ten seconds. The display will go off.

Saved settings will not be lost when the switch clock switches to standby mode.

- ▶ Press and hold the  button until menu bar ② and the time are shown on the display.

Setting the day, time and operating duration

When you switch the auxiliary heating on for the first time after a malfunction, set the day and time.

- ① You can find further information on malfunctions under "Problems with the auxiliary warm-air heater".
- ▶ Activate the switch clock.
- ▶ Press the  or  button until the symbol flashes on menu bar ②.
- ▶ Press the  button.
The selected day will flash in program column ①.
- ▶ Press the  or  button to select the desired day.
- ▶ Press the  button.
The selected day will be stored.
The hour value on the clock will flash.
- ▶ Set the hour and minute value on the clock to correspond with the day and confirm using the  button.
The time will be stored. Program column ① will not be shown and the operating duration will flash on display section ③.

operating duration within a range of 10 to 120 minutes or to continuous operation.

- ▶ Press the  or  button to set the minute value or the  symbol to select continuous operation.
- ▶ Press the  button.
The operating duration will be stored and the time will be shown on display section ③.

Setting the heating level

You can set the heating level to between 10 and 30.

The heating level corresponds to a preselected temperature for the vehicle interior. This is a guide value and, depending on the ambient temperature, may differ from the actual vehicle interior temperature.

- ▶ Activate the switch clock.
- ▶ Press the  or  button until the  symbol flashes on menu bar ②.
- ▶ Press the  button.
The heating level will flash on display section ③.
- ▶ Press the  or  button to set the desired heating level.
- ▶ Press the  button.

Immediate heating mode

- ▶ **To switch on:** activate the switch clock.
- ▶ Press the  or  button until the  symbol flashes on menu bar ②.
- ▶ Press the  button.
The  symbol will be shown on display section ③ and the operating duration will flash.
- ▶ Set the operating duration.
The temperature level will be shown on display section ③.
- ▶ **To switch off:** press the  or  button until the  symbol flashes on menu bar ②.
- ▶ Press the  button.
The  symbol will not be shown on display section ③.
The auxiliary heating will continue to run for approximately three minutes and will then switch off automatically.

The operating duration set is the default setting for immediate heating mode. You can set the

Preselected heating mode

Preselected heating mode is available only for vehicles that are not equipped to transport hazardous goods.

You can set three preselection periods using the switch clock.

When setting the preselection period, make sure that it corresponds not to the switch-on time but to the switch-off or departure time. The auxiliary heating will start up automatically prior to departure and run for the set operating duration.

If identical preselection periods (time and day) are set in the preselection memory, only the last preselection period set will be saved.

When switching on the auxiliary heating for the first time following a malfunction or voltage supply interruption, you will need to set the preselection periods again.

- ▶ **To set the switch-on time:** activate the switch clock.
- ▶ Press the  or  button until the **P** symbol flashes on menu bar ②.
- ▶ Press the **OK** button.
The preselection memory numbers **123** will be shown in program column ①. The selected preselection memory number will flash.
- ▶ Press the  or  button to select the desired preselection memory number.
- ▶ Press the **OK** button.
The preselection memory number will be selected. The days will be displayed.
- ▶ Set the day and time as described in the "Setting the day, time and operating duration" section.
The preselection period will be stored. Program column ① will be hidden. The message on and symbol  will appear on the ③ display section.
- ▶ Press the **OK** button.
The operating duration will flash on display section ③.
- ▶ Set the operating duration.
The operating duration for the preselection period will be stored. The time and the number of the set preselection memory will be shown.

① An underscore denotes the preselection memory that will be next to be activated in chronological order. The selected day will also be shown.

- ▶ **To deactivate the switch-on time:** complete the steps as described in the "Setting the switch-on time" section.
- ▶ If the  symbol is shown on display section ③: press the  or  button until off appears.
- ▶ Press the **OK** button.
The preselection period will be deactivated and the time will be shown on display section ③.

Operating the auxiliary heating by remote control (auxiliary warm-air heater)

You can switch the auxiliary heating on and off as well as set the operating duration with a remote control. The remote control must be synchronised with the auxiliary heating system receiver. For more information, please contact a qualified specialist workshop.

Store the remote control for the auxiliary heating such that the auxiliary heating function cannot be switched on unintentionally. In particular, ensure that the remote control is kept out of the reach of children.

The remote control has a range of approximately 300 m. The range is reduced by sources of radio interference or solid objects, for example.



- ① Indicator lamps
- ② Confirms settings
- ③ Switches the remote control on/off
Changing the operating duration or cancelling or terminating settings

Indicator lamp ① lights up in various ways to show different operating modes:

- Lights up red – remote control switched on
- Flashes red – auxiliary heating switched off

- Lights up green – auxiliary heating switched on
- Flashes green – change operating duration option active
- Flashes alternately red and green – remote control in synchronising mode

When the remote control battery is weak, indicator lamp ① will flash red rapidly.

► Replace the remote control battery (→ page 123).

- ① You can find further information on lamp statuses under "Problems with the auxiliary heating".

Switching the remote control on/off

The remote control will switch to standby mode after ten seconds. Indicator lamp ① will go out.

- **To switch on:** press and hold the  button until indicator lamp ① lights up red.
- **To switch off:** press and hold button  until indicator lamp ① goes out.

Switching auxiliary heating on and off

- Switch on the remote control.
- **To switch on:** when indicator lamp ① flashes red, press the  button. During data transfer, indicator lamp ① will light up red.
- When indicator lamp ① lights up green, the auxiliary heating is switched on.
- **To switch off:** when indicator lamp ① lights up green, press the  button. During data transfer, indicator lamp ① will light up red.
- When indicator lamp ① flashes red, the auxiliary heating is switched off.

Changing the operating duration

- Switch on the remote control.
- When indicator lamp ① flashes red, press the  and  buttons simultaneously. Indicator lamp ① will flash green.
- Press the  button repeatedly until the desired operating duration is shown.
- 20 minutes – indicator lamp ① will flash green twice.
 - 30 minutes – indicator lamp ① will flash green three times.
 - 40 minutes – indicator lamp ① will flash green four times.

- Press the  button. During data transfer, indicator lamp ① will light up red.
- When indicator lamp ① emits two long, green flashes, the selected operating duration is stored.
- If no adjustment is made to the operating duration, indicator lamp ① will flash six times and the remote control will enter standby mode.

Replacing the remote control battery (auxiliary warm-air heater)

⚠ DANGER Risk of fatal injuries due to swallowing batteries

Batteries contain toxic and corrosive substances. Swallowing batteries may cause severe internal burns within two hours.

There is a risk of fatal injuries.

- Keep batteries out of the reach of children.
- If the battery cover does not close securely, do not continue to use the remote control, and keep it out of the reach of children.
- If batteries are swallowed, seek medical attention immediately.

🔥 ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE Environmental damage due to improper disposal of batteries



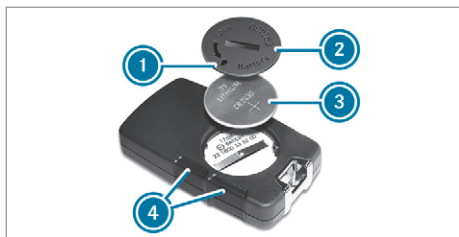
Batteries contain toxic and corrosive substances.



Take discharged batteries to a qualified specialist workshop or to a collection point for used batteries.

Requirements

- A CR2430 lithium battery is available.



- ▶ Remove battery cover ② using a suitable object, e.g. a coin, by turning it anti-clockwise.
- ▶ Check the seal on battery cover ② for damage and replace it if necessary.
- ▶ Remove battery ③.
- ▶ Insert a new battery ③ into the battery compartment with the positive terminal facing upwards. Use a lint-free cloth to do so.
- ▶ Position battery cover ② so that mark ① on the raised area points between two recesses ④.
- ▶ Turn the battery cover clockwise as far as it will go.
- ▶ Check all the functions of the remote control.

Rectifying problems with the auxiliary warm-air heater

The display section of the switch clock shows the message **Err**.

Possible cause:

- The fuel level in the fuel tank is too low.
The auxiliary heating switches off automatically.
- ▶ Refuel the vehicle.
- ▶ Start the auxiliary heating several times until the fuel lines are full.

Possible cause:

- A malfunction has occurred.
The auxiliary heating switches off automatically.
- ▶ Have the auxiliary heating checked at a qualified specialist workshop.

The message **ini** appears on the display section of the switch clock or the clock is flashing.

Possible cause:

- The on-board electrical system voltage has been interrupted. All saved settings have been deleted.
Automatic hardware detection is currently active.
- ▶ When automatic hardware detection is complete, set the day, time, operating duration and preselection period (→ page 122).

The indicator lamp on the remote control flashes red rapidly.

Possible cause:

- The remote control battery is discharged. Data transmission is not possible.
- ▶ Replace the remote control battery (→ page 124).

The indicator lamp on the remote control flashes red and green in rapid succession.

Possible cause:

- There is no connection between the remote control and the receiver in the vehicle.
- ▶ Change your position in relation to the vehicle, e.g. hold the remote control higher or move it to the side.
- ▶ Move closer.

If you cannot make a connection and the auxiliary heating is switched on, you can switch off the auxiliary heating only via the switch clock in the vehicle.

Possible cause:

- The remote control is not synchronised.
- ▶ Have the remote control synchronised at a qualified specialist workshop.

The indicator lamp on the remote control slowly flashes red and green alternately.

Possible cause:

- The remote control is not synchronised.
- ▶ Have the remote control synchronised at a qualified specialist workshop.

The auxiliary heating will not switch on or switches off automatically.

Possible cause:

- The air ducts are clogged.
- ▶ Ensure that the flow of hot air is not blocked.
 - ▶ Have the auxiliary heating checked at a qualified specialist workshop.

Driving

Key positions

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident and injury due to leaving children unattended in the vehicle

If children are left unattended in the vehicle, they could, in particular:

- open doors, thereby endangering other persons or road users.
- get out and be struck by oncoming traffic.
- operate vehicle equipment and become trapped, for example.

In addition, the children could also set the vehicle in motion by, for example:

- releasing the parking brake.
- changing the transmission position.
- starting the vehicle.

- ▶ Never leave children unattended in the vehicle.
- ▶ When leaving the vehicle, always take the key with you and lock the vehicle.
- ▶ Keep the vehicle key out of the reach of children.

⚠ DANGER Risk of death caused by exhaust gases

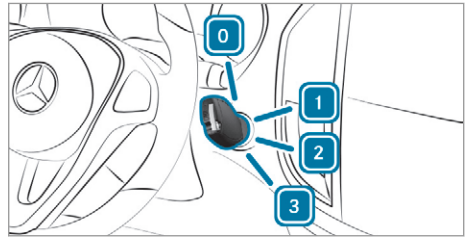
Combustion engines emit poisonous exhaust gases such as carbon monoxide. Inhaling these exhaust gases is hazardous to health and leads to poisoning.

- ▶ Never leave the engine or, if present, the auxiliary heating running in an enclosed space without sufficient ventilation.

⚠ WARNING Risk of fire due to flammable material in the engine compartment or the exhaust system

Flammable materials may ignite.

- ▶ Therefore, check regularly that there are no flammable materials in the engine compartment or on the exhaust system.



- 0** Inserting/removing the key
- 1** Switching on the power supply
- 2** Switching on the ignition
- 3** Start the engine

i If the key does not belong to the vehicle, it can still be turned in the ignition lock. However, the ignition will not be switched on. The engine cannot be started.

- ▶ Insert the key into the ignition lock in position **0** and turn it to the desired position.

Running-in notes

Protect the engine during the first 1,500 km by:

- driving at varying road and engine speeds.
- shifting to the next gear up when or before the rev counter needle is $\frac{2}{3}$ of the way to the red area.
- avoiding stress on the vehicle such as driving at full throttle.
- not shifting manually to a lower gear to brake.
- after 1,500 km, gradually increasing the engine speed and accelerating the vehicle up to full speed.
- **vehicles with automatic transmission:** not depressing the accelerator pedal beyond the pressure point (kickdown).

This also applies if the engine or parts of the drivetrain have been replaced.

Also observe the following running-in notes:

- After the vehicle has been delivered or after repairs, the sensor system of certain driving systems and certain driving safety systems adjust themselves automatically after the vehicle has been driven a certain distance. Full system effectiveness is not reached until the end of this teach-in process.
- New and replaced brakepads, brake disks and tyres only reach their optimal braking effect and traction after approximately 100 km.

Until then, compensate for the reduced braking effect by applying greater pressure to the brake pedal.

Driving tips

Notes on driving

WARNING Risk of accident due to objects in the driver's footwell

Objects in the driver's footwell may impede pedal travel or block a depressed pedal.

This jeopardises the operating and road safety of the vehicle.

- ▶ Stow all objects in the vehicle securely so that they cannot get into the driver's footwell.
- ▶ Ensure floor mats and carpets cannot slip and provide sufficient room for the pedals.
- ▶ Do not lay multiple floor mats or carpets on top of one another.

WARNING Risk of accident due to incorrect footwear

Incorrect footwear includes, for example:

- shoes with platform soles
- shoes with high heels
- slippers

There is a risk of an accident.

- ▶ Always wear suitable footwear so that you can operate the pedals safely.

WARNING Risk of accident when ignition switched off due to steering wheel locking

If you switch off the ignition when the vehicle is stationary, you can no longer steer the vehicle.

- ▶ Before the vehicle begins to roll, switch on the ignition to deactivate steering wheel locking.

WARNING Risk of accident if the ignition is switched off while driving

If you switch off the ignition while driving, safety functions are restricted or no longer available.

This may affect the power steering system and the brake force boosting, for example. You will need to use considerably more force to steer and brake, for example.

- ▶ Do not switch off the ignition while driving.

DANGER Risk of death caused by exhaust gases

Combustion engines emit poisonous exhaust gases such as carbon monoxide. Inhaling these exhaust gases is hazardous to health and leads to poisoning.

- ▶ Never leave the engine or, if present, the auxiliary heating running in an enclosed space without sufficient ventilation.

WARNING Risk of skidding and of an accident due to shifting down on slippery road surfaces

If you shift down on slippery road surfaces to increase the engine braking effect, the drive wheels may lose traction.

- ▶ Do not shift down on slippery road surfaces to increase the engine braking effect.

DANGER Risk of fatal injury due to poisonous exhaust gases

If the tailpipe is blocked or sufficient ventilation is not possible, poisonous exhaust gases such as carbon monoxide may enter the vehicle. This is the case when the vehicle becomes stuck in snow, for example.

- ▶ Keep the tailpipe and the area around the vehicle free from snow when the engine or the stationary heater are running.
- ▶ Open a window on the side of the vehicle facing away from the wind to ensure an adequate supply of fresh air.

NOTE Damage to the drivetrain and engine when pulling away

- ▶ Do not warm up the engine while the vehicle is stationary. Pull away immediately.

- ▶ Avoid high engine speeds and driving at full throttle until the engine has reached its operating temperature.

Notes on short-distance trips

If the vehicle is predominantly used in short-distance driving, a fault in the automatic cleaning function of the diesel particulate filter can occur. Due to this, fuel may also accumulate in the engine oil and cause engine failure.

During automatic cleaning, extremely hot exhaust gases escape from the exhaust pipe. Maintain a distance of at least 1 m to other objects, e.g. parked vehicles, in order to avoid material damage.

If you mainly drive short distances, you should drive on a motorway or go for a country drive for 20 minutes every 500 km. This facilitates the regeneration of the diesel particulate filter.

Information about driving abroad

Service

An extensive Mercedes-Benz service is also available abroad. Nevertheless, please remember that services or spare parts may not be available immediately. The relevant workshop directories are available from a Mercedes-Benz Service Centre.

Fuel

In some countries, only fuels with an increased sulphur content are available.

Unsuitable fuel can cause engine damage. You can find further information under "Fuel" (→ page 268).

AdBlue®

AdBlue® is not available in sufficient quality in all countries. Therefore, have the AdBlue® level checked at a qualified specialist workshop, particularly before driving outside Europe.

You can find information about AdBlue® in "Operating fluids and capacities" (→ page 269).

Low beam

In countries in which traffic drives on the opposite side of the road from the country in which the vehicle is registered, you will have to switch the headlamps to symmetrical dipped beam. This will prevent oncoming traffic from being dazzled. Symmetrical dipped beam will no longer illuminate the edge of the carriageway as far or as high.

Vehicles with halogen headlamps:

It is not necessary to change the headlamps over to symmetrical dipped beam. The statutory requirements of the countries in which traffic drives on the opposite side of the road from the country in which the vehicle is registered are also met without changing over.

Vehicles with LED headlamps:

You can set the low beam for driving on the right or left via the on-board computer (→ page 186).

Information about transport by rail

Transporting your vehicle by rail may be subject to certain restrictions or require special measures to be taken in some countries due to varying tunnel heights and loading standards.

You can obtain information about this from a Mercedes-Benz Service Centre.

Information on brakes

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to the brake system overheating

If you leave your foot on the brake pedal when driving, the brake system may overheat.

This increases the braking distance and the brake system may even fail.

- ▶ Never use the brake pedal as a footrest.
- ▶ Do not depress the brake pedal and the accelerator pedal at the same time while driving.

! NOTE Causing wear to the brake linings by permanently depressing the brake pedal

- ▶ Do not permanently depress the brake pedal while driving.
- ▶ To use braking effect of the engine, shift to a lower gear in good time.

Downhill gradients

On long and steep downhill gradients you should observe the following instructions:

- in vehicles with an automatic transmission, shift down to shift ranges **2** or **1** in good time so that the engine is running at a medium to high engine speed (→ page 137).
- in vehicles with a manual transmission, shift down to a lower gear in good time, so that the engine is running at a medium to high engine speed.

- ① Change the shift range in good time when cruise control or the limiter are activated. Observe the driving tips (→ page 128).

You thereby make use of the braking effect of the engine and do not have to brake as often to maintain the speed. This relieves the load on the service brake and prevents the brakes from overheating and wearing too quickly.

Heavy and light loads

If the brakes have been subjected to a heavy load, do not stop the vehicle immediately. Drive on for a short while. The brakes cool down more quickly in the airflow.

If the brakes have been used only moderately, you should occasionally test their effectiveness. To do this, brake more firmly from a higher speed while paying attention to the traffic conditions. The brakes will grip better as a result.

Wet road surfaces

If you have been driving for a long time in heavy rain without braking, there may be a delayed response when you first apply the brakes. This may also occur after driving through a car wash or deep water. You must depress the brake pedal more firmly. Maintain a greater distance to the vehicle in front.

While paying attention to the traffic conditions, you should brake the vehicle firmly after driving on a wet road surface or through a car wash. This heats the brake disks so that they dry more quickly, which protects them against corrosion.

Limited braking effect on salt-treated roads:

- a layer of salt on the brake disks or brakepads can increase braking distances considerably, or braking may happen on only one side
- maintain an especially large safe distance to the vehicle in front

To remove the layer of salt:

- apply the brakes from time to time, paying attention to traffic conditions
- carefully depress the brake pedal at the end of a journey and after the start of a new journey

New brake disks and brakepads

New brakepads and brake disks only reach their optimal braking effect after approximately 100 km.

Until then, compensate for the reduced braking effect by applying greater pressure to the brake pedal. For safety reasons, Mercedes-Benz recom-

mends that you only have brakepads and brake disks which are approved by Mercedes-Benz installed on your vehicle.

Other brake disks or brakepads may compromise the safety of your vehicle.

Always replace all brake disks and brakepads on an axle at the same time. Always fit new brakepads when replacing brake disks.

Parking brake

⚠ WARNING Risk of skidding or an accident by braking with the parking brake

If you have to brake your vehicle with the parking brake, the braking distance is considerably longer and the wheels may lock. There is an increased risk of skidding and/or accident.

- ▶ Only brake the vehicle with the parking brake if the service brake has failed.
- ▶ In this case, do not apply the parking brake with too much force.
- ▶ If the wheels lock, immediately release the parking brake as much as required for the wheels to turn again.

When driving on wet roads or dirt-covered surfaces, road salt or dirt may get into the parking brake. This causes corrosion and a reduction of braking force.

In order to prevent this, drive with the parking brake lightly applied from time to time.

When doing so, drive for a distance of approximately 100 m at a maximum speed of 20 km/h.

The brake lights do not light up when you brake the vehicle with the parking brake.

Information about driving on wet roads

Notes on aquaplaning

Aquaplaning can take place once a certain amount of water has accumulated on the road surface.

Observe the following notes during heavy precipitation or in conditions in which aquaplaning may occur:

- reduce your speed
- avoid tyre ruts
- avoid sudden steering movements
- brake carefully

Notes on driving through water on the road surface

If the maximum permissible height of the water is exceeded when fording, the vehicle can be damaged.

Observe the following if you must drive through water:

- the water level of standing water may not be above the lower edge of the front bumper
- you may drive no faster than walking pace
- vehicles travelling in front, or oncoming vehicles, can create waves which may exceed the maximum permissible height of the water

The braking effect of the brakes is reduced after fording. Brake carefully while paying attention to the traffic conditions until braking power has been fully restored.

Information about driving off-road

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident if you do not keep to line of fall on inclines

If you drive at an angle or turn on an incline, the vehicle could slip sideways, tip and roll-over.

- ▶ Always drive on inclines in the line of fall (straight up or down) and do not turn.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to the acceleration force during off-road driving

You could, for example, be thrown from your seat.

- ▶ Always wear a seat belt when driving off-road.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury to hands when driving over obstacles

If you drive over obstacles or fall into tyre ruts, the steering wheel can move abruptly of its own accord.

- ▶ Hold the steering wheel firmly with both hands at all times.
- ▶ Always hold the steering wheel such that your thumbs are on the outer side of the steering wheel rim.
- ▶ When driving over obstacles, be prepared to briefly use more force when steering, if necessary.

⚠ WARNING Risk of fire due to flammable materials on hot parts of the exhaust system

Flammable material such as leaves, grass or twigs may ignite if they come into contact with hot parts of the exhaust system.

- ▶ When driving on unpaved roads or off-road, regularly check the vehicle underside.
- ▶ Remove trapped plants or other flammable material, in particular.
- ▶ If there is damage, consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately.

ℹ NOTE Damage to the vehicle after driving off-road

Foreign bodies, such as stones and branches, could become trapped on the vehicle underside or on wheels and tyres while you are driving and cause damage to the vehicle.

Foreign bodies could cause the following damage:

- damage the suspension, the fuel tank or the brake system
- cause imbalances and thus vibrations
- ▶ Regularly remove any trapped foreign bodies, e.g. stones and branches.
- ▶ After driving off-road, check carefully whether there is any damage to the vehicle.
- ▶ If there is damage, have the vehicle checked at a qualified specialist workshop.

When driving off-road or on unpaved surfaces, check the vehicle underside, wheels and tyres regularly at regular intervals. In particular, remove any trapped foreign bodies, e.g. stones and branches.

Observe the following notes regarding foreign bodies of this kind:

- They may damage the suspension, the fuel tank or the brake system.
- They may disturb the balance and cause vibrations.
- They may be flung out from the vehicle when you continue driving.

If there is any damage, inform a qualified specialist workshop.

When driving off-road on steep inclines, you must make sure that the AdBlue® tank is sufficiently filled. Therefore, ensure a level of at least ten litres before off-road driving.

When driving off-road and on construction sites, sand, mud and water, also mixed with oil, can get into the brakes. This may lead to a reduction in braking effect or total brake failure, also as a result of increased wear. The braking characteristics will vary depending on the material that has got into the system. Clean the brakes after driving off-road. If you then notice a reduced braking effect or hear scraping noises, have the brake system checked immediately at a qualified specialist workshop. Adjust your driving style to the changed braking characteristics.

Driving off-road or on construction sites increases the possibility of vehicle damage which may in turn lead to the failure of certain major assemblies and systems. Adapt your driving style to the off-road driving conditions. Drive carefully. Have any vehicle damage rectified at a qualified specialist workshop as soon as possible.

When driving on rough cross-country terrain, do not shift the transmission to neutral and do not disengage the clutch. You could lose control when attempting to brake the vehicle with the service brake. If your vehicle cannot manage an uphill incline, drive back down in reverse gear.

When loading your vehicle for off-road driving or on a construction site, keep the vehicle's centre of gravity as low as possible.

Checklist before off-road driving

- Check the fuel and AdBlue® levels (→ page 173) and top up if necessary (→ page 140).
- **Engine:** check the oil level and top up with oil if necessary (→ page 220). Before driving up or down extreme inclines or slopes, fill the oil to the maximum level.
- ① If you drive up or down extreme inclines or slopes, the  symbol may appear in the multifunction display. The engine operating safety is not put at risk if you have filled the engine oil to the maximum level before the journey.

- **Vehicle tool kit:** check that the jack is working (→ page 244).
- Make sure that a wheel wrench, a wooden underlay for the jack, a robust tow rope, a folding spade and a wheel chock (depending on equipment) are carried in the vehicle (→ page 244).
- **Tyres and wheels:** check the tyre tread depth (→ page 247) and the tyre pressure (→ page 254).

Rules for off-road driving

Always be aware of the ground clearance of the vehicle and avoid obstacles such as deep tyre ruts.

Obstacles can damage the following parts of the vehicle, for example:

- suspension
- drivetrain
- fuel and supply tanks

Therefore, always drive slowly when off-road. If you must drive over obstacles, have the co-driver instruct you.

- ① Mercedes-Benz recommends that you additionally carry a shovel and a recovery rope with a shackle in the vehicle.
- Make sure that loads and items of luggage are securely stored or lashed down (→ page 204).
- Before driving off-road, stop the vehicle and engage a low gear.
- **All-wheel drive vehicles:** activate DSR when you are driving downhill (→ page 154).
- If the surface requires, temporarily deactivate ESP® when pulling away (→ page 147).
- Only drive off-road with the engine running and a gear engaged.
- Drive slowly and smoothly. It may often be necessary to drive at walking pace.
- Avoid spinning the driven wheels.
- Always ensure that the wheels remain in contact with the ground.
- Exercise the utmost caution when driving across unfamiliar, unpredictable terrain. As a precaution, get out of the vehicle to take a look at the route to be taken first.

- Look out for obstacles (e.g. rocks, holes, tree stumps and tyre ruts).
- Avoid edges where the surface could crumble or break away.

Checklist after driving off-road

Driving over rough terrain places greater demands on your vehicle than normal road operation. Check your vehicle after driving on rough terrain. This allows you to detect damage promptly and reduce the risk of an accident for yourself and other road users. Clean your vehicle thoroughly before driving on public roads.

If you find damage to the vehicle after off-road driving, have the vehicle checked at a qualified specialist workshop immediately.

Observe the following points after driving off-road, on construction sites and before driving on public roads:

- **All-wheel drive vehicles:** deactivate DSR (→ page 154).
- Activate ESP® (→ page 147).
- Clean the exterior lighting, particularly the headlamps and tail lamps, and check them for damage.
- Clean the front and rear licence plates.
- Clean the windscreen, windows and outside mirrors.
- Clean the steps, entrances and grab handles. This will make your footing safer.
- Clean the wheels and tyres, wheel wells and the underbody of the vehicle with a water jet. This increases road adhesion, especially on wet roadways.
- Check the wheels and tyres and wheel wells for trapped foreign objects and remove them. Trapped foreign objects can damage the wheels and tyres or may be flung out from the vehicle when continuing the journey.
- Check the underbody for trapped branches or other parts of plants and remove them.
- Clean the brake disks, brakepads and axle joints, particularly after operation in sand, mud, grit and gravel, water or similarly dirty conditions.
- Check the entire floor assembly, the tyres, wheels, bodywork structure, brakes, steering, suspension and exhaust system for any damage.

- Check the service brake for operating safety, e.g. carry out a brake test.
- If you notice strong vibrations after driving off-road, check the wheels and drivetrain for foreign objects again. Remove any foreign objects which can lead to imbalances and thus cause vibrations. In the event of damage to the wheels and the drive train, visit a qualified specialist workshop immediately.

Notes on driving in mountainous areas

Vehicles with diesel engines: the operating safety of the diesel engine is guaranteed up to an elevation of 2,500 m above sea level. You may exceed this elevation for a short time, e.g. in mountainous terrain. Do not drive continuously at elevations above 2,500 m. Otherwise, you may damage the diesel engine.

When driving in mountainous areas, note that engine output, and therefore start-off gradeability, will decrease with increasing elevation. The ECO start/stop function is no longer available when driving at elevations higher than 2,500 m above sea level. Observe the notes on braking on downhill gradients (→ page 129).

The maximum permissible trailer loads are valid for journeys at elevations up to 1,000 m above sea level with gradients up to 12% (→ page 276).

ECO start/stop function

Operation of the ECO start/stop function

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident and injury due to automatic engine starting

If the engine was switched off automatically and you then get out, it started again automatically. The vehicle could pull away.

► Before leaving the vehicle, always switch off the ignition and secure the vehicle against rolling away.

Displaying the ECO start/stop function in the instrument cluster:

- : The ECO start/stop function operational.
- : Not all on vehicle conditions for an automatic engine stop are met.

i Depending on the engine, the  symbol first appears during the automatic engine stop or during the journey.

If all the vehicle conditions for an automatic engine stop are met, the engine will be automatically switched off:

- **Vehicles with manual transmission:** you decelerate the vehicle to a lower speed, then engage neutral **[N]** and then release the clutch pedal.
- **Vehicles with automatic transmission:** you stop the vehicle in transmission position **[D]** or **[N]**.

The engine restarts automatically in the following cases:

- **Vehicles with manual transmission:** You depress the clutch pedal.
- **Vehicles with automatic transmission:** You release the brake pedal in transmission position **[D]** and with the HOLD function deactivated.
- **Vehicles with automatic transmission:** You select transmission position **[D]** or **[R]**.
- You depress the accelerator pedal.
- A vehicle automatic engine start is required.

If the engine was switched off by the ECO start/stop function and one of the doors is opened, the engine will automatically start.

Switching the ECO start/stop function off/on

- ▶ Press the **[A]** button on the centre console. When the indicator lamp in the **[A]** button lights up, the ECO start/stop function is activated.

Manual transmission

Using the gearshift lever

! **NOTE** Damage to the engine and transmission by shifting to a gear that is too low

- ▶ When changing between gears **[5]** and **[6]** push the gearshift lever to the right.
- ▶ Do not shift down at high speeds.

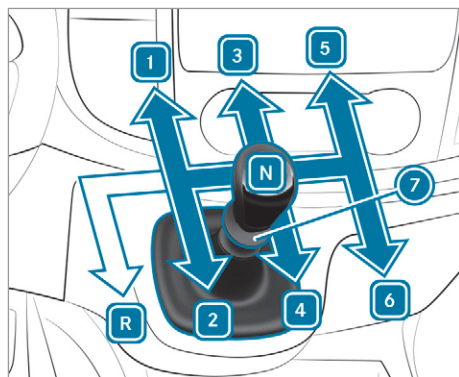
! **NOTE** Damage to the transmission by shifting to reverse gear **[R]** while the vehicle is in motion

- ▶ Only shift into reverse gear **[R]** when the vehicle is stationary.

! **NOTE** Damage to the coupling due to improper use

Holding the vehicle on inclines with a slipping coupling can damage it.

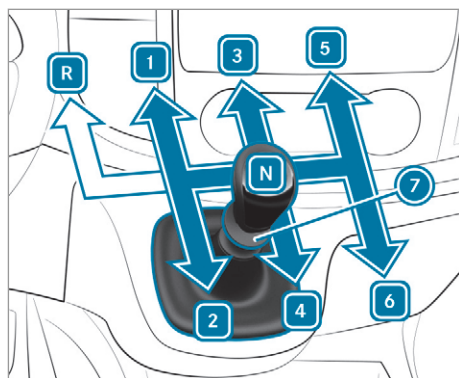
- ▶ Do not allow the coupling to slip in order to hold the vehicle on inclines.



Vehicles with rear wheel drive

- [R]** Reverse gear
- [1] - [6]** Forward gears
- [7]** Reverse gear pull ring
- [N]** Neutral

- ▶ Fully depress the clutch pedal and shift the gearshift lever to the desired position. If, when starting the vehicle, the clutch pedal is not depressed or is not sufficiently depressed, the  symbol appears in the multifunction display.



Vehicles with front wheel drive

- [R]** Reverse gear

- 1 - 6 Forward gears
- 7 Reverse gear pull ring
- N Neutral

► Fully depress the clutch pedal and shift the gearshift lever to the desired position. If, when starting the vehicle, the clutch pedal is not depressed or is not sufficiently depressed, the  symbol appears in the multifunction display.

Gearshift recommendation

The gearshift recommendations assist you in adopting an economical driving style. Depending on the equipment, this will appear at the top or bottom of the multifunction display.



- If gearshift recommendation ① appears, shift to the recommended gear.
- ① In vehicles with an ECO start/stop function, a gearshift recommendation to switch to neutral **N** will be displayed as well.

Automatic transmission

DIRECT SELECT lever

Function of the DIRECT SELECT lever

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident and injury due to leaving children unattended in the vehicle

If children are left unattended in the vehicle, they could, in particular:

- open doors, thereby endangering other persons or road users.
- get out and be struck by oncoming traffic.
- operate vehicle equipment and become trapped, for example.

In addition, the children could also set the vehicle in motion by, for example:

- releasing the parking brake.
- changing the transmission position.
- starting the vehicle.

- Never leave children unattended in the vehicle.
- When leaving the vehicle, always take the key with you and lock the vehicle.
- Keep the vehicle key out of the reach of children.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to incorrect gearshifting

If the engine speed is higher than the idle speed and you engage the transmission position **D** or **R**, the vehicle may accelerate sharply.

- If you engage the transmission position **D** or **R** when the vehicle is at a standstill, always depress the brake pedal firmly and do not accelerate at the same time.

Vehicles with 7-speed automatic transmission:

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to the vehicle rolling away

When the engine is switched off, the automatic transmission shifts into neutral position **N**.

- Always shift to park position **P** before switching off the engine.
- Secure against rolling away with the parking brake.

! NOTE Transmission damage due to shifting at high engine speed or when the vehicle is rolling

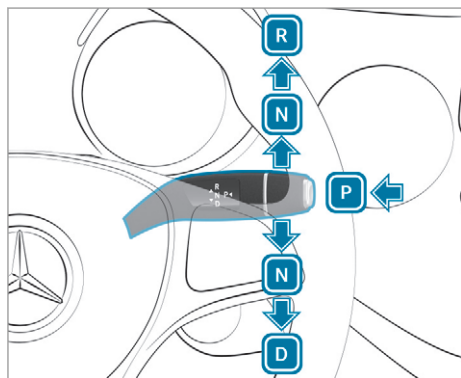
You can damage the automatic transmission if you shift from **D** to **R**, from **R** to **D** or directly to **P** when the engine speed is too high or the vehicle is rolling.

- Only change the transmission position when the vehicle is stationary.

Depending on the transmission, the automatic transmission switches to transmission position

P (9-speed automatic transmission) or **N** (7-speed automatic transmission) when switching off the engine. The power transmission between the engine and transmission is interrupted in transmission position **N**. In this case, shift the automatic transmission to transmission position **P** before switching off the engine when the vehicle is stationary. Observe the messages on the multifunction display. Apply the parking brake to prevent the vehicle from rolling away.

You use the DIRECT SELECT lever to switch the transmission position. The current transmission position appears in the multifunction display (→ page 177).



- P** Park position
- R** Reverse gear
- N** Neutral
- D** Drive position

Engaging reverse gear R

- ▶ Depress the brake pedal and push the DIRECT SELECT lever upwards past the first point of resistance.

Selecting neutral N

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident and injury when neutral position engaged

The vehicle can roll away if the parking brake is not applied and you park the vehicle with the neutral position **N** engaged.

There is a risk of accident and injury.

- ▶ Before parking the vehicle, apply the parking brake.

- ▶ Press the brake pedal and the DIRECT SELECT lever upwards or downwards to the first point of resistance.

- ⓘ When you switch off the engine, the 7-speed automatic transmission automatically shifts into neutral **N**.

Releasing the brake pedal will allow you to move the vehicle freely, for example, to push it or tow it.

If the automatic transmission should also stay in neutral **N** when the ignition is switched off, proceed as follows:

- ▶ **7-speed automatic transmission:** leave the key in the ignition lock.
- ▶ **9-speed automatic transmission:** start the vehicle.
- ▶ Depress the brake pedal and engage neutral **N**.
- ▶ Release the brake pedal.
- ▶ Switch off the ignition and leave the key in the ignition lock.

Engaging park position P

- ▶ Press the **P** button on the DIRECT SELECT lever when the vehicle is stationary.

Park position **P** is engaged automatically when one of the following conditions is met:

- You switch off the engine in transmission position **D** or **R** (9-speed automatic transmission).
- If you remove the key from the ignition lock.
- You open the driver's door when the vehicle is stationary or when driving at a very low speed and in transmission position **D** or **R**.

Engaging drive position D

- ▶ Depress the brake pedal and push the DIRECT SELECT lever downwards past the first point of resistance.

The automatic transmission shifts through the individual gears automatically when it is in transmission position **D**. This is determined by the following factors:

- The drive program selected (→ page 137)
- Shift range is limited (→ page 137)
- Position of the accelerator pedal
- Driving speed

Rocking the vehicle free

This function is only available for vehicles with 7-speed automatic transmission.

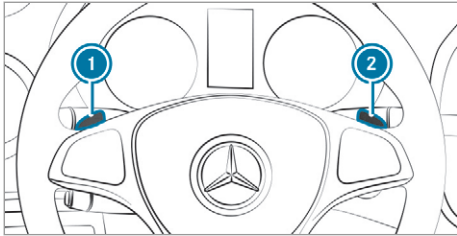
At speeds of up to 9 km/h, you can switch between transmission positions **D** and **R** without applying the brakes. This helps when rocking the vehicle free out of snow or slush.

- ▶ Push the DIRECT SELECT lever alternately upwards and downwards past the first point of resistance.

Restricting the shift range

Requirements

- transmission position **D** is engaged (→ page 136).
- drive program **C**, **E** or **S** is selected (→ page 138).



- ▶ **To restrict the shift range:** briefly pull the steering wheel gearshift paddle ①. The automatic transmission shifts to the next lower gear, depending on the gear currently engaged. The shift range is also restricted.

The shift range selected is shown in the multifunction display. The automatic transmission shifts only as far as the selected gear.

- ▶ Pull and hold the steering wheel gearshift paddle ①. The automatic transmission will change to a shift range which allows easy acceleration and deceleration. To do this, the automatic transmission shifts down one or more gears and restricts the shift range.

The shift range selected is shown in the multifunction display. The automatic transmission shifts only as far as the selected gear.

- ① The automatic transmission does not shift down if you pull the steering wheel gearshift paddle ① whilst travelling at too high a speed.
If the maximum engine speed for the restricted shift range is reached and you continue

to depress the accelerator pedal, the automatic transmission will shift up automatically. This protects against engine overrev.

- ▶ **To de-restrict the shift range:** briefly pull the steering wheel gearshift paddle ②. The automatic transmission shifts to the next gear up, depending on the gear currently engaged. This de-restricts the shift range at the same time.

The shift range selected is shown in the multifunction display. The automatic transmission shifts only as far as the selected gear.

- ▶ **To de-restrict the shift range:** pull and hold the steering wheel gearshift paddle ②.

or

- ▶ engage transmission position **D** again (→ page 136). The automatic transmission shifts up one or more gears depending on the gear currently engaged. Simultaneously, the shift range restriction is deactivated and the transmission position appears in the multifunction display **D**.

Recommended shift ranges for the following driving conditions:

- ③ use the engine's braking effect.
- ② use the engine's braking effect on downhill gradients and when driving on steep roads, in mountainous areas as well as under arduous operating conditions.
- ① use the engine's braking effect on extremely steep downhill gradients and on long downhill stretches.

Drive programs

Function of the DYNAMIC SELECT button

- ① Depending on the engine line-up and equipment, the vehicle has different drive programs.

Use the DYNAMIC SELECT button to change between the following drive programs.

The drive program selected appears in the multifunction display next to the transmission position display. After starting the engine, the automatic transmission switches automatically to drive program **C**.

[M] Manual

- Permanent manual gearshifting

[S] Sport

- Stable, but sporty handling
- Can lead to higher fuel consumption

[C] Comfort

- Comfortable and economical driving
- Ideal balance between traction and stability
- Improved driving stability, e.g., on slippery road surfaces

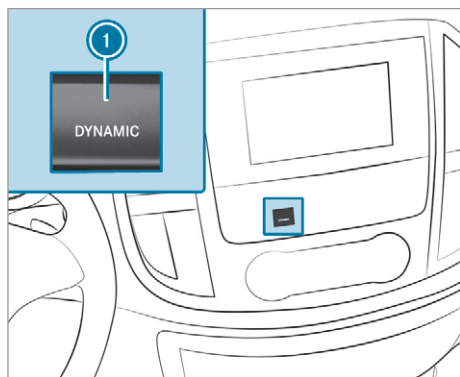
[E] Eco

- Particularly economical driving
- Reduced engine torque
- For kickdown, automatic change after **[C]**
- Improved driving stability, e.g., on slippery road surfaces

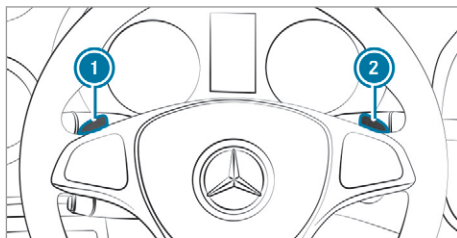
 / Lift (vehicles with AIRMATIC):

- Driving up to a speed of approx. 30 km/h with increased vehicle level for greater ground clearance
- Comfortable and economical driving
- Starting from a speed of approx. 100 km/h, automatic change after **[C]**

i For the drive program **Lift**, the multifunction display shows the  symbol next to the transmission position display. The multimedia system media display shows the  icon.

Selecting the drive program

- Press the DYNAMIC SELECT controller **1** as many times as necessary until the desired drive program is selected. The drive program selected appears in the multifunction display.

Manual shifting

You can change gear manually with the steering wheel gearshift paddles when the automatic transmission is in position **[D]**. If permissible, the automatic transmission shifts to a higher or lower gear depending on the steering wheel gearshift paddle that has been pulled.

To shift the automatic transmission manually, you have the following options:

- Temporary setting in all drive programs except **[M]** with simultaneous limitation (→ page 137) of the shift range.
- Permanent setting in drive program **[M]**.

Permanent setting:

- Select the drive program **[M]** (→ page 138). The **[M]** transmission position and current gear appears in the multifunction display.
- i** Permanent manual shifting is deactivated automatically when you switch from drive program **[M]** to another drive program. The **[D]** transmission position is shown again in the multifunction display.
- **To shift up:** pull steering wheel gearshift paddle **2**.
If the engine speed is sufficient, the automatic transmission shifts up to the next gear.

If the maximum engine speed is reached in the currently engaged gear and you continue to accelerate, the automatic transmission will not shift up automatically. Always make sure that the engine speed does not reach the red area of the rev counter. Observe the gearshift recommendation in the multifunction display. When the engine

reaches its maximum speed, the fuel supply is cut to prevent the engine from overrevving.

► **To shift down:** pull steering wheel gearshift paddle ①.

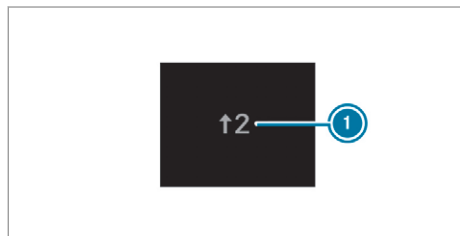
Provided that the engine will not exceed its maximum speed when shifting down, the automatic transmission shifts to the next lower gear.

If you pull and hold the steering wheel gearshift paddle ①, the transmission shifts to the lowest possible gear.

① When coasting, the automatic transmission shifts down automatically.

Gearshift recommendation

The gearshift recommendations assist you in adopting an economical driving style. It will appear in the transmission position and drive program display.



► If gearshift recommendation ① appears, shift to the recommended gear.

Using kickdown

► **For maximum acceleration:** depress the accelerator pedal beyond the pressure point.

① The drive program switches automatically from **E** to **C** (vehicles with drive program **E**).

All-wheel drive

Notes on all-wheel drive

4x4 all-wheel drive ensures permanent drive for all four wheels, and together with ESP® it improves the traction of the vehicle.

① In wintry road conditions, the maximum effect of the all-wheel drive system can be achieved only if you use winter tyres (M+S tyres), with snow chains if necessary.

Use DSR (Downhill Speed Regulation) when driving downhill off-road (→ page 154).

If you fail to adapt your driving style or if you are inattentive, the all-wheel drive system can neither reduce the risk of an accident nor override the laws of physics. The all-wheel drive system cannot take road, weather and traffic conditions into account. The all-wheel drive system is only an aid. You are responsible especially for maintaining a safe distance from the vehicle in front, for vehicle speed, for braking in good time and for staying in lane.

AIRMATIC

Function of AIRMATIC

AIRMATIC is an air suspension system with an all-round level control system, which also ensures the best possible suspension and constant ground clearance, even with a laden vehicle. When you drive at speed, the vehicle is lowered automatically to improve driving safety and to reduce fuel consumption. There is also the option of raising the vehicle level while driving slowly, e.g. for driving off public roads. The AIRMATIC settings are dependent on the drive program selection.

AIRMATIC consists of the following functions and components:

- all-round air suspension
- speed-dependent lowering to reduce fuel consumption
- high level for greater ground clearance when driving slowly; set with drive program **Lift** / , e.g. off public roads
- DYNAMIC SELECT button

① For the drive program **Lift**, the multifunction display shows the symbol next to the transmission position display. The media display for the multimedia system shows the symbol.

Vehicle levels per drive program

Drive programs **C** and **M**:

- the vehicle is set to normal level
- from speeds of approx. 110 km/h, the vehicle lowers
- at speeds below approx. 75 km/h, the vehicle is raised again

Drive program :

- the vehicle is set to the lower level
- at higher speeds, the vehicle level does not continue to lower

Drive program  / :

- the vehicle is set to the higher level
- at speeds above approx. 30 km/h, the vehicle level lowers to the normal level
- at speeds below approx. 10 km/h, the vehicle is raised again
- at speeds above approx. 100 km/h, the vehicle switches to drive program 

 If the vehicle is raised in the **Lift** drive program or lowered when changing from the **Lift** drive program to another drive program, occasional creaking noises may occur at the brake.

 **Operation with a trailer or bicycle rack:** if the electrical connection has been correctly established, the vehicle remains on normal level regardless of speed.

System limits

AIRMATIC may not be available or have only limited availability in the following cases:

- The overheating protection has been activated due to frequent level changes within a short time. The **Compressor is cooling** message is then shown in the multifunction display.

After the cooling phase, AIRMATIC is again available without restrictions.

Refuelling

Refuelling the vehicle

 **WARNING** Risk of fire or explosion from fuel

Fuels are highly flammable.

- ▶ Fire, naked flames, smoking and creation of sparks must be avoided.
- ▶ Switch off the ignition and, if available, the stationary heater, before and while refuelling the vehicle.

 **WARNING** Risk of injury from fuels

Fuels are poisonous and hazardous to your health.

- ▶ Do not swallow fuel or let it come into contact with skin, eyes or clothing.
- ▶ Do not inhale fuel vapour.
- ▶ Keep children away from fuel.
- ▶ Keep doors and windows closed during the refuelling process.

If you or other people come into contact with fuel, observe the following:

- ▶ Immediately rinse fuel off your skin with soap and water.
- ▶ If fuel comes into contact with your eyes, immediately rinse them thoroughly with clean water. Seek medical attention immediately.
- ▶ If you swallow fuel, seek medical attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting.
- ▶ Change immediately out of clothing that has come into contact with fuel.

 **WARNING** Risk of fire and explosion due to electrostatic charge

Electrostatic charge can ignite fuel vapour.

- ▶ Before you open the fuel filler cap or take hold of the pump nozzle, touch the metallic vehicle body.
- ▶ To avoid creating another electrostatic charge, do not get into the vehicle again during the refuelling process.

 **WARNING** Risk of fire from fuel mixture

Vehicles with a diesel engine:

If you mix diesel fuel with petrol, the flash point of the fuel mixture is lower than that of pure diesel fuel.

While the engine is running, component parts in the exhaust system may overheat without warning.

- ▶ Never refuel using petrol.
- ▶ Never mix petrol with diesel fuel.

! NOTE Do not use diesel to refuel vehicles with a petrol engine

If you have accidentally refuelled with the wrong fuel:

- do not switch the ignition on. Otherwise fuel can enter the engine.
- Even small amounts of the wrong fuel could result in damage to the fuel system and the engine. The repair costs are high.
- ▶ Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
 - ▶ Have the fuel tank and fuel lines drained completely.

! NOTE Do not use petrol to refuel vehicles with a diesel engine

If you have accidentally refuelled with the wrong fuel:

- do not switch the ignition on. Otherwise, fuel can enter the fuel system.
- Even small amounts of the wrong fuel could result in damage to the fuel system and the engine. The repair costs are high.
- ▶ Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
 - ▶ Have the fuel tank and fuel lines drained completely.

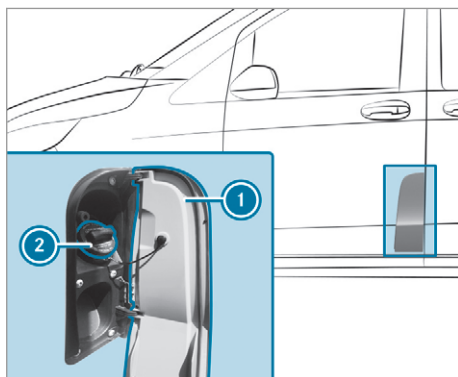
! NOTE Damage to the fuel system caused by overfilled fuel tanks

- ▶ Only fill the fuel tank until the pump nozzle switches off.

Requirements

- The vehicle is unlocked.
 - The auxiliary heating is switched off.
 - The ignition is switched off.
 - The front left-hand door is open.
- i** Do not get back into the vehicle during the refuelling process. Otherwise, electrostatic charge could build up again.

Observe the notes on operating fluids
(→ page 267).



- ▶ Open fuel filler flap **1**.
- ▶ Turn fuel filler cap **2** anti-clockwise and remove it.
- ▶ Close all vehicle doors to prevent fuel vapours from entering the vehicle interior.
- ▶ Completely slide the filler neck of the pump nozzle into the tank, hook in place and refuel.
- ▶ Fill the fuel tank only until the pump nozzle switches off.
- ▶ Replace fuel filler cap **2** and turn it clockwise. You will hear a click when the fuel filler cap is closed fully.
- ▶ Open the front left-hand door.
- ▶ Close fuel filler flap **1**.

i **Vehicles with a diesel engine and incorrect fuelling protector against refuelling with petrol:** the filler neck is designed for refuelling at diesel filling pumps for passenger vehicles.

i **Vehicles with a diesel engine without an incorrect fuelling protector:** refuelling preferred at diesel filling pumps for passenger vehicles. However, you can also refuel at a diesel filling pump for lorries.

i If the fuel tank has been run completely dry, top up with at least 5 l of fuel. Before starting the engine again: switch on the ignition three or four times.

i Vehicles that can use a mixture of fuels can be recognised by the sticker "Ethanol up to E85!" on the fuel filler flap.

AdBlue®

Notes on AdBlue®

AdBlue® is a water-soluble fluid for the exhaust gas aftertreatment of diesel engines. In order for the exhaust gas aftertreatment to function properly, only use AdBlue® in accordance with ISO 22241.

AdBlue® has the following properties:

- non-toxic
- colourless and odourless
- non-flammable

If you open the AdBlue® tank, small amounts of ammonia vapour may be released. Fill the AdBlue® tank only in well-ventilated areas.

Do not let AdBlue® come into contact with skin, eyes or clothes. Keep AdBlue® away from children.

Do not ingest AdBlue®. If AdBlue® is swallowed, immediately rinse your mouth out thoroughly. Drink plenty of water. Seek medical attention at once.

Observe the notes on the operating fluid AdBlue® (→ page 270).

AdBlue® availability:

- AdBlue® can be topped up at a qualified specialist workshop, e.g. a Mercedes-Benz Service Centre.
- AdBlue® is available at numerous filling stations via AdBlue® filling pumps.
- Alternatively, AdBlue® is available at qualified specialist workshops, e.g. a Mercedes-Benz Service Centre, and at numerous filling stations as an AdBlue® refill canister or AdBlue® refill bottle.

-  Ensure the connection between the refill container and vehicle filler neck does not drip.

Calling up the AdBlue® range and AdBlue® fill level display

On-board computer:

 **Service**  **AdBlue**

AdBlue® freezes at a temperature of approximately -11 °C. The vehicle is equipped with an AdBlue® preheating system at the factory. This means that winter operation is also ensured for temperatures below -11 °C. If you top up AdBlue® at temperatures below -11 °C, the AdBlue® level

in the instrument cluster may not be displayed correctly. If the AdBlue® is frozen, drive for at least 20 minutes and then park the vehicle for a minimum of 30 seconds, so that the level is correctly displayed. In extreme winter conditions, the time needed to detect the amount topped up may be considerably longer. Park the vehicle in a warm garage to speed up this process.

-  Call up the menu.
The multifunction display will show the AdBlue® level.

-  **Vehicles without steering-wheel buttons:**
the display can be found in the [AdBlue level](#) menu.

Topping up AdBlue®

-  **NOTE** Engine damage due to AdBlue® being in the fuel

- ▶ AdBlue® must not be used to fill the fuel tank.
- ▶ Only use AdBlue® to fill the AdBlue® tank.
- ▶ Do not overfill the AdBlue® tank.

-  **NOTE** Contamination of the vehicle interior due to AdBlue® leakage

- ▶ After topping up, carefully close the AdBlue® refill container.
- ▶ Avoid carrying AdBlue® refill containers permanently in the vehicle.

-  **NOTE** Overfilling the AdBlue® tank due to the vehicle standing at an angle

The AdBlue® tank can only be filled as intended when the vehicle is parked on a level surface. This way, variations in the filling amount are avoided.

When filling the reservoir when the vehicle is standing at an angle, there is a risk of overfilling. This may damage exhaust gas aftertreatment components.

- ▶ The vehicle must be parked on a level surface to fill the AdBlue® tank.

Requirements

- The auxiliary heating is switched off.
- The ignition is switched off.
- The front left-hand door is open.

The following messages that appear in succession in the multifunction display indicate that you need to refill the AdBlue® tank:

- **Refill AdBlue See Owner's Manual**

The AdBlue® tank has dropped to the reserve level.

- **Refill AdBlue Emer. oper. in XXX km See Owner's Manual**

The low AdBlue® level will result in limited performance after the remaining distance displayed has been driven. Top up AdBlue® as quickly as possible.

- **Emergency operation: 20 km/h No start in XXX km See Operating Instructions**

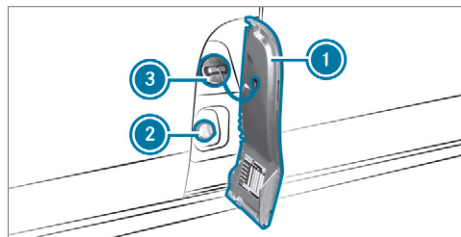
The vehicle speed is limited to approximately 20 km/h. You will only be able to drive the vehicle the distance shown. Subsequently, it will no longer be possible to start the engine.

- **Refill AdBlue Engine start not possible**

The vehicle can no longer be started.

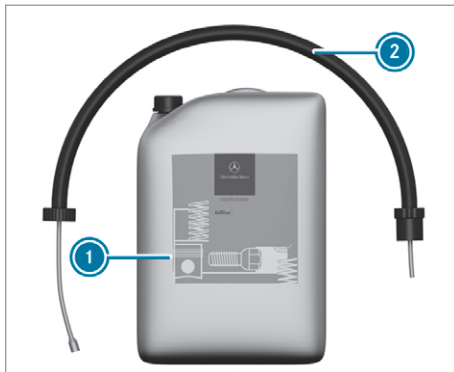
You can also have the AdBlue® fill level and the AdBlue® range displayed (→ page 142).

Opening the AdBlue® filler cap



- ▶ Open the front door on the left-hand side and fold out filler flap ①.
- ▶ Close all vehicle doors to prevent ammonia vapours from entering the vehicle interior.
- ▶ Turn blue AdBlue® filler cap ② anti-clockwise and remove it.
- ▶ Fuel filler cap ③ for the fuel remains closed.

Refuelling with a refill canister



Example

- ▶ Unscrew the cap on AdBlue® refill canister ①.
- ▶ Screw disposable hose ② onto the opening of AdBlue® refill canister ① until hand-tight.
- ▶ Screw disposable hose ② onto the filler neck of the vehicle until hand-tight.
- ▶ Lift up and tip AdBlue® refill canister ①. The filling process stops when the AdBlue® tank is completely full.
- ▶ AdBlue® refill canister ① can be removed when it has been only partially emptied.

- ⓘ Avoid storing AdBlue® containers permanently in the vehicle.
- ▶ Unscrew disposable hose ② and close AdBlue® and refill canister ① in reverse order.

Closing the AdBlue® filler cap

- ▶ After filling the AdBlue® tank, place AdBlue® filler cap on the filler neck and tighten it clockwise.
- ▶ Turn the AdBlue® filler cap until the lettering is legible and horizontal. The filler neck is only locked correctly when this is the case.
- ▶ Open the front left-hand door first, and then close the filler flap.
- ▶ Switch on the ignition. The **Refill AdBlue See Owner's Manual** message in the multifunction display must go out after approx. 20 seconds. If the message con-

tinues to be displayed, you must add more AdBlue®.

Parking

Parking the vehicle

⚠ WARNING Risk of fire caused by hot exhaust system parts

Flammable materials such as leaves, grass or twigs may ignite.

- ▶ Park the vehicle so that no flammable material can come into contact with hot vehicle components.
- ▶ In particular, do not park on dry grass-land or harvested grain fields.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident and injury due to leaving children unattended in the vehicle

If children are left unattended in the vehicle, they could, in particular:

- open doors, thereby endangering other persons or road users.
- get out and be struck by oncoming traffic.
- operate vehicle equipment and become trapped, for example.

In addition, the children could also set the vehicle in motion by, for example:

- releasing the parking brake.
- changing the transmission position.
- starting the vehicle.

- ▶ Never leave children unattended in the vehicle.
- ▶ When leaving the vehicle, always take the key with you and lock the vehicle.
- ▶ Keep the vehicle key out of the reach of children.

! NOTE Damage to the vehicle or the drivetrain due to rolling away

- ▶ Always park your vehicle safely and according to legal requirements.
- ▶ Always properly secure the vehicle against rolling away.

! NOTE Transmission damage caused by rolling in neutral position

If the engine is switched off and the vehicle rolls in neutral position (e.g. when towing), this can cause damage to the drivetrain and transmission.

- ▶ Only allow the vehicle to roll briefly in the neutral position.

Depending on the transmission, the automatic transmission switches to transmission position **P** (9-speed automatic transmission) or **N** (7-speed automatic transmission) when switching off the engine. The power transmission between the engine and transmission is interrupted in transmission position **N**. In this case, shift the automatic transmission to transmission position **P** before switching off the engine when the vehicle is stationary. Observe the messages on the multifunction display. Apply the parking brake to prevent the vehicle from rolling away.

Observe the following points to ensure that the vehicle is properly secured against rolling away unintentionally.

- ▶ Always apply the parking brake.
- ▶ **On uphill or downhill inclines:** turn the front wheels towards the kerb.
- ▶ **Vehicles with manual transmission:** engage first or reverse gear.
- ▶ **Vehicles with automatic transmission:** engage transmission position **P**.
- ▶ Turn the key to position **0** and switch off the engine.

Manual parking brake

Applying or releasing the parking brake

⚠ WARNING Risk of skidding or an accident by braking with the parking brake

If you have to brake your vehicle with the parking brake, the braking distance is considerably longer and the wheels may lock. There is an increased risk of skidding and/or accident.

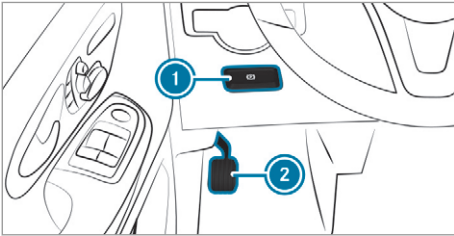
- ▶ Only brake the vehicle with the parking brake if the service brake has failed.
- ▶ In this case, do not apply the parking brake with too much force.

- ▶ If the wheels lock, immediately release the parking brake as much as required for the wheels to turn again.

⚠ WARNING Risk of fire and an accident if the parking brake is not released

If the parking brake is not fully released when driving, the following situations can occur:

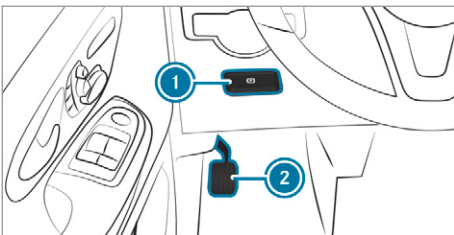
- the parking brake can overheat and cause a fire
 - the parking brake can lose its holding function
- ▶ Completely release the parking brake before driving off.



The brake lights do not light up when you brake the vehicle with the parking brake.

- ▶ **To apply the parking brake:** depress parking brake pedal ② firmly.
When the engine is running, the  indicator lamp lights up in the instrument cluster. If the vehicle is in motion, a warning tone sounds.
- ▶ **To release the parking brake:** depress the brake pedal and keep it depressed.
- ▶ Pull release handle ①.
The parking brake is released abruptly. The red  indicator lamp in the instrument cluster goes out.

Performing emergency braking with the parking brake



If, in exceptional cases, the service brake fails, you can use the parking brake to perform emergency braking.

- ▶ Pull release handle ① and slowly depress parking brake pedal ②.

Parking up the vehicle

Parking up the vehicle for longer than four weeks

- ▶ Connect the starter battery to a trickle charger via a jump-start connection (→ page 233).

or

- ▶ Disconnect all batteries (→ page 236).

Parking up the vehicle for longer than six weeks

- ▶ Contact a qualified specialist workshop and seek advice.
The vehicle can otherwise suffer damage as a result of lack of use.

Driving and driving safety systems

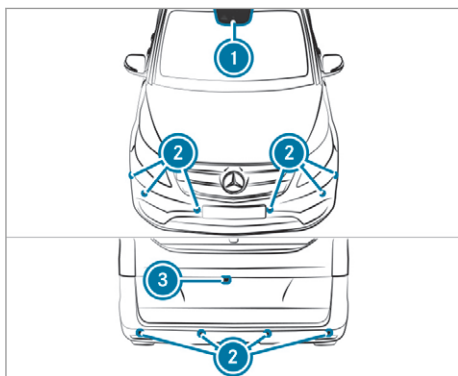
Notes on driving systems and your responsibility

Your vehicle is equipped with driving systems which assist you in driving, parking and manoeuvring the vehicle. The driving systems are only aids. They are not a substitute for you paying attention to your surroundings and do not relieve you of your responsibility pertaining to road traffic law. The driver is always responsible for maintaining a safe distance to the vehicle in front, for vehicle speed, for braking in good time and for staying in lane. Always pay attention to the traffic and intervene if necessary. Be aware of the limitations regarding the safe use of these systems.

Driving systems can neither reduce the risk of accident if you fail to adapt your driving style nor override the laws of physics. They cannot always take into account road, weather or traffic conditions.

Information on vehicle sensors and cameras

Some driving and driving safety systems use cameras and radar or ultrasonic sensors to monitor the area in front of, behind or next to the vehicle.



- ① Multifunction camera
- ② Ultrasonic sensors
- ③ Reversing camera

i Depending on the vehicle's equipment, the radar sensors are integrated on the side of the rear bumpers and/or behind the Mercedes star in the radiator grille.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to restricted detection performance of vehicle sensors and cameras

If the area around vehicle sensors or cameras is covered, damaged or dirty, certain driving and safety systems cannot function correctly. There is a risk of an accident.

- Keep the area around vehicle sensors or cameras clear of any obstructions and clean.
- Have damage to the bumper, radiator grille or stone chipping in the area of the front and rear windows repaired at a qualified specialist workshop.

Keep the areas of the cameras and sensors free of dirt, ice and slush (→ page 224). The sensors and cameras must not be covered and the detection ranges around them must be kept free. Do not attach additional license plate brackets, advertisements, stickers, foils or foils to protect against stone chippings in the detection range of the sensors and cameras. Make sure that there are no overhanging loads protruding into the detection range.

In the event of damage, or following a severe impact, have the function of the sensors checked at a qualified specialist workshop. Have damage

or stone chipping in the area of the cameras repaired at a qualified specialist workshop.

Overview of driving systems and driving safety systems

In this section, you will find information about the following driving systems and driving safety systems:

- ABS (**Anti-lock Braking System**) (→ page 146)
- BAS (**Brake Assist System**) (→ page 147)
- ESP® (**Electronic Stability Program**) (→ page 147)
- EBD (**Electronic Brakeforce Distribution**) (→ page 149)
- Active Brake Assist (→ page 149)
- Adaptive brake lights (→ page 151)
- Cruise control (→ page 151) and limiter (→ page 151)
- Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC (→ page 155)
- Hill start assist (→ page 158)
- HOLD function (→ page 158)
- Parking Assist PARKTRONIC (→ page 159)
- Reversing camera (→ page 161)
- Active Parking Assist (→ page 163)
- ATTENTION ASSIST (→ page 166)
- Blind Spot Assist (→ page 167)
- Lane Keeping Assist (→ page 167)

Function of ABS (Anti-lock Braking System)

ABS controls the brake pressure in critical situations:

- the wheels are prevented from locking when braking, e.g. during maximum full-stop braking or when there is insufficient tyre traction
- the steerability of the vehicle in terms of physical possibilities is ensured when braking

If ABS intervenes, you will feel pulsations in the brake pedal. The pulsating brake pedal may be an indication of hazardous road conditions and functions as a reminder to take extra care while driving.

Function of BAS (Brake Assist System)

BAS supports you with additional braking force in an emergency braking situation.

If you depress the brake pedal quickly, BAS is activated:

- BAS automatically boosts the braking force of the brakes
- BAS can shorten the braking distance
- ABS prevents the wheels from locking

When you release the brake pedal, the brakes function as usual again. BAS is deactivated.

Function of ESP® (Electronic Stability Program)

ESP® can, within physical limits, monitor and improve driving stability and traction in the following situations:

- when driving and pulling away on wet or slippery road surfaces
- when braking

If the vehicle is deviating from the direction desired by the driver, ESP® can stabilise the vehicle by performing the following actions:

- one or more wheels are braked
- the engine output is adapted according to the situation

 Only use wheels with the recommended tyre sizes. Only then will ESP® function properly.

If the  warning lamp flashes in the instrument cluster, one or more wheels have reached their traction limit:

- adapt your driving style to suit the prevailing road and weather conditions
- do not deactivate ESP® under any circumstances
- only depress the accelerator pedal as far as is necessary when pulling away

If the  warning lamp lights up continuously, ESP® is not available due to a malfunction.

Observe the information on warning lamps and display messages (→ page 310).

When ESP® is deactivated, the  warning lamp in the instrument cluster lights up continuously.

Observe the following points when ESP® is deactivated:

- vehicle stabilisation is delayed and is significantly reduced in the lower speed range
- the drive wheels may start to spin
- traction control is still active

 If ESP® is deactivated, ESP® will still support you when braking.

Deactivating or activating ESP® using the on-board computer (vehicles without steering wheel buttons)

 **WARNING** Risk of skidding if ESP® is deactivated

If you deactivate ESP®, ESP® cannot carry out vehicle stabilisation.

► ESP® should only be deactivated in the following situations.

It may be best to deactivate ESP® in the following situations:

- When using snow chains.
- In deep snow.
- On sand or gravel.

Spinning the wheels results in a cutting action, which enhances traction.

Adjusting settings using the on-board computer is only available on vehicles without the  button on the centre console.

On-board computer:

→   >> Settings >> ESP

► **To deactivate/activate:** press the  or  button and confirm with the  button.

If ESP® is deactivated, the  warning lamp in the instrument cluster lights up.

 Observe the information on warning lamps and display messages (→ page 310).

Deactivating or activating ESP® using the on-board computer (vehicles with steering wheel buttons)

 **WARNING** Risk of skidding if ESP® is deactivated

If you deactivate ESP®, ESP® cannot carry out vehicle stabilisation.

- ▶ ESP® should only be deactivated in the following situations.

It may be best to deactivate ESP® in the following situations:

- When using snow chains.
- In deep snow.
- On sand or gravel.

Spinning the wheels results in a cutting action, which enhances traction.

Adjusting settings using the on-board computer is only available on vehicles without the  button on the centre console.

On-board computer:

➔ Assistance ➔ ESP

- ▶ **To deactivate/activate:** press the  button.

If ESP® is deactivated, the  warning lamp in the instrument cluster lights up.

- ① Observe the information on warning lamps and display messages (→ page 310).

Deactivating or activating ESP® using the button

⚠ WARNING Risk of skidding if ESP® is deactivated

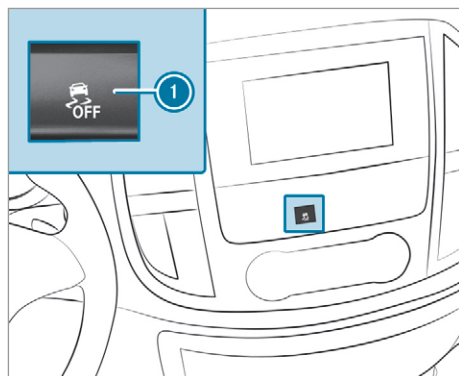
If you deactivate ESP®, ESP® cannot carry out vehicle stabilisation.

- ▶ ESP® should only be deactivated in the following situations.

It may be best to deactivate ESP® in the following situations:

- When using snow chains.
- In deep snow.
- On sand or gravel.

Spinning the wheels results in a cutting action, which enhances traction.



- ▶ Press button ①.
The  warning lamp in the instrument cluster goes on when ESP® is deactivated.

- ① Observe the information on warning lamps and display messages (→ page 310).

Function of ESP® Crosswind Assist

ESP® Crosswind Assist detects sudden gusts of side wind and helps the driver to keep the vehicle in the lane:

- ESP® Crosswind Assist is active at vehicle speeds above approx. 80 km/h when driving straight ahead or cornering slightly.
- The vehicle is stabilised by means of individual brake application on one side. The instrument cluster displays a message with the traffic sign for a strong crosswind.

ESP® Crosswind Assist does not react under the following conditions:

- The vehicle is subjected to severe jolts and vibrations, e.g. as a result of uneven surfaces or potholes.
- The vehicle loses traction, e.g. on snow or ice or when aquaplaning.

Function of ESP® trailer stabilisation

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident in poor road and weather conditions

In poor road and weather conditions, the trailer stabilisation cannot prevent lurching of the vehicle/trailer combination. Trailers with a high centre of gravity may tip over before ESP® detects this.

- ▶ Always adapt your driving style to suit the current road and weather conditions.

When you are driving with a trailer, ESP® trailer stabilisation can stabilise your vehicle if it begins to swerve from side to side:

- If the system detects the trailer, ESP® trailer stabilisation is active at speeds above approximately 65 km/h.
- Minor swerving is reduced by a targeted, individual brake application on one side.
- In the event of severe swerving, the engine output is also reduced and all wheels are braked.

Function of EBD (Electronic Brakeforce Distribution)

EBD has the following characteristics:

- monitoring and controlling the braking force on the rear wheels
- improving driving stabilisation when braking, especially on bends

Function of Active Brake Assist

Active Brake Assist consists of the following functions:

- Distance warning function
- Autonomous braking function
- Situation-dependent brake force boosting

Active Brake Assist can help you to minimise the risk of a collision with vehicles, cyclists or pedestrians, or reduce the effects of such a collision.

If Active Brake Assist has detected a risk of collision, a warning tone sounds and the  warning lamp lights up in the instrument cluster.

If you do not react to the warning, autonomous braking can be initiated in critical situations. In especially critical situations, Active Brake Assist can initiate autonomous braking directly. In this case, the warning lamp and warning tone occur simultaneously with the braking application.

If you apply the brake yourself in a situation detected as critical by Active Brake Assist, or apply the brake during autonomous braking, situation-dependent brake force boosting occurs. The brake pressure increases up to maximum full-stop braking if necessary.

If autonomous braking or a situation-dependent braking boosting effect has occurred, the  warning lamp flashes briefly and then goes out.

Vehicles with PRE-SAFE®: if the autonomous braking function or the situation-dependent brake force boosting is triggered, additional preventive measures for occupant protection (PRE-SAFE) may also be initiated (→ page 33).

WARNING Risk of accident due to limited detection performance of Active Brake Assist

Active Brake Assist cannot always clearly identify objects and complex traffic situations.

Active Brake Assist is only an aid. The driver is responsible for maintaining a sufficiently safe distance to the vehicle in front, vehicle speed and for braking in good time.

- ▶ Always pay careful attention to the traffic situation; do not rely on Active Brake Assist alone.
- ▶ Be prepared to brake or swerve if necessary.

Observe the system limitations of Active Brake Assist. Due to the nature of the system, complex but non-critical driving conditions may also cause Active Brake Assist to intervene during braking.

The individual subfunctions are available in the following speed ranges:

Distance warning function

The distance warning function warns you in the following situations:

- From a speed of approximately 30 km/h, if over several seconds the distance maintained to the vehicle travelling in front is insufficient for the driven speed. The  warning lamp in the instrument cluster then lights up.
- From a speed of approximately 7 km/h, if your vehicle is critically close to a vehicle or pedestrian. An intermittent warning tone sounds and the  warning lamp in the instrument cluster then lights up.

Brake immediately or take evasive action, provided it is safe to do so and the traffic situation allows this.

The distance warning function can aid you in the following situations with an intermittent warning tone and a warning lamp:

- **Vehicles travelling in front:** up to approximately 250 km/h
- **Stationary vehicles:** up to approximately 80 km/h
- **Crossing vehicles:** no reaction
- **Moving pedestrians/cyclists ahead:** up to approximately 80 km/h
- **Crossing cyclists:** up to approximately 60 km/h
- **Stationary pedestrians:** no reaction

Autonomous braking function

The autonomous braking function may intervene at speeds starting from approximately 7 km/h in the following situations:

- **Vehicles travelling in front:** up to approximately 200 km/h
- **Stationary vehicles:** up to approximately 50 km/h
- **Crossing vehicles:** no reaction
- **Cyclists ahead:** up to approximately 80 km/h
- **Moving pedestrians/crossing cyclists:** up to approximately 60 km/h
- **Stationary pedestrians:** no reaction

Situation-dependent brake force boosting

Situation-dependent brake force boosting may intervene at speeds starting from approximately 7 km/h in the following situations:

- **Vehicles travelling in front:** up to approximately 250 km/h
- **Stationary vehicles:** up to approximately 80 km/h
- **Crossing vehicles:** no reaction
- **Cyclists ahead:** up to approximately 80 km/h
- **Moving pedestrians/crossing cyclists:** up to approximately 60 km/h
- **Stationary pedestrians:** no reaction

Cancelling a brake application of Active Brake Assist

You can cancel a brake application of Active Brake Assist at any time by:

- Fully depressing the accelerator pedal or with kickdown.
- Releasing the brake pedal.

Active Brake Assist may cancel the brake application when one of the following conditions is fulfilled:

- You manoeuvre to avoid the obstacle.
- There is no longer a risk of collision.
- An obstacle is no longer detected in front of your vehicle.

System limits

Full system performance is not available for a few seconds after switching on the ignition or after driving off.

The system may be impaired or may not function in the following situations:

- In snow, rain, fog or heavy spray.
- If the sensors are dirty, misted up, damaged or covered.
- If the sensors are impaired due to interference from other radar sources, e.g. strong radar reflections in multi-storey car parks.
- If a loss of tyre pressure or a defective tyre has been detected and displayed.
- In complex traffic situations where objects cannot always be clearly identified.
- If pedestrians or vehicles move quickly into the sensor detection range.
- If pedestrians are hidden by other objects.
- If the typical outline of a pedestrian cannot be distinguished from the background.
- If a pedestrian is not detected as such, e.g. due to special clothing or other objects.
- In bends with a narrow radius.

Setting Active Brake Assist

On-board computer:

➞ Assistance ➞ Active Brake Assist

- ▶ Select the desired setting for the warning/reaction time and press the **OK** button. The setting is retained when the vehicle is next started.

Deactivating Active Brake Assist

 It is recommended that Active Brake Assist is always left activated.

▶ Select **Off** and press the **OK** button. The distance warning function and the autonomous braking function are deactivated. Also, the status appears in the Status overview of the **Assistance** menu.

The next time the vehicle is started, Active Brake Assist is automatically activated with the **Medium** setting.

When Active Brake Assist is activated, the multifunction display shows the  symbol.

At speeds up to approximately 30 km/h, the multifunction display in vehicles with Active Parking Assist first shows the **P** status indicator. Only from a speed of approximately 30 km/h does the multifunction display show the **P** symbol instead of the  status indicator.

Function of Adaptive Brake Lights

Adaptive brake lights warn following traffic in an emergency braking situation with the following signals:

- By flashing the brake lamps
- By activating the hazard warning lights

If the vehicle is braked sharply from speeds above 50 km/h, the brake lamps flash rapidly. This provides traffic travelling behind you with an even more noticeable warning.

If the vehicle is travelling at speeds of more than 70 km/h at the beginning of the brake application, the hazard warning lights switch on once the vehicle is stationary. When pulling away again, the hazard warning lights switch off automatically at approximately 10 km/h.

You can also switch off the hazard warning lights using the hazard warning button (→ page 95).

Cruise control and limiter

Function of cruise control

Cruise control accelerates and brakes the vehicle automatically in order to maintain a previously stored speed.

If you accelerate to overtake, for example, the stored speed is not deleted. If you remove your foot from the accelerator pedal after overtaking, cruise control will resume speed regulation back to the stored speed.

You operate cruise control using the cruise control lever. You can store any speed above 30 km/h.

Observe the notes on driving systems and your responsibility; you may otherwise fail to recognise dangers (→ page 145).

System limits

Cruise control may be unable to maintain the stored speed on uphill gradients. The stored speed is resumed if the uphill gradient evens out and the vehicle's speed does not fall below 30 km/h.

On long and steep downhill gradients, you should change down to a lower gear in good time. Take particular note of this when driving a laden vehicle. By doing so, you will make use of the engine's braking effect. This will take some of the strain off the brake system and prevent the brakes from overheating and wearing too quickly.

If you change wheel size on your vehicle, check it is assigned to the correct wheel size category (→ page 258). If the category is changed without recoding the control units in the vehicle, the functioning of cruise control may be impaired.

Do not use cruise control in the following situations:

- in traffic situations where frequent speed changes are required, e.g. in heavy traffic or on winding roads
- off-road or on construction sites
- on slippery or slick roads, as the drive wheels can lose traction when accelerating and the vehicle can then skid
- if there is poor visibility

Function of the limiter

The limiter restricts the speed of the vehicle. To adjust to the set speed quickly, the limiter applies the brakes automatically.

You can limit the speed as follows:

- Variable: for speed restrictions, e.g. in built-up areas.
- Permanent: for long-term speed restrictions, e.g. when driving in winter tyre mode.

You can operate the variable limiter with the cruise control lever. You can store any speed above 30 km/h. You can also perform settings while the vehicle is stationary if the vehicle has been started.

Observe the notes on driving systems and your responsibility; you may otherwise fail to recognise dangers (→ page 145).

If you change wheel size on your vehicle, check it is assigned to the correct wheel size category (→ page 258). If the category is changed without recoding the control units in the vehicle, the functioning of the limiter may be impaired.

Kickdown

If you depress the accelerator pedal beyond the pressure point (kickdown), the limiter switches to passive mode. The multifunction display then shows a message and you are able to exceed the stored speed.

After completion of kickdown, the variable limiter is activated again in the following situations:

- If the driven speed drops below the stored speed.
- If the stored speed is called up.
- If you store a new speed.

Operating cruise control or the variable limiter

Requirements

Cruise control

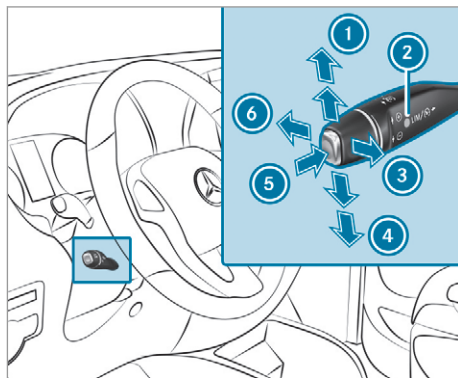
- Cruise control is selected.
- The parking brake has been released.
- ESP® is activated, but may not intervene.
- The driving speed is at least 30 km/h.
- The clutch pedal is not depressed.
- The brake pedal is not depressed.

Requirements

Variable limiter

- The vehicle has been started.
- The variable limiter is selected.

Switching between cruise control and the variable limiter



- ▶ Push the cruise control lever in the direction of arrow ⑤.
 - LIM indicator lamp ② off: cruise control is selected.
 - LIM indicator lamp ② lit: the variable limiter is selected.

Storing and maintaining the current speed

- ▶ Briefly press the cruise control lever up ① or down ④.

The current speed is stored and the vehicle maintains this speed (cruise control) or does not exceed it (variable limiter).

When you activate cruise control, the stored speed is briefly shown in the text field of the multifunction display. The multifunction display also shows the  symbol and the stored speed.

When you activate the variable limiter, the multifunction display briefly shows the stored speed. The multifunction display also shows the  symbol and the stored speed.

- ① For vehicles with Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC, the segments between the start of the scale and the stored speed also light up in the speedometer dial.

Calling up the stored speed

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to stored speed

If you call up the stored speed and this is lower than your current speed, the vehicle decelerates.

- ▶ Take into account the traffic situation before calling up the stored speed.

- ▶ Briefly pull the cruise control lever in direction **3**.

The last stored speed is called up and the vehicle maintains this speed (cruise control) or does not exceed it (variable limiter).

If the last stored speed has previously been deleted, the currently driven speed is stored.

- ⓘ When you switch off the vehicle, the last speed stored is cleared.

Increasing or reducing the speed

- ▶ Press the cruise control lever up **1** or down **4** as far as the 1st pressure point. The stored speed is increased or reduced by 1 km/h.

or

- ▶ Press the cruise control lever up **1** or down **4** beyond the 1st pressure point. The stored speed is increased or reduced by 10 km/h.

If you have set **Miles** as the unit for the digital speedometer, you can maintain any speed from 20 mph (cruise control) or set it as the limit speed (variable limiter). You can then set the limit speed in increments of 1 mph and 5 mph.

Deactivating cruise control or the variable limiter

- ▶ Briefly press the cruise control lever forwards **6**.

or

- ▶ Briefly push the cruise control lever in the direction of arrow **5**.

The  or **LIM** symbol and the stored speed in the multifunction display then go out.

- ⓘ Cruise control is deactivated in the following situations:

- you apply the brakes.
- you drive below a speed of 30 km/h.
- you shift the transmission to position **N**.
- ESP® intervenes.

In these cases the variable limiter remains activated.

If you deactivate ESP®, or ABS or ESP® is malfunctioning, cruise control and the limiter are deactivated.

- ⓘ **Vehicles with manual transmission:** if the engine speed is very low, cruise control or the limiter is deactivated. When the transmission is in neutral or the clutch pedal is depressed for longer than six seconds, cruise control is deactivated.

If cruise control automatically deactivates, a warning tone sounds and the **Cruise control off** message appears briefly in the multifunction display.

Information on the permanent limiter

- ⓘ The permanent limiter is only available in certain countries.

If you wish to limit the vehicle speed permanently to a specific value (e.g. for driving in winter tyre mode), you can set this speed with the permanent limiter.

You can permanently limit the speed to a value between 160 km/h and the maximum permissible speed (→ page 153).

If you accelerate the vehicle using the accelerator pedal, a message with the stored speed is shown in the multifunction display shortly before the set limit speed is reached.

The permanent limiter remains active even if the variable limiter is deactivated. The permanent limiter does not switch to passive mode even during kickdown and the driven speed remains below the set speed.

Setting the limit speed for winter tyres (vehicles with steering-wheel buttons)

On-board computer:

- **Settings** → **Vehicle**
- **Limit speed (winter tyres)**

- ▶ Press the **OK** button to adjust the permanent limiter in increments of ten. By selecting **Off** you switch off the permanent limiter.

Setting the limit speed for winter tyres (vehicles without steering-wheel buttons)

On-board computer:

-  → **Settings** → **Winter tyres:**

- ▶ Press the **+** or **-** button to adjust the permanent limiter in increments of ten and confirm with the **R** button. By selecting **Off** you switch off the permanent limiter.

DSR (Downhill Speed Regulation)

Notes on DSR

DSR supports you when driving downhill. DSR maintains a set speed for you on downhill gradients by applying the brakes as required. Maintaining the speed is dependent on the road surface conditions and the downhill gradient and cannot therefore be guaranteed in all situations.

Observe the notes on driving systems and your responsibility; you may otherwise fail to recognise dangers (→ page 145).

You can set the speed to between 4 km/h and 18 km/h using the brake and accelerator pedals or the cruise control lever.

DSR automatically controls in the following situations:

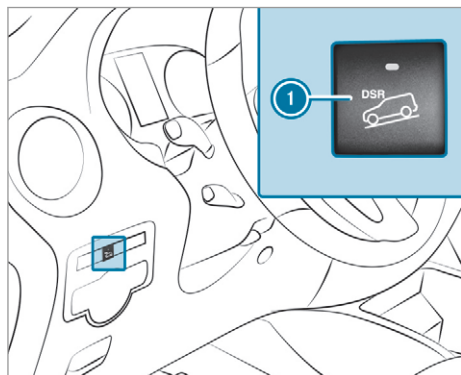
- if the vehicle is stationary, or its speed is less than 4 km/h, the speed is set to 4 km/h or it is set to the minimum speed for the respective gear range.
- if you drive faster than 18 km/h off-road, DSR switches to standby mode. DSR remains activated, but does not brake automatically.
- if you drive downhill slower than 18 km/h, DSR sets the speed to the previously set speed.
- if you drive faster than 45 km/h, DSR switches off automatically.

Activating/deactivating DSR

Requirements

- you are driving at 40 km/h or the vehicle is stationary.

Activating DSR



You can activate DSR when the vehicle is stationary or moving.

- ▶ Press the ① button.
The indicator lamp in the button is lit when DSR is switched on.
- ▶ Brake or accelerate the vehicle to the desired speed between 4 km/h and 18 km/h.
- ▶ Release the brake or accelerator pedal.
The current speed is stored. When stationary, 4 km/h or the minimum possible speed for each gear range is stored. DSR maintains the stored speed on the downhill gradient and brakes automatically.

When DSR is activated and the vehicle pulls away, accelerates or brakes on an incline, the speed set corresponds to the speed at which the accelerator or brake pedal is released or the cruise control lever is operated during DSR regulation. This is only the case if you are not driving faster than 18 km/h.

DSR status display in the on-board computer

• DSR is activated:

-  **DSR** and the set speed appear in the status area of the on-board computer.

• DSR is activated, but is not intervening:

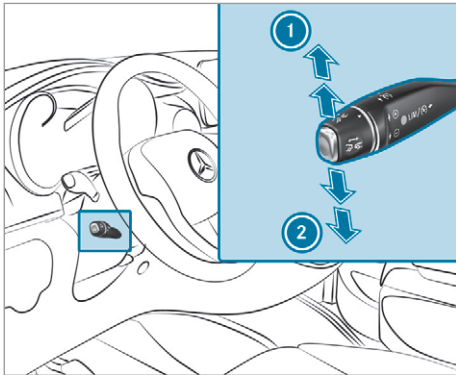
- You are driving between 18 km/h and 45 km/h.
-  **DSR** is not shown in the status area of the on-board computer. In addition, the  **--- km/h** message appears briefly. DSR is in standby mode.

• DSR is inactive:

- As soon as you exceed a speed of 45 km/h.
-  **DSR** is not shown in the status area of the on-board computer. In addition, the  **Off** message appears briefly.

Setting the speed while driving downhill

You can set the speed to between 4 km/h and, depending on the gear range, up to 18 km/h using the brake and accelerator pedals or the cruise control lever.



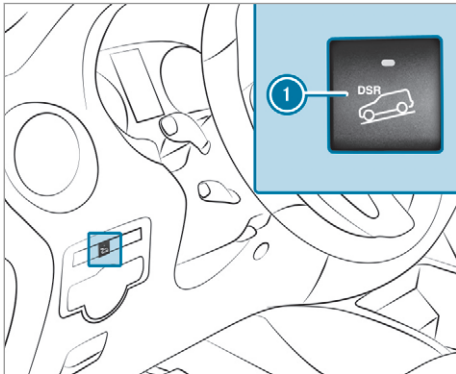
- ▶ Brake or accelerate the vehicle to the desired speed on the downhill gradient.
- ▶ Release the brake or accelerator pedal. The current speed is stored.

or

- ▶ During a DSR regulation, briefly press the cruise control lever up ① or down ② to the first pressure point. The last stored speed is increased or reduced in increments of 1 km/h.

① It may be a moment before the vehicle starts to brake to the set speed. Take this delay into account when setting the speed with the cruise control lever.

Deactivating DSR



- ▶ Press the ① button. The indicator lamp in the button goes out.

① If you drive faster than 45 km/h, the DSR switches off automatically.

Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC

Function of Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC

Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC maintains the set speed on free-flowing roads. If vehicles ahead are detected, the set distance is maintained, if necessary until the vehicle comes to a halt. The vehicle accelerates or brakes, depending on the distance to the vehicle in front and the set speed. Speed and distance are set and stored on the steering wheel. The speed can be set in the range between 20 km/h and 200 km/h.

Other features of Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC:

- Depending on the preselected distance, DISTRONIC intervenes either dynamically (short distance) or to save fuel (long distance).
- Depending on the vehicle mass detected, the dynamics of the DISTRONIC intervention are reduced.
- The driving style is adapted depending on the drive program selected.
- Acceleration to the stored speed is initiated if the turn signal indicator is switched on to change to the overtaking lane.

Observe the notes on driving systems and your responsibility; you may otherwise fail to recognise dangers (→ page 145).

System limits

The system may be impaired or may not function in the following instances, for example:

- in snow, rain, fog or heavy spray
- if there is dirt on the radar sensors or they are covered
- if there is interference from radar sources or strong radar reflections, for example in multi-storey car parks
- in traffic situations where frequent speed changes are required, e.g. in heavy traffic or on winding roads or off-road
- on roads with steep downhill or uphill gradients
- on winding roads

The system cannot detect stationary objects unless these were previously detected as moving.

In addition, on slippery or slick roads, braking or accelerating can cause one or several of the drive

wheels to lose traction and the vehicle can then skid.

Do not use Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC in these situations.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident from acceleration or braking by Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC

Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC may accelerate or brake in the following cases, for example:

- If the vehicle pulls away using Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC.
 - If the stored speed is called up and is considerably faster or slower than the currently driven speed.
 - If Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC no longer detects a vehicle in front or does not react to relevant objects.
- ▶ Always carefully observe the traffic conditions and be ready to brake at all times.
- ▶ Take into account the traffic situation before calling up the stored speed.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to insufficient deceleration by Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC

Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC brakes your vehicle with up to 50% of the possible deceleration. If this deceleration is not sufficient, Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC alerts you with a visual and acoustic warning.

- ▶ Adjust your speed and maintain a suitable distance from the vehicle in front.
- ▶ Brake the vehicle yourself and/or take evasive action.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident if detection function of Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC is impaired

Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC does not react or has a limited reaction:

- when driving on a different lane or when changing lanes
- to pedestrians, animals, bicycles or stationary vehicles, or unexpected obstacles

- to complex traffic conditions
- to oncoming vehicles and crossing traffic

As a result, Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC may neither give warnings nor intervene in such situations.

- ▶ Always observe the traffic conditions carefully and react accordingly.

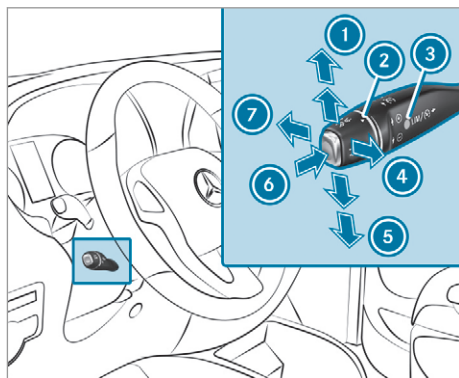
Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC may not detect narrow vehicles driving in front, e.g. motorcycles or vehicles not travelling in line with your vehicle.

Operating Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC

Requirements

- The vehicle has been started. It may take up to two minutes of driving before Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC is ready for use.
- The parking brake has been released.
- ESP® is activated and is not intervening.
- Active Parking Assist is not activated.
- The transmission is in position **D**.
- The doors and tailgate/rear-end doors are closed.
- The driver's seat belt is fastened.

Switching between the limiter and Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC



- ▶ Press button **6**.
- LIM indicator lamp **3** off: Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC is selected.
 - LIM indicator lamp **3** lit: the variable limiter is selected.

Activating Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC

- ▶ **To activate with the current speed:** briefly press the cruise control lever briefly up ① or down ⑤ and take your foot off the accelerator pedal.
The current speed is stored and shown on the speedometer. As in the assistance graphic menu, the multifunction display briefly shows the set specified distance and the stored speed.

or

- ▶ **To activate with the stored speed:** pull the cruise control lever briefly in direction ④ and take your foot off the accelerator pedal.
The speed is displayed on the speedometer. As in the assistance graphic menu, the multifunction display briefly shows the set specified distance and the stored speed.

- ① Vehicles with Traffic Sign Assist: the speed detected by Traffic Sign Assist can be set by pulling the lever in direction ④.
- ① You can find information on DISTRONIC displays under "Displays of Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC" (→ page 158).

If you do not fully release the accelerator pedal, the **Active Distance Assist suspended** message appears on the multifunction display. The distance to a slower-moving vehicle in front will then not be set. The position of the accelerator pedal will determine the speed.

When you pull the cruise control lever towards you for the first time after starting the vehicle, Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC adopts the current speed. If the current speed is less than 20 km/h, Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC adopts the speed of 20 km/h.

Pulling away again with Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC

- ▶ Remove your foot from the brake pedal.
- ▶ Briefly pull the cruise control lever in direction ④.

or

- ▶ Depress the accelerator pedal briefly with force.
The functions of Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC continue to be carried out.

Deactivating Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC

- ⚠ **WARNING** Risk of an accident due to Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC being active when you leave the driver's seat

If you leave the driver's seat while the vehicle is being braked by Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC only, the vehicle can roll away.

- ▶ Always deactivate Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC and secure the vehicle to prevent it from rolling away before you leave the driver's seat.

- ▶ Briefly push the cruise control lever forwards ⑦.

or

- ▶ Brake if the vehicle is moving.

or

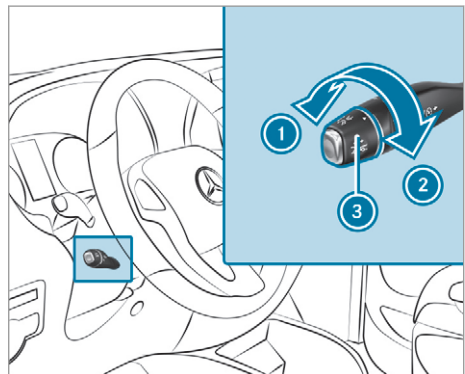
- ▶ Press button ⑥.
The variable limiter is selected. LIM indicator lamp ③ in the cruise control lever lights up.

Increasing or reducing the speed

- ▶ Press the cruise control lever up ① or down ⑤ as far as the 1st pressure point.
The stored speed is increased or reduced by 1 km/h.

or

- ▶ Press the cruise control lever up ① or down ⑤ beyond the 1st pressure point.
The stored speed is increased or reduced by 10 km/h.

Increasing or reducing the specified distance from the vehicle in front

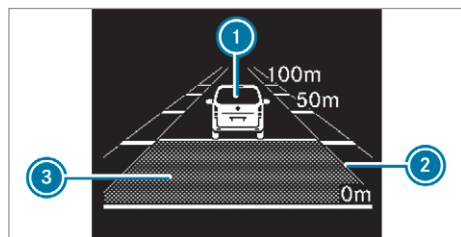
- Turn controller ③ in direction ② to increase the specified minimum distance and in direction ① to reduce the specified minimum distance.

As in the assistance graphic menu, the multifunction display briefly shows the set specified distance.

- ① You can find information on DISTRONIC displays under "Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC" (→ page 158).

Displays of Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC

Assistant display



- ① Vehicle in front, if detected
- ② Distance indicator
- ③ Set specified distance

You can find information on the assistance graphic menu under "Assistance graphic" (→ page 182).

- ① If you set the speed, the Assistance graphic briefly appears in the multifunction display.

Displays on the speedometer

Vehicles with steering-wheel buttons:

When Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC is activated, one or two indicator segments light up in the stored speed range of the speedometer.

If Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC detects a vehicle in front, the indicator segments, located between the speed of the vehicle in front and the stored speed, light up.

Information on Hill Start Assist

Hill Start Assist holds the vehicle for a short time when pulling away on a hill under the following conditions:

- **Vehicles with manual transmission:** a gear is engaged.
- **Vehicles with automatic transmission:** the transmission is in position **D** or **R**.
- The parking brake has been released.

This gives you enough time to move your foot from the brake pedal to the accelerator pedal and depress it before the vehicle begins to roll.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident and injury due to the vehicle rolling away

After a short time, Hill Start Assist no longer holds the vehicle.

- Swiftly move your foot from the brake pedal to the accelerator pedal. Do not leave the vehicle when it is being held by Hill Start Assist.

HOLD function

HOLD function

The HOLD function is only available for vehicles with automatic transmission.

The HOLD function holds the vehicle at a standstill without requiring you to depress the brake pedal, e.g. when pulling away on steep slopes or when waiting in traffic. When you depress the accelerator pedal to pull away, the braking effect is cancelled and the HOLD function is deactivated.

The HOLD function is only an aid. The responsibility for the vehicle safely standing still remains with the driver.

System limits

The HOLD function is only intended to provide assistance when driving and is not a sufficient

means of safeguarding the vehicle against rolling away when stationary.

- The incline may not be greater than 30%.

Activating or deactivating the HOLD function

Requirements

- The vehicle is stationary.
- The engine is running or it has been automatically switched off by the ECO start/stop function.
- All the doors and the tailgate/rear-end doors are closed and the seatbelt is fastened.
- The parking brake has been released.
- The selector lever is in the **D**, **R** or **N** position.
- Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC is deactivated.

Activating the HOLD function

⚠ WARNING Risk of an accident due to the HOLD function being active when you leave the vehicle

If the vehicle is only braked with the HOLD function it could, in the following situations, roll away:

- If there is a malfunction in the system or in the power supply.
 - If the HOLD function is deactivated by depressing the accelerator pedal or brake pedal, e.g. by a vehicle occupant.
- Always secure the vehicle against rolling away before you leave it.

► Depress the brake pedal until the **HOLD** display appears in the multifunction display. The HOLD function is activated. You can release the brake pedal.

i If depressing the brake pedal the first time does not activate the HOLD function, wait briefly and then try again.

Deactivating the HOLD function

► Depress the accelerator pedal to pull away.
or

► Depress the brake pedal until the **HOLD** display in the multifunction display goes out.

The HOLD function is deactivated in the following situations:

- Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC is activated.
- The transmission is shifted to position **P**.

In the following situations, the vehicle is held by transmission position **P**:

- The driver's side seat belt is not fastened, or a door or the tailgate/rear-end door is open.
- The engine is switched off without the ECO start/stop function.

Information on the reverse warning device

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to people or objects in the area in which you are manoeuvring

Other road users could fail to hear or ignore the warning tone of the reverse warning device. There is a risk of an accident.

- While manoeuvring, make sure that there are no people or objects in the area in which you are manoeuvring.
- If necessary, a second person must assist you while you are manoeuvring.

The reverse warning device is a system designed to assist you in ensuring the safety of other road users. The reverse warning device cannot guarantee that no persons or objects are situated behind the vehicle.

A warning tone sounds to alert other road users when the reverse gear is engaged. If reverse gear is engaged twice in quick succession, the volume of the warning tone is lowered, for example, for night-time driving. The warning tone sounds at a normal volume by default. The volume of the warning tone has to be lowered again each time you engage reverse gear, if necessary.

When using the reverse warning device described here, observe the legal requirements for the country you are currently in.

PARKTRONIC

Function of PARKTRONIC

PARKTRONIC is an electronic parking assistance system with ultrasonic sensors. The system monitors the area around your vehicle using sensors on the front bumper and on the rear bumper.

PARKTRONIC indicates visually and audibly the distance between your vehicle and an object.

The warning ranges in front of and behind the vehicle are indicated by different warning tones. PARKTRONIC is only an aid. It is not a substitute for you paying attention to the surroundings. You are always responsible for safe manoeuvring, parking and exiting a parking space. Make sure that there are no persons, animals or objects etc. in the manoeuvring area while manoeuvring and parking or exiting parking spaces.

Requirements for automatic activation:

- The ignition is switched on.
- The parking brake has been released.

The selected transmission position determines whether the front and/or rear area is monitored.

Front area only:

- Forward gear
- Neutral
- Transmission position **D**

Front and rear area:

- Reverse gear
- Transmission position **R**
- Transmission position **N**

Regardless of transmission position, PARKTRONIC automatically monitors the area behind the vehicle if the vehicle begins to roll backwards, e.g. after stopping on an uphill gradient.

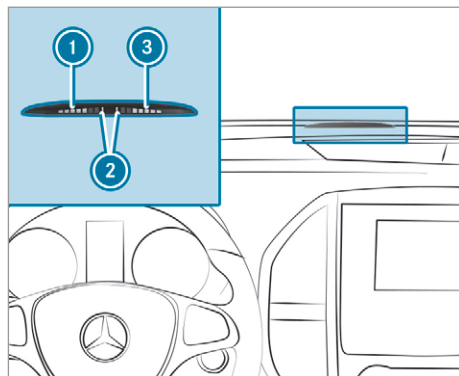
PARKTRONIC is deactivated at speeds above 18 km/h. PARKTRONIC is reactivated at speeds below 16 km/h.

Vehicles with trailer hitch: PARKTRONIC is deactivated for the rear area when you establish an electrical connection to the trailer or to a rear bicycle rack.

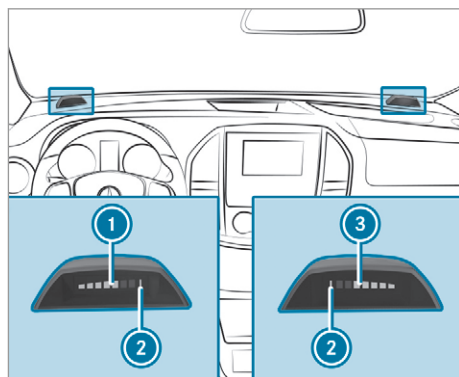
After uncoupling the trailer, unplug the 7-pin plug adapter from the socket. Otherwise, PARKTRONIC remains deactivated for the rear area.

Remove a detachable trailer coupling if it is no longer required. PARKTRONIC measures the minimum detection range to an obstacle from the bumper, not the ball neck.

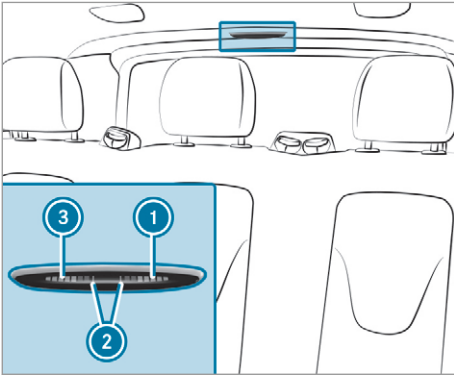
Warning displays



Front area warning display on the centre of the cockpit



Rear area warning display on the cockpit (example: panel van)



Rear area warning display in the rear at the centre of the roof lining

- ① Warning segments for the left side of the vehicle
- ② Measurement operational readiness indicator
- ③ Warning segments for the right side of the vehicle

At least one segment will light up as the vehicle approaches an obstacle, depending on the vehicle's distance from the obstacle.

In addition, warning tones are emitted. When the distance to the obstacle is sufficient, you will hear an intermittent warning tone. The shorter the distance to the obstacle, the shorter the frequency of the intermittent warning tones becomes. When the minimum distance is reached, you hear a continuous warning tone.

The warning display for each side of the vehicle is divided into five yellow and two red segments. PARKTRONIC is active if measurement operational readiness indicator ② lights up.

System limits

PARKTRONIC may not take the following obstacles into account:

- obstacles below the detection range, e.g. people, animals or objects
- obstacles above the detection range, e.g. overhanging loads, overhangs or loading ramps of lorries

The sensors must be free of dirt, ice and slush. Otherwise, they may not function correctly. Clean the sensors regularly, taking care not to scratch or damage them (→ page 224).

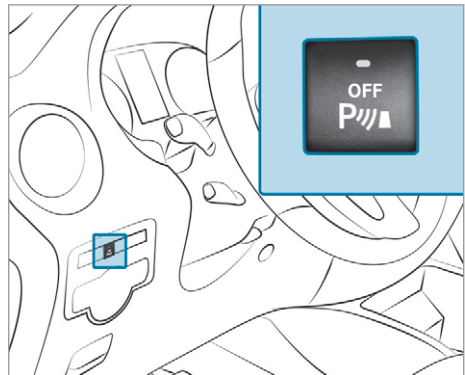
Problems with PARKTRONIC

There is a malfunction if only the red segments of the warning display light up. In addition, a warning tone sounds for approximately two seconds. If problems persist, have PARKTRONIC checked at a qualified specialist workshop.

If the warning indicators are displaying implausible distances, it may be due to the following causes:

- **The sensors are dirty:** clean the sensors. Observe the notes on care of vehicle parts (→ page 224).
- **Licence plates or other detachable parts in the vicinity of the sensors are not correctly fastened:** check the licence plate or the detachable parts for correct fit.
- **Interference by another source of radio or ultrasound waves:** check the function of PARKTRONIC at another location.

Deactivating/activating PARKTRONIC



- ▶ Press the  button. If PARKTRONIC is deactivated, the indicator lamp of the  button lights up.

Reversing camera

Function of the reversing camera

For vehicles with rear-end doors, the reversing camera is in the upper part of the licence plate holder (→ page 145).

For vehicles with a tailgate, the reversing camera is located next to the tailgate handle and is protected from raindrops and dust by means of a flap. When the reversing camera is activated, this flap opens (→ page 145).

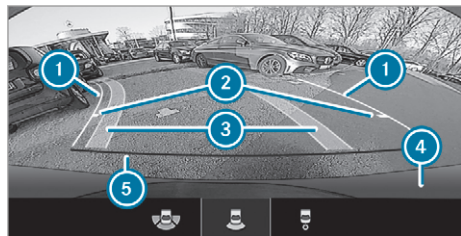
The flap closes again when you have ended the manoeuvring process or you switch off the engine.

For technical reasons, the flap may remain open briefly after the reversing camera has been deactivated.

When you engage reverse gear, the image from the reversing camera is shown automatically in the media display. Dynamic guide lines show the path the vehicle will take for the current steering movement. This helps you to orient yourself and to avoid obstacles when reversing.

The reversing camera is only an aid. It is not a substitute for you paying attention to the surroundings. You are always responsible for safe manoeuvring and parking. Make sure that there are no persons, animals or objects etc. in the manoeuvring area while manoeuvring and parking in parking spaces.

You can use the softkeys located below or to the side to choose between the following views:

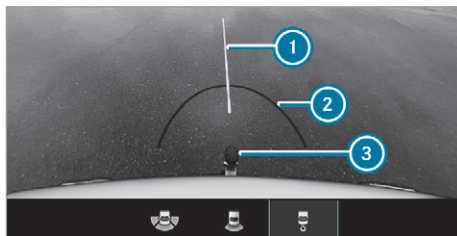


Normal view

- ① Yellow guide line, vehicle width (driven surface) depending on the current steering angle (dynamic)
- ② Yellow guide line at a distance of approximately 1.0 m from the rear area
- ③ Yellow path marking the course the tyres will take at the current steering position (dynamic)
- ④ Bumper
- ⑤ Red guide line at a distance of approximately 0.3 m from the rear area



Wide-angle view



Trailer view (vehicles with a trailer hitch)

- ① Yellow guide line, locating aid
- ② Red guide line at a distance of approximately 0.3 m to the ball head of the trailer hitch
- ③ Ball head of the trailer hitch

Observe the notes on cleaning and care of the reversing camera (→ page 224).

The reversing camera may show a distorted view of obstacles, show them incorrectly or not at all. The reversing camera cannot show all objects which are very near to or under the rear bumper. It will not warn you of a collision, people or objects.

The area behind the vehicle is displayed as a mirror image, as in the inside rearview mirror.

When you shift out of reverse gear, the dynamic guide lines are faded out. If, after shifting out of reverse gear, you drive faster than 16 km/h, the reversing camera is deactivated.

System limits

The reversing camera will not function or will only partially function in the following situations:

- if the tailgate/rear-end door is open
- if there is heavy rain, snow or fog
- if the light conditions are poor, e.g. at night

- if the camera lens is covered, dirty or misted up.
 - if cameras, or vehicle components in which the cameras are fitted, are damaged. Have the cameras, their positions and their setting checked at a qualified specialist workshop.
- ❗ The media display contrast may be impaired due to direct sunlight or other light sources. In this case, pay particular attention.
- ❗ Have the media display repaired or replaced if, for example, pixel errors considerably restrict its use.
- ❗ Objects that are not at ground level appear further away than they actually are. This includes, for example:
- the bumper of a vehicle parked behind
 - the drawbar of a trailer
 - the ball neck of a trailer hitch
 - the tail-end of a lorry
 - slanted posts

Only use the guide lines of the camera image for orientation. Do not travel further than the lowest horizontal guide line when approaching objects. You may otherwise damage your vehicle and/or the object.

Active Parking Assist

Function of Active Parking Assist

Active Parking Assist is an electronic parking assistance system which automatically locates and measures parking spaces on both sides of the vehicle when you are driving forwards up to a speed of approximately 35 km/h.

If all requirements are met, the  display appears in the multifunction display. The system then independently locates and measures parallel and perpendicular parking spaces on both sides of the vehicle.

When Active Parking Assist has detected parking spaces, the  display appears in the multifunction display. The arrows show on which side of the road free parking spaces are located.

Active Parking Assist displays parking spaces on the co-driver side as standard. The parking spaces on the driver's side are only displayed if you operate the turn signal on the driver's side. When parking on the driver's side, you must operate the turn signal until you have started active

parking assistance by pressing the  steering-wheel button.

Active Parking Assist can assist you with an active steering intervention and brake application during parking and exiting the parking space. The active brake application is dependent on the country-specific version of the vehicle. On vehicles with manual transmission, active parking assistance is limited exclusively to power-steering assistance.

Active Parking Assist is only an aid. It is not a substitute for your attention to the surroundings. You are always responsible for safe manoeuvring, parking and exiting a parking space. Make sure that no persons, animals or objects etc. are in the path of your vehicle.

Active Parking Assist is cancelled in the following cases, among others:

- Parking Assist PARKTRONIC is deactivated.
- You steer.
- You apply the parking brake.
- Parking using Active Parking Assist is no longer possible.
- You exceed a speed of 10 km/h.
- A wheel spins and ESP® intervenes or fails.
- You engage transmission position .
- You open the driver's door or a sliding door on vehicles with a manual transmission.
- You open a door or the tailgate/rear-end door, or unfasten your seat belt, on vehicles with an automatic transmission.

PARKTRONIC is deactivated for the rear area when you have a trailer coupled up and establish an electrical connection between your vehicle and the trailer. Active Parking Assist is then not available.

System limits

Objects located above or below the detection range of Active Parking Assist are not detected when the parking space is being measured. They are also not taken into account when the parking manoeuvre is calculated, e.g. overhanging loads, overhangs or loading ramps of lorries, or the boundaries of parking spaces. In some circumstances, Active Parking Assist may therefore guide you into the parking space prematurely.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to objects located above or below the detection range of Active Parking Assist

If there are objects above or below the detection range, the following situations may arise:

- Active Parking Assist may steer too early.
- The vehicle may not stop in front of these objects.

This could cause a collision.

- In these situations, do not use Active Parking Assist.

Snowfall or heavy rain may lead to a parking space being measured inaccurately. Parking spaces that are partially occupied by trailer drawbars might not be identified as such or be measured incorrectly. Only use Active Parking Assist on level, high-grip ground.

Do not use Active Parking Assist in the following situations, among others:

- in extreme weather conditions such as ice, packed snow or in heavy rain
- when cornering
- for parking spaces which are not on the same level as the road, e.g. not on the pavement
- when transporting a load that protrudes beyond the vehicle
- when snow chains are fitted

Active Parking Assist may also display parking spaces that are not suitable for parking, for example:

- parking spaces where parking is prohibited
- parking spaces on unsuitable surfaces

Active Parking Assist will not assist you with parking spaces perpendicular to the direction of travel in the following situations:

- if two parking spaces are located immediately next to each other
- if the parking space is immediately next to a low obstacle such as a kerb
- if you are parking forwards

Active Parking Assist will not assist you with parking spaces parallel or perpendicular to the direction of travel in the following situations:

- if the parking space is on a kerb
- if the system deems the parking space to be blocked, such as by foliage or grass paving blocks
- if the area is too small for the vehicle to manoeuvre into
- if the parking space is bordered by an obstacle, e.g. a tree, a post or a trailer

Parking using Active Parking Assist

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to insufficiently securing the vehicle against rolling away when exiting the vehicle

If you leave the driver's seat when the vehicle is being braked by Active Parking Assist only, it could roll away in the following situations:

- if there is a malfunction in the system or in the power supply.
- if the electrical system in the engine compartment, the battery or the fuses are tampered with.
- if the battery is disconnected.
- if the vehicle is accelerated, e.g. by a vehicle occupant.

- Before leaving the driver's seat, always secure the vehicle against rolling away.

- Bring the vehicle safely to a stop when the parking symbol with an arrow shows the desired parking space.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to vehicle swinging out while parking or pulling out of a parking space

While parking or pulling out of a parking space, the vehicle swings out and can drive onto areas of the oncoming lane.

This could cause you to collide with objects or other road users.

- Pay attention to objects and other road users.
- Where necessary, stop the vehicle or cancel the parking procedure with Parking Pilot.

▶ **Vehicles with manual transmission:** shift to reverse gear.

▶ **Vehicles with automatic transmission:** shift the transmission to position **R**. The multifunction display shows the **Start Parking Assist? Yes: OK No:**  message and the location of the parking space.

▶ **To cancel the process:** press the  steering-wheel button or drive off.

or

▶ **To park using active parking assistance:** press the **OK** steering-wheel button. The **Parking Assist in operation Accelerate and brake Observe surroundings** message is shown in the multifunction display.

▶ Release the steering wheel.

▶ Reverse the vehicle, being ready to brake at all times. Reverse slowly, and do not drive faster than 10 km/h. Parking assistance is otherwise cancelled and Active Parking Assist is stopped.

On vehicles with automatic transmission, when the vehicle approaches the rear border of the parking space, Active Parking Assist can brake it to a standstill.

▶ Stop at the rear border of the parking space. Stop when PARKTRONIC sounds the continuous warning tone, if not before.

Manoeuvring may be required in tight parking spaces. Observe the messages on the multifunction display.

On completion of the parking procedure, the **Active Parking Assist finished** message appears and an acoustic signal sounds. Active Parking Assist no longer supports you with steering interventions and brake applications.

Exiting a parking space with Active Parking Assist

Requirements

- The vehicle has been parked parallel to the direction of travel using Active Parking Assist.
- The border of the parking space must be high enough at the front and the rear; a kerb, for instance, is not sufficient.
- The border of the parking space must not be too wide. Your vehicle can be manoeuvred into a position at a maximum angle of 45° to the starting position in the parking space.
- A manoeuvring distance of at least 1 m must be available.

Please note that you are responsible for the vehicle and surroundings during the entire parking procedure.

- ▶ Start the vehicle.
- ▶ Switch on the turn signal on the side you intend to exit the parking space.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to vehicle swinging out while parking or pulling out of a parking space

While parking or exiting a parking space, the vehicle swings out and can drive onto areas of the oncoming lane.

This could cause you to collide with objects or other road users.

- ▶ Pay attention to objects and other road users.
- ▶ Where necessary, stop the vehicle or cancel the parking procedure with Active Parking Assist.

▶ **Vehicles with manual transmission:** engage 1st gear or reverse gear.

▶ **Vehicles with automatic transmission:** shift the transmission to position **D** or **R**. The **Start Parking Assist? Yes: OK No:**  message is shown in the multifunction display.

▶ **To cancel the process:** press the  steering-wheel button or drive off.

or

▶ **To exit the parking space using active parking assistance:** press the **OK** steering-wheel button.

The **Parking Assist in operation Accelerate and brake Observe surroundings** message is shown in the multifunction display.

▶ Release the steering wheel.

▶ Pull away and be ready to brake at all times. Reverse slowly, and do not drive faster than 10 km/h. Parking assistance is otherwise cancelled and Active Parking Assist is stopped.

On vehicles with automatic transmission, when the vehicle approaches the rear border of the parking space, Active Parking Assist can brake it to a standstill.

Manoeuvring may be required in tight parking spaces. Observe the messages on the multifunction display.

On completion of the parking procedure, the **Active Parking Assist finished** message appears and an acoustic signal sounds. Active Parking Assist no longer supports you with steering interventions and brake applications.

The parking assistance function of Active Parking Assist is stopped. You will then have to steer and merge into traffic on your own. PARKTRONIC is still available.

ATTENTION ASSIST

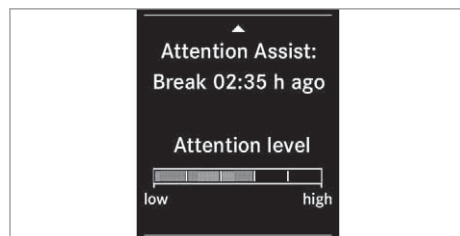
Function of ATTENTION ASSIST

ATTENTION ASSIST can assist you on long, monotonous journeys, e.g. on motorways and trunk roads. If ATTENTION ASSIST detects indicators of fatigue or increased lapses in concentration on the part of the driver, it suggests taking a break.

ATTENTION ASSIST is only an aid. It cannot always detect drowsiness or increased lapses in concentration in good time. The system is not a substitute for a well-rested and attentive driver. On long journeys, take regular and timely breaks that allow you to rest properly.

If fatigue or increased lapses in concentration are detected, the **ATTENTION ASSIST: Take a break!** or **Attent. Asst Take a break** warning appears in the instrument cluster.

You can acknowledge the message and take a break if necessary. If you do not take a break and ATTENTION ASSIST continues to detect increased lapses in concentration, you will be warned again after a minimum of 15 minutes.



For vehicles with steering wheel buttons you can have the current ATTENTION ASSIST (Attention Level) assessment displayed.

The following information is displayed:

- the journey length since the last break
- the attention level determined by ATTENTION ASSIST:
 - the fuller the bar is, the higher the detected attention level is
 - the bar empties as attentiveness decreases

If ATTENTION ASSIST cannot calculate the attention level and cannot issue a warning, the **System suspended** message appears.

The bar display is then dimmed. This is the case, for example, if you are predominantly driving at a speed below 60 km/h or above 200 km/h.

System limits

ATTENTION ASSIST is active in the 60 km/h to 200 km/h speed range.

The functionality of ATTENTION ASSIST is restricted, and warnings may be delayed or not occur at all, in the following situations:

- the journey lasts less than approximately 30 minutes
- the road condition is poor (uneven road surface or potholes)
- the vehicle is subjected to a strong crosswind
- you have a sporty driving style (high cornering speeds or high rates of acceleration)
- the time is set incorrectly
- you change lanes and vary your speed frequently in active driving situations

The ATTENTION ASSIST drowsiness or alertness assessment is deleted and restarted when continuing the journey in the following situations:

- you switch off the engine
- you unfasten your seat belt and open the driver's door (e.g. change drivers or take a break)

Deactivating or activating ATTENTION ASSIST (vehicles without steering wheel buttons)

On-board computer:

→ Settings → Attention Assist:

- ▶ **To deactivate/activate:** press the or button and confirm with the button. When ATTENTION ASSIST is active, the indicator lamp lights up in the instrument cluster.

Deactivating or activating ATTENTION ASSIST (vehicles with steering wheel buttons)

On-board computer:

→ Assistance ► ATTENTION ASSIST

- **To change the setting:** press the  button and select the setting.
If ATTENTION ASSIST is activated, the  symbol is shown in the status area of the multifunction display.

You can choose between the following settings:

- **Off**
- **Standard:** normal system sensitivity.
- **Sensitive:** higher system sensitivity. The driver is warned earlier and the attention level detected by the system is adapted accordingly.

Blind Spot Assist

Function of Blind Spot Assist

Blind Spot Assist uses two lateral, rear-facing radar sensors to monitor the area up to 3 m behind and 3 m directly next to your vehicle.

WARNING Risk of accident despite Blind Spot Assist

Blind Spot Assist does not react to either stationary objects or vehicles approaching and overtaking you at a greatly different speed.

Blind Spot Assist cannot warn drivers in these situations.

- Always pay careful attention to the traffic situation and maintain a safe distance at the side of the vehicle.

Observe the notes on driving systems and your responsibility; you may otherwise fail to recognise dangers (→ page 145).

If a vehicle is detected above speeds of approximately 30 km/h and this vehicle subsequently enters the monitoring range directly next to your vehicle, the warning lamp in the outside mirror lights up red.

If a vehicle is detected close to your vehicle in the lateral monitoring range and you switch on the turn signal indicator in the corresponding direction, a warning tone sounds. The red warning lamp in the outside mirror flashes. If the turn signal indicator remains switched on, all other detected vehicles are indicated only by the flashing of the red warning lamp.

When you overtake a vehicle, the warning only occurs if the difference in speed is less than 11 km/h.

System limits

Blind Spot Assist may be limited in the following situations:

- if there is dirt on the sensors or the sensors are obscured
- if there is poor visibility, e.g. due to fog, heavy rain, snow or spray
- if narrow vehicles are within the monitoring range, e.g. bicycles
- if the road has very wide or very narrow lanes
- if vehicles are not driving in the middle of their lane

Warnings may be issued in error when driving close to crash barriers or similar solid lane borders. Warnings may be interrupted when driving alongside long vehicles, for example lorries, for a prolonged time.

Blind Spot Assist is not operational when reverse gear is engaged.

If you couple up a trailer, make sure that you have correctly established the electrical connection. Blind Spot Assist is then deactivated and the **Blind Spot Assist currently unavailable** See Owner's Manual message appears in the multifunction display.

Activating/deactivating Blind Spot Assist

On-board computer:

→ Assistance ► Blind Spot Assist

- **To activate/deactivate:** press the  button.

 Additionally, the status overview in the assistance menu also displays the status of Blind Spot Assist (→ page 182).

If you switch on the ignition while Blind Spot Assist is activated, the warning lamps in the outside mirrors light up for approximately 1.5 seconds.

Lane Keeping Assist

Function of Lane Keeping Assist

Lane Keeping Assist serves to protect you against unintentionally leaving your lane. You are also warned by a vibration in the steering wheel and by the status symbol flashing in the instrument cluster. Lane Keeping Assist is only an aid and is

not intended to keep the vehicle in the lane without the driver's cooperation.

Observe the notes on driving systems and your responsibility; you may otherwise fail to recognise dangers (→ page 145).

The function is available in the speed range between 60 km/h and 200 km/h.

The warning is issued when the following conditions are met at the same time:

- If Lane Keeping Assist detects lane markings.
- If a front wheel drives over lane markings.

To ensure that you are warned only when necessary and in good time if you cross the lane marking, the system detects certain conditions and warns you accordingly.

The warning vibration occurs earlier under the following conditions:

- you approach the outer lane marking on a bend.
- the road has very wide lanes, e.g. a motorway.
- the system detects solid lane markings.

The warning vibration occurs later under the following conditions:

- you are driving on a road with narrow lanes.
- you cut the corner on a bend.

- i** You may also be warned by a vibration in the steering wheel (4x2 model) or by a warning tone (4x4 model) and by the status symbol flashing in the Instrument Display.

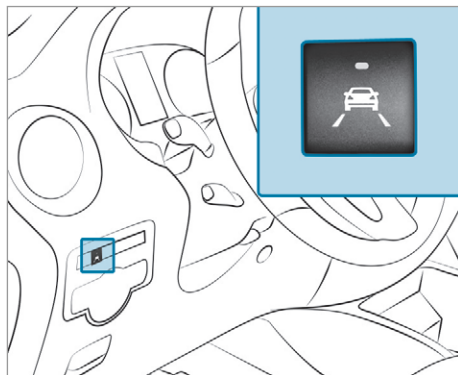
System limits

The system may be impaired or may not function in the following situations:

- If there is poor visibility, e.g. due to insufficient illumination of the road, if there are highly variable shade conditions or in rain, snow, fog or spray.
- Glare from oncoming traffic, direct sunlight or reflections.
- There is dirt on the windscreen in the vicinity of the multifunction camera or the camera is misted up, damaged or obscured.
- No or several unclear lane markings are present for one lane, e.g. in a construction area.
- If the lane markings are worn away, dark or covered up.

- If the distance to the vehicle in front is too short and thus the lane markings cannot be detected.
- The lane markings change quickly, e.g. lanes branch off, cross one another or merge.
- The carriageway is very narrow and winding.

Activating/deactivating Lane Keeping Assist



- ▶ Press the  button.

If the indicator lamp in the button lights up and the multifunction display shows the  symbol in the status area, Lane Keeping Assist is activated but not ready for use.

If you are driving with Lane Keeping Assist activated at speeds above 60 km/h and lane markings are detected, the multifunction display shows the  symbol highlighted in the status area. Lane Keeping Assist is then ready for use.

- i** The status overview in the assistance menu also displays the status of Lane Keeping Assist (→ page 182).

Setting the sensitivity of Lane Keeping Assist

On-board computer:

➔ Assistance ➔ Lane Keeping Assist

- ▶ Select the **Standard** or **Adaptive** setting.

In the **Standard** setting, no warning vibration occurs in the following situations:

- you operate the turn signal in the corresponding direction. In this event, the warnings are suppressed for a certain period of time.
- a driving safety system intervenes or regulates, such as ABS, BAS or ESP®.

In the **Adaptive** setting, there will also be no warning vibration in the following situations:

- you accelerate hard, e.g. kickdown.
- you brake hard.
- you steer actively, e.g. swerve to avoid an obstacle or change lane quickly.
- you cut the corner on a sharp bend.

Trailer operation

Notes on trailer operation

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident and injury if the tongue weight is exceeded

The carrier system may detach from the vehicle, thereby endangering other road users.

► Always comply with the permissible tongue weight when using a carrier.

You can find specifications regarding the ball neck on the trailer's identification plate. You can find specifications regarding the trailer on the towing vehicle's identification plate and in the Technical Data (→ page 276).

You can attach carrier systems such as a bicycle rack or load-bearing implement to the ball neck. When using carrier systems on the ball neck, the maximum load capacity is 75 kg.

If the trailer coupling is detachable, it is essential to comply with the operating instructions of the trailer coupling manufacturer.

Place your vehicle/trailer combination on surfaces that are as even as possible and secure it against rolling away (→ page 144). Couple and uncouple the trailer carefully.

Note the following regarding the tongue weight:

- Make full use of the maximum tongue weight, where possible.
- Never fall below a legally prescribed minimum tongue weight; the tongue weight must always be positive.
- Do not exceed or fall below the permissible tongue weights – this must be observed during loading and unloading of the trailer.

Do not exceed the following values:

- Permitted braked or unbraked towing capacity

The maximum permissible towing capacity for unbraked trailers is 750 kg.

- Permissible rear axle load of the towing vehicle
- Permissible gross weight of the towing vehicle
- Permissible gross weight of the trailer
- Permissible gross combination weight
- Maximum permissible speed of the trailer

The relevant permitted values, which must not be exceeded, can be found in the following places:

- In your vehicle documents
- On the identification plate of the trailer hitch
- On the trailer's identification plate
- On the vehicle identification plate

If there are discrepancies between the values, the lowest one shall apply.

Before driving off, ensure the following:

- The tyre pressure on the rear axle of the towing vehicle has been set for the maximum load.
- The headlamps have been set correctly.

Comply with the maximum permissible speed of 80 km/h or 100 km/h, even in countries in which higher speeds are permitted for vehicle/trailer combinations.

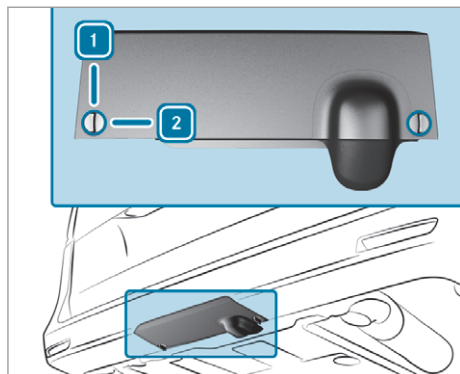
- ⓘ During trailer operation, remember that PARKTRONIC is available only to a limited extent, if at all.
- ⓘ The height of the ball head will change depending on the vehicle's load. In this case, use a trailer with a height-adjustable drawbar.

Vehicles with a detachable trailer coupling

Reduce the risk of damage to the trailer coupling and contribute to environmental protection. If you do not need the ball neck, remove it from the ball neck mount and fit its cover in the rear bumper (→ page 170). Only with the cover fitted can the emission values indicated for real operation be achieved.

- ⓘ During trailer operation, the permissible gross vehicle weight is increased by 100 kg for vehicles registered as passenger vehicles. The maximum permissible rear axle load must be observed.

Fitting the cover for trailer coupling



- ▶ Insert the cover flush into the recess on the rear bumper and press it upwards against the bumper covering at the latching points on the outside right and left.
- ▶ Turn fasteners from position **1** to position **2**.
- ▶ Ensure that the fasteners are fully engaged and firmly in position **2**.

Attaching the ball neck

⚠ WARNING Danger of accident- and injury due to incorrectly installed and secured ball coupling

If the ball coupling has not engaged, it can become detached during driving and endanger other road users.

- ▶ Engage the ball coupling as described and ensure that it is securely installed.

⚠ WARNING Danger of accident due to non-engaged ball coupling

If the ball coupling has not engaged, the trailer can become detached.

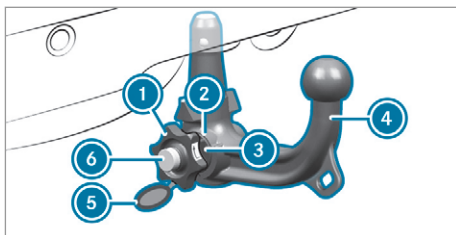
- ▶ Always engage the ball coupling as described and ensure that it is securely installed.

Requirements

- Trailer hitch key
- ▶ Note the number of the key that belongs to the ball neck of the trailer hitch. With this number, you will receive a replacement key at a Mercedes-Benz Service Centre.

- ⓘ Depending on the vehicle equipment, the holder for the ball neck on the vehicle can be protected with a cover in the bumper.

- ▶ Release the two quick-release fasteners for the cover in the bumper and remove the cover.
- ▶ Take the ball neck of the trailer hitch out of the stowage space on the right-hand side in the rear and stow the cover away.



- ▶ Unlock lock **6** in handwheel **1** with the key. Red mark **3** on the handwheel must be aligned with green area **2** on ball neck **4** (fitting position).
- ▶ If red mark **3** is not aligned with green area **2**, unlock lock **6** in handwheel **1** with the key.
- ▶ Pull handwheel **1** outwards. Turn red mark **3** into green area **2** of ball neck **4** until handwheel **1** engages.
- ▶ Slide ball neck **4** vertically into the holder until it audibly engages. The ball neck will lock automatically. Green mark **3** on handwheel **1** is aligned with green area **2** on ball neck **4**.
- ▶ Only if the green mark on the handwheel is aligned with the green area on the ball neck is the ball neck securely engaged.
- ▶ Lock lock **6** in handwheel **1** with the key.
- ▶ Remove the key and place cap **5** on lock **6**. The ball neck is securely installed only if the ball neck can be locked and the key removed.
- ▶ Store the trailer hitch key in a safe place, e.g. in the vehicle document wallet.

If you cannot remove the key, the ball neck may be dirty.

- ▶ Remove the ball neck (→ page 171) and clean it (→ page 224).

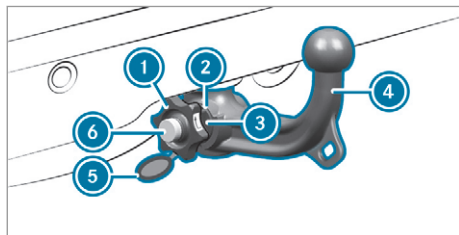
If you still cannot lock the ball neck after cleaning it, the trailer hitch is damaged.

- ▶ Remove the ball neck.
Safe trailer operation is not guaranteed. The ball neck must no longer be used for trailer operation.
- ▶ Have the trailer hitch checked at a qualified specialist workshop.

Removing the ball neck

Requirements

- Trailer hitch key



- ▶ Remove cap ⑤ from lock ⑥ in handwheel ①.
 - ▶ Unlock lock ⑥ in handwheel ① with the key.
 - ▶ Hold ball neck ④ in place.
 - ▶ Pull handwheel ① outwards. Turn red mark ③ on handwheel ① into green area ② of ball neck ④ until handwheel ① engages. Pay attention to the pictogram on handwheel ①.
 - ▶ Pull ball neck ④ out downwards.
 - ▶ If the ball neck is dirty, clean it (→ page 224).
- ⓘ Depending on the vehicle equipment, the holder for the ball neck on the vehicle can be protected with a cover in the bumper.
- ▶ Store the ball neck with the key inserted in the stowage space on the right-hand side in the rear and remove the cover for the ball neck holder.
 - ▶ Insert the cover in the lower section of the bumper and tighten the two quick-release fasteners for the cover.

Coupling/uncoupling a trailer

Requirements

- The ball neck must be engaged in a securely locked position.

Trailers with 7-pin plugs can be connected to the vehicle using the following adapters:

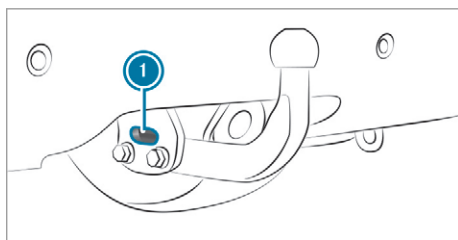
- Adapter plug
- Adapter cable

Coupling a trailer

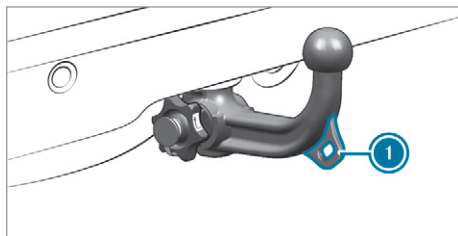
NOTE Damage to the starter battery due to full discharge

Charging the trailer battery using the power supply of the trailer can damage the starter battery.

- ▶ Do not use the vehicle's power supply to charge the trailer battery.



Trailer hitch with permanently installed ball neck



Trailer hitch with detachable ball neck

- ① Eyelet for breakaway cable

The eyelet on the ball neck is used exclusively for attaching the trailer breakaway cable. You must not attach a tow rope, a tow bar or anything similar to the eyelet. The eyelet has not been designed for such a load and may tear.

- ▶ Shift the transmission to position **P**.
- ▶ Apply the vehicle's parking brake.
- ▶ Close all the doors.

- ▶ Position the trailer on a level surface behind the vehicle.

i The height of the ball head will change depending on the vehicle's load. In this case, use a trailer with a height-adjustable draw-bar.

- ▶ Couple up the trailer.



- ▶ **To install an adapter:** open the cover of the socket.
- ▶ Insert the plug with the tab **1** into the socket's groove **3**.
- ▶ Turn bayonet coupling **2** to the right as far as it will go.
- ▶ Let the cover engage.
- ▶ Attach the cable to the trailer with cable ties (only in the case of adapter cable).
- ▶ Make sure that the cable is always slack for ease of movement during cornering.
- ▶ Establish all electrical and other connections to the trailer. In the process, attach the trailer's breakaway cable to the eyelet on the ball neck.
- ▶ Check that the trailer's lighting system works properly.
- ▶ Indicate in both directions and check whether the corresponding turn signal light on the trailer is flashing.
A trailer is detected only if the electrical connection is established correctly and the lighting system is in working order. The function of other systems also depends on this, e.g. ESP®, PARKTRONIC, Active Parking Assist, Blind Spot Assist or Lane Keeping Assist.

Even if the trailer is connected correctly, a message may nevertheless appear on the multifunction display in the following cases:

- LEDs have been installed in the trailer's lighting system.
 - The current has fallen below the trailer lighting system's minimum current (50 mA)
- i** You can connect accessories up to a maximum of 240 W to the permanent power supply.
- ▶ Remove objects or devices that prevent the trailer from rolling, e.g. chocks.
 - ▶ Release the trailer's parking brake.

Uncoupling a trailer

⚠ WARNING Risk of being crushed and becoming trapped when uncoupling a trailer

When uncoupling a trailer with an engaged inertia-activated brake, your hand may become trapped between the vehicle and the trailer drawbar.

- ▶ Do not uncouple trailers with an engaged overrun brake.

! NOTE Damage when uncoupling in a state of overrun

Uncoupling in a state of overrun can damage the vehicle.

- ▶ Do not uncouple trailers with an engaged overrun brake.

- ▶ Shift the transmission to position **P**.
- ▶ Apply the vehicle's parking brake.
- ▶ Close all the doors.
- ▶ Apply the trailer's parking brake.
- ▶ Further secure the trailer against rolling away with a wheel chock or similar object.
- ▶ Remove the trailer cables and safety chains.
- ▶ Uncouple the trailer.

Notes on the instrument cluster and on-board computer

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to an instrument cluster malfunction

If the instrument cluster has failed or malfunctioned, you may not notice restrictions to safety-relevant system functions.

The operating safety of your vehicle may be impaired.

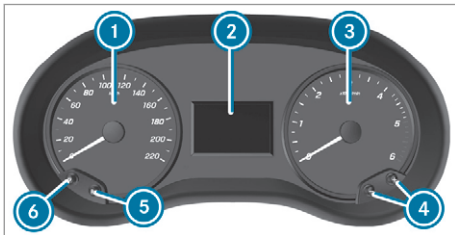
- ▶ Drive on carefully.
- ▶ Have the vehicle checked immediately at a qualified specialist workshop.

If you are uncertain regarding the operational safety of your vehicle, park the vehicle safely as soon as possible. Inform a qualified specialist workshop.

The on-board computer will show only messages and warnings from certain systems on the display. You should therefore make sure your vehicle is operating safely at all times.

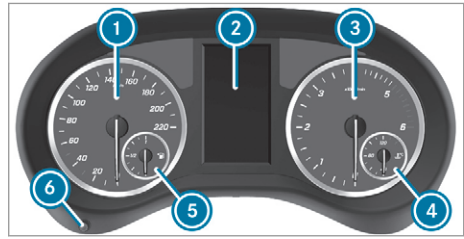
You can find an overview of the indicator and warning lamps on the instrument cluster in "At a glance".

Overview of the instrument cluster



Instrument cluster (vehicles without steering-wheel buttons)

- ① Speedometer
- ② Multifunction display
- ③ Rev counter
- ④ Set the instrument lighting, change values or settings, scroll through lists
- ⑤ Selects a submenu or resets values
- ⑥ Selects the menu or display



Instrument cluster (vehicles with steering-wheel buttons)

- ① Speedometer
- ② Multifunction display
- ③ Rev counter
- ④ Coolant temperature display
- ⑤ Fuel level

Fuel filler cap location : the fuel filler cap is on the left

- ⑥ Adjusts the instrument lighting

Speedometer

Vehicles with steering-wheel buttons:

In vehicles with Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC, there are illuminated segments on the speedometer dial.

These segments show you what speed range is available:

- Variable limiter activated (→ page 152)
The segments light up from the start of the scale to the selected limit speed.
- Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC switched on (→ page 155)
One or two segments light up in the saved speed range.
- Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC detects a vehicle in front.
The segments light up from the speed of the vehicle in front up to the saved speed.

You can show the speed as a digital speedometer on the display as well.

If you change your vehicle's wheel size, check its assignment to the wheel size group (→ page 258). If the assignment changes without recoding the control units in the vehicle, the speedometer will not display the speed accurately. The current vehicle speed may then be higher than the speed shown by the speedometer. Driving and driving safety systems may then be operationally impaired or may detect a malfunction and switch themselves off.

In some countries, an audible signal will sound and/or a message will appear on the display when the vehicle reaches the maximum speed permitted by law, e.g. at 120 km/h.

Rev counter

NOTE Engine damage due to maximum engine speed being exceeded

If the maximum permissible engine speed is exceeded, the engine may be damaged.

- ▶ Avoid driving in the red speed range (danger zone).

Outside temperature display

You should pay special attention to road conditions when temperatures are around freezing point.

The outside temperature is displayed on the multifunction display (→ page 177).

Changes in the outside temperature will be displayed after a short delay.

Coolant temperature display

WARNING Risk of burns when opening the bonnet

If you open the bonnet when the engine has overheated or when there is a fire in the engine compartment, the following situations may occur:

- You could come into contact with hot gases.
- You could come into contact with other hot, escaping operating fluids.
- ▶ Before opening the bonnet, allow the engine to cool down.
- ▶ In the event of a fire in the engine compartment, keep the bonnet closed and call the fire service.

In vehicles without steering-wheel buttons, you can show the coolant temperature on the display (→ page 180).

In vehicles with steering-wheel buttons, there is an analogue coolant temperature display on the instrument cluster's rev counter.

During normal driving and if the coolant level is correct, the display is permitted to rise to the following temperature:

- Vehicles with front-wheel drive: up to 110°C
- Vehicles with rear-wheel drive: up to 120°C

Overview and operation of the on-board computer (vehicles without steering-wheel buttons)

WARNING Risk of distraction from information systems and communications equipment

If you operate information and communication equipment integrated in the vehicle when driving, you will be distracted from the traffic situation. This could also cause you to lose control of the vehicle.

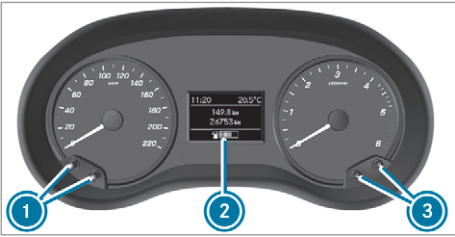
- ▶ Only operate this equipment when the traffic situation permits.
- ▶ If you cannot be sure of this, stop the vehicle whilst paying attention to road and traffic conditions and operate the equipment with the vehicle stationary.

You must observe the legal requirements for the country in which you are currently driving when operating the on-board computer.

WARNING Risk of accident and injury during intervention by the steering wheel

If you reach through the steering wheel to operate the adjustment knobs while driving, you could lose control of the vehicle.

- ▶ Use the adjustment knobs only when the vehicle is at a standstill.
- ▶ Do not reach through the steering wheel while driving.



- ① and buttons
- ② Multifunction display
- ③ and buttons

If you turn the key to position **1** in the ignition lock, the on-board computer will be activated.

If you remove the key, then quickly re-insert it and turn it to position **1**, the on-board computer and instrument cluster will not be activated.

You can control the display messages and settings in the on-board computer with buttons **①** and **③** on the instrument cluster.

Buttons on the instrument cluster

	Press briefly: • Selects the menu or display • In the Settings menu: exits the submenu without adopting the last setting and returns to the main menu
	Press and hold: • Returns to the standard display or the Distance menu without adopting the last setting
	Press briefly: • Selects a submenu or function • Confirms the selected entry on the list or the display, or confirms the setting

	Press and hold: • Resets the trip distance and trip computer values • In the main menu of the Settings menu, resets to factory settings • In the Settings menu, resets values and returns to the main menu
	• Sets the instrument lighting (not in the Settings menu) • Scroll through lists • Change values or settings

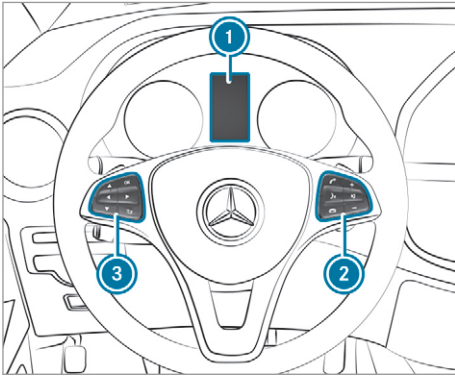
Overview and operation of the on-board computer (vehicles with steering-wheel buttons)

WARNING Risk of distraction from information systems and communications equipment

If you operate information and communication equipment integrated in the vehicle when driving, you will be distracted from the traffic situation. This could also cause you to lose control of the vehicle.

- ▶ Only operate this equipment when the traffic situation permits.
- ▶ If you cannot be sure of this, stop the vehicle whilst paying attention to road and traffic conditions and operate the equipment with the vehicle stationary.

You must observe the legal requirements for the country in which you are currently driving when operating the on-board computer.



- ① Display
- ② Right control panel
- ③ Left control panel

If you turn the key to position ① in the ignition lock, the on-board computer will be activated.

Vehicles with manual transmission: if you remove the key, then quickly re-insert it and turn it to position ①, the on-board computer and the instrument cluster will not be activated.

You can control the displays and the settings on the on-board computer using the steering-wheel buttons on left control panel ③.

You can use the steering-wheel buttons on right control panel ② to control the functions of the audio system and switch on the voice control function of the navigation system (see the separate Owner's Manual).

Steering-wheel buttons

Left control panel on the steering wheel



- Call up the menu bar on the display
- Select a menu



Press briefly

- Scroll through lists
- Select a submenu or function
- In the **Audio** menu, open the track or station list and select a station or audio track
- In the **Telephone** menu, switch to the telephone book and select a name or a telephone number.

Left control panel on the steering wheel



Press and hold

- Quickly scroll through all lists
- In the **Audio** menu, select a station or audio track using rapid scroll
- In the **Telephone** menu with the telephone book open, start rapid scroll.



- Confirm display messages
- In all menus, confirm the selected entry on the list or the display
- In the Audio menu, stop the station search function
- In the **Telephone** menu, switch to the telephone book and start dialling for selected numbers



Press briefly

- Back
- Hide display messages
- In the **Audio** menu, exit the track or station list
- Exit the telephone book or redial memory
- Vehicles with navigation system: switch off voice control for navigation (see the manufacturer's operating instructions)



Press and hold

- Call up the standard display in the **Trip** menu

Right control panel on the steering wheel



- Make or accept a call
- Switch to the redial memory



- Reject or end a call
- Exit the telephone book or redial memory



- Adjust the volume

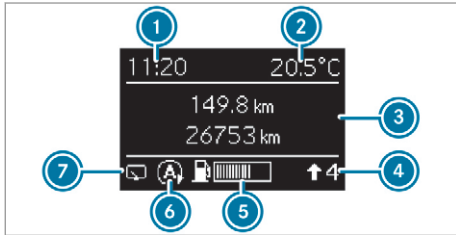
Right control panel on the steering wheel

- Vehicles with navigation system: switch on the voice control function of the navigation system (see the manufacturer's operating instructions)



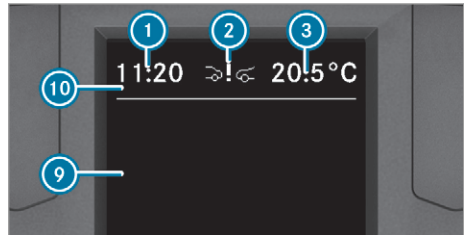
- Switch the sound on/off

The audio equipment, telephone operation and voice control using the steering-wheel buttons on the right control panel work only with a Mercedes-Benz audio or navigation system. If you are using an audio or navigation system from another manufacturer, the described functions may be restricted or may not be available at all.

Overview of what is shown on the multifunction display**Multifunction display (vehicles without steering-wheel buttons)****Multifunction display (example)**

- ① Time
- ② Cruise control (→ page 151)
- Limiter (→ page 151)
- ② Additional speedometer (for United Kingdom only)
Constant display (not for United Kingdom): outside temperature or speed
120 km/h! (for certain countries only) Maximum permitted speed exceeded
- ③ Display section for display messages, menus and menu bar
- ④ Gearshift recommendation (→ page 135)
- ⑤ Fuel level
Fuel filler flap location indicator : the fuel filler cap is on the left
- ⑥ ECO start/stop function (→ page 133)
- ⑦ Rear window wiper (→ page 105)

Display section ③ shows the selected menu or submenu as well as display messages.

Multifunction display (vehicles with steering-wheel buttons)

Multifunction display (example: vehicle with automatic transmission)

- ① Time
- ② Vehicles with manual transmission:
↑ Gearshift recommendation (→ page 135)
Vehicles with automatic transmission:
 Active Brake Assist (→ page 149)
 Active Parking Assist (→ page 163)
- ③ Additional speedometer in km/h (for United Kingdom only)
Constant display (not for United Kingdom): outside temperature or speed
120 km/h! (for certain countries only) Maximum permitted speed exceeded
- ④ Menu bar
Outside temperature (only if header ⑩ shows the additional speedometer)
- ⑤ Drive program (automatic transmission) (→ page 137)
- ⑥ Transmission position (automatic transmission) (→ page 135)
- ⑦ Gearshift recommendation (automatic transmission) (→ page 138)
- ⑧ Status area
- ⑨ Display section for display messages, menus and menu bar
- ⑩ Header

You can call up menu bar ④ in the display section by pressing the ◀ or ▶ steering-wheel button. It will automatically disappear again after a few seconds.

Display section ⑤ shows the selected menu or submenu as well as display messages.

In status area ⑥, the multifunction display can show the status of the following driving systems:

-  Adaptive Highbeam Assist (→ page 97) or Adaptive Highbeam Assist Plus (→ page 98)
-  ATTENTION ASSIST (→ page 166)
-  Lane Keeping Assist (→ page 167)
-  Cruise control (→ page 151)
-  Limiter (→ page 151)
-  DSR (→ page 154)
-  Rear window wiper (→ page 105)
-  ECO start/stop function (→ page 133)
-  Positioning active (→ page 229)

Vehicles with manual transmission:

Status area ⑥ also shows the status of the following driving systems:

-  Active Brake Assist (→ page 149)
-  Active Parking Assist (→ page 163)

In a vehicle with an automatic transmission, the status displays for Active Parking Assist and Active Brake Assist will be shown in the centre ② of header ⑩.

Setting the instrument lighting

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident and injury during intervention by the steering wheel

If you reach through the steering wheel to operate the adjustment knobs while driving, you could lose control of the vehicle.

- ▶ Use the adjustment knobs only when the vehicle is at a standstill.
- ▶ Do not reach through the steering wheel while driving.



Brightness control (example: vehicle with steering-wheel buttons)

The displays on the instrument cluster are illuminated during the day. A dimming function is not possible in daylight.

In vehicles with steering-wheel buttons, the light sensor on the instrument cluster automatically controls the brightness of the display lighting.

When the light has been switched on, the brightness control is influenced by the ambient light. You can then adjust the brightness of the instrument lighting and the display lighting as well.

Vehicles without steering-wheel buttons:

- ▶ Press the + or - button on the instrument cluster.

❗ If the **Settings** menu has been selected on the on-board computer, it will not be possible to adjust the display brightness.

Vehicles with steering-wheel buttons:

- ▶ Turn brightness control ① on the instrument cluster.

Overview of menus on the on-board computer

Vehicles without steering-wheel buttons

Press the ⏮ button on the instrument cluster to scroll through the menus.

You will see the **Settings** menu only if the vehicle is stationary.

If you scroll forwards in the **Settings** menu using the ⏭ button, the settings for the previous submenu or the previous function will be copied over.

If you press the ⏮ button in a submenu, the submenu or function will be exited without the setting being adopted.

You can find further operating information in "Overview and operation of the on-board computer" (→ page 174).

Depending on the vehicle equipment, you can call up the following menus, displays or functions:

- Display showing trip distance and total distance (→ page 179)
- Trip computer display (→ page 179)
- Display showing current range
- Display showing current fuel consumption (→ page 179)
- Digital speedometer
- Display showing coolant temperature (→ page 180)
- Display showing AdBlue® level (→ page 180)
- Display showing display messages in the message memory (→ page 278)

The following menus, displays and functions will also be displayed when the vehicle is stationary:

- Display showing next service due date (→ page 215)
- Electronic check on the engine oil level (→ page 217)
- Tyre pressure monitoring system restart (→ page 254)
- The **Settings** menu for adjusting or activating and deactivating driving and driver assistance systems as well as display options (→ page 180)

Vehicles with steering-wheel buttons

Use the ◀ or ▶ steering-wheel button to show the menu bar and scroll through the menus.

Use the ▼ or ▲ steering-wheel button to scroll through their submenus and functions.

You can find further operating information in "Overview and operation of the on-board computer" (→ page 175).

Depending on the vehicle equipment, you can call up the following menus:

- **Trip** menu (→ page 183)
- **Navi** menu (navigation instructions) (→ page 183)
- **Audio** menu (→ page 185)
- **Telephone** menu (→ page 185)
- **Assistance** menu (→ page 182)
- **Service** menu (→ page 181)
- **Settings** menu (→ page 186)

Menus and submenus (vehicles without steering wheel buttons)

Calling up the distance menu

Use the buttons on the instrument cluster.

- ▶ **To display the distance:** press and hold the Ⓢ button until the display shows the odometer for the trip distance and the total distance.
- ▶ **To reset the trip distance:** press and hold the Ⓡ button until the trip distance is reset to 0.0.

Trip computer menu

Use the buttons on the instrument cluster.

- ▶ **To display:** press the Ⓢ button to select the trip computer display. The values displayed relate to those measured since the trip computer was last reset.

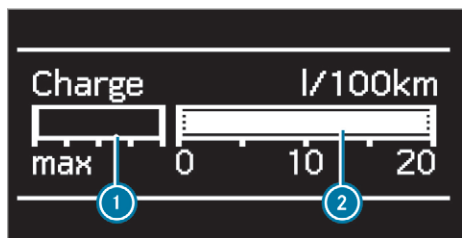
The following values will be displayed:

- Distance
- Length of journey
- Average fuel consumption
- Average speed

- ▶ **To reset values:** press and hold the Ⓡ button until all values are reset.

The trip computer will automatically be reset if the value exceeds 9999 hours or 99,999 km.

Current fuel consumption menu



Current fuel consumption menu (example)

- ① Recuperation display
- ② Current fuel consumption

- ▶ Press the Ⓢ button to select the fuel consumption bar display.

Recuperation display ① shows whether and, if so, how much kinetic energy is being transformed

into electric current whilst the vehicle is coasting. The recuperated energy is then stored in the starter battery. Recuperation display ⓘ is dependent on the engine fitted and is therefore not available in all vehicles.

Coolant temperature menu

⚠ WARNING Risk of burns when opening the bonnet

If you open the bonnet when the engine has overheated or when there is a fire in the engine compartment, the following situations may occur:

- You could come into contact with hot gases.
- You could come into contact with other hot, escaping operating fluids.

- ▶ Before opening the bonnet, allow the engine to cool down.
- ▶ In the event of a fire in the engine compartment, keep the bonnet closed and call the fire service.

Use the buttons on the instrument cluster.

- ▶ Press the  button to select the coolant temperature bar display .

The following values may be displayed during normal driving and if the coolant level is correct:

- In vehicles with front-wheel drive, the display is permitted to rise to 110°C.
- In vehicles with rear-wheel drive, the display is permitted to rise to 120°C.

AdBlue® level menu

This display is available only in vehicles with diesel engine and NO_x exhaust gas aftertreatment.

Use the buttons on the instrument cluster.

- ▶ Press the  button to select the **AdBlue** level display.

The display will show the AdBlue® level.

- ⓘ You can find information on topping up with AdBlue® under "Refuelling" (→ page 142).

Settings menu

Requirements

- The vehicle is stationary.

Use the buttons on the instrument cluster to operate the on-board computer.

Introduction

- ▶ **To display the Settings menu:** use the  button to select the **Settings** menu.

Use the  button to scroll through the menu and select its submenus or functions successively.

If you press the  button in a submenu, the submenu or function will be exited without the setting being adopted.

Depending on the equipment, the following is possible:

- Setting the language of the display messages and displays
- Switching ESP® on/off (→ page 147, 148)
- Setting the sensitivity of the rain sensor
- Switching ATTENTION ASSIST on/off (→ page 166, 167)
- Switching the Intelligent Light System on/off (→ page 96)
- Setting the permanent limiter (→ page 153)
- Selecting the permanent display in the header of the display (not for United Kingdom)
- Setting the unit for distance, consumption and speed displays
- Setting the time and date

- ▶ **To reset to factory settings:** turn the key to position **1** in the ignition lock and, in the **Settings** menu, press and hold the  button for at least five seconds.

For safety reasons, not all functions will be reset. The limit speed for the permanent limiter can be adjusted only in the **Winter tyres** submenu.

Setting the display language

- ▶ Press  to select the **Language** submenu. The display will show the current language selection.
- ▶ Use the  or  button to select a language.
- ▶ Press the  button to confirm. The next submenu will be shown on the display.

Setting the sensitivity of the rain sensor

- ▶ Press **(R)** to select the **Rain sensor:** submenu. The display will show the current sensitivity setting.
 - ▶ Use the **(+)** or **(-)** button to select the **Low**, **Standard** or **High** setting. This setting controls the rain sensor's sensitivity to precipitation. This results in the wind-screen wiper wiping more or less often at the same precipitation intensity.
 - ▶ Press the **(R)** button to confirm. The next submenu will be shown on the display.
- (i)** You can find further information under "Wind-screen wipers" (→ page 105).

Selecting the permanent display function United Kingdom only:

This function is not available. The display permanently shows the speed in **km/h** digitally in the header. The outside temperature is displayed with the odometers.

For all countries except the United Kingdom:

Using the **Permanent display:** function, you can switch the header of the display between outside temperature and speed (additional speedometer). When the display shows the speed in the header, the outside temperature is shown with the odometers.

The additional speedometer unit in the header is always the inverse of the speedometer unit.

- ▶ Press **(R)** to select the **Permanent display:** submenu. The display will show the current setting.
- ▶ Change the setting by pressing the **(+)** or **(-)** button.
- ▶ Press the **(R)** button to confirm. The next submenu will be shown on the display.

Selecting the unit of measurement for distance

You can select whether the display shows some information in miles or kilometres.

- ▶ Press **(R)** to select the **Disp. unit distance:** submenu. The display will show the current setting.
- ▶ Change the setting by pressing the **(+)** or **(-)** button.

- ▶ Press the **(R)** button to confirm. The display will show the next submenu or the **Settings** menu again.

The selected unit of measurement for distance applies to the following displays:

- Digital speedometer
- Total distance and trip distance
- Trip computer
- Range
- Current consumption
- Cruise control
- Limiter
- Service intervals

Setting the time and date

- ▶ Press the **(R)** button to select the time and date display.
- ▶ Use the **(+)** or **(-)** button to set the hours and press **(R)** to confirm.
- ▶ Use the **(+)** or **(-)** button to set the minutes and press **(R)** to confirm.
- ▶ Use the **(+)** or **(-)** button to set the day and press **(R)** to confirm.
- ▶ Use the **(+)** or **(-)** button to set the month and press **(R)** to confirm.
- ▶ Use the **(+)** or **(-)** button to set the year and press **(R)** to confirm. The display shows the **Settings** menu again.

Menus and submenus (vehicles with steering-wheel buttons)

Service menu

Overview



- ▶ Use the **(◀)** or **(▶)** button to select the **Service** menu.

Depending on the equipment, you have the following options in the Service menu:

- Calling up display messages in the message memory (→ page 278).
- Checking the tyre pressure electronically or restarting the tyre pressure monitoring system (→ page 254).
- Calling up the service due date (ASSYST PLUS) (→ page 215)
- Checking the engine oil level electronically (→ page 218)
- Displaying the AdBlue® level

Displaying the AdBlue® level

This display is available only in vehicles with a diesel engine and NO_x exhaust gas aftertreatment.

► Press the  or  button to select the **AdBlue level** submenu.

► Press the **OK** button.

The display will show the AdBlue® level.

i You can find information on topping up with AdBlue® under "Refuelling" (→ page 142).

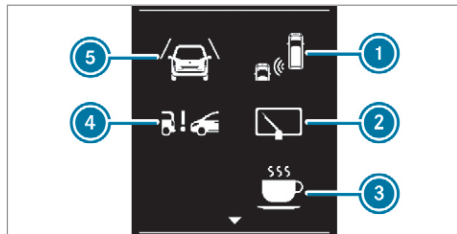
Assistance menu

► Use the  or  button to select the **Assistance** menu.

Depending on the vehicle's equipment, you have the following options on the **Assistance** menu:

- Displaying the status overview
- Showing the assistant display for Active Brake Assist (→ page 149) or Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC (→ page 158).
- Switching ESP® on/off (→ page 147, 148).
- Switching Active Brake Assist on/off (→ page 150).
- Setting the sensitivity of ATTENTION ASSIST (→ page 166, 167)
- Switching Blind Spot Assist on/off (→ page 167)
- Setting the sensitivity of Lane Keeping Assist (→ page 168)

Status overview



Status overview (example)

- 1 Blind Spot Assist switched on and active
- 2 Rear window wiper switched on
- 3 ATTENTION ASSIST switched on
- 4 Distance warning function of Active Brake Assist switched on
- 5 Lane Keeping Assist switched on and ready for use

► Use the  or  button to select the overview.

► Press the **OK** button.

The status overview shows only the symbols of the driving systems or driving safety systems that have been switched on.

The symbols for Blind Spot Assist and Lane Keeping Assist may vary depending on the system status:

- If the symbol for Blind Spot Assist **1** does not show any radar waves between the two vehicles, Blind Spot Assist has been switched on but is not ready for use.

For more information, see "Blind Spot Assist" (→ page 167).

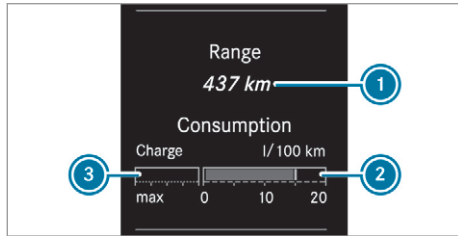
- If the symbol for Lane Keeping Assist **5** shows the lane marking as a broken line, Lane Keeping Assist has been switched on but is not ready for use.

For more information, see "Lane Keeping Assist" (→ page 167).

i In addition, you can display the evaluation of ATTENTION ASSIST or the attention level in the status overview (→ page 166).

Calling up displays on the Trip menu

Displaying the range and current fuel consumption



- ① Approximate range
- ② Current fuel consumption
- ③ Recuperation display

- ▶ Use the ◀ or ▶ button to select the **Trip** menu.
- ▶ With the ▼ or ▲ button, select range and consumption.

If there is only a small amount of fuel left in the fuel tank, the display will show a vehicle being refuelled instead of the approximate range ①.

Recuperation display ③ shows whether and, if so, how much kinetic energy is being converted to electrical energy while the vehicle is coasting. The recuperated energy is then stored in the starter battery.

Displaying trip computer "From start" or "From reset"

- ▶ Use the ◀ or ▶ button to select the **Trip** menu.
- ▶ Press the ▼ or ▲ button to select the **From start** or **From reset** submenu.

The following values will be displayed:

- Distance
- Length of journey
- Average fuel consumption
- Average speed

The values on the **From start** submenu relate to those measured since the start of the journey. The values on the **From reset** submenu relate to those measured since the submenu was last reset.

The **From start** trip computer will automatically be reset under the following conditions:

- The ignition has been switched off for longer than four hours.
- A time of 999 hours has been exceeded.
- A distance of 9999 km has been exceeded.

The **From reset** trip computer will automatically be reset under the following conditions:

- A time of 9999 hours has been exceeded.
- A distance of 99,999 km has been exceeded.

Displaying the digital speedometer

- ▶ Use the ◀ or ▶ button to select the **Trip** menu.
- ▶ Select the digital speedometer using the ▼ or ▲ button.

The following will be shown on the display:

- Gearshift recommendation:
Vehicles with manual transmission
(→ page 135)
Vehicles with automatic transmission
(→ page 138)
- Digital speedometer

Resetting values

The values of the following functions can be reset:

- Trip distance
- "From start" trip computer
- "From reset" trip computer

- ▶ Use the ◀ or ▶ button to select the **Trip** menu.
- ▶ Use the ▼ or ▲ button to select the function to be reset.
- ▶ Press the **OK** button.
- ▶ Use the ▼ button to select **Yes** and confirm with the **OK** button.

Navigation menu

In the **Navi** menu, the display shows the navigation instructions from the audio and/or navigation system. Further information on the audio and/or navigation system can be found in the separate operating instructions.

- ▶ Switch the audio and/or navigation system on (see separate operating instructions).

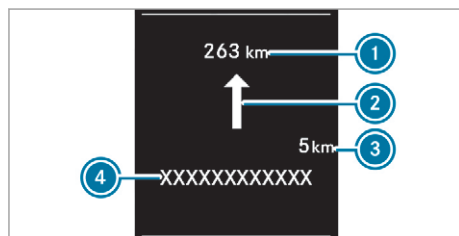
- ▶ Use the ◀ or ▶ button to select the Navi menu.
- ▶ Press the [OK] button to confirm.

Route guidance not active



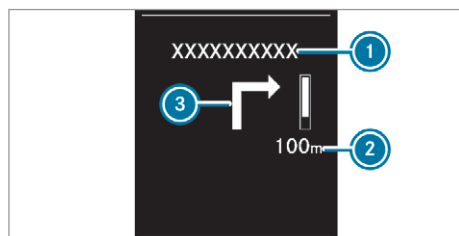
- ① Direction of travel
- ② Name of current road

Route guidance active



No change of direction announced

- ① Distance to the next destination
- ② Change-of-direction symbol
- ③ Distance to the next change of direction
- ④ Name of current road

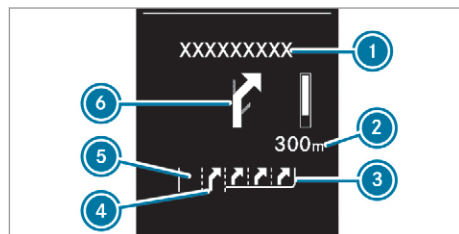


Change of direction announced without lane recommendation

- ① Road to which the change of direction leads
- ② Distance to the change of direction and distance indicator graphic
- ③ Change-of-direction symbol

If you need to make a change of direction, you will see a dynamic bar as a distance indicator graphic above distance information ②.

This bar reduces in size from bottom to top as you approach the announced change of direction. When the distance indicator no longer shows a bar, this means you have reached the point at which you are to change direction.



Change of direction announced with lane recommendation

- ① Road to which the change of direction leads
- ② Distance to the change of direction and distance indicator graphic
- ③ Recommended lane and new lane during a change of direction
- ④ Possible lane
- ⑤ Lane not recommended
- ⑥ Change-of-direction symbol

If the digital map contains the corresponding data, lane recommendations for upcoming changes of direction can be displayed in the case of multi-lane roads. New lanes may be added during the change of direction.

Lane not recommended ⑤: in this lane, you will not be able to complete the next change of direction without changing lane.

Possible lane ④: only in this lane will you be able to make the next change of direction.

Recommended lane ③: in this lane, you will be able to complete both the next change of direction and the one after that.

The following additional navigation status displays are possible:

- **New route... or Calculating route...**

A new route is being calculated.

- **Road not mapped**

The vehicle's position is within the area of the digital map, but the road is not known, e.g. it may be an unpaved road.

- **No route**

No route could be calculated to the selected destination.



You have reached the destination or an intermediate destination.

Audio menu

Selecting a radio station

The station is displayed with the station frequency or station name. The memory preset is displayed along with the frequency band only if the station has been stored.

- ▶ Switch on the audio system and select the radio function (see the separate operating instructions).
- ▶ Use the  or  button to select the **Audio** menu. The display will show the station currently selected.
- ▶ **To select a stored station:** briefly press the  or  button.
- ▶ **To select a station from the station list:** press and hold the  or  button.

If no station list is received:

- ▶ **To select a station using the station search function:** press and hold the  or  button.

Operating data storage media

Depending on the multimedia system, you can play back audio files from different audio sources, such as an SD card, a USB storage device or a Bluetooth® audio device.

- ▶ Switch on the multimedia system and select the audio source (see the separate operating instructions).
- ▶ Use the  or  button to select the **Audio** menu.
- ▶ **To open the track list:** press the  or  button.
- ▶ **To select the next or previous track on the track list:** briefly press the  or  button.
- ▶ **To select a track from the track list using rapid scroll:** press and hold the  or  button until the desired track is reached. If you press and hold the  or  button, the rapid scroll speed will increase after

a short time. Not all audio sources support this function.

If the corresponding track information is stored on the data storage medium, the display may show the following:

- track number
- artist and/or track name
- folder name

If an external audio source has been connected via the AUX connection, no track information is displayed.

Telephone menu

⚠ WARNING Risk of distraction from information systems and communications equipment

If you operate information and communication equipment integrated in the vehicle when driving, you will be distracted from the traffic situation. This could also cause you to lose control of the vehicle.

- ▶ Only operate this equipment when the traffic situation permits.
- ▶ If you cannot be sure of this, stop the vehicle whilst paying attention to road and traffic conditions and operate the equipment with the vehicle stationary.

When using the phone, you must observe the legal requirements for the country in which you are currently driving.

- ▶ Switch on the audio system (see the separate operating instructions).
- ▶ Switch on the mobile phone (see the separate operating instructions from the manufacturer).
- ▶ Establish a Bluetooth® connection between the mobile phone and the audio system (see the separate operating instructions).
- ▶ Use the  or  button to select the **Telephone** menu.

The display will show one of the following messages:

- The name of the mobile phone network provider or **Telephone READY:**
The mobile phone has found a network and is ready to receive.
- **Telephone No service:**

No network is available or the mobile phone is searching for a network.

- **Bluetooth ready:**

You have not yet established a Bluetooth® connection between the mobile phone and the audio system.

You can obtain further information about suitable mobile phones and connecting via Bluetooth®:

- At any Mercedes-Benz service centre
- On the internet at <https://www.mercedes-benz.com/connect>

Accepting a call

- ▶ Press the  button on the steering wheel.

If someone calls you when you are in the **Telephone** menu, a corresponding message will appear on the display.

Rejecting or ending a call

- ▶ Press the  button on the steering wheel.

Dialling a number from the telephone book

- ▶ Use the  or  button to select the **Telephone** menu.
- ▶ Press the ,  or  button to switch to the telephone book.
- ▶ Use the  or  button to scroll through the names.
If you press and hold the button for longer than one second, the names in the telephone book will be scrolled through rapidly.

or

- ▶ Press and hold the  or  button for longer than five seconds.
Rapid scrolling – the name that starts with the next letter or the previous letter in the alphabet is displayed.
Rapid scrolling will stop when you release the button or reach the end of the list.

If only one telephone number is stored for a name:

- ▶ Press the  or  button.
Dialling will start.

If several telephone numbers are stored for a name:

- ▶ Press the  or  button.
The phone numbers will be displayed.
- ▶ Press the  or  button to select a telephone number.

- ▶ Press the  or  button.
Dialling will start.

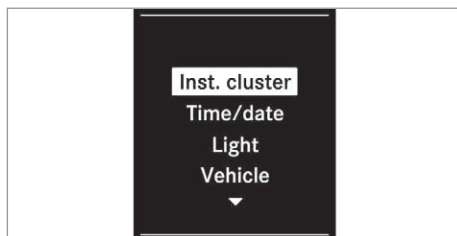
- ▶ **To exit the telephone book:** press the  or  button.

Redialling

The on-board computer will save the last names or numbers dialled in the redial memory.

- ▶ Use the  or  button to select the **Telephone** menu.
- ▶ Press the  button to switch to the redial memory.
- ▶ Press the  or  button to select a name or telephone number.
- ▶ Press the  or  button.
Dialling will start.
- ▶ **To exit the redial memory:** press the  or  button.

Settings menu



Settings menu (example)

Depending on the vehicle's equipment, you have the following options on the **Settings** menu:

- In the **Instrument cluster** submenu, changing the display options
- In the **Time/date** submenu, changing the time and date
- In the **Light** submenu, changing the settings for exterior and interior lighting
- In the **Vehicle** submenu, switching vehicle functions on/off or adjusting them
- In the **Heating** submenu, setting up to three departure times for the hot-water auxiliary heater
- In the **Comfort** submenu, switching seat belt adjustment on/off
- Resetting the settings to **Factory setting**

- ▶ Use the  or  button to select the **Settings** menu.

Instrument cluster submenu

- ▶ Use the  or  button to select the **Instrument cluster** submenu.
 - ▶ Press the  button.
- In the **Instrument cluster** submenu, you have the following options depending on the equipment:
- Changing the unit of measurement for distance
 - Changing the display language.
 - Changing the permanent display in the header of the display (not for United Kingdom)
- ▶ Use the  or  button to select the desired function.
 - ▶ Choose a setting.

Time/date submenu

- ▶ Use the  or  button to select the **Time/date** submenu.
- ▶ Press the  button.
- ▶ Use the  or  button to select the desired function.
- ▶ Press the  button.
- ▶ Choose a setting.
- ▶ Press the  button to confirm.

Light submenu

- ▶ Use the  or  button to select the **Light** submenu.
 - ▶ Press the  button.
- In the **Light** submenu, you have the following options depending on the equipment:
- Switching the Intelligent Light System on/off (→ page 96)
- For further information, read the section "Intelligent Light System" (→ page 95).
- Switching the low beam over for right-hand or left-hand traffic
 - Activating/deactivating the surround lighting and switch-off delay time of the exterior lighting

An activated **Ambient lighting** function works only in the dark and if the light switch is in the **AUTO** position.

- Activating/deactivating the switch-off delay time of the interior lighting

- ▶ Choose a setting.

Vehicle submenu

- ▶ Use the  or  button to select the **Vehicle** submenu.
 - ▶ Press the  button.
- In the **Vehicle** submenu, you have the following options depending on the equipment:
- Setting the sensitivity of the rain sensor
You can find further information under "Windscreen wipers" (→ page 105).
 - Setting the permanent limiter (limit for winter tyres) (→ page 153)
You can find further information in "Permanent limiter" (→ page 153).
 - Switching the automatic door lock on/off
You can find further information under "Automatic locking mechanism" (→ page 50).
 - Activating/deactivating the acoustic locking verification signal
- ▶ Choose a setting.

The selected setting for the acoustic locking verification signal must comply with the relevant national road traffic rules. In some countries, including Germany, using the acoustic locking verification signal is forbidden by traffic laws (in accordance with article 16 paragraph 1 and article 30 paragraph 1 of the German national road traffic regulations). The driver of the vehicle must ensure compliance with these regulations. In countries where the use of this function is forbidden, this function is not activated in the vehicle and must not be activated.

Comfort submenu

- ▶ Use the  or  button to select the **Comfort** submenu.
- ▶ Press the  button.
- ▶ Use the  or  button to select the **Belt adjustment** function.
- ▶ **To activate/deactivate:** press the  button again.

When you switch on the **Belt adjustment:** function, the driver's and front passenger's seat belt is adapted to the upper body of the vehicle occupant.

-  You can find further information about the seat belt adjustment comfort function in "Seat belts" (→ page 28).

Resetting the settings to factory settings

- ▶ Press the  or  button to select **Factory setting**.
- ▶ Press the  button.
The **Reset all settings?** function will be displayed.
- ▶ Press the  or  button to select **Yes**.
- ▶ Press the  button.

For safety reasons, not all functions will be reset. The **Limit speed (winter tyres)** function of the permanent limiter can be adjusted only in the **Vehicle** submenu.

Information about Mercedes PRO (Mercedes me)

Mercedes-Benz Vans vehicles support the following telematics solutions depending on what is selected:

- Mercedes PRO
- Mercedes me

When you have registered and logged in with a user account to the Mercedes PRO Portal or Mercedes me Portal, then services and offers from Mercedes-Benz Vans will be available to you.

Availability of Mercedes PRO is country-dependent. You can check the availability of Mercedes PRO in your country in the Mercedes PRO Portal: <http://www.mercedes.pro>

Availability of Mercedes me is country-dependent. You can check the availability of Mercedes me in your country in the Mercedes me Portal: <http://www.mercedes.me>

For more information on Mercedes PRO or Mercedes me contact a Mercedes-Benz service centre or visit the Mercedes PRO Portal or Mercedes me Portal.

Information about Mercedes PRO connect (Mercedes me connect)

Mercedes PRO connect or Mercedes me connect is the connectivity product from Mercedes-Benz that intelligently connects your vehicle with your smartphone, your tablet or your PC. You can then call up diverse information about your vehicle at any time, for example, or control specific vehicle functions remotely.

Amongst others, Mercedes PRO connect or Mercedes me connect provide the following services:

- Breakdown Management (breakdown assistance call button)

In the event of a breakdown, you can use the breakdown assistance call button in the overhead control panel to make a call to the Mercedes-Benz Customer Centre (→ page 190).

- Info call/General question about your vehicle (Info call button), if available

Use the Info call button in the overhead control panel to make a call to the Mercedes-Benz Customer Centre (→ page 190).

- Mercedes-Benz Emergency call system (SOS button)

Use the  button (SOS button) in the overhead control panel to make a call to the Mercedes-Benz emergency call centre (→ page 190).

- Accident Recovery

Accident Recovery is available for you as a supplement to the Mercedes-Benz emergency call system. If desired, at the conclusion of an emergency call, your call is forwarded to the Mercedes-Benz Customer Centre, so you can have your vehicle towed away to a Mercedes-Benz service centre, for example (→ page 190).

The Mercedes-Benz Customer Centre and the Mercedes-Benz emergency call centre are available for you around the clock for the use of the services. Observe the legal requirements for the country in which you are staying.

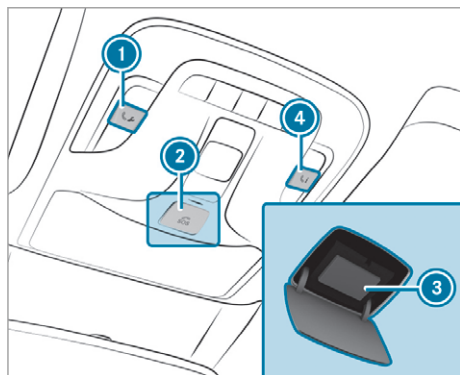
To use the services in your vehicle, the following conditions must be met:

- Your vehicle is in an area with sufficient GSM network coverage.
- The ignition is switched on.

More information on Mercedes PRO and Mercedes PRO connect and the range of services offered can be found in the Mercedes PRO supplement at: https://moba.i.daimler.com/markets/ece-row/baix/trucks/mercedespro/en_GB/index.html

Further information about Mercedes me and Mercedes me connect and the range of services offered can be found in the Mercedes me supplement at: https://moba.i.daimler.com/markets/ece-row/baix/cars/connectme/en_GB/#emotions/Startseite.html

Making a call via the overhead control panel



- ① Breakdown assistance call button
- ② Cover for SOS button (SOS button)
- ③ SOS button (SOS button)
- ④ Info call button

► **To make a breakdown assistance call:** press button ①.

Making an emergency call

- Briefly press the cover on SOS button ② to open it.
- Press and hold SOS button ③ for at least one second.

Making an Info call

- Press button ④, if available.

An emergency call can be initiated even if a breakdown assistance or Info call is active. This has priority over all other active calls.

Information on the breakdown assistance call via the overhead control panel

A call to the Mercedes-Benz Customer Centre using the breakdown assistance button has been initiated via the overhead control panel:

In the event of a breakdown, you will get support:

- A qualified technician carries out repairs on site and/or the vehicle will be towed to the nearest Mercedes-Benz service centre

You may be charged for these services.

Data is transmitted during the connection to the Mercedes-Benz Customer Centre (→ page 190).

Transmitted data during a service call

In certain countries you must confirm the data transfer.

The following requirements must be met for data transmission:

- The ignition is switched on.
- The necessary data transmission technology is supported by the mobile network provider.
- A sufficient mobile phone connection quality is provided.

The data transferred when calling depends on the services activated and the type of call made:

- General information about the vehicle
- Accident and breakdown assistance
- Service appointment agreement

The following data is transmitted if the data protection query has been confirmed in the multimedia system or in the instrument cluster:

- Vehicle identification number
- Reason for the initiation of the call
- Confirmation of the data protection prompt

If a call is made for a service appointment via the service reminder, the following data may be transmitted:

- Current mileage and maintenance data

If accident and breakdown assistance is called via the voice control system, and the data protection query has been confirmed, the following data can also be called up from the vehicle by the Mercedes-Benz Customer Centre:

- Current vehicle location

The following data is transmitted if the data protection query has been declined on the instrument cluster:

- Reason for the initiation of the call
- Rejection of the data protection prompt

Notes on operating safety

⚠ WARNING Risk of distraction from information systems and communications equipment

If you operate information and communication equipment integrated in the vehicle when driving, you will be distracted from the traffic situation. This could also cause you to lose control of the vehicle.

- ▶ Only operate this equipment when the traffic situation permits.
- ▶ If you cannot be sure of this, stop the vehicle whilst paying attention to road and traffic conditions and operate the equipment with the vehicle stationary.

You must observe the legal requirements for the country in which you are currently driving when operating the multimedia system.

Anti-theft protection

This device is equipped with technical provisions to protect it against theft. More detailed information about anti-theft protection can be obtained at a qualified specialist workshop.

Operating temperature

Observe the following temperature range for the device:

- Operating temperature: -25°C to + 70°C

Specifications

Wireless frequencies/ protocols	2.4 GHz @ 9.5 dBm nominal
Input voltage	From 7.5 to 18.5V
Maximum operating current	2.5A

Bluetooth® specification

Properties of the Bluetooth® technology used:

Bluetooth® version	2.0
Energy class	Class 2
Frequency range	2402 to 2480 MHz

Trademark information

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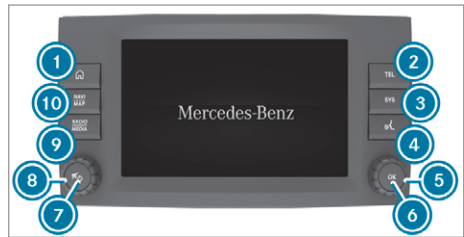
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Every use of this trademark by Garmin is done under licence.

Overview and operation

Overview of the control panel



- ① Press: calls up the home screen.
- ② Press: pairs a phone or uses smart-phone functions
- ③ Press: calls up settings
- ④ Press: activates voice control
- ⑤ Turn: navigates through options on the current page
- ⑥ Press: confirms selection
- ⑦ Press: switches off the media display or mutes the sound
- ⑧ Turn: sets the volume for media, navigation announcements or telephone calls
- ⑨ Press: selects the current media source
- ⑩ Press: calls up the navigation map.

Changing the arrangement of applications on the home screen



You can customise the home screen with various widgets and apps and access it at any time.

- ▶ Press on . The home screen is called up.

Adding or changing buttons

- ▶ **To assign an app to an empty button:** select an empty button.
- ▶ **To change an existing app:** hold down the app icon until the app tile selection window appears on the home screen.
- ▶ Select an app and assign it to the respective tile.

Operating the touchscreen

Tapping

- ▶ Tap on the display to select an element.

Single-finger swipe

- ▶ Draw or swipe a finger across the display to tilt or to scroll.

Calling up applications

The main menu is shown in the media display when you start the vehicle.

- ▶ Select the application by swiping and tapping. or
- ▶ **In any display:** tap on the  symbol on the touchscreen.
- ▶ Select the application by swiping and tapping.

System settings

Configuring basic settings

- ▶  volume button.

The following options are available:

- **Connected Devices:** Options for controlling connected devices that use Android Auto, Apple CarPlay® or Bluetooth® technology.
- **Phone:** Sets options for use with your smartphone
- **Navigation:** Setting options for navigation and map interaction
- **Notifications:** Defines settings for different notification types
- **Display and Language:** Defines settings for display and language
- **Sound:** Sets options for sound and volume
- **Time and Units:** Defines units of measurement used
- **About:** Displays system information, end user licence agreements and advanced settings

Displaying of the E-label with conformity markings and information on legal requirements:

- ▶ Press  and select **Settings** ▶▶ **About** ▶▶ **Regulatory**.

Configuring settings for connected devices

- ▶ Press  and select **Connected Devices**.

The following options are available:

- **Bluetooth:** Sets options for connecting and configuring devices that use Bluetooth® technology
- **Android Auto:** Sets options for devices that use the Android Auto app
- **Apple CarPlay:** Sets options for devices that use Apple CarPlay®
- **Bluetooth Name::** Sets a name for a Bluetooth® connection
- **Add a device:** Starts the procedure for pairing the multimedia system with an available Bluetooth® device

Configuring smartphone and text message settings

- ▶ Press  and select **Phone**.

The following options are available:

- **Auto Text Messages:** Sets the text for messages sent automatically while driving
- **Contact Sorting:** Sets the sorting method of contact names
- **Contact Display:** Sets the display of contact names

Configuring navigation settings

Map settings

▶ Press **[sys]** and select **Navigation** ►► **Map**.

The following options are available:

- **Driving Map View:** Sets the map perspective
- **Map Theme:** Determines the colour for the map material
- **Map Layer:** Sets the level of detail of the map
- **Installed Maps:** Specifies the maps to be installed
- **Map Updates:** Defines the procedure for map material updates

Guidance settings

▶ Press **[sys]** and select **Navigation** ►► **Navigation Instructions**.

The following options are available:

- **Calculation Mode:** Sets the route calculation mode
- **Avoidances:** Sets the road types to be avoided on the route
- **Custom Avoidances:** Allows you to avoid certain roads or areas
- **Voice Prompts:** Enables or disables voice prompts during navigation
- **Junction View:** Enables or disables the view of upcoming junctions while driving
- **GPS Simulator:** Enables the GPS simulator to calculate and simulate routes

Traffic settings

▶ Press **[sys]** and select **Navigation** ►► **Traffic**.

The following options are available:

- **Traffic:** Activates traffic messages
- **Automatic Route Optimisation:** Uses optimised alternative routes automatically or on request

- **Current Provider:** Sets the provider from which traffic data is obtained. With the "Auto" option, the best available traffic data is automatically selected.
- **Subscriptions:** Displays the list of current subscriptions for traffic data

Setting position course

▶ Press **[sys]** and select **Navigation** ►► **Location History**.

The following option is available:

- **Travel Data Recording:** Enables the gathering of travel information

Device and privacy settings

▶ Press **[sys]** and select **About**.

The following options are available:

- **System Update:** Starts the software update, if an update is available
- **Map Updates:** Starts or completes an update for the map material
- **System Information:** Displays hardware and software version information
- **EULAs:** Displays the End User License Agreement (EULA) and software licence information
- **Regulatory:** Displays E-Label with compliance designations and regulatory information.
- **Reset to Factory Defaults:** Deletes all data and resets the multimedia system to the factory settings

Configuring notification settings

▶ Press **[sys]** and select **Notifications**.

The following options are available:

- **Incoming Phone Call:** Set to display a notification to answer or reject incoming calls
- **Missed Call:** Set to display a missed call notification
- **Ongoing Call:** Set to display a notification when a call is in progress

Configuring display and language settings

▶ Press **[sys]** and select **Display and Language**.

The following options are available:

- **Brightness:** Sets the brightness of the media display
- **Display Colour Mode:** Selects day or night colour mode. If you select the "Automatic" option, the multimedia system switches automatically to day or night colours depending on the time of day.
- **System Voice:** Sets the voice for the navigation announcements and other information
- **System language:** Sets the language for text
- **Keyboard:** Sets the keyboard design

Configuring sound settings

► Press **sys** and select **Sound**.

The following options are available:

- **Adjust Volumes:** Sets the volumes for audible device functions.
- **Adjust Sound Quality:** Sets the level for balance, fader, bass, mid-range and treble for the media source you are using.
- **Audio Prompts:** Sets the style for audio announcements.
- **Equaliser Preset:** Defines the settings for the equaliser function.
- **Touch Sounds:** Sets the sound for the selection of symbols on the media display.

Calling up the tool menu

► You can call up the tool menu any time by pressing on .

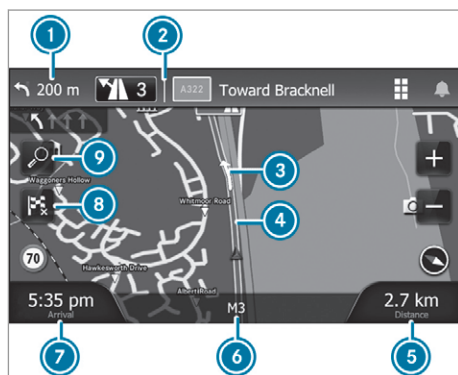
The following functions are available:

- **Where Am I?:** Displays information about your current position.
- **Detour:** Starts a detour.
- **Now Playing:** Displays information about the current media track.
- **Nav Assist:** Shows upcoming exits and current location information.
- **Traffic:** Displays traffic information along your route.
- **Up Ahead:** Displays points of interest located ahead of you.
- **Quick Settings:** Options for activating or deactivating various system functions.

Navigation

Navigation overview

During the journey, the multimedia system guides you to the destination using voice messages and information on the map. Instructions for turning, exits or other directional changes are displayed in the upper section of the map.



- ① Next direction change on the route.
 - ② Name of the street or exit that is linked to the next change of direction.
 - ③ Next direction change on the route. Arrows on the map show the positions of the next changes of direction.
 - ④ Route marked on the map.
 - ⑤ Estimated distance to destination.
 - ⑥ Name of the street on which the vehicle is located.
 - ⑦ Estimated time of arrival
 - ⑧ Stops the route
 - ⑨ Searches for points of interest or starts a new route
- ⓘ When you tap ⑤ or ⑦, you can adjust the arrival time or distance information.

Destination entry

Notes on destination entry

⚠ WARNING Risk of distraction from operating integrated communication equipment while the vehicle is in motion

If you operate communication equipment integrated in the vehicle when driving, you could be distracted from the traffic situation.

This could also cause you to lose control of the vehicle.

- ▶ Only operate this equipment when the traffic situation permits.
- ▶ If you cannot be sure of this, stop the vehicle whilst paying attention to road and traffic conditions and operate the equipment with the vehicle stationary.

You must observe the legal requirements for the country in which you are currently driving when operating the multimedia system. The search menu helps to find the destination.

The following search options are available:

- To search all location information quickly, enter search terms.
- Browse or search existing points of interest by category.
- To find specific positions, e.g. addresses, junctions or geographical coordinates, use search functions.
- Location search within the vicinity of other towns or areas
- Save favourites.
- Search for previously discovered destinations again.

Results of the destination search

The results of the destination search are displayed in a list, with the nearest location at the top. You can scroll down to see more results.

Search tools

Search tools allow you to search for specific location types using prompts on the media display.

Searching for and entering destinations

Finding destinations with the search bar

You can search for specific locations in the search bar by entering a category, brand name, address or location name.

- ▶ Select  on the map.
- ▶ Select **Keyword or Address** in the search bar.
- ▶ Enter all or part of the search term. Suggested search terms are displayed below the search bar.

The following options are available:

- To search for an address near you, enter the street and house number.
 - To search for an address in another town, enter the street, house number, town and state or province.
 - To search for a town, enter the town and the state or province.
 - To search for specific coordinates, enter the latitude and longitude.
 - To search for specific businesses, enter the appropriate category, e.g. cinemas.
 - To search for a business with a specific name, enter all or part of the name
- ▶ Select one of the following options.
 - ▶ To search for one of the suggested search terms, select the corresponding term.

or

- ▶ Press **Done** for the entered terms searched for.
- ▶ Select a destination if necessary.

Changing the search area

- ▶ Select  on the map.
- ▶ Select .
- ▶ Select one of the available options.

Searching for an address

Depending on the available map material, the sequence of steps can be different.

- ▶ Select  on the map.
- ▶ Select  if it is necessary to change the search area.
- ▶ Select **Address**.
- ▶ Follow the instructions on the media display to enter the address information.
- ▶ Select the address.

Searching for a town

Before you can search for a town, you must add the "Cities" shortcut to the search menu.

- ▶ Select  on the map.
- ▶ Select **Cities**.
- ▶ Select one of the following options.
- ▶ Select a town from the list.

or

- ▶ Enter the name of the city you are looking for and press **Done**.

Searching for a junction

Before you can search for a junction, you must add the "Intersections" shortcut to the search menu.

You can then search for a junction or intersection between two roads, motorways or other road types.

- ▶ Select  on the map.
- ▶ Select [Intersections](#).
- ▶ Follow the instructions on the media display to enter the street information.
- ▶ Select a junction.

Finding a destination using coordinates

Before you find a destination using coordinates, you must add the "Coordinates" shortcut to the search menu.

You can find destinations by specifying longitude and latitude.

- ▶ Select  >> [Coordinates](#) on the map.
- ▶ If required, select  >> [Coordinate Format](#).
- ▶ Press on [Change](#).
The coordinate format or date is changed.
- ▶ Enter the coordinates in longitude and latitude.
- ▶ Press on [Accept](#).

Destination search by categories

- ▶ Select  on the map.
- ▶ Select a category or choose from [Calculation Mode](#).
- ▶ Select a subcategory if necessary.
- ▶ Select a destination.

Parking the vehicle

- ▶ Select  on the map.
- ▶ Press [Select Calculation Mode](#) >> [Parking](#).
- ▶ Choose a parking space.
- ▶ Press on [Go!](#).

Displaying and deleting last destinations

Displays

The multimedia system stores a history of the last fifty destinations found.

- ▶ Select  on the map.
- ▶ Select [Recents](#).

Deleting

- ▶ Select  on the map.
- ▶ Select [Recents](#) >>  >> [Clear All Recent Places](#) >> [Clear](#).

Displaying POIs

The "POI along the route" function provides information on the next POIs along the road you are travelling on, e.g. restaurants, filling stations or rest areas. If you are driving on a motorway, you can also display information and available points of interest for the nearest junctions and towns.

Displaying the next points of interest

- ▶ Select  >> [Up Ahead](#) on the map.
- ▶ Select a display from the list of possible locations for the category, exit or town.

Adjusting categories for points of interest along the route

- ▶ Select  >> [Up Ahead](#) on the map.
- ▶ Select a category.
- ▶ Select  >> [Up Ahead Options](#).

The following options are available:

- To move a POI category up or down in the list, select the arrow next to the category name.
- To change a category, select the category and choose a new category from the list.

- ▶ Select [Save](#).

Displaying current location information

You can use the [Where Am I?](#) function to display information about your current position.

This function is particularly useful in the following cases:

- To communicate the location in case of emergency.
- To find nearby hospitals, police stations and filling stations.

- ▶ Select  >> [Where am I?](#).
The current location information is displayed.
- ▶ Select one of the options shown, for example the [EV Stations](#) category.

- ① Some service categories are not available in all areas. A list of locations for the selected service is displayed, with the nearest locations at the top.

- ▶ Select the desired destination.
- ▶ Select one of the following options:

- ▶ To navigate to the destination, select **Go!**.
- or
- ▶ To call the destination using the paired telephone, select **Call**.

Saving and deleting destinations

Saving

- ▶ Search for a destination (→ page 195).
- ▶ Select a destination from the search results.
- ▶ Press on **Save**.
- ▶ Enter a name and press on **Done**.

Deleting a saved destination

Deleted destinations are not restored.

- ▶ Select  ►  ► **Select a Saved Place**.
- ▶ Activate the checkbox next to the destination to be deleted.
- ▶ Select **Delete**.

Adding or removing shortcut for destination entry

A shortcut can refer to a destination, a category or a search function. The "Destination entry" menu can contain up to 36 shortcut symbols.

- ▶ **To add:** select  ► **Add Shortcut** on the map.
- ▶ Select a symbol.
- ▶ **To remove:** select  ►  ► **Remove Shortcut(s)** on the map.
- ▶ Select a shortcut.
- ▶ Select **Remove**.

Route

Notes on the routes

A route is a journey from your current location to one or more destinations.

The following route options are available:

- The multimedia system calculates a recommended route to your destination using the information you specify, including the route calculation mode (→ page 198) and the route options set (→ page 198).
- You can start navigation to your destination immediately with the recommended route or select an alternative route (→ page 197).
- You can add multiple intermediate destinations to the route (→ page 199).

Arrival at your destination

As you approach your destination, the multimedia system displays additional information to help you complete your route.

You will receive the following information upon arrival at your destination:

-  shows the location of the destination on the map, while a voice message informs you that you are approaching the destination.
- When you approach certain destinations, the multimedia system automatically prompts you to find a parking space. With **Yes** you can find nearby parking spaces.
- When you stop at your destination, the multimedia system automatically ends the route. If not, you can end the route by pressing **Stop**.

Starting and ending a route

- ▶ Press on .
- ▶ Select .
- ▶ Select a position.
- ▶ Select one of the following options:
- ▶ To start navigation with the recommended route, press on **Go!**.

or

- ▶ To select an alternative route, press on **Routes** and select a route. Alternative routes are shown to the left of the map.
- ▶ The navigation system calculates a route to the selected destination.

Using a map

- ▶ Press on .
 - ▶ To display the desired search area, move the section of the map and use the zoom function.
 - ▶ If required, select  ►  to filter the displayed POIs according to category. The position marks are shown on the map.
 - ▶ Select one of the following options:
 - ▶ Select a position mark.
- or
- ▶ Select a point on the map, e.g. a street, junction or address.
 - ▶ Press on **Go!**.

Searching for the "Home location"

If you are starting a route home for the first time, the navigation system prompts you to enter the "Home location".

- ▶ Press on .
- ▶ Select  >> **Navigating Home.**
- ▶ If required, enter the "Home position".
- ▶ **To edit the "Home location":** press .
- ▶ Select  >>  >> **Change Home Location.**

Ending a route

- ▶ Select  on the map.

Selecting route options

Avoiding traffic obstructions along the route

To avoid traffic obstructions, you need traffic information.

To avoid traffic obstructions, the navigation system automatically optimises the route. If you have deactivated this function in the traffic information settings, you can see expected traffic obstructions on the media display and avoid them independently.

- ▶ Select the  >> **Traffic options.**
- ▶ If available, select **Alternative Route to.**
- ▶ Press on **Go!**.

Avoiding toll roads

The navigation system can calculate routes that bypass areas with roads requiring a fee, e.g. toll roads, toll bridges or congestion areas. If no other appropriate routes are available, the navigation system will include any toll road sections in the route.

- ▶  volume button.
- ▶ Select the options **Settings >> Navigation >> Navigation Instructions >> Avoidances.**
- ▶ Select **Tolls and Fees.**

Defining your own bypass criteria

Your own bypass criteria allow you to avoid certain areas or road sections. When the navigation system calculates a route, these areas and road sections are avoided unless there is no other reasonable route available.

- ▶  volume button.
- ▶ Select the options **Settings >> Navigation >> Navigation Instructions >> Custom Avoidances.**
- ▶ Select **Add Avoidance.**
- ▶ **To avoid a certain section of the road:** select **Avoid Road.**

- ▶ Select the starting point of the road section to be avoided.
- ▶ Select **Next.**
- ▶ Select the end point of the road section.
- ▶ Select **Next.**
- ▶ Select **Done.**
- ▶ **To avoid a specific area:** select **Avoid Area.**
- ▶ Select the upper left corner of the area to be bypassed.
- ▶ Select **Next.**
- ▶ Select the lower right corner of the area to be bypassed.
- ▶ Select **Next.**
The selected area is displayed in colour.
- ▶ Select **Done.**

Deactivating and deleting your own bypass criteria

- ▶  volume button.
- ▶ Select the options **Settings >> Navigation >> Navigation Instructions >> Custom Avoidances.**
- ▶ Select a detour criterion.
- ▶ **To deactivate:** deselect the **Enable** checkbox.
- ▶ **To delete:** select **Delete.**

Selecting route calculation mode

- ▶  volume button.
- ▶ Select **Settings >> Navigation >> Navigation Instructions >> Route Preference.**

Select one of the following options for calculating routes:

- **Faster Time:** Faster routes, even if the route is longer
- **Shorter Distance:** Shorter distances, even if more time is needed
- **Less Fuel:** Fuel-efficient routes

Selecting a detour

During navigation, you can select detours for a specified distance or avoid specific roads. This function is useful for construction sites, closed roads or poor road conditions.

- ▶ Select  >> **Detour** on the map.

Select one of the following options:

- **Detour by Distance:** Avoids a route for a certain distance.
- **Route detoured.:** Avoids a particular road on the route.
- **Detour:** Calculates a completely new route.

Editing a route with intermediate destinations

Requirements:

- A route has already been started (→ page 197).

You can add intermediate destinations in the middle or at the end of your route.

- ▶ Select  on the map.
- ▶ Search for a position.
- ▶ Select a position.
- ▶ Press on **Go!**.

Select one of the following options:

- **Add as Next Stop:** Sets the location as the next intermediate destination on the route.
- **Add as Last Stop:** Adds the location at the end of the route.
- **Add to Active Route:** Adds the location and manages the order of destinations on the route.

The navigation system adds this position to the route. The route is recalculated with the individual destinations in the desired order.

Planning routes with myTrips

With the "myTrips" function you can set and save a route. This can be useful for the planning of a delivery route, a holiday or a journey. You can manage a saved route, e.g. to rearrange positions, optimise the order of the stops or add positions.

A route can include many destinations but must have at least one start location and one destination. The start location is place from where you wish to set off on your journey. If you start navigation for the trip from another location, the multimedia system offers the option of driving to this location first. For a round-trip, the start and destination location can be the same.

Setting a route

- ▶ Select  ▶▶ **myTrips** ▶▶ **Create Trip** on the map.
- ▶ Select **Add Starting Point**.

- ▶ Select a position for the starting point.
- ▶ Select **Add Destinations**.
- ▶ Set a position for the destination and select with **Select**.
- ▶ If required, add more destinations for other positions and then select .
- ▶ Select **Trip Settings** ▶▶ **Trip Name**.
- ▶ Enter the name of the route and select **Done**.

Managing and rearranging positions on a route

- ▶ Select  ▶▶ **myTrips** on the map.
- ▶ Select a saved route.
- ▶ Select **Edit Destinations**.
- ▶ Select one of the following options:
- ▶ Using the grip next to it, drag the destination to a new position on the route.

or

- ▶ Select an additional location with **Add Destinations**.

Deleting routes

- ▶ Select  ▶▶ **myTrips** ▶▶ **Delete Trips** on the map.
- ▶ Select one or more routes.
- ▶ Select **Delete**.

Showing traffic information

Real-time traffic data is an optional feature for your vehicle. Contact your vehicle dealer for more information on traffic functions. Traffic information is not available in all areas.

- ① Daimler AG and Garmin are not responsible for the accuracy and timeliness of traffic information.

Displaying traffic ahead

- ▶ Select  ▶▶ **Traffic**.

Displaying the traffic map

- ▶ Select  ▶▶ **Traffic** ▶▶ **Traffic Map**.

Displaying the traffic legends

- ▶ Select  ▶▶ **Traffic** ▶▶ **Traffic Map** ▶▶  ▶▶ **Traffic Legend**.

Map and compass

Using the map

You can use the map for the following:

- Navigating along a route
- If no route is activated, displaying the map of the area

▶ Press on .

▶ Tap on any point on the map.

The following options are available:

- Move the map to the left, right, up or down.
- To enlarge or reduce the view, select  or .
- To switch between 2D and 3D view, select **2D** or **3D**.
- To rotate the map, select .
- To filter the POIs shown according to category, select  **▶▶ Places along the road**.
- To start a route, select a location on the map and then press **Go!**.

Adjusting the map

Adjusting the map layers

You can customise which data is displayed on the map, e.g. symbols for POIs and road conditions.

▶ Select **[SYS] ▶▶ Settings ▶▶ Navigation ▶▶ Map and Vehicle ▶▶ Map Layer**.

▶ Tap on the checkboxes of the layers that are to be displayed on the map.

Changing the map data fields

▶ Select a data field on the map.

▶ Select a data type to be displayed.

Changing the map perspective

▶ Select **[SYS] ▶▶ Settings ▶▶ Navigation ▶▶ Map and Vehicle ▶▶ Driving Map View**.

▶ Tap on the checkboxes of the layers that are to be displayed on the map.

The following options are available:

- **Track Up:** the map is displayed with the direction of travel upwards and in two dimensions.
- **North Up:** the map is displayed with the compass direction north up and two-dimensional.
- **3D:** The map is displayed three-dimensionally.
- **Split Screen:** The map window is displayed alongside other applications.

Setting functions for smartphones

⚠ WARNING Risk of distraction from operating integrated communication equipment while the vehicle is in motion

If you operate communication equipment integrated in the vehicle when driving, you could be distracted from the traffic situation. This could also cause you to lose control of the vehicle.

- ▶ Only operate this equipment when the traffic situation permits.
- ▶ If you cannot be sure of this, stop the vehicle whilst paying attention to road and traffic conditions and operate the equipment with the vehicle stationary.

Observe also the legal requirements for the country in which you are driving.

Requirements

Bluetooth® mode via the multimedia system is available in conjunction with a Bluetooth®-capable smartphone.

- The smartphone is in the vehicle close to the multimedia system.
- The Bluetooth® function of the multimedia system is switched on.

Pairing smartphones

▶ Press on **[TEL]**.

▶ Select **Connect Phone ▶▶ Add a device**.

▶ Activate Bluetooth® on your smartphone and make your smartphone visible for other devices.

① You can find additional information in the instruction manual for your smartphone.

▶ Select the name for your smartphone on the multimedia system.

▶ Follow the instructions on the media display to complete the pairing procedure.

Cancelling smartphone pairing

▶ Press on **[TEL]**.

▶ Select  next to the paired smartphone.

▶ Select **Forget This Device**.

Placing a call

▶ Press on **[TEL]**.

The following options are available:

- Enter the telephone number using the keypad  and press on .
- To select a contact from the phone book: press  and select the contact.

The following options are available during a call:

- To transfer the sound output back to your smartphone, press on .
- ① You can use this function if you disconnect Bluetooth® and at the same time wish to maintain the call or conduct a private conversation.
- Call up the dial pad.
- ① You can use this function to use automated systems such as voicemail.
- Press on  to mute the microphone.
- Press on  to end a call.

Saving a telephone number as a preset

You can save up to four contacts as presets on dial pad. You can then quickly call frequently called contacts.

- ▶ Press on .
- ▶ Select **Add Preset Contact** and select a contact.

Displaying messages

- ▶ Select .
- ▶ Select a message.

Connecting Android Auto

- ▶ Make sure that the software on your Android™ smartphone is up to date
- ▶ Download and install the Android Auto app on the smartphone.
- ▶ Connect the Android™ smartphone with the USB media port in the vehicle using a suitable cable.
- ▶ Follow the instructions on the media display to complete the set-up procedure.

Connecting Apple CarPlay®

- ▶ Make sure that the software on the Apple iPhone® is up-to-date.
- ▶ Connect the Apple iPhone® with the USB media port in the vehicle using a genuine Apple® cable.
- ▶ Follow the instructions on the media display to complete the set-up procedure.

Android Auto and Apple CarPlay® can be activated by connecting a suitable smartphone to USB media port 1

Media

Information about supported formats and data storage media

⚠ WARNING Risk of distraction when handling data storage media

If you handle a data storage medium while driving, your attention is diverted from the traffic conditions. This could also cause you to lose control of the vehicle.

- ▶ Only handle a data storage medium when the vehicle is stationary.

The multimedia system is compatible with many media players, including smartphones and other portable devices. You can connect a compatible media player using Bluetooth® or USB.

The multimedia system is compatible with Android devices that support MTP mode.

If you connect an external hard drive, you have to connect this with an external power source. The USB port on the multimedia system cannot supply power to an external hard drive.

The multimedia system supports the following formats and data media:

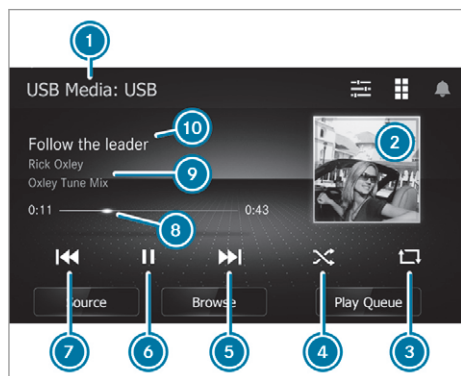
Permissible file systems	FAT16, FAT32, NTFS
Permissible data carriers	USB devices, iPod®/iPhone®, MTP devices, Bluetooth® audio equipment
Supported formats:	MP3, WMA, AAC, WAV, FLAC

① Observe the following notes:

- Due to the wide range of USB devices available on the market, playback cannot be guaranteed for all USB devices.
- Copy-protected music files or DRM (Digital Rights Management) encrypted files cannot be played back.
- MP3 players must support Media Transfer Protocol (MTP).

Overview of the media menu

The information displayed on the media display and visible playback controls may change depending on the media source.



Example: Track is played from a USB device

- ① Active media source
- ② Album cover, if available from a compatible source
- ③ Repeat (once per track)
- ④ Random playback (shuffle mode)
- ⑤ Next track
- ⑥ Controls playback (pause)
- ⑦ Previous track
- ⑧ Timeline (elapsed playing time and playing time of the track)
- ⑨ Details about the track (if available)
- ⑩ Track

Connecting USB devices

NOTE Damage caused by high temperatures

High temperatures can damage USB devices.

- ▶ Remove the USB device after use and take it out of the vehicle.

- ▶ Connect the USB device to the USB port.
- ▶ Press on .
- ▶ Select **Source** ▶ **USB**.

- ① When connecting several Apple® devices, pay attention to the order in which the devices are connected. The multimedia system only connects with the device that is connected first. Additional Apple® devices that are con-

nected at the same time are only supplied with power.

Starting media playback

Requirements

A data storage medium is connected to the multimedia system.

- ▶ Press .
- ▶ Select a media source with **Source**.
- ▶ Select the desired track or station.

Adjusting the volume

- ▶ Press on .
- ▶ Select .
- ▶ Press on or until the desired volume is set.

Information on playback using Bluetooth® devices

When using Bluetooth® devices you can control playback with the control elements on the multimedia system. With some devices you can also search the music library from the menu. On Bluetooth® devices that do not support this type of search, select the track or the playlist directly on the media player itself.

Whether track information such as the song title, artist name, track length and album cover are available, depends on the functions of the media player and the music app.

Radio

Selecting a radio station

- ▶ Select the respective source, e.g. **FM Radio**.

One of the following options is available:

- To set a lower or higher radio frequency: select or .
- To search for available radio stations: select **Scan**.
- To view a list of the available radio stations: select **Station List**.

Setting DAB stations

DAB stations are not available in all regions.

Station scan for DAB stations

- ▶ Select **DAB Radio**.
- ▶ Press on **Scan**.
When the search is complete, the first available station in the first ensemble found is played.
- ① After the first search, you can select **Scan** again to search for DAB stations again. When the new search is finished the multimedia system plays back the first station in the ensemble which you were listening to at the beginning of the new search.

Changing DAB stations

- ▶ Select **DAB Radio**.
- ▶ If required, select **Scan** to search for a local DAB station.
- ▶ Select  or  to change the DAB station.
At the end of the current ensemble the multimedia system automatically changes to the first available station in the next ensemble.

Selecting a DAB station from a list

- ▶ Select **DAB Radio**.
- ▶ If required, select **Scan** to search for a local DAB station.
- ▶ Select **Station List**.
- ▶ If required, select a category.
- ▶ Select a station.

Saving a station as a favourite

- ▶ Select the respective source, e.g. **FM Radio**.
- ▶ Select **Favourites**.

The following options are available:

- To store a station in an available preset: select preset.
- To replace a station that has been saved: press and hold on the preset and select **Replace**.

Switching the traffic information service on or off

The traffic information service uses the radio data system (RDS), to provide you with current traffic information. If the system receives a traffic announcement it switches automatically to the station transmitting the traffic announcement. When the announcement is finished the system returns to the previous station.

- ▶ **To switch on the traffic information service:** select .
- ▶ Select **RDS Announcements - TA**.

Updating maps and system software

When you download the latest software update, you get new map material, updated features and performance improvements.

Map updates have the following advantages:

- Your multimedia system takes into account all current changes in the course of the road.
- The maps are kept up to date, for example to find recently added points of interest.

Map updates are extensive and may take several hours.

Software updates provide innovations and improvements in the features and functionality of the multimedia system. Software updates are small and take only a few minutes.

- ▶ **To update system software:** press .
- ▶ Select **Settings** ►► **About** ►► **System Update**.
- ▶ Follow the instructions on the media display.
- ▶ **To update maps:** press .
- ▶ Select **Settings** ►► **Navigation** ►► **Map and Vehicle** ►► **Map Updates**.
- ▶ Follow the instructions on the media display.
- ▶ For more information on updating maps and software for the multimedia system <https://auto-oem.garmin.com/landing/site>.

Notes on loading guidelines

⚠ DANGER Risk of poisoning from exhaust gases

Combustion engines emit poisonous exhaust gases, such as carbon monoxide. Exhaust gases can enter the vehicle interior if the tailgate or the rear-end door is open when the engine is running, especially if the vehicle is in motion.

- ▶ Always switch off the engine before opening the tailgate or the rear-end door.
- ▶ Never drive the vehicle when the tailgate or rear-end door is open.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury from unsecured objects in the vehicle

When objects are unsecured or inadequately secured, they can slip, tip over or be thrown about, striking vehicle occupants.

This also applies to:

- luggage or loads
- seats which have been removed and are being transported in the vehicle in an exceptional case

There is a risk of injury, particularly in the event of braking manoeuvres or abrupt changes in direction.

- ▶ Always stow objects in such a way that they cannot be tossed about.
- ▶ Before travelling, secure objects, luggage or load to prevent them slipping or tipping over.
- ▶ When a seat is removed, keep it preferably outside the vehicle.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to incorrectly positioned load

The centre of gravity of the load can be too high and/or too far towards the rear.

This can significantly impair handling as well as steering and braking characteristics.

- ▶ Always make sure that the centre of gravity of the load is between the axles and as low as possible near the rear axle.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to exceeding the permissible wheel/axle loads or the gross vehicle weight

The driving characteristics, as well as steering and braking, may be greatly impaired. Overloaded tyres may overheat and burst as a consequence.

- ▶ When transporting a load, always observe the permissible wheel loads, axle loads and the maximum permissible gross mass for the vehicle (including occupants).

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury if unsuitable climbing aids are used

In the event that you use openings in the bodywork or attachments as steps, you could:

- Slip and/or fall.
- Damage the vehicle and thus slip and fall.

- ▶ Always use non-slip, stable climbing aids, e.g. a suitable ladder.

! NOTE Damage caused by the use of openings in the bodywork or detachable part as a step

Using the lower guide of the sliding door (carriage) as a step can damage the trim and/or mechanism of the sliding door.

- ▶ Do not use the guide of the sliding door (carriage) as a step.

If you are using a roof luggage rack, please note the maximum roof load and the maximum load capacity of the roof luggage rack (→ page 277).

The handling characteristics of your vehicle are dependent on the load distribution.

Therefore, please observe the following notes when loading:

- the load must not protrude above the upper edge of the seat backrests.
- if possible, always transport the load in the load compartment.
- fasten the load to the tie-down eyes and distribute the load evenly among them.

- if available, use a load protection net to secure the load (→ page 210).
- use tie-down eyes and fastening components which are suitable for the weight and size of the load.

Observe the operating instructions of the manufacturer when using load securing aids or lashing material and the notes on their expiration dates.

In the following cases, load securing aids or lashing materials are worn out, should not be used and must be replaced:

- there is missing or illegible identification
- there is cord breakage or damage to load-bearing seams or other traces of cracking
- there are cuts, holes, deformations, crushed areas or other damage
- there is damage to clamping elements or fasteners

If the luggage compartment floor or loading area are damaged in the event of an accident, have the tie-down eyes and the lashing material checked at a specialist workshop.

Even if you adhere to all the loading guidelines, an increased load increases the risk of injury in the event of an accident.

Before loading

! **NOTE** Damage to the vehicle and the load due to anti-slip mats which are no longer suitable

If you use anti-slip mats that display the following characteristics, they must be replaced:

- permanent deformation and crushed areas
- traces of cracking
- cuts or holes

Please observe the following before loading the vehicle:

- Clean the load compartment floor, if necessary.
The load compartment floor must be free from oil and dust, dry and swept clean to prevent the load from slipping.
- Lay anti-slip mats on the load compartment floor.
- Check and, when necessary, adjust the tyre pressure (→ page 249).

When loading

Observe the following when loading the vehicle:

- Never exceed the permissible axle load or the vehicle's permissible gross mass.
The vehicle's kerb weight is increased if accessories or optional equipment are fitted. This reduces the maximum payload.
- Observe the notes on load distribution (→ page 205).
- Observe the notes on load securing (→ page 206) and the legal requirements of the country in which you are currently driving.
- Observe the information on the carrier systems (→ page 213).

After loading

Observe the following after loading the vehicle:

- Check that the luggage and/or load is secure before every journey and at regular intervals on long trips.
- Close all doors and the tailgate.
- Adjust the range of the headlamps according to the vehicle load (→ page 94).
- Adjust the tyre pressure according to the vehicle load (→ page 249).
- Adapt your driving style according to the vehicle load.

Load distribution

! **NOTE** Damage to the floor covering due to uneven loading

Excessive point loading on the load compartment floor or on the load area can negatively affect the driving characteristics and could damage the floor covering.

- Distribute the load evenly. When doing so, ensure that the overall centre of gravity of the load is always as low and close to the centre as possible and between the axles near the rear axle.

Observe the following notes:

- Always transport loads in the load compartment and with the seat backrests folded up and properly locked in position.
- Always place the load against the front or rear seat backrests.

- Move large and heavy loads as far as possible towards the front of the vehicle in the direction of travel, against the front or rear seats. Stow loads flush with the rear or front seats.
- Additionally secure the load with suitable load securing aids or lashing material.
- The load must not protrude above the upper edge of the seat backrests.
- Transport loads behind seats that are not occupied.
- If the rear bench seat is not occupied, insert the seat belts crosswise into the seat belt buckle of the opposite seat belt.

Load compartment variants

You can vary the load compartment according to your transportation requirements as follows:

- by folding the luxury rear bench seat forward to the table position
- by folding the luxury rear bench seat forwards
- by removing the rear bench seat or the seat/bunk combination
- by folding up or removing the bed extension of the seat/bunk combination

You will find information about rear bench seats in the "Seats" section (→ page 75).

Securing loads

Notes on load securing

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident and injury due to incorrect use of the lashing straps

The following can occur:

- the tie-down eyes may detach or the lashing strap may tear if the permissible load is exceeded
- the load cannot be restrained

The load can slip, tip over or be flung about, striking vehicle occupants.

- ▶ Always tension the lashing straps in the proper manner and only between the described tie-down eyes.
- ▶ Always use lashing straps designed specifically for the loads.

! NOTE Damage to the vehicle if the maximum loading capacity of the lashing points is exceeded

If you combine various lashing points to secure a load, always take the maximum loading capacity of the weakest lashing point into account.

During maximum full-stop braking, forces may act which can multiply the weight of the load.

- ▶ Always use several lashing points to distribute and spread the load.
- ▶ Distribute the load on the lashing points evenly.

Observe the Operating Instructions or the lashing strap manufacturer's instructions for the operation of the lashing strap.

Observe the information on the maximum loading capacity of the lashing points (→ page 277).

As the driver, you are responsible for ensuring the following:

- The load is secured against slipping, tipping, rolling or falling off.

Take usual traffic conditions as well as swerving or full brake application and bad roads into account.

- The applicable requirements and guidelines relating to load-securing practices are met.

If this is not the case, this may constitute a punishable offence, depending on local legislation and any ensuing consequences.

Observe country-specific laws.

Make sure that the load is secure before every journey and at regular intervals during a long journey. Adjust the load securing as necessary. Information on how to secure loads correctly can be obtained from the manufacturers of the load securing aids or lashing material for load securing, for example.

Also observe the notes on loading guidelines (→ page 204).

When securing loads, observe the following:

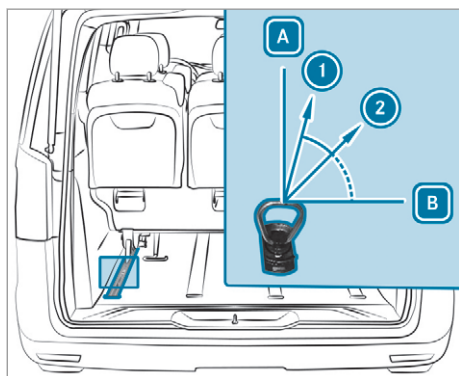
- Fill spaces between the load and the load compartment walls or wheel wells. For this purpose, use rigid load securing aids, such as chocks, wooden fixings or padding.
- Attach secured and stabilised loads in all directions.

Use the lashing points or the tie-down eyes and guide rails in the rear compartment.

Only use lashing materials, such as lashing nets and lashing straps, which have been tested in accordance with current standards (e.g. DIN EN). Always use the lashing points closest to the load; pad sharp edges.

- i** You can obtain lashing material tested in accordance with current standards (e.g. DIN EN) from a specialist company or from a qualified specialist workshop.

Note on the lashing points and tie-down eyes on the load compartment floor for passenger vehicles (vehicle category M1)



Example: lashing angle for optimal load security

- A** Vertical to the load compartment floor
- B** Load compartment floor
- 1** Direction of pull with 75° lashing angle
- 2** Direction of pull with 45° lashing angle

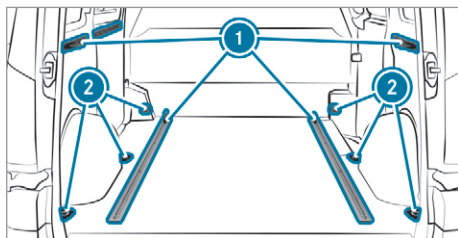
The lashing angle is the angle formed between the load compartment floor and the lashing material. For optimum load securing in accordance with standard ISO 27955 the lashing angle must be between 45° **2** and 75° **1**. The maximum nominal tensile load of 350 daN for the tie-down eyes in the load compartment floor or in the guide rails may not be exceeded.

Notes on the partition for commercial vehicles (vehicle category N1)

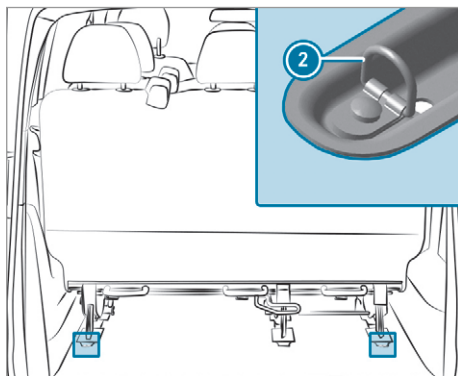
Without a partition, vehicles approved as commercial vehicles (vehicle category N1) do not fulfil the currently valid version of standard ISO 27956. Standard ISO 27956 describes the equipment for properly securing a load in delivery vehicles. If the vehicle is used to transport goods,

retrofitting the partition is strongly recommended, as properly securing the load in vehicles without a partition will always be a complex operation.

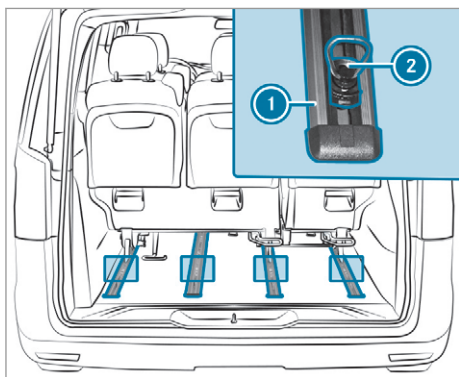
Overview of lashing points



Lashing points (example: panel van)



Fixed lashing points on the floor (example: Tourer with seat anchorages)



Example: variable lashing points in the guide rails

- ① Guide/loading rails
- ② Tie-down eye

If your vehicle is equipped with guide or loading rails ① in the load compartment floor, you can place lashing rods directly in front of and behind the load. The lashing rods directly absorb the potential shifting forces.

Securing loads on the load compartment floor by lashing them down is only recommended for lightweight loads. Lay anti-slip mats under the load to assist in securing it.

Do not attempt to modify or repair the lashing points, tie-down eyes or lashing materials. Read the information on qualified specialist workshops (→ page 19).

Using lashing straps

Observe the operating instructions or the lashing strap manufacturer's instructions for the operation of the lashing strap.

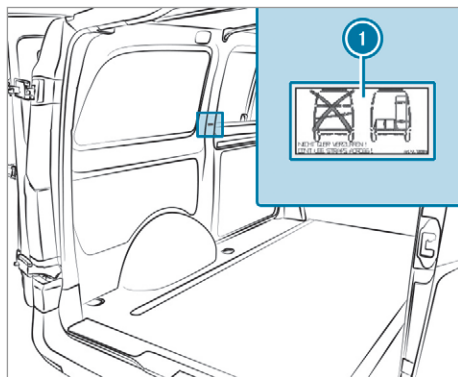
Securing loads on the load compartment floor by lashing them down is only recommended for lightweight loads. Lay anti-slip mats under the load to assist in securing it.

- ▶ Observe the notes on securing loads (→ page 206).
- ▶ Observe the maximum loading capacity of the lashing points and tie-down eyes (→ page 277).

Notes and information on the maximum loading capacity of the lashing strap can be found on the lashing strap label. If the label is missing or illegible, the lashing strap is ready to be discarded and

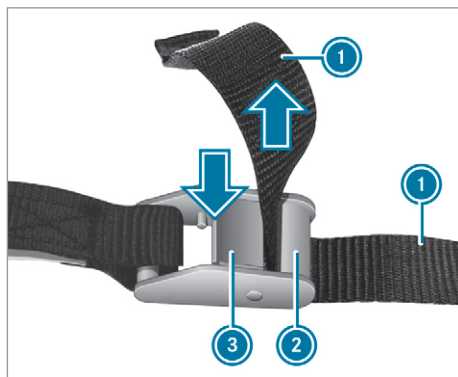
must be replaced. Such a lashing strap must not be used.

If reference stickers were included on delivery, affix them to the vehicle as follows:



- ▶ Clean the surface before sticker ① is affixed. The stickers must be affixed to a flat, metallic surface free from grease and dust.
- ▶ Affix stickers ① on every side of the vehicle in close proximity to the loading rails in a clearly visible location.

Tensioning strap



- ▶ Observe the Operating Instructions or the manufacturer's notes on how to use the tensioning strap.

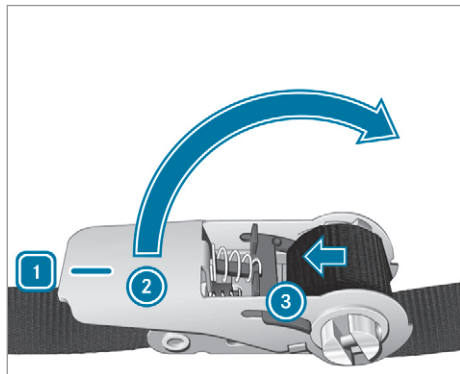
Tightening

- ▶ Press and hold tensioning lever ③.
- ▶ Guide tensioning strap ① between tensioning lever ③ and brace ② as illustrated and tighten.
- ▶ Release tensioning lever ③.

Releasing

- ▶ Press and hold tensioning lever ③.
- ▶ Pull tensioning strap ① out of the strap buckle.

Ratchet strap



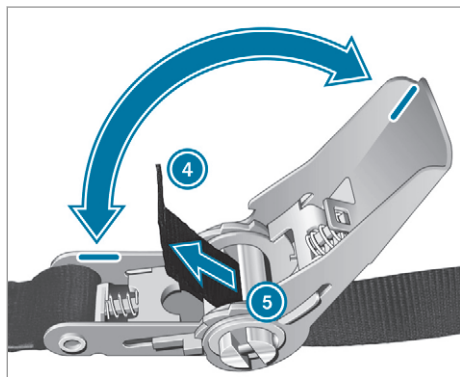
- ▶ Observe the Operating Instructions or the manufacturer's notes on how to use the ratchet strap.

Releasing the tensioning lever

- ▶ Press slider lock ③ outwards in the direction of the arrow and swing tensioning lever ② from detent position ① to the desired position.

Tightening the ratchet strap

- ▶ Release and open tensioning lever ②.

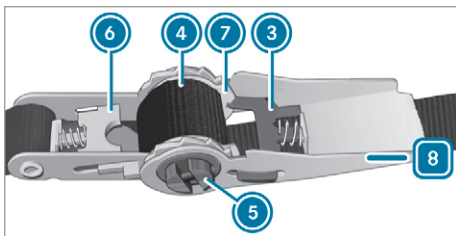


Threading and tensioning

- ▶ Guide ratchet strap ④ through slotted shaft ⑤ from behind as illustrated and tighten it.

- ▶ Swing tensioning lever ② back and forth until ratchet strap ④ has wound around slotted shaft ⑤ and is sufficiently tensioned.
- ▶ Swing tensioning lever ② to detent position ①.

Releasing the ratchet strap



Tensioning lever in the release position

- ▶ Press and hold slider lock ③ outwards.
- ▶ Swing tensioning lever ② as far as it will go to release position ⑧ and release slider lock ③.
- ▶ Slider lock ③ engages in end recess ⑦ and slider lock ⑥ unlocks slotted shaft ⑤.
- ▶ Pull ratchet strap ④ out of the ratchet.

Fitting and removing tie-down eyes

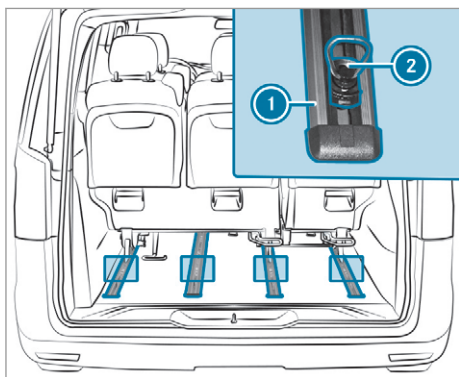
⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to incorrectly installed tie-down eyes

If the tie-down eyes are not correctly installed, they can slip or tear out.

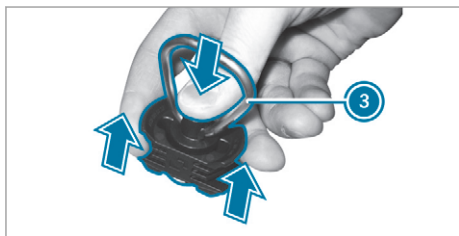
This may cause objects, luggage or the load to slip, tip over or be thrown about the vehicle interior, striking vehicle occupants.

- ▶ Make sure that the tie-down eyes are correctly installed and do not move.

- ▶ Observe the notes on the loading guidelines and on securing loads (→ page 204).



Example: guide rails



Tie-down eyes for guide rails

Fitting

- ▶ Turn metal retaining ring (3) so that it is parallel to the long axis of tie-down eye (2) as illustrated.
The locking pin can only be pushed down sufficiently and allow the tie-down eye to be fitted, moved or removed, if the metal retaining ring is parallel to the long axis of the tie-down eye.
- ▶ Hold tie-down eye (2) between your forefinger and middle finger as illustrated, and place your thumb through metal retaining ring (3) and on the central pressure point.
- ▶ Use your thumb to push the locking pin down as far as it will go.
- ▶ Push tie-down eye (2) near the load using the notches on guide rail (1), and move it approximately 12 mm.
- ▶ Remove your thumb from the pressure point and slide tie-down eye (2) until it engages.

- ▶ Turn metal retaining ring (3) so that it is perpendicular to the long axis of tie-down eye (2).
The locking pin cannot be pushed down far if the metal retaining ring is perpendicular to the long axis of the tie-down eye. This prevents the tie-down eye from being released unintentionally, e.g. if the tie-down eye is stepped on.
- ▶ Check that tie-down eye (2) is seated correctly.
The tie-down eye cannot be moved.

Removing

- ▶ Turn metal retaining ring (3) so that it is parallel to the long axis of tie-down eye (2).
- ▶ Grip tie-down eye (2) as described above under fitting and use your thumb to push the locking pin down as far as it will go.
- ▶ Slide tie-down eye (2) and pull it up and out through the notch of guide rail (1).

Load securing aid

Removing/fitting a load protection net

- ⚠ WARNING** Risk of injury or death due to objects being poorly secured

The load protection net alone cannot restrain or secure heavy objects, luggage or heavy loads.

You could be hit by an unsecured load during sudden changes in direction, braking or in the event of an accident.

- ▶ Always stow objects in such a way that they cannot be thrown about the vehicle.
- ▶ Secure objects, luggage or loads against slipping or tipping over, e.g. by using lashing material, even when you are using the load protection net.

- ⚠ WARNING** Risk of injury due to sitting behind a load protection net

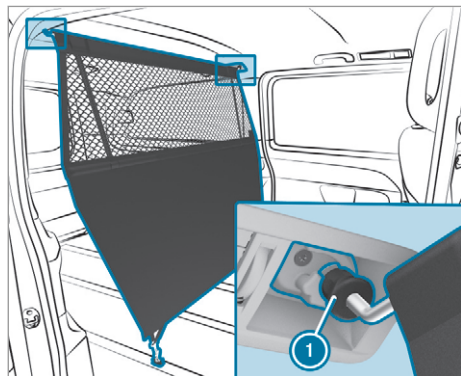
Vehicle occupants can be pressed against the load protection net. There is a risk of injury!

- ▶ Never allow vehicle occupants to sit behind the load protection net.

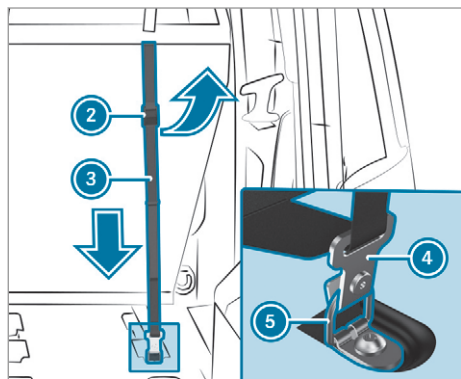
The load protection net partitions the load compartment. It protects vehicle occupants from light objects and/or luggage slipping or tipping over.

You can install the load protection net at an angle behind the front seats or behind the first row of rear seats.

- Observe the notes on securing loads (→ page 206).



Upper retainer



Floor anchorage (example: secured tie-down eye)

Fitting

- Remove the luggage compartment partition if necessary (→ page 211).
- Clip the load protection net into upper retainers ① in such a way that tensioning straps ③ face the rear of the vehicle.
- Fit tie-down eyes ⑤ into the guide rails close to the rear seat legs (→ page 209). Position them at least 5 cm from the seat legs to allow subsequent movement of the rear seat.

- Check that tie-down eyes ⑤ are seated correctly. Tie-down eyes ⑤ should not move.
- Clip hooks ④ on tensioning straps ③ into tie-down eyes ⑤.
- Fold tensioning element ② up.
- Pull the loose end of tensioning straps ③ down in the direction of the arrow until tensioning straps ③ are tight.
- Fold tensioning element ② down to achieve the final tension on the straps.
- If necessary, fit the luggage compartment partition (→ page 211).
- After travelling a short distance, check that the load protection net is taut, and retighten it if necessary.

Removing

- Remove the luggage compartment partition if necessary (→ page 211).
- Fold tensioning element ② up. Tensioning straps ③ are slack.
- Unclip hooks ④ of tensioning straps ③ from tie-down eyes ⑤ at the bottom.
- Unclip the load protection net from upper retainers ①.
- When required, remove tie-down eyes ⑤ (→ page 209).
- If necessary, fit the luggage compartment partition (→ page 211).
- Roll up the load protection net and fasten it, still rolled up, using the Velcro fasteners.

Adjusting the front seat with the load protection net fitted

- Fold tensioning element ② on straps ③ upwards. The load protection net slackens.
- Correctly adjust the front seat.
- Re-tension the load protection net.

Using the luggage compartment partition

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury from unsecured objects in the vehicle

When objects are unsecured or inadequately secured, they can slip, tip over or be thrown about, striking vehicle occupants.

This also applies to:

- luggage or loads
- seats which have been removed and are being transported in the vehicle in an exceptional case

There is a risk of injury, particularly in the event of braking manoeuvres or abrupt changes in direction.

- ▶ Always stow objects in such a way that they cannot be tossed about.
- ▶ Before travelling, secure objects, luggage or load to prevent them slipping or tipping over.
- ▶ When a seat is removed, keep it preferably outside the vehicle.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident or injury when the luggage compartment partition is not locked in position

The luggage compartment partition can come loose when driving and be thrown about the vehicle interior.

- ▶ Fit the luggage compartment partition as described.
- ▶ After fitting the luggage compartment partition, always make sure that the luggage compartment partition is locked and folded down.

! NOTE Damage to the luggage compartment partition due to heavy loads

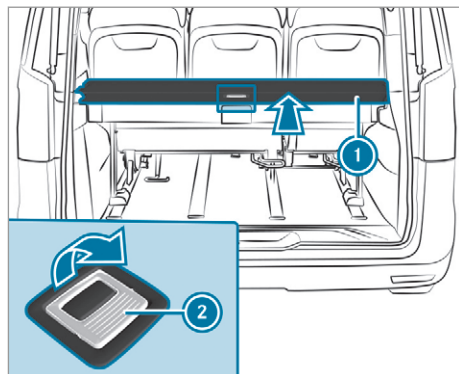
If the luggage compartment partition is loaded with too much weight, the fixture points and the luggage compartment partition may be damaged.

- ▶ Do not load more than 50 kg on the luggage compartment partition.

The luggage compartment partition is only secured correctly when both levers are locked.

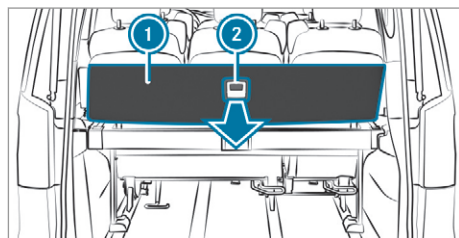
- ▶ Comply with the loading guidelines (→ page 204).

Opening the stowage compartments



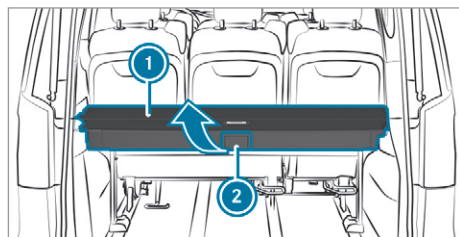
- ▶ Pull handle ② in the direction of the arrow. Cover ① folds upwards in the middle.
- ▶ Slide cover ① to the stop in the direction of the arrow.

Closing the stowage compartments



- ▶ Pull cover ① on handle ② in the direction of the arrow.
- ▶ Push cover ① down in the middle until it is fully closed.

Folding up the luggage compartment partition to an angle of 70°

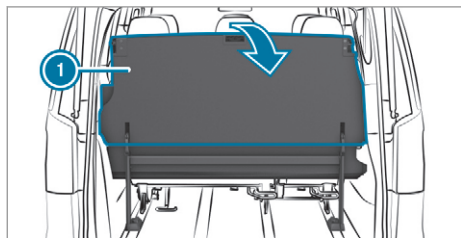


- ▶ Pull handle ② in the direction of the arrow. Luggage compartment partition ① is released.

- Fold up luggage compartment partition ①.

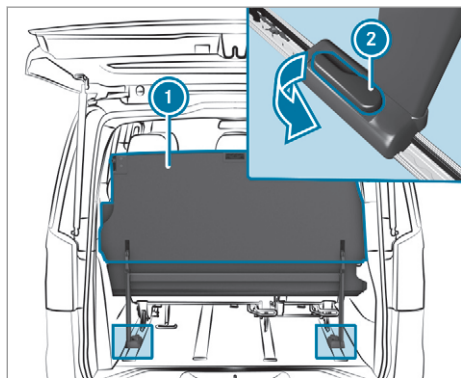
Make sure that luggage compartment partition ① is always folded down when the vehicle is moving.

Folding down the luggage compartment partition



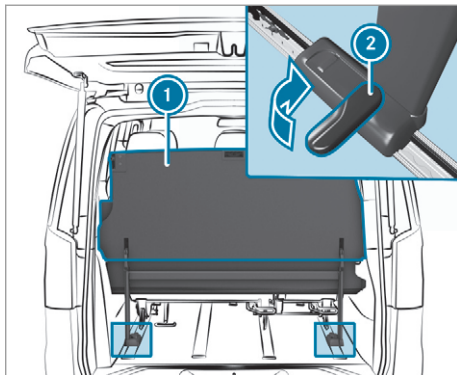
- Fold down luggage compartment partition ① until it engages.
Luggage compartment partition ① is locked.

Removing the luggage compartment partition



- Fold up luggage compartment partition ①.
- Swing levers ② inwards.
Luggage compartment partition ① is released.
- Remove luggage compartment partition ①.

Fitting the luggage compartment partition



If possible, fit luggage compartment partition ① with the help of another person.

- Place luggage compartment partition ① into the vehicle at an angle.
- Rotate luggage compartment partition ① in the vehicle and insert it into the guide rails.

The guide rails have triangular markings at the place to be inserted which must be at the same height as levers ②.

- Swing levers ② outwards.
Luggage compartment partition ① is locked.
- Fold luggage compartment partition ① down.

Carrier systems

Notes on carrier systems

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to exceeding the maximum roof load

The vehicle centre of gravity and the usual driving characteristics as well as the steering and braking characteristics alter.

If you exceed the maximum roof load, the driving characteristics, as well as steering and braking, will be greatly impaired.

- Never exceed the maximum roof load and adjust your driving style.

You can find information on the maximum roof load under "Lashing points and carrier systems" (→ page 277).

! NOTE Damage due to exceeding the maximum permissible roof load

If the weight of the roof luggage, including the roof luggage rack, exceeds the maximum permissible roof load, this can cause damage to the vehicle.

- ▶ Do not exceed the maximum permissible roof load.
- ▶ Arrange the supporting feet of the roof luggage rack at an even distance from each other.
- ▶ Install the basic carrier bars for rail in front of and behind the mid-section support.

! NOTE Damage to the threaded holes of the roof luggage rack due to an excessively high tightening torque

An excessively high tightening torque or an insufficient screw-in depth can cause damage to the thread of the roof luggage rack's threaded holes.

- ▶ Tighten the screws to a maximum torque of 10 Nm.
- ▶ Comply with the minimum screw penetration of four revolutions in the thread.

Use roof and rear luggage racks that have been approved or recommended for Mercedes-Benz. These help to prevent vehicle damage.

You can install a roof luggage rack on the roof and, for example, a rear bicycle rack on the tailgate.

Install the cover caps of the securing thread after removing the roof luggage rack.

If you have installed a rear luggage rack on the tailgate, the additional weight restricts the assistance offered by the pneumatic springs when you open the tailgate. You will then need more force to open the tailgate. At low outside temperatures below freezing point, you should provide additional support for the tailgate after opening it in order to prevent it from lowering unintentionally.

Notes on maintenance



ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE Environmentally pollution from disposal not in an environmentally responsible manner

If, for operating reasons, individual maintenance work is carried out under your own direction, the environmental protection requirements must be observed. When disposing of operating fluids, e.g. engine oil, the legal requirements must be observed. This also affects all parts that have come into contact with operating fluids, e.g. filters.

- ▶ Dispose of empty containers, cleaning cloths and care products in an environmentally responsible manner.
- ▶ Follow the instructions for use of care products.
- ▶ Do not allow the engine to run longer than necessary when stationary.

When working on the vehicle, comply with all safety regulations, such as the operating instructions, regulations concerning hazardous materials, environmental protection measures, work safety and accident prevention regulations.

You must secure the vehicle on jack stands of sufficient load capacity if work is being carried out underneath the vehicle.

Please also refer to the notes about qualified specialist workshops (→ page 19).

The scope and regularity of the inspection and maintenance work primarily depend on the often diverse operating conditions.

You can obtain further information concerning the servicing of your vehicle from a qualified specialist workshop, e.g. a Mercedes-Benz Service Centre.

You will find information about operating fluids approved for Mercedes-Benz and capacities under "Operating Fluids and Capacities" (→ page 267).

Observe the information under "Mercedes-Benz GenuineParts" (→ page 13).

Service interval display

Service interval display function

The ASSYST PLUS service interval display on the instrument cluster display provides information

on the remaining time or distance before the next service due date.

Under arduous operating conditions or if the vehicle is subjected to increased loads, the ASSYST PLUS service interval display may shorten the service interval.

You can obtain further information concerning the servicing of your vehicle from a qualified specialist workshop.

Displaying the service due date (vehicles without steering-wheel buttons)

Requirements

- The vehicle is stationary.
- The ignition is switched on.

Use the buttons on the instrument cluster.

- ▶ Press the button to select the service display. The display will show a possible service message.
- ▶ **To exit the display:** press the button on the instrument cluster.

Displaying the service due date (vehicles with steering-wheel buttons)

Requirements

- The ignition is switched on.

On-board computer:

↩ Service ➡ ASSYST PLUS

The next service due date is displayed.

- ▶ **To exit the display:** press the or steering-wheel button.

Information on regular maintenance work



NOTE Premature wear through failure to observe service due dates

Maintenance work which is not carried out at the right time or incompletely can lead to increased wear and damage to the vehicle.

- ▶ Adhere to the prescribed service intervals.
- ▶ Always have the prescribed maintenance work carried out at a qualified specialist workshop.

Notes on special service requirements

The prescribed service interval is based on normal vehicle use. Maintenance work will need to be performed more often than prescribed if the vehicle is operated under arduous operating conditions or increased loads.

Arduous operating conditions include:

- regular city driving with frequent intermediate stops
- frequent short-distance driving
- frequent operation in mountainous terrain or on poor road surfaces
- when the engine is often left idling for long periods
- operation in particularly dusty conditions and/or if air-recirculation mode is frequently used

In these or similar operating conditions, have the air filter, engine oil and oil filter, for example, replaced more frequently.

If the vehicle is subjected to increased loads, the tyres must be checked more frequently. You can obtain further information at a qualified specialist workshop.

Non-operational times with the battery disconnected

The ASSYST PLUS service interval display can calculate the service due date only when the battery is connected.

- ▶ Display and note down the service due date on the instrument cluster before disconnecting the battery.
 - Displaying the service due date in vehicles without steering-wheel buttons (→ page 215).
 - Displaying the service due date in vehicles with steering-wheel buttons (→ page 215).

Engine compartment

Opening and closing the bonnet

- ⚠ WARNING** Risk of accident due to driving with the bonnet unlocked

The bonnet may open and block your view.

- ▶ Never release the bonnet when driving.

- ▶ Before every trip, ensure that the engine bonnet is locked.

- ⚠ WARNING** Risk of accident and injury when opening and closing the bonnet

The bonnet may suddenly drop into the end position.

There is a risk of injury for anyone in the engine bonnet's range of movement.

- ▶ Do not open or close the bonnet if there is a person in the bonnet's range of movement.

- ⚠ WARNING** Risk of injury from touching components under voltage

The ignition system and the fuel injection system work under high voltage. You could receive an electric shock.

- ▶ Never touch components of the ignition system or the fuel injection system when the ignition is switched on.

The following are examples of live components:

- ignition coils
- spark plug connectors
- injectors

- ⚠ WARNING** Risk of burns from hot component parts in the engine compartment

Certain component parts in the engine compartment can be very hot, e.g. the engine, the cooler and parts of the exhaust system.

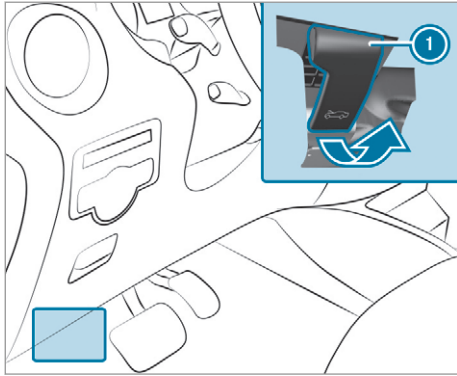
- ▶ Allow the engine to cool down and only touch component parts described in the following.

- ! NOTE** Damage to bonnet or windscreen wipers when opening the bonnet

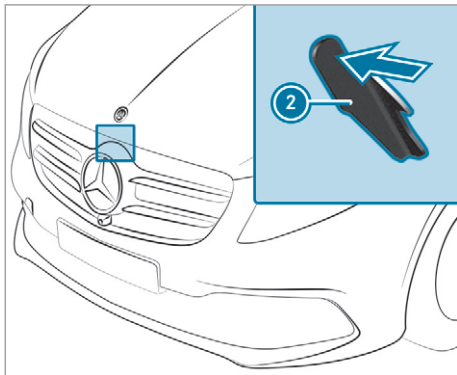
If the windscreen wipers have been folded back from the windscreen when the bonnet is opened, the windscreen wipers or the bonnet may be damaged.

- ▶ Ensure that the windscreen wipers have not been folded back from the windscreen.

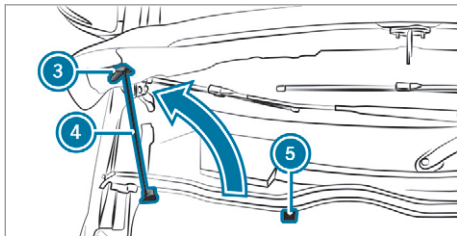
Opening the bonnet



- ▶ Pull handle ① to release the bonnet.



- ▶ Reach into the gap and push lever ② of the bonnet catch to the left.
- ▶ Lift the bonnet and hold it in place.



- ▶ Pull support strut ④ out of holder ⑤ and guide it upwards in the direction of the arrow.
- ▶ Lower the bonnet in such a way that support strut ④ slides into recess ③ and the bonnet is fixed in place.

Closing the bonnet

⚠ WARNING Risk of fire due to flammable materials in the engine compartment or on the exhaust system

Flammable materials may ignite.

- ▶ Ensure that there are no flammable external materials in the engine compartment or on the exhaust system after maintenance work has been carried out.

! NOTE Damage to the bonnet due to pressing it closed manually

Pushing the bonnet closed with your hands could damage it.

- ▶ To close the bonnet, let it drop from the specified height.

- ▶ Hold support strut ④ and raise the bonnet slightly.
- ▶ Guide support strut ④ to holder ⑤ and apply gentle pressure to engage it.
- ▶ Lower the bonnet and let it fall from a height of approximately 30 cm, applying a little force as you let it go.
- ▶ If the bonnet remains slightly open, open it again and let it fall, applying slightly more force as you let it go, until it engages.

Engine oil

Checking the engine oil level with the on-board computer (vehicle without steering-wheel buttons)

Requirements:

- The vehicle is fitted with an oil level sensor (vehicles with rear wheel drive).
- The vehicle is level during the measuring process.
- The engine is switched off at normal operating temperature.
- A waiting period of five minutes is observed.
- The ignition is switched on.

If no oil level is displayed after five minutes at extremely low temperatures, repeat the engine oil measurement after another five minutes.

If an oil level reading is still not displayed, check the oil level with the oil dipstick (→ page 219).

Have the engine oil level checked at a qualified specialist workshop.

Use the buttons on the instrument cluster.

- ▶ Press the  button to select **Oil measurement**.
- ▶ Press the  button to confirm. While the engine oil level measurement is in progress, the display shows the **Engine oil level Measuring now** message.

The following messages may appear after the engine oil level measurement:

Engine oil level OK

- ▶ Do not top up oil.

Add 1,0 l engine oil

- ▶ Add the specified quantity of oil (→ page 220).
- ▶ Repeat the engine oil measurement after a few minutes.

Engine oil level: reduce oil level

- ▶ Siphon off any excess engine oil that has been added. To do so, consult a qualified specialist workshop.

For eng. oil level: switch on ignition

- ▶ Switch on the ignition.

Waiting period not observed

- ▶ If the engine is at normal operating temperature, repeat the engine oil measurement after approximately five minutes.
- ▶ If the engine is not at normal operating temperature, repeat the engine oil measurement after approximately 30 minutes.

Engine oil level Unavail. if eng. on

- ▶ Switch off the engine and, when it is at normal operating temperature, wait approximately five minutes before measuring the engine oil level.

Check the engine oil level with the on-board computer (vehicle with steering-wheel buttons)

Requirements:

- The engine oil level is determined during driving.
- The engine is at normal operating temperature.

- The vehicle is level during the measuring process.
- The bonnet is not open.

Depending on the driving profile, the oil level can be displayed only after a driving time of up to 30 minutes and only when the ignition is switched on.

On-board computer:

 **Service**  **Engine oil level**

One of the following messages appears on the display of the on-board computer:

Engine oil level Measurement in progress...

- ▶ Measurement of the oil level not yet possible. Repeat the query after driving for a maximum of 30 minutes.

Engine oil level OK

The bar for displaying the oil level on the display is green and is between "min" and "max".

- ▶ Do not top up oil. The engine oil level is correct.

Engine oil level Warm up engine

- ▶ Warm up the engine to operating temperature.

Engine oil level Correct measurement only if vehicle is on level ground

- ▶ Park the vehicle on a level surface.

Engine oil level Add 1,0 l

The bar for displaying the oil level on the display is orange and is below "min".

The oil level is too low.

- ▶ Add 1 l of engine oil (→ page 220).

Engine oil level Reduce oil level

The bar for displaying the oil level on the display is orange and is above "max".

The oil level is too high.

- ▶ Siphon off any excess engine oil that has been added. To do so, consult a qualified specialist workshop.

For engine oil level turn on ignition

- ▶ Switch the ignition on to check the engine oil level.

Engine oil level System inoperative

The fill level sensor is defective or not plugged in.

- ▶ Have the oil level display checked at a qualified specialist workshop.

Engine oil level System currently unavailable.

- ▶ Close the bonnet.
- ❗ Vehicles with cold oil level display: after the vehicle has been out of use for an extended time, the oil level will automatically be shown on the display. If it is not possible to measure the engine oil level, a message to that effect will appear.

Checking the engine oil level with an oil dipstick

⚠ WARNING Risk of burns from hot component parts in the engine compartment

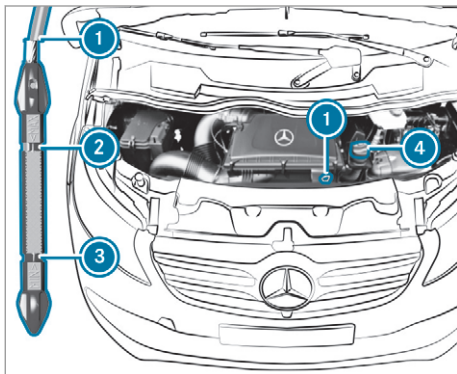
Certain component parts in the engine compartment can be very hot, e.g. the engine, the cooler and parts of the exhaust system.

- ▶ Allow the engine to cool down and only touch component parts described in the following.

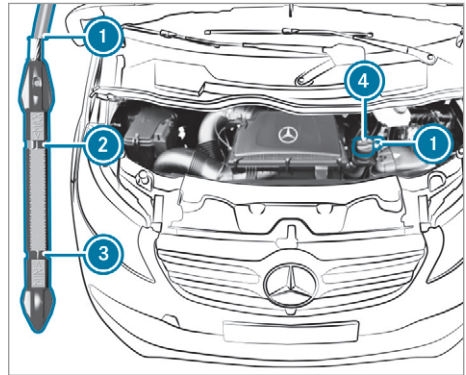
The engine oil becomes dirty during operation, loses quality and also gradually loses volume. Check the oil level regularly and top up the oil or have it changed if necessary.

Regularly check the fluid level and the major assemblies for leaks. If you detect fluid loss, for example, oil drops on the vehicle parking space, consult a qualified specialist workshop as quickly as possible.

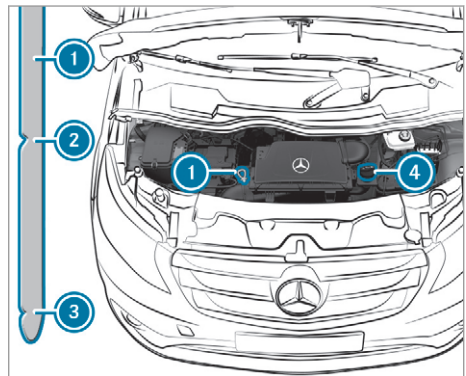
- ▶ Only check the oil level when the engine is at normal operating temperature.



Oil dipstick and engine oil filler opening (example: petrol engine)



Oil dipstick and engine oil filler opening (example: diesel engine)



Oil dipstick and engine oil filler opening (example: diesel engine with front wheel drive)

- ▶ Pull oil dipstick ① out of the dipstick tube.
- ▶ Wipe the oil dipstick ① using a lint-free cloth.
- ▶ Insert the oil dipstick ① back into the guide tube as far as it will go and pull it out again. If the level is between MIN mark ③ and MAX mark ②, the oil level is adequate.
- ▶ If the oil level has dropped to or below minimum mark ③, open cap ④ and top up the engine oil (→ page 220).

The difference in quantity between marks ❷ and ❸ depends on the engine:

- Diesel engines with front wheel drive about 2.5 litres
- Diesel engines with rear wheel drive about 2 litres
- Petrol engines about 1.5 litres

Topping up the engine oil

⚠ WARNING Risk of fire and injury from engine oil

If engine oil comes into contact with hot component parts in the engine compartment, it may ignite.

- ▶ Make sure that no engine oil is spilled next to the filler opening.
- ▶ Allow the engine to cool off and thoroughly clean the engine oil from component parts before starting the vehicle.

⚠ WARNING Risk of burns from hot component parts in the engine compartment

Certain component parts in the engine compartment can be very hot, e.g. the engine, the cooler and parts of the exhaust system.

- ▶ Allow the engine to cool down and only touch component parts described in the following.

❗ NOTE Damage caused by topping up too much engine oil

Too much engine oil can damage the engine or the catalytic converter.

- ▶ Have excess engine oil removed at a qualified specialist workshop.

❗ NOTE Engine damage due to use of additives in the engine oil

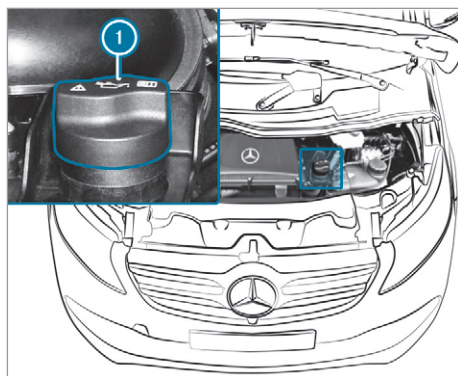
The use of additional additives in the engine oil can damage the engine.

- ▶ Do not use any additional additives in the engine oil.

🔥 ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE Environmental damage due to hydraulic fluid level spillages while topping up

If fluid spills onto soil, the environment will be damaged.

▶ Make sure that no fluid spills while topping up.



Example: engine oil filler opening

- ▶ Observe the information regarding approved engine oil under "Operating fluids and capacities" (→ page 271).
- ▶ Unscrew and remove the cap ❶.
- ▶ Top up engine oil.
- ▶ Fit the cap ❶ on the filler opening and tighten. When doing so, make sure that the cap engages correctly.
- ▶ If present, check the oil level using the oil dipstick (→ page 219).
- ▶ In the case of vehicles without an oil dipstick, check the oil level with the on-board computer after the next journey (→ page 217).

It is necessary to run the engine for an extended period after each oil top up to correctly detect the oil level. Fill level changes during oil top ups may not be immediately visible. Depending on the driving profile, the new oil level can only be displayed after a driving time of up to 60 minutes.

If necessary, only top up the quantity of oil shown in the instrument cluster display and check the oil level again after the next journey.

Checking/topping up the coolant

⚠ WARNING Risk of fire- and injury from antifreeze

If antifreeze comes into contact with hot component parts in the engine compartment, it may ignite.

- ▶ Allow the engine to cool down before you top up the antifreeze.
- ▶ Make sure that no antifreeze spills out next to the filler opening.
- ▶ Thoroughly clean the antifreeze from component parts before starting the vehicle.

⚠ WARNING Risk of scalding from hot coolant

If you open the cap, you could be scalded.

- ▶ Let the motor cool down before opening the cap.
- ▶ When opening the cap, wear protective gloves and safety glasses.
- ▶ Open the cap slowly to release pressure.

Only check and top up the coolant level when the vehicle is stationary on a level surface and the engine has cooled down. The coolant temperature must be below 50°C.

⚠ WARNING Risk of burns from hot component parts in the engine compartment

Certain component parts in the engine compartment can be very hot, e.g. the engine, the cooler and parts of the exhaust system.

- ▶ Allow the engine to cool down and only touch component parts described in the following.

Coolant contains glycol and is therefore poisonous.

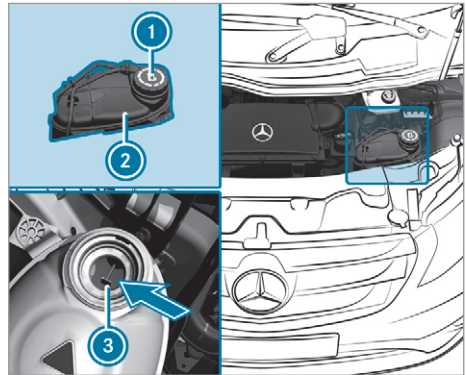
- ▶ Observe the information under "Operating fluids and capacities" (→ page 273).

! NOTE Paintwork damage due to coolant

If coolant gets on painted surfaces, the paintwork can be damaged.

- ▶ Add coolant carefully.
- ▶ Remove spilled coolant.

Regularly check the engine cooling system and the heating system for leaks. If there is a loss of coolant, have the cause determined and rectified in a qualified specialist workshop without delay.



Example: cap and coolant expansion reservoir

Checking the coolant level

- ▶ Slowly turn the cap ① of the coolant expansion reservoir ② half a turn anti-clockwise and allow overpressure to escape.
- ▶ Turn cap ① further and remove it.

The coolant level is correct in the following cases:

- up to marker bar ③ when the engine is cold
- if the engine is warm, up to 1.5 cm over marker bar ③

Topping up the coolant

Only use coolant approved for Mercedes-Benz to avoid damaging the engine cooling system.

- ▶ Refer to the information on coolant (→ page 273).
- ▶ Refill the coolant up to the marker bar ③ in the filler opening of the coolant expansion reservoir ②.
- ▶ Replace cap ① and tighten in a clockwise direction.
- ▶ Start the engine.
- ▶ Set the temperature in the vehicle interior to the maximum output on the control panel of the climate control.
- ▶ After about five minutes, switch off the engine again and allow it to cool down.
- ▶ Check the coolant level again and top up the coolant if necessary.

Filling up the windscreen washer system

⚠ WARNING Risk of fire and injury from windscreen washer concentrate

Windscreen washer concentrate is highly flammable.

- ▶ Avoid fire, naked flames, smoking and the creation of sparks when using windscreen washer concentrate.

⚠ WARNING Risk of burns from hot component parts in the engine compartment

Certain component parts in the engine compartment can be very hot, e.g. the engine, the cooler and parts of the exhaust system.

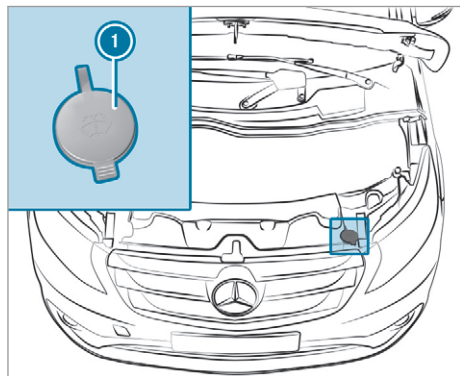
- ▶ Allow the engine to cool down and only touch component parts described in the following.

! NOTE Damage to the exterior lighting due to unsuitable windscreen washer fluid

Unsuitable windscreen washer fluids may damage the plastic surface of the exterior lighting.

- ▶ Only use windscreen washer fluids that are also suitable for use on plastic surfaces, e.g. MB SummerFit or MB WinterFit.

Topping up the washer fluid



Washer fluid reservoir (example)

- ▶ Observe the notes on windshield cleaning agents (→ page 273).

- ▶ Pull cap ① upwards by the tab.
- ▶ Top up the washer fluid.
- ▶ Push cap ① onto the filler opening until it audibly engages.

Cleaning and care

Notes on washing the vehicle in an automatic car wash

⚠ WARNING Risk of an accident due to reduced braking power after washing the vehicle

Braking efficiency is reduced after washing the vehicle.

- ▶ After the vehicle has been washed, brake carefully while paying attention to the traffic conditions until braking power has been fully restored.

! NOTE Damage to the vehicle due to automatic braking

When the following functions are activated, the vehicle brakes automatically in certain situations:

- Active Brake Assist
- Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC
- HOLD function

To avoid damage to the vehicle, deactivate these systems in the following or similar situations:

- ▶ when towing
- ▶ in a car wash

! NOTE Damage due to unsuitable car wash

- ▶ Before driving into a car wash make sure that the car wash is suitable for the vehicle dimensions.
- ▶ Ensure there is sufficient ground clearance between the underbody and the guide rails of the car wash.
- ▶ Ensure that the clearance width of the car wash, in particular the width of the guide rails, is sufficient.

To avoid damage to your vehicle, observe the following before using an automatic car wash:

- Active Brake Assist is deactivated.
- Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC is deactivated.
- the HOLD function is switched off.
- the side windows and roof are completely closed.
- the outside mirrors are folded in and an additional antenna is removed, if present.
- the climate control blower is switched off.
- the windscreen wiper switch is in position **0**.

If the vehicle is very dirty, wash off excess dirt before cleaning the vehicle in an automatic car wash.

After leaving the car wash, pay attention to the following:

- the outside mirrors are fully folded out again and an additional antenna is mounted again.
- wax residues on the windscreen and wiper rubbers are removed to prevent smearing and reduce wiper noise.

Remove wax residues from the camera lens in vehicles with a reversing camera (→ page 224).

Notes on use of a high-pressure cleaner

⚠ WARNING Risk of an accident when using high-pressure cleaners with round-spray nozzles

The water jet can cause externally invisible damage.

Components damaged in this way may unexpectedly fail.

- ▶ Do not use a high-pressure cleaner with round-spray nozzles.
- ▶ Have damaged tyres or chassis parts replaced immediately.

! NOTE Damage to component parts due to improper high-pressure cleaning

Components can be damaged if the distance of the high-pressure nozzle is too small.

- ▶ Maintain a minimum distance of about 30 cm between the high-pressure nozzle and car parts.

- ▶ Do not use a high-pressure cleaner with a round-spray nozzle.
- ▶ Keep the water jet moving constantly while cleaning.
- ▶ Do not clean the following components with the high-pressure cleaner:
 - electrical components
 - plug connectors
 - reversing camera
 - drivetrain
 - seals
 - hoses

! NOTE Damage caused by the use of a high-pressure cleaner in the vehicle interior

The pressurised water created by the high-pressure cleaner and the associated spray could cause considerable damage to the vehicle.

- ▶ Never use a high-pressure cleaner in the vehicle interior.

! NOTE Damage to the emissions control system due to improper cleaning

Cleaning the system when it is warm or the direct effect of water jets in the exhaust pipe can damage the emissions control system.

- ▶ Clean the system only when it is cold.
- ▶ Do not direct the water jet into the exhaust pipe.

Washing the engine

! NOTE Damage and malfunctions due to washing the engine

- ▶ To prevent damage and malfunctions of the engine, observe the following points:
 - when using high-pressure or steam cleaners, do not point the water jet directly at electrical components and the end of electric cables.
 - make sure that no water enters the vent and ventilation openings.

- use preservative agents in the engine after washing the engine.
- protect the belt drive from preservation agents.

Washing the vehicle by hand

Observe the legal requirements, for example in many countries washing by hand is only allowed at specially designated wash bays.

- ▶ Wash the vehicle with lukewarm water and a soft car sponge. When doing so, do not expose the vehicle to direct sunlight.
- ▶ Use a mild cleaning agent, e.g. a Mercedes-Benz approved car shampoo.
- ▶ Carefully spray the vehicle with water and dry off with a leather cloth. Do not point the water jet directly into the air inlet grille.

When operating the vehicle in winter, remove all traces of road salt deposits carefully and as soon as possible.

Notes on care of paint and matt finish

! **NOTE** Paintwork damage and corrosion due to inadequate care

Failure to promptly and thoroughly remove dirt from bird droppings or other residue could result in paintwork damage and corrosion at a later date.

- ▶ Clean dirt off paint and matt finish thoroughly and as soon as possible.

Observe the notes on cleaning and care to avoid paintwork damage.

Paint

- Insect remains: soak with insect remover and then wash off.
- Bird droppings: soak with water and then wash off.
- Tree resin, oils, fuels and greases: remove by rubbing gently with a cloth soaked in petroleum ether or lighter fluid.
- Coolant and brake fluid: remove with a moist cloth and clean water.
- Tar stains: use tar remover.
- Wax: use silicone remover.

- Do not affix stickers, films or similar.
- Remove dirt as soon as possible.

Matt finish

- Only use care products approved for Mercedes-Benz.
- Do not polish the vehicle and light-alloy wheels.
- Use only automatic car washes that meet current technological standards.
- Do not use a wash program that ends with a hot wax treatment in automatic car washes.
- Do not use paint cleaners, buffing or polishing products, or gloss preservers, e.g. wax.
- Always have paintwork repairs carried out at a qualified specialist workshop.

Notes on the care of vehicle parts

! **WARNING** Risk of injury if unsuitable climbing aids are used

In the event that you use openings in the bodywork or attachments as steps, you could:

- Slip and/or fall.
- Damage the vehicle and thus slip and fall.

- ▶ Always use non-slip, stable climbing aids, e.g. a suitable ladder.

! **WARNING** Risk of entrapment if the windscreen wipers are switched on while the windscreen is being cleaned

If the windscreen wipers are set in motion while you are cleaning the windscreen or wiper blades, you can be trapped by the wiper arm.

- ▶ Always switch off the windscreen wipers and the ignition before cleaning the windscreen or wiper blades.

! **WARNING** Risk of burns from the tailpipe and tailpipe trims

The exhaust tailpipe and tailpipe trims can become very hot. If you come into contact with these parts of the vehicle, you could burn yourself.

- ▶ Always be particularly careful around the tailpipe and the tailpipe trims and

supervise children especially closely in this area.

- ▶ Allow vehicle parts to cool down before touching them.

! NOTE Damage caused by the use of openings in the bodywork or detachable part as a step

Using the lower guide of the sliding door (carriage) as a step can damage the trim and/or mechanism of the sliding door.

- ▶ Do not use the guide of the sliding door (carriage) as a step.

- i** Information on suitable cleaning agents or cleaning cloths can be obtained from a qualified specialist workshop.

To prevent damage to the vehicle, observe the notes for cleaning and care of the following car parts:

Wheels and rims

- Use water and acid-free alloy wheel cleaner.
- Do not use acidic alloy wheel cleaners to remove brake dust. Otherwise, wheel bolts and brake components could be damaged.
- To avoid corrosion of brake discs and brake pads, drive for a few minutes after cleaning before parking the vehicle. The brake discs and brakepads warm up and dry out.

Windows

- Clean the windows inside and outside with a damp cloth and with a cleaning agent recommended for Mercedes-Benz.
- Do not use dry cloths, abrasive cleaning agents or cleaners containing solvents to clean the inside of windows.

Wiper blades

- With the wiper arms folded away, clean the wiper blades with a damp cloth (→ page 105).
- Do not clean the wiper blades too often.

Exterior lighting

- Clean the lenses with a wet sponge and mild cleaning agent, for example, car shampoo.
- Only use cleaning agents or cloths suitable for plastic covers.

Sensors

- Clean the sensors in the front and rear bumpers with a soft cloth and car shampoo (→ page 145).
- When using a high-pressure cleaner, keep a minimum distance of 30 cm.

Reversing camera

- **Vehicles with a tailgate:** Switch on the ignition and shift the transmission to the **R** position to open the camera cover when the engine is switched off (→ page 145).
- Use clean water and a soft cloth to clean the camera lens.
- Do not use a high-pressure cleaner.

Sliding door

- Remove foreign objects from the vicinity of the contact plates and contact pins of the sliding door.
- Clean the contact plates and contact pins with a mild cleaning agent and a soft cloth.
- Do not oil or grease the contact plates and the contact pins.

Tailpipes

- Clean with a cleaning agent recommended for Mercedes-Benz, especially in the winter and after washing the vehicle.
- Do not use acidic cleaning agents.

Trailer hitch

- Observe the notes on care in the trailer hitch manufacturer's operating instructions.
- Do not clean the ball neck with a high-pressure cleaner or solvent.
- Remove traces of rust on the ball, for example, with a wire brush.
- Remove dirt with a lint-free cloth.
- After cleaning, lightly oil or grease the ball head.

- i** Before using trailers with anti-swover coupling, note the manufacturer's Operator's Manual.

Notes on interior care

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury from plastic parts breaking off after the use of solvent-based care products

Care and cleaning products containing solvents can cause surfaces in the cockpit to become porous. When the airbags are deployed, plastic parts may break away.

- ▶ Do not use any care or cleaning products containing solvents to clean the cockpit.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death from bleached seat belts

Bleaching or dyeing seat belts can severely weaken them.

This can, for example, cause seat belts to tear or fail in an accident.

- ▶ Never bleach or dye seat belts.

To prevent damage to the vehicle, observe the following notes for cleaning and care:

Seat belts

- Clean with lukewarm soapy water.
- Do not use chemical cleaning agents.
- No heating over 80°C or drying in direct sunlight.

Instrument cluster

- Clean the surface carefully with a cotton or microfibre cloth and acrylic glass care products.
- Do not use any other agents.

Display

- Switch off the display and let it cool down.
- Clean the surface carefully with a microfibre cloth and a suitable display cleaning product (TFT-LCD).
- Do not use any other agents.

Digital rearview mirror

- Clean the mirror glass with a cloth moistened with glass cleaner.
- Clean the light sensors of the inside rearview mirror with a dry cotton cloth.
- Do not spray the glass cleaner on the mirror glass.
- Do not use any other agents.

Plastic trim

- Clean with a damp microfibre cloth.
- If very dirty: use a cleaning product recommended for Mercedes-Benz.
- Do not affix stickers, films or similar.
- Do not allow to come into contact with cosmetics, insect repellent and sun creams.

Roof lining

- Clean with a brush or dry shampoo.

Carpet

- Use a carpet and textile cleaning agent recommended for Mercedes-Benz.

Genuine leather seat covers

- Clean with a damp cloth and then wipe with a dry cloth.
- Leather care: use a leather care agent recommended for Mercedes-Benz.
- Do not allow the leather to become too damp.
- Do not use a microfibre cloth.

Imitation leather seat covers

- Clean with a damp cloth and 1% soapy water.
- Do not use a microfibre cloth.

Cloth seat covers

- Clean with a damp microfibre cloth and 1% soap solution and allow to dry.

Steering wheel from genuine leather

! NOTE Damage caused by wrong cleaners

- ▶ Do not use solvent-based cleaning agents such as tar remover or wheel cleaner; neither should you use polishes or waxes. Otherwise you may damage the finish.

- Clean with a damp cloth and a 1% soapy water solution and then wipe with a dry cloth.
 - If very dirty: use a cleaning product recommended for Mercedes-Benz.
 - Leather care: use a leather care agent recommended for Mercedes-Benz.
 - Do not allow the leather to become too damp.
 - Do not use a microfibre cloth.
- i** Leather is a natural product. It has natural surface characteristics, for example, differences in structure, traces of growth and injury or slight colour nuances.

Real wood and trim elements

- Clean with a microfibre cloth.
- Black piano-lacquer look: clean with a damp cloth and soapy water.
- If very dirty: use a cleaning product recommended for Mercedes-Benz.
- Do not use solvent-based cleaning agents, polishes or waxes.

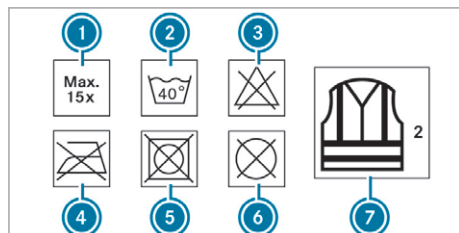
Emergency

Removing the safety vest

The safety vest is located in the door stowage compartment in the driver's door.

▶ Take the safety vest out of the door stowage compartment.

① Safety vests can also be stored in the door stowage compartment of the co-driver's door.



- ① Maximum number of washes
- ② Maximum wash temperature
- ③ Do not bleach
- ④ Do not iron
- ⑤ Do not tumble dry
- ⑥ Do not dry-clean
- ⑦ This is a class 2 vest

The safety vest only fulfils the legally required standards if it is the correct size and is completely closed.

Replace the safety vest in the following cases:

- if damaged or if the reflex strips are dirty
- if the maximum permitted number of washes is exceeded
- if the safety vest's fluorescence has faded

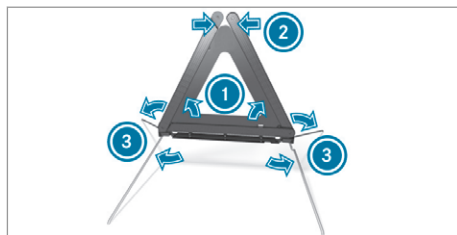
Warning triangle

Removing the warning triangle

The warning triangle is located in the stowage compartment in the driver's door.

▶ Take warning triangle out of the stowage compartment.

Setting up the warning triangle



▶ Fold side reflectors ① upwards to form a triangle and lock them at the top using upper press-stud ②.

▶ Fold stand ③ down and out to the side.

① When using the warning triangle you must observe the legal requirements for the country in which you are currently driving.

Removing the first-aid kit (soft sided)

The first-aid kit (soft sided) is located in the stowage compartment in the co-driver door.

▶ Remove first-aid (soft sided) kit from the stowage compartment.

Check the expiry date on the first-aid kit (soft sided) at least once a year. Replace any expired or missing contents.

Observe the legal requirements of the country in which you are currently driving.

Removing the fire extinguisher

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to an incorrectly secured fire extinguisher in the driver's footwell

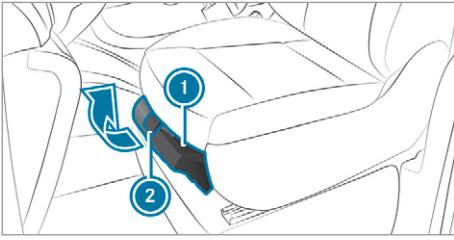
A fire extinguisher may impede pedal travel or block a depressed pedal.

This jeopardises the operating and road safety of the vehicle.

The fire extinguisher can be flung around and injure the driver or other vehicle occupants.

▶ Always store and secure the fire extinguisher in the bracket.

▶ Do not remove the fire extinguisher while driving.



- ▶ Open the clasp of holder ②.
- ▶ Remove fire extinguisher ① from its holder.

For vehicles with a swivelling front seat, the retainer with the fire extinguisher is located at the side of the seat base.

Please read the instructions on the fire extinguisher carefully and familiarise yourself with its operation. Have the fire extinguisher refilled after each use and checked every one or two years. It may otherwise fail in an emergency.

Observe the legal requirements of the country in which you are currently driving.

Mercedes-Benz emergency call system

Information on the Mercedes-Benz emergency call system

⚠ WARNING Risk of distraction from information systems and communications equipment

If you operate information and communication equipment integrated in the vehicle when driving, you will be distracted from the traffic situation. This could also cause you to lose control of the vehicle.

- ▶ Only operate this equipment when the traffic situation permits.
- ▶ If you cannot be sure of this, stop the vehicle whilst paying attention to road and traffic conditions and operate the equipment with the vehicle stationary.

Observe the legal requirements for the country in which you are staying.

The Mercedes-Benz emergency call system only functions in areas where mobile phone coverage is available from the relevant contract partner. Insufficient network coverage from the relevant contract partner may result in an emergency call not being transmitted.

The Mercedes-Benz emergency call system can help to decisively reduce the time between an accident and the arrival of emergency services at the site of the accident. It helps locate an accident site in places that are difficult to access.

An emergency call can be initiated automatically or manually using the SOS button (→ page 230).

Only make emergency calls if you or others are in need of rescue. Do not make an emergency call in the event of a breakdown or a similar situation.

Additional information on the transferred data (→ page 231).

You can find more information on the regional availability of the Mercedes-Benz emergency call system at: <https://www.mercedes-benz-mobile.com/extra/ecall/>

Displays in the instrument cluster

After the ignition is switched on, a message appears in the instrument cluster indicating whether your vehicle can be located.

On vehicles without steering wheel buttons, the  **Positioning active** or  **Positioning not act.** message briefly appears.

On vehicles with steering wheel buttons, the  symbol is only then shown in the status area if the positioning function is active.

SOS NOT READY: The ignition is not switched on or the emergency call system is malfunctioning.

SOS READY: The emergency call system is available again, after a malfunction for example.

During an active emergency call the  symbol and various messages about the status of the emergency call appear in the display.

If the emergency call system is malfunctioning, the instrument cluster displays a corresponding message.

Triggering an automatic Mercedes-Benz emergency call

Requirements:

- The ignition is switched on.
- The starter battery is sufficiently charged.

The Mercedes-Benz emergency call system automatically triggers an emergency call after activation of the restraint system in the event of an accident, for example airbags or seat belt tensioners.

When the emergency call is made:

- A voice connection is made to the Mercedes-Benz emergency call centre.
- A message with accident data is transmitted to the Mercedes-Benz emergency call centre.

The Mercedes-Benz emergency call centre can transmit the vehicle position data to one of the public emergency services call centres.

- Under certain circumstances data is also transmitted in the voice channel to the Mercedes-Benz emergency call centre. This allows measures for rescue, recovery or towing to a Mercedes-Benz Service Centre to be initiated quickly.

The SOS button in the overhead control panel flashes until the emergency call is finished.

It is not possible to immediately end an automatic emergency call.

If the Mercedes-Benz emergency call system cannot connect to the Mercedes-Benz emergency call centre, the emergency call is automatically sent to the public emergency services call centre.

If no connection can be made to the public emergency services, a corresponding message appears in the display.

- ▶ Dial the emergency number **112** on your mobile phone.

If an emergency call has been initiated:

- Remain in the vehicle if the road and traffic conditions permit you to do so until a voice connection is established with the emergency call centre operator.
- Based on the call, the operator decides whether it is necessary to call rescue teams and/or the police to the accident site.
- If no vehicle occupant answers, an ambulance is sent to the vehicle immediately.

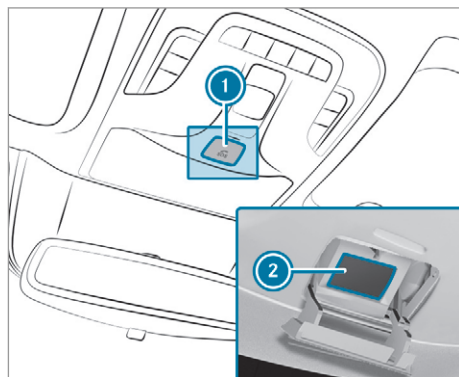
Triggering a manual emergency call

Requirements:

- The ignition is switched on.
- The starter battery is sufficiently charged.

If restraint systems such as airbags or seat belt tensioners are activated during an accident, the Mercedes-Benz emergency call system automatically initiates an emergency call.

Initiating an emergency call manually using the SOS button in the overhead control panel



- ▶ To open, briefly press cover ① for SOS button ②.
- ▶ Press and hold the SOS button for at least one second. The indicator lamp in SOS button ② flashes until the emergency call is finished.

When the emergency call is made:

- A voice connection is made to the Mercedes-Benz emergency call centre.
- A message with the accident data is transmitted to the Mercedes-Benz emergency call centre.

The Mercedes-Benz emergency call centre can transmit the vehicle position data to one of the public emergency services call centres.

- Remain in the vehicle if the road and traffic conditions permit you to do so until a voice connection is established with the emergency call centre operator.
- Based on the call, the operator decides whether it is necessary to call rescue teams and/or the police to the accident site.
- In certain situations data is also transmitted in the voice channel to the Mercedes-Benz emergency call centre.

This allows measures for rescue, recovery or towing to a Mercedes-Benz Service Centre to be initiated quickly.

If the Mercedes-Benz emergency call system cannot connect to the Mercedes-Benz emergency call centre, the emergency call is automatically sent to the public emergency services call centre.

If no connection can be made to the public emergency services, a corresponding message appears in the display. In this case you must dial the emergency call number **112** on your mobile phone.

Ending an unintentional emergency call

- ▶ **Vehicles without steering wheel buttons:** press the  button in the instrument cluster.
- ▶ **Vehicles with steering wheel buttons:** press the  button on the steering wheel.
- ▶ Close the SOS button cover

Data transfer of the Mercedes-Benz emergency call system

In the event of an automatic or manual emergency call, as well as for a **112** emergency call, data is transmitted to the Mercedes-Benz emergency call centre or the public emergency services call centre.

The following data is transmitted:

- Vehicle's GPS position data
- GPS position data on the route (a few hundred metres before the incident)
- Direction of travel
- Vehicle identification number
- Vehicle drive type
- Number of persons on the front seats
- Whether the emergency call was initiated manually or automatically
- Time of the accident
- Language setting

For accident clarification purposes, the following measures can be taken up to an hour after the emergency call has been initiated:

- The current vehicle position can be called up
- A voice connection to the vehicle occupants can be established

For Russia: various functions, e.g. receiving traffic information, cannot be used for up to two hours after sending an emergency call.

Function of the emergency call system self-diagnosis (Russia)

Your car verifies the operability of the emergency call system each time the ignition is ON.

In the event of a system malfunction, you will be informed by the following signals:

- The **SOS NOT READY** message in the instrument cluster or the red **SOS NOT READY** message on the display, if available
- The flashing indicator lamp in the overhead control panel

Please, make sure, that during 30 seconds after switching ignition ON the red indicator **SOS NOT READY** in the upper right corner of the multimedia display is switched OFF, this means the emergency call system passed diagnostics successfully.

Starting/ending ERA-GLONASS test mode (Russia)

Requirements:

- The starter battery has sufficient charge.
- The ignition is switched on.
- The vehicle has been stationary for at least one minute.

- ▶ **To start test mode:** press and hold the control knob for at least five seconds. Test mode is started and ended automatically after completion of the speech test.
- ▶ **To stop test mode manually:** switch off the ignition. The test mode is ended.

Flat tyre

Notes on flat tyres

WARNING Risk of accident due to a flat tyre

A flat tyre strongly impairs the vehicle's driving characteristics, as well as its steering and braking characteristics.

- ▶ Do not drive with a flat tyre.
- ▶ Replace the flat tyre with the spare wheel. Alternatively, consult a qualified specialist workshop.

You will find a sticker with the Mercedes-Benz Service24h telephone number on the B-pillar on the driver's side, for example.

For vehicles with a spare wheel, information in the event of a flat tyre can be found under "Wheels and tyres" (→ page 256).

Battery

Notes on the starter battery

Work on the battery, e.g. removing or installing, requires specialist knowledge and the use of special tools. Therefore, always have work on the battery carried out at a qualified specialist workshop.

⚠ WARNING Risk of an accident due to work carried out incorrectly on the battery

Work carried out incorrectly on the battery can, for example, lead to a short circuit. This can restrict functions relevant for safety systems and impair the operating safety of your vehicle.

You could lose control of the vehicle in the following situations in particular:

- when braking
- in the event of abrupt steering manoeuvres and/or when the vehicle's speed is not adapted to the road conditions
- ▶ In the event of a short circuit or a similar incident, contact a qualified specialist workshop immediately.
- ▶ Do not drive on.
- ▶ Always have work on the battery carried out at a qualified specialist workshop.

- Further information on ABS (→ page 146)
- Further information on ESP® (→ page 147)

For safety reasons, Mercedes-Benz recommends that you only use batteries that have been tested and approved for your vehicle by Mercedes-Benz. These batteries provide increased impact protection to prevent vehicle occupants from suffering acid burns should the battery be damaged in an accident.

⚠ WARNING Risk of explosion due to electrostatic charge

Electrostatic charge can ignite the highly explosive gas mixture in the battery.

- ▶ To discharge any electrostatic charge that may have built up, touch the metal vehicle body before handling the battery.

The highly flammable gas mixture is created while the battery is charging and when jump-starting.

Make sure that neither you nor the battery is electrostatically charged.

Electrostatic charge can occur in the following cases, for example:

- You are wearing synthetic clothing.
- There is friction between your clothing and the seat.
- You drag or push the battery across a carpet or other synthetic materials.
- You rub the battery with cloths or towels.

⚠ WARNING Danger of chemical burns from the battery acid

Battery acid is caustic.

- ▶ Avoid contact with the skin, eyes or clothing.
- ▶ Do not lean over the battery.
- ▶ Do not inhale battery gases.
- ▶ Keep children away from the battery.
- ▶ Immediately rinse battery acid off thoroughly with plenty of clean water and seek medical attention immediately.

🌿 ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE Environmental damage due to improper disposal of batteries



Batteries contain pollutants. It is illegal to dispose of them with the household rubbish.



Dispose of batteries in an environmentally responsible manner. Take discharged batteries to a qualified specialist workshop or to a collection point for used batteries.

Observe the safety notes and protective measures when handling batteries.

Risk of explosion





Fire, naked flames and smoking are prohibited when handling the battery. Avoid creating sparks.



Electrolyte or battery acid is corrosive. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and clothing. Wear suitable protective clothing, in particular gloves, an apron and a safety mask. Immediately rinse electrolyte acid splashes off with clean water. If necessary, seek medical advice.



Wear eye protection.



Keep children at a safe distance.



Observe these Operating Instructions.

Observe the following notes:

- Recharge the battery more frequently in the following cases:
 - You predominantly drive short distances.
 - You predominantly drive at low outside temperatures.
 - You leave the vehicle parked for a lengthy period.

In order for the batteries to achieve their maximum possible service life, they must always be sufficiently charged.

- Consult a qualified specialist workshop if you wish to leave your vehicle parked up for a long period of time.
- When you park the vehicle, remove the key if you do not require any electrical consumers. The vehicle will then use very little energy, thus conserving battery power.
- If your vehicle requires jump-starting, or if you wish to provide jump-starting assistance to another vehicle, only use the jump-start connection point in the engine compartment (→ page 233).

Installation locations

Your vehicle may be equipped with the following three batteries, depending on the equipment version:

- Starter battery in the seat base of the right-hand front seat
- Support battery in the seat base of the right-hand front seat
- Auxiliary battery in the seat base of the left-hand front seat

Starting assistance and charging the 12 V battery

▲ WARNING Risk of explosion from a frozen battery

A discharged battery may freeze at temperatures slightly above or below freezing point.

During starting assistance or battery charging, battery gas can be released.

- ▶ Always allow a battery to thaw before charging it or performing starting assistance.

If the warning/indicator lamps do not light up in the instrument cluster at temperatures around or below freezing, it is highly probable that the discharged battery has frozen.

In this case, observe the following points:

- do not give the vehicle starting assistance or charge the battery
- the service life of a battery that has been thawed may be reduced drastically
- the starting behaviour may deteriorate, particularly at low temperatures
- it is recommended that you have a thawed battery checked at a qualified specialist workshop

▲ WARNING Risk of explosion during charging process and starting assistance

During the charging process and starting assistance, the battery may release an explosive gas mixture.

- ▶ Avoid fire, naked flames, creating sparks and smoking.
- ▶ Make sure there is sufficient ventilation.
- ▶ Do not lean over a battery.

⚠ WARNING Danger of chemical burns from the battery acid

Battery acid is caustic.

- ▶ Avoid contact with the skin, eyes or clothing.
- ▶ Do not lean over the battery.
- ▶ Do not inhale battery gases.
- ▶ Keep children away from the battery.
- ▶ Immediately rinse battery acid off thoroughly with plenty of clean water and seek medical attention immediately.

Starting assistance

! NOTE Damage caused by numerous or extended attempts to start the engine

Numerous or extended attempts to start the engine may damage the catalytic converter due to non-combusted fuel.

- ▶ Avoid numerous and extended attempts to start the engine.

Do not use a rapid charging device to start the vehicle. If your vehicle's battery is discharged, the engine can be jump-started from another vehicle or from a donor battery using jump leads. For this purpose, the vehicle has a jump-start connection point in the engine compartment.

When jump-starting, observe the following points:

- The battery is not accessible in all vehicles. If the other vehicle's battery is not accessible, starting assistance is to be provided using a donor battery or a starting assistance device.
- You may only jump-start the vehicle when the engine and exhaust system are cold.
- Do not start the engine if the battery is frozen. Let the battery thaw first.
- Starting assistance may only be provided using batteries with a nominal voltage of 12 V.
- Only use jump leads that have a sufficient cross-section and insulated terminal clamps.
- If the battery is fully discharged, attach the donor battery for a few minutes before attempting to start. This charges the discharged battery a little.
- Make sure that the two vehicles do not touch.

Jump leads and further information regarding starting assistance can be obtained at any qualified specialist workshop.

Ensure the following before connecting the jump lead:

- The jump leads are not damaged.
- Parts of the terminal clamps which are not insulated do not come into contact with other metal parts while the jump leads are connected to the battery.
- The jump leads do not touch moving parts when the engine is started and while it is running, such as the V-belt pulley or the fan.

▶ Apply the parking brake.

▶ **Vehicles with automatic transmission:** shift the transmission to position **P**.

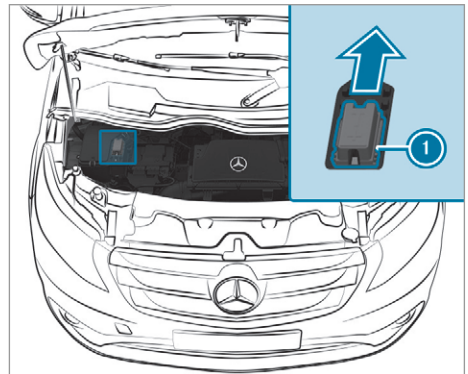
▶ **Vehicles with manual transmission:** shift to neutral.

▶ Switch off all electrical consumers, e.g. audio device, blower.

▶ Switch off the ignition immediately and remove the key.

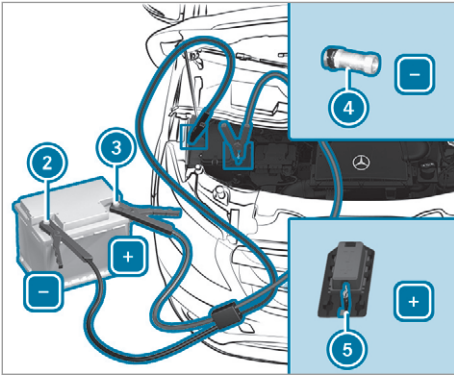
▶ Open the bonnet (→ page 216).

Connecting and disconnecting the jump lead



Example: jump-start connection point

- ▶ Push contact protection cover **①** of the jump-start connection point towards the rear of the vehicle against the spring pressure as far as it will go.
The jump-start connection point is visible.



Terminal connection diagram

- Remove the cover from positive terminal ③ of the donor battery.
- Connect the positive terminal clamp of the jump lead to positive terminal ③ of the donor battery, and then to positive terminal ⑤ of the jump-start connection point.
- Connect the negative terminal clamp of the jump lead to negative terminal ② of the donor battery, and then to earth contact ④ of your own vehicle.
- Start the engine of the donor vehicle and run it at idling speed.
- Insert the key into the ignition lock, start the engine and let it run for several minutes.
- Before disconnecting the jump leads, switch on an electrical consumer in your own vehicle, e.g. the rear window heater or the lighting.
- Disconnect the negative terminal clamp of the jump lead from earth contact ④ and then from negative terminal ② of the donor battery.
- Disconnect the positive terminal clamp of the jump lead from positive terminal ⑤ on the jump-start connection point, and then from positive terminal ③ of the donor battery. Contact protection cover ① is automatically returned forwards to its original position by the spring force and the jump-start connection point is closed.
- Position the cover on positive terminal ③ of the donor battery.
- Have the battery checked at a qualified specialist workshop.

Charging the 12 V battery

! **NOTE** Damage to the electronics caused by non-approved charging devices

Charging a fitted battery with a battery charger which has not been approved by Mercedes-Benz can damage the on-board electronics.

- Only use a battery charger which has been approved by Mercedes-Benz and which permits charging the battery when it is fitted in the vehicle.
- Only charge the battery using the jump-start connection point.

A battery charger specially adapted for Mercedes-Benz vehicles and tested and approved for Mercedes-Benz is available as an accessory.

Further information is available from any Mercedes-Benz Service Centre. Read the operating instructions for your charger before charging the battery.

Recharge the battery more frequently if you use the vehicle mainly for short trips and/or drive at low outside temperatures.

- Connect the battery charger to the positive terminal and earth contact in the same order as when connecting the donor battery in the jump-starting procedure.
- i** If a battery is not fitted and not in service, you should charge it every three months. This helps to counteract self-discharging and prevent damage to the battery.

12 V battery care

! **NOTE** Battery discharge due to leakage currents

Dirty battery terminal clamps and battery surfaces cause leakage currents. This can lead to the battery discharging.

- Keep the battery terminals and battery surfaces clean and dry.

! **NOTE** Damage to the battery housing due to improper cleaning

If you use cleaning agents containing fuel, these can damage the battery housing.

- Do not use cleaning agents containing fuel.

! **NOTE** Damage to the battery due to self-discharge

If dirt gets into the battery cell, the self-discharge of the battery is increased and the battery can be damaged.

- ▶ Only clean the battery with the cell caps screwed in.

Observe the following points on battery care:

- ▶ Regularly check the battery terminals and the fastening of the negative cable to the chassis to ensure that they are firmly seated.
- ▶ Lightly grease the undersides of the battery terminal clamps with acid-resistant grease.
- ▶ Only clean the battery housing with commercially available cleaning agents.

Disconnecting and removing the starter battery

! **WARNING** Risk of explosion from hydrogen gas igniting

There is a danger of hydrogen gas igniting when charging the battery if there is a short circuit or sparks start to form.

- ▶ Make sure that the positive terminal of the connected battery does not come into contact with vehicle parts.
- ▶ Never place metal objects or tools on a battery.
- ▶ The described order of the battery clamps must be observed when connecting and disconnecting the battery.
- ▶ When giving starting assistance, always make sure that you only connect battery terminals with identical polarity.
- ▶ During starting assistance, you must observe the described order for connecting and disconnecting the jump lead.
- ▶ Do not connect or disconnect the battery clamps while the engine is running.

! **WARNING** Danger of chemical burns from the battery acid

Battery acid is caustic.

- ▶ Avoid contact with the skin, eyes or clothing.

- ▶ Do not lean over the battery.
- ▶ Do not inhale battery gases.
- ▶ Keep children away from the battery.
- ▶ Immediately rinse battery acid off thoroughly with plenty of clean water and seek medical attention immediately.

! **NOTE** Damage to electronic components due to work carried out incorrectly on the battery

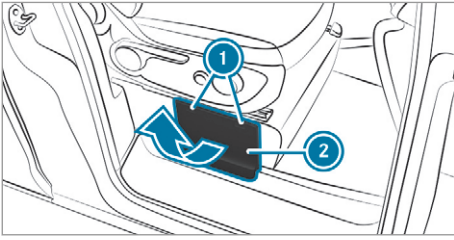
If the starter battery is disconnected before the key is removed from the ignition lock, electronic components or assemblies, such as the alternator, can be damaged.

- ▶ Switch off the engine and remove the key from the ignition lock.
- ▶ Check to see that there are no indicator lamps lit in the instrument cluster.
- ▶ Always remove the negative terminal clamp first and then the positive terminal clamp.
- ▶ Do not interchange the battery clamps.

Always have work on the battery carried out at a qualified specialist workshop.

If, in exceptional circumstances, you must disconnect the battery yourself, pay attention to the following:

- Observe the notes on the 12 V battery (→ page 232).
- Secure the vehicle to prevent it from rolling away.
- For vehicles with an automatic transmission, the transmission is locked in position **P** after disconnecting the battery. You can then no longer move the vehicle.
- The battery and the cover of the positive terminal clamp must be fitted securely during operation.

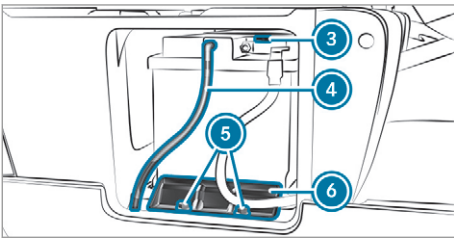


Seat base (example: right-hand front seat)

The following description on connecting and fitting the battery uses the example of the starter battery in the seat base of the right-hand front seat.

The auxiliary battery is disconnected and removed in the same way as the starter battery. The auxiliary battery is located in the seat base of the left-hand front seat.

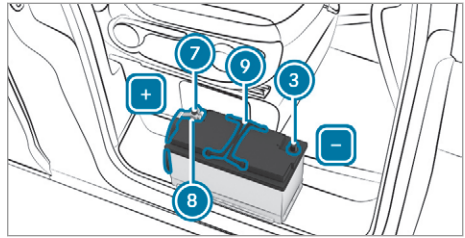
- ▶ Switch off all electrical consumers.
- ▶ Switch off the engine and remove the key from the ignition lock.
- ▶ Open the front right-hand door.
- ▶ Press both catch springs ① down and remove cover ② upwards from the seat base.
- ▶ Remove cover ② by pulling upwards at an angle from the seat base.



Open seat base (example: right-hand front seat)

- ▶ Remove screws ⑤ from holder ⑥.
- ▶ Remove holder ⑥.
- ▶ Remove vent hose ④ from the top of the battery.
- ▶ Pull the battery out of the seat base until the negative terminal clamp can be released and removed.
- ▶ Disconnect the negative terminal clamp from negative terminal ③.

- ▶ Remove the negative terminal clamp in such a way that the battery terminal clamp no longer touches negative terminal ③.



Example: starter battery

- ▶ Remove the battery from the seat base and place it on the door sill as shown. If necessary, hold the battery by handles ⑨.
- ▶ Remove the clamp cover of positive terminal ⑧.
- ▶ Remove positive terminal clamp ⑧ from positive terminal ⑦.
- ▶ Remove positive clamp ⑧ in such a way that it no longer touches positive terminal ⑦.
- ▶ Lift the battery out of the door sill by handles ⑨.

Connecting and fitting the starter battery

⚠ WARNING Risk of explosion from hydrogen gas igniting

There is a danger of hydrogen gas igniting when charging the battery if there is a short circuit or sparks start to form.

- ▶ Make sure that the positive terminal of the connected battery does not come into contact with vehicle parts.
- ▶ Never place metal objects or tools on a battery.
- ▶ The described order of the battery clamps must be observed when connecting and disconnecting the battery.
- ▶ When giving starting assistance, always make sure that you only connect battery terminals with identical polarity.
- ▶ During starting assistance, you must observe the described order for connecting and disconnecting the jump lead.

- ▶ Do not connect or disconnect the battery clamps while the engine is running.

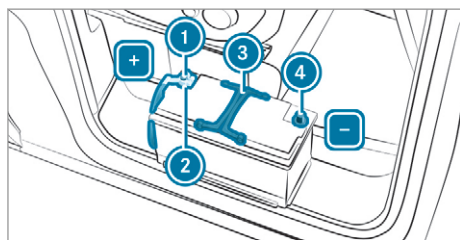
! NOTE Damage to the on-board electronics due to reversing the battery clamps

Incorrectly connecting the battery can damage the on-board electronics.

- ▶ Always connect the battery as described in the following sequence. Never reverse the terminal clamps.

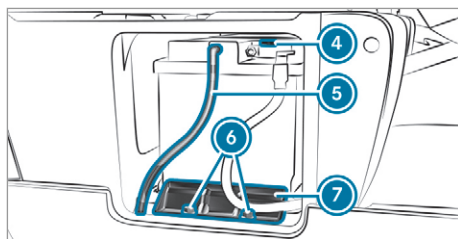
The following description on connecting and fitting the battery uses the example of the starter battery in the seat base of the right-hand front seat.

The auxiliary battery is connected and fitted in the same way as the starter battery. The auxiliary battery is located in the seat base of the left-hand front seat.



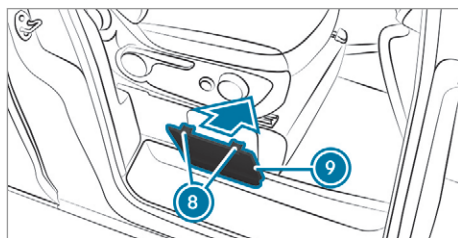
Example: starter battery

- ▶ Place the battery on the door sill as shown and secure with handles ③ if necessary.
- ▶ Connect positive terminal clamp ② to positive terminal ①. The positive lead must be routed parallel to the side of the battery housing in the connection area, as shown.
- ▶ Place the positive terminal clamp cover on positive terminal ①.
- ▶ Fold both handles ③ down onto the battery.
- ▶ Push the battery into the seat base until the negative terminal clamp can be connected.
- ▶ Connect the negative terminal clamp to negative terminal ④.
- ▶ Push the battery into the seat base as far as it will go.



Open seat base with fitted battery (example: right-hand front seat)

- ▶ Connect vent hose ⑤ to the battery connection at the top, beside negative terminal ④.
- ▶ Place holder ⑦ over the lower edge of the battery housing and the threaded holes for screws ⑥.
- ▶ Screw on holder ⑦ with screws ⑥. The battery is secured to prevent slipping.



Seat base (example: right-hand front seat)

- ▶ Insert cover ⑨ in front of the battery compartment down into the seat base and close it. Catch springs ⑧ of cover ⑨ should engage audibly.

Carry out the following work after connecting the battery:

- ▶ Reset the side windows (→ page 63).
- ▶ Reset the outside mirrors (→ page 107).
- ▶ Reset the electric sliding doors (→ page 54).

Towing or tow-starting

Overview of permissible towing methods

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to limited safety-related functions during the towing process

Safety-related functions are limited or no longer available in the following situations:

- the ignition is switched off.
- the brake system or power steering system is malfunctioning.
- the energy supply or the on-board electrical system is malfunctioning.

When your vehicle is then towed away, significantly more effort may be required to steer and brake than is normally required.

- ▶ Use a tow bar.
- ▶ Make sure that the steering wheel can move freely before towing the vehicle away.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident when towing with steering wheel lock

You will no longer be able to steer the vehicle if the steering wheel lock is engaged.

- ▶ Always switch on the ignition when towing the vehicle with a tow cable or a tow bar.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to towing away a vehicle that is too heavy

If the vehicle being tow started or towed away is heavier than the permissible gross weight of your vehicle, the following situations may arise:

- The towing eye may become detached.
- The vehicle/trailer combination may even tip over.
- ▶ Before tow starting or towing away a vehicle, check that it does not exceed the permissible gross weight.

Details on the permissible gross vehicle weight of your vehicle can be found on the vehicle identification plate (→ page 266).

! NOTE Damage to the vehicle due to automatic braking

When the following functions are activated, the vehicle brakes automatically in certain situations:

- Active Brake Assist
- Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC
- HOLD function

To avoid damage to the vehicle, deactivate these systems in the following or similar situations:

- ▶ when towing
- ▶ in a car wash

! NOTE Damage due to incorrect connection of the tow bar or improper use of the towing device

- ▶ Only connect the tow rope or tow bar to the towing eyes or the trailer tow hitch.
- ▶ Do not use the towing eyes to recover a vehicle.

! NOTE Damage due to pulling force being too high

Pulling away abruptly can damage the vehicles if the tractive forces are too high.

- ▶ Pull away as straight, slowly and smoothly as possible.

! NOTE Damage due to improper towing with a tow rope

If you ignore safety and protective measures when towing with a tow rope, this can result in damage to the vehicle.

Observe the following points:

- ▶ Secure the tow rope on the same side on both vehicles.
- ▶ Secure the tow rope to the towing eyes.
- ▶ Do not exceed the legally prescribed length of the tow rope.
- ▶ Mark the tow rope in the middle, e.g. with a white cloth (30 x 30 cm). This will make other road users aware that a vehicle is being towed.
- ▶ During the journey, observe the brake lamps of the towing vehicle and main-

tain the distance so that the tow rope does not sag.

- ▶ Do not use steel cables or chains to tow your vehicle.

! NOTE Damage due to towing the vehicle at too high a speed or too far

Towing the vehicle at too high a speed or too far can damage the drivetrain.

- ▶ Do not exceed a towing speed of 50 km/h.
- ▶ Do not exceed a towing distance of 50 km.

! NOTE Damage to the automatic transmission when towing due to shifting into transmission position **P**

If you open the driver's or co-driver's door when towing, it can lead to the automatic

transmission shifting to position **P** and becoming damaged.

- ▶ Shift the automatic transmission to position **N**.
- ▶ Do not open any doors during the towing process.

When towing away, you must observe the legal requirements for the country in which you are currently driving.

In the event of a breakdown, Mercedes-Benz recommends that you have the vehicle transported instead of towed.

Have the vehicle transported on a transporter or trailer if it has transmission damage.

Permissible towing methods

			
	Both axles on the ground	Front axle raised	Rear axle raised
Vehicles with manual transmission and front wheel drive	Yes, no further than 50 km at 50 km/h	Yes, no further than 50 km at 50 km/h	No
Vehicles with manual transmission and rear wheel drive	Yes, no further than 50 km at 50 km/h	No	Yes, if the steering wheel is fixed in the centre position with a steering wheel lock. Maximum 50 km at 50 km/h
Vehicles with automatic transmission	Yes, no further than 50 km at 50 km/h	No	Yes, if the steering wheel is fixed in the centre position with a steering wheel lock. Maximum 50 km at 50 km/h
Vehicles with all-wheel drive (4x4)	Yes, no further than 50 km at 50 km/h	No	No

- i** If the transmission cannot be shifted to position **N**, have the vehicle transported (→ page 242). A towing vehicle with lifting equipment is required for vehicle transport.

Towing away the vehicle with both axles on the ground

- ▶ Observe the notes on permissible towing methods (→ page 239).
- ▶ Make sure that the battery is connected and charged.

If the battery is discharged, observe the following points:

- The ignition cannot be switched on.
- The transmission cannot be shifted to position **N**.

Vehicles with manual transmission

- ▶ Switch on the hazard warning lamps (→ page 95).
- ▶ Fit the towing eye (→ page 242).
- ▶ Secure the towing device.
- ▶ Switch on the ignition.
- ▶ Deactivate automatic locking (→ page 50).
- ▶ Deactivate Active Brake Assist (→ page 150).
- ▶ Shift the transmission to neutral.
- ▶ Release the parking brake (→ page 144).

Vehicles with automatic transmission

- ▶ Switch on the hazard warning lamps (→ page 95).
- ▶ Fit the towing eye (→ page 242).
- ▶ Secure the towing device.
- ▶ Switch on the ignition.
- ▶ Deactivate automatic locking (→ page 50).
- ▶ Do not activate the HOLD function.
- ▶ Deactivate Active Brake Assist (→ page 150).
- ▶ Deactivate Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC (→ page 156).
- ▶ Shift the transmission to **N** (→ page 136).
- ▶ Release the parking brake (→ page 144).

Recovering a vehicle that is stuck

- !** **NOTE** Damage due to pulling force being too high

Pulling away abruptly can damage the vehicles if the tractive forces are too high.

- ▶ Pull away as straight, slowly and smoothly as possible.

If the drive wheels get trapped on loose or muddy ground, recover the vehicle with the utmost care, especially so if the vehicle is laden.

- ▶ Observe the notes on permissible towing methods (→ page 239).
- ▶ Never attempt to recover a vehicle that is stuck when a trailer is attached.
- ▶ If possible, pull the vehicle out backwards using the tracks it made before it became stuck.

Towing the vehicle with the axle raised

- A** **WARNING** Risk of accident when towing with the ignition switched on

When towing away with the front axle raised and the ignition switched on, ASR can brake the rear axle wheels in an erratic manner.

The vehicle can lose directional stability.

- ▶ Switch off the ignition before towing the vehicle with the front axle raised.

- !** **NOTE** Damage to the transmission due to towing with an axle raised on vehicles with 4x4 all-wheel drive

The transmission can be damaged by towing with the front or rear axle raised.

- ▶ Vehicles with 4x4 all-wheel drive can either be towed with both axles on the ground or loaded and transported.

With the front or rear axle raised

On vehicles with front or rear wheel drive, always raise the drive axle.

- ▶ Observe the notes on permissible towing methods (→ page 239).
- ▶ Switch on the hazard warning lamps (→ page 95).
- ▶ Deactivate tow-away protection (→ page 68).

- ▶ Move the front wheels to the straight-ahead position.
- ▶ **If the rear axle is raised:** fix the steering wheel in the centre position with a steering wheel lock.
- ▶ Release the parking brake (→ page 144).
- ▶ Turn the key to position **0** in the ignition lock and remove the key from the ignition lock.
- ▶ Take the key with you when leaving the vehicle.

Do not exceed a towing speed of 50 km/h.

Loading the vehicle for transport

! NOTE Damage due to incorrect attachment

The vehicle may be damaged when lashing to chassis components.

- ▶ Only lash the vehicle at the wheels.

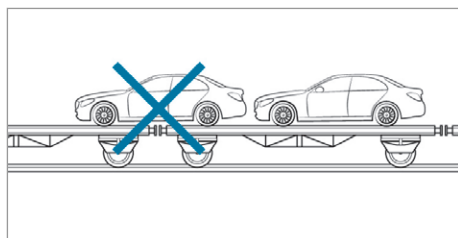
- ▶ Observe the notes on permissible towing methods (→ page 239).
- ▶ To load the vehicle onto a trailer or transporter, use the trailer tow hitch or the towing eye.

Before loading the vehicle

- ▶ Switch on the ignition.
- ▶ **Vehicles with manual transmission:** shift the transmission to neutral.
- ▶ **Vehicles with automatic transmission:** shift the transmission to position **N**.
- ▶ Release the parking brake (→ page 144).
- ▶ Load the vehicle onto the transporter.

! NOTE Damage to the drive train due to incorrect positioning of the vehicle

- ▶ Do not position the vehicle above the connection point of the transport vehicle.



- ▶ Make sure that the front and rear axles come to rest on the same transportation vehicle.

After loading the vehicle

- ▶ **Vehicles with manual transmission:** engage first or reverse gear.
- ▶ **Vehicles with automatic transmission:** shift the transmission to position **P**.
- ▶ Deactivate tow-away protection (→ page 68).
- ▶ Turn the key to position **0** in the ignition lock and remove it from the ignition lock.
- ▶ Use the parking brake to secure the vehicle against rolling away.
- ▶ Secure the vehicle by the wheels.

Towing eye storage location

The towing eye is located in the vehicle tool kit (→ page 244).

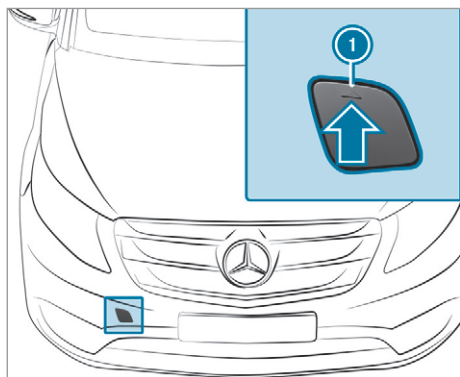
Fitting/removing the towing eye

Fitting and removing the front towing eye

! NOTE Damage to the vehicle due to incorrect use of the towing eye

When a towing eye is used to recover a vehicle, the vehicle may be damaged in the process.

- ▶ Only use the towing eye to tow away or tow start the vehicle.



Fixture for the front towing eye in the bumper

- ▶ Take the towing eye and screwdriver from the vehicle tool kit (→ page 244).

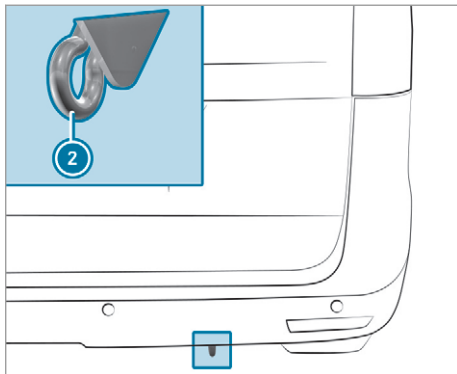
Fitting

- ▶ Press the arrow on cover ① and remove cover ① from the opening. You will see the fixture for the towing eye.
- ▶ Screw in the towing eye clockwise to the stop.
- ▶ Insert the screwdriver into the towing eye and tighten the towing eye.
- ▶ Stow the screwdriver in the vehicle tool kit.

Removing

- ▶ Remove the screwdriver from the vehicle tool kit.
- ▶ Insert the screwdriver into the towing eye and turn the towing eye anti-clockwise.
- ▶ Unscrew and remove the towing eye.
- ▶ Insert cover ① with the lug at the top and press it in at the bottom until it engages.
- ▶ Stow the towing eye and the screwdriver with the vehicle tool kit.

Rear towing eye



Rear towing eye under the bumper

- ▶ When towing away or tow-starting a vehicle, attach the towing device to rear towing eye ②.
- ▶ If the vehicle is equipped with a trailer tow hitch, attach the towing device to the trailer tow hitch (→ page 275).
- ▶ Observe the notes on permissible towing methods (→ page 239).

Tow starting vehicle (emergency engine start)

Vehicles with automatic transmission

! **NOTE** Damage to the automatic transmission due to tow-starting

The automatic transmission may be damaged in the process of tow-starting vehicles with automatic transmission.

- ▶ Vehicles with automatic transmission must not be tow-started.

- ▶ Observe the notes and information on starting assistance (→ page 233).

Vehicles with manual transmission

- ▶ Observe the notes on permissible towing methods (→ page 239).

Before tow-starting, ensure the following:

- make sure that the battery is connected and charged. The ignition cannot be switched on

otherwise and there will be no steering and braking assistance.

- use a towing bar and attach it to the front towing eye (→ page 242) only.
- if the engine does not start after a few seconds, try a jump-starting procedure using the battery of another vehicle (→ page 233).

Tow-starting procedure

- ▶ Switch on the hazard warning lamps (→ page 95).
- ▶ If necessary, allow the engine and the exhaust system to cool down.
- ▶ Switch on the ignition.
- ▶ Shift to 2nd or 3rd gear.
- ▶ Release the parking brake.
- ▶ Keep the clutch pedal fully depressed when tow starting the vehicle.
- ▶ Release the clutch pedal slowly.
- ▶ When the engine has started, shift to neutral immediately.
- ▶ Stop in accordance with the traffic conditions.
- ▶ Use the parking brake to secure the vehicle against rolling away.
- ▶ Remove the towing device.
- ▶ Remove the towing eye.
- ▶ Switch off the hazard warning lamps (→ page 95).

Electrical fuses

Notes on electrical fuses

! NOTE Electrical fuses

- ▶ Observe the information in the supplement. You may otherwise fail to recognise dangers.

The fuse allocation chart and the information on the fuses can be found in the "Fuse allocation chart" Supplement.

Vehicle tool kit

Information on the vehicle tool kit

The vehicle tool kit storage location depends on the equipment version of the vehicle.

The following are examples of storage locations:

- in the seat base of the left front seat
- in the rear stowage compartment
- in the tool holder in the load compartment

Apart from some country-specific variants, vehicles without a spare wheel are not equipped with a tyre-changing tool.

If your vehicle is equipped with a tyre-change tool kit, you can find it in the vehicle tool kit.

If the vehicle tool kit is stowed in the driver's seat base, you can find the jack in a separate holder in the rear of the load compartment on the right-hand side (→ page 246).

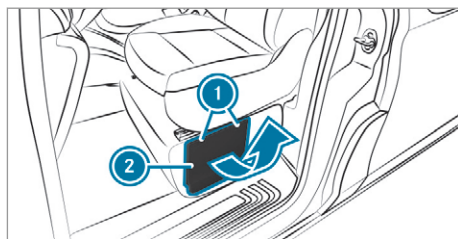
Some tools for changing a wheel are specific to the vehicle. For more information on which tyre-change tool kits are required and approved for performing a wheel change on your vehicle, consult a qualified specialist workshop.

Required tyre-change tool kits may include the following, for example:

- Jack
- Wheel wrench
- Ratchet ring spanner

- ① The jack has a maximum weight of 7.5 kg depending on the vehicle's equipment. You will find the maximum load capacity of the jack stated on the adhesive label attached to the jack. The jack is maintenance-free. If there is a malfunction, please contact a qualified specialist workshop.

Opening and closing the stowage compartment in the seat base



Stowage compartment in the seat base of the left front seat

▶ **To open:** press catch springs ❶ down and release cover ❷ upwards from the seat base. Cover ❷ can be removed by pulling upwards at an angle from the seat base.

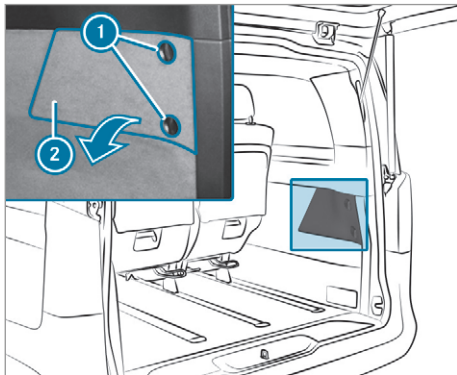
▶ Remove the clamping strap and remove the vehicle tool bag.

❶ For vehicles with a tyre-change tool kit, the jack is in a separate holder in the rear right-hand side of the load compartment (→ page 246).

▶ **To close:** after stowing the vehicle tool bag, insert cover ❷ below in the seat base and fold shut. Catch springs ❶ of cover ❷ should engage audibly.

Stowage compartment in the rear

Opening the stowage compartment

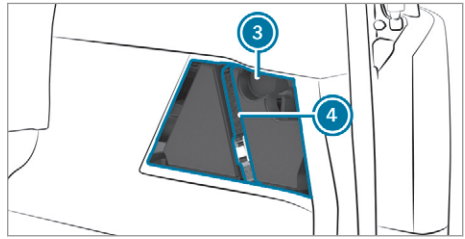


Stowage compartment in the rear on the right-hand side of the vehicle

- ▶ If necessary, fold up the rear seat.
- ▶ Turn top rotary catch ❶ clockwise and bottom rotary catch ❶ anti-clockwise.
- ▶ Remove cover ❷.

Removing the vehicle tool kit and jack from the tool holder

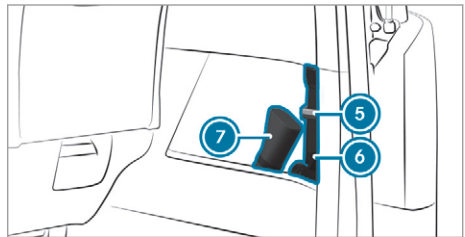
Depending on the equipment version of the vehicle, the vehicle tool kit and the jack are stowed either in a stowage tray or in a tool holder with a cover.



Stowage compartment with tool holder

- ▶ Remove clamping strap ❸.
- ▶ Lift off tool holder cover ❸.
- ▶ Carefully pull the vehicle tool kit and jack upwards out of the stowage compartment. Lift the jack slightly before removing it and turn it to a diagonal position in the stowage compartment.

Removing the vehicle tool kit and jack from the stowage tray



Stowage compartment with stowage tray

- ▶ Open clamping strap ❺ and remove jack ❻ by pulling it upwards at an angle from the stowage tray compartment.
- ▶ Remove vehicle tool bag ❼ upwards from the stowage tray compartment.

Stowing the vehicle tool kit and the jack

Stowage compartment with tool holder

- ▶ Before stowing, wind the jack to the fully closed position and place it so that the hand-wheel is facing forwards and the plate is facing inwards.
- ▶ Place the jack and vehicle tool kit into the tool holder.
- ▶ Replace cover ❸ of the tool holder.
- ▶ Tighten clamping strap ❹.

Stowage compartment with stowage tray

- ▶ Insert vehicle tool bag ⑦ into the front compartment of the stowage tray.
- ▶ Before stowing, wind jack ⑥ to the fully closed position and place it so that the hand wheel is facing downwards and the plate is facing inwards at an angle.
- ▶ Insert jack ⑥ into the back compartment of the stowage tray.
- ▶ Press jack ⑥ into the upper holder and fasten clamping strap ⑤.

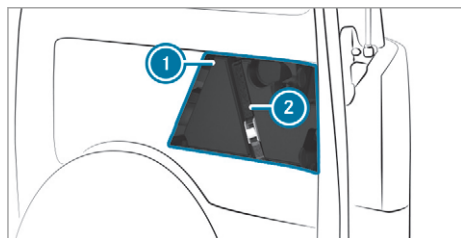
The jack is secured.

Closing the stowage compartment

- ▶ Put on cover ②.
- ▶ Turn top rotary catch ① anti-clockwise and bottom rotary catch ① clockwise.
- ▶ Fold down the rear seat.

Tool holder in the load compartment

Removing the tool and the jack



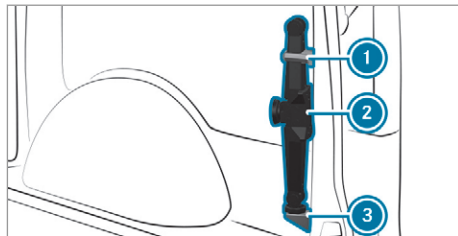
Tool holder in the load compartment on the right-hand side of the vehicle (example: panel van)

- ▶ Remove clamping strap ②.
- ▶ Remove cover ① of the tool holder.
- ▶ Carefully pull the vehicle tool kit and jack out of the tool holder.

Stowing the tool and the jack

- ▶ Before stowing, wind the jack to the fully closed position and place it so that the hand wheel is facing forwards and the plate is facing inwards.
- ▶ Place the jack and vehicle tool kit into the tool holder.
- ▶ Fit the cover ① of the tool holder.
- ▶ Tighten clamping strap ②.

Removing the jack from the tool holder



Holder for jack in the load compartment on the right-hand side of the vehicle (for example, panel van)

- ▶ Remove clamping strap ①.
- ▶ Pull jack ② out of the upper holder and from lower bracket ③.
- ▶ The vehicle tool bag or tyre-changing tool kit is in the seat base of the left front seat (→ page 244).

Stowing the jack

- ▶ Before stowing, wind the jack as far as it will go and position it with the hand wheel facing down and the plate facing inwards.
 - ▶ Place jack ② onto lower bracket ③.
 - ▶ Press jack ② into the upper holder and fasten clamping strap ①.
- The jack is secured.

Information on noise or unusual driving characteristics

While driving, pay attention to vibrations, noises and unusual driving characteristics, e.g. pulling to one side. This may indicate damage to the wheels or tyres. If you suspect that a tyre is defective, reduce your speed. Stop the vehicle as soon as possible to check if wheels and tyres have been damaged or are no longer functioning properly. Hidden tyre damage could also be causing the unusual driving characteristics. If no signs of damage can be detected, have the tyres and wheels checked at a qualified specialist workshop.

Notes on regularly inspecting wheels and tyres

WARNING Risk of injury due to damaged tyres

Damaged tyres can cause tyre pressure loss.

- Check the tyres regularly for signs of damage and replace any damaged tyres immediately.

Check the wheels and tyres of your vehicle for damage regularly, i.e. at least every two weeks, as well as after driving off-road or on rough roads. Damaged wheels can lead to a loss of tyre pressure.

Look out for the following types of damage, for example:

- cuts in the tyres
- punctures in the tyres
- tears in the tyres
- bulges on tyres
- deformation or severe corrosion on wheels

WARNING Risk of aquaplaning due to insufficient tyre tread

Insufficient tyre tread will result in reduced tyre grip.

The risk of aquaplaning is increased on wet roads, especially when the speed of the vehicle is not adapted to suit the conditions.

- Thus, you should regularly check the tread depth and the condition of the tread across the entire width of all tyres.

Minimum tread depth for:

- Summer tyres: 3 mm
- M+S tyres: 4 mm

- For safety reasons, replace the tyres before the legally-prescribed limit for the minimum tread depth is reached.

Conduct the following checks regularly on all wheels, at least once a month or as required, e.g. before a long journey or when driving off-road:

- check the tyre pressure (→ page 249)
- check the valve caps

Valves must be protected from moisture and dirt with valve caps specifically approved by Mercedes-Benz for your vehicle.

- visually inspect the tread depth and the tyre tread across the whole tyre width

The minimum tread depth for summer tyres is 3 mm and for winter tyres 4 mm.

Information on driving with summer tyres

At temperatures below 10 °C summer tyres lose elasticity and therefore traction and braking power. Change the tyres on your vehicle to M+S tyres. Using summer tyres at very cold temperatures could cause tears to form, thereby damaging the tyres permanently. Mercedes-Benz cannot accept responsibility for this type of damage.

Once you have fitted the summer tyres:

- Check the tyre pressures (→ page 249)
- Restart the tyre pressure monitor (→ page 255)

Information on M+S tyres

WARNING Risk of accident caused by incorrect wheel and tyre dimensions

The wheel or tyre size and the tyre type of the emergency spare wheel or spare wheel and the wheel to be replaced may differ.

To prevent hazardous situations:

- Adapt your driving style accordingly and drive carefully.
- Never fit more than one emergency spare wheel or spare wheel that differs in size.

- ▶ Only use an emergency spare wheel or spare wheel of a different size briefly.
- ▶ Have the emergency spare wheel or spare wheel of a different size replaced at the nearest qualified specialist workshop. The new wheel must have the correct dimensions.

⚠ WARNING Risk of an accident due to insufficient tyre tread

M+S tyres with a tread depth of less than 4 mm are not suitable for use in winter and do not provide sufficient grip.

- ▶ M+S tyres with a tread depth of less than 4 mm must be replaced immediately.

At temperatures below 10 °C use winter tyres or all-season tyres – both are marked with M+S.

Only winter tyres bearing the  snowflake symbol in addition to the M+S marking provide the best possible grip in wintry road conditions.

Only these tyres will allow driving safety systems such as ABS and ESP® to also function optimally in winter. These tyres have been developed specifically for driving in snow.

Use M+S tyres of the same make and tread on all wheels to maintain safe handling characteristics.

Always observe the maximum permissible speed specified for the M+S tyres you have fitted.

If you fit M+S tyres that have a lower maximum permissible speed than the maximum design speed of the vehicle, affix an appropriate warning sign in the driver's field of vision. You can obtain this at a qualified specialist workshop.

For vehicles with a limiter: you should also restrict the maximum design speed of the vehicle using the permanent limiter so that it does not exceed the maximum permissible speed for the M+S tyres (→ page 153).

Once you have fitted the winter tyres, take the following measures:

- check the tyre pressure (→ page 249)
- restart the tyre pressure monitor (→ page 255)

Notes on snow chains

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to incorrectly fitted snow chains

If you have fitted snow chains to the front wheels, they may drag against the vehicle body or chassis components.

- ▶ Never fit snow chains to the front wheels.
- ▶ Only fit snow chains on the rear wheels in pairs.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to incorrectly fitted snow chains

Vehicles with front-wheel drive: if you have fitted snow chains to the rear wheels, they may drag against the vehicle body or chassis components.

- ▶ Never fit snow chains on the rear wheels.
- ▶ Only fit snow chains on the front wheels in pairs.

For safety reasons, Mercedes-Benz recommends that you only use snow chains that have been checked and approved. You can find further information on snow chains recommended for Mercedes-Benz in the wheel and tyre overview at <https://www.mercedes-benz.de>.

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to snow chains breaking

If you drive too fast with snow chains, they can break, injure other persons, and damage the vehicle.

- ▶ Observe the maximum permissible speed for operation with snow chains.

! NOTE Damage to the wheel trim from fitted snow chains

If snow chains are fitted to steel wheels, the wheel trims can be damaged.

- ▶ Remove the wheel trims of steel wheels before fitting snow chains.

Observe the following notes when using snow chains:

- Snow chains are only permissible for certain wheel/tyre combinations. You can obtain

information on them at a qualified specialist workshop.

- For safety reasons, only use snow chains that have been specifically approved for your vehicle by Mercedes-Benz, or snow chains with the same quality standard.
- The snow chains must be retightened after driving approximately 1 km. This is the only way to ensure the snow chains are optimally seated with clearance to adjacent components.
- **Vehicles with rear-wheel drive:** only fit snow chains in pairs and only to the rear wheels. Observe the manufacturer's installation instructions.
- **Vehicles with front-wheel drive:** only fit snow chains in pairs and only to the front wheels. Observe the manufacturer's installation instructions.
- Use snow chains only when the road surface is completely snow-covered. Remove the snow chains as soon as possible when you come to a road that is not snow-covered.
- Local regulations may restrict the use of snow chains. Observe the applicable regulations before fitting snow chains.
- If snow chains are fitted, the maximum permissible speed is 50 km/h.

 You can deactivate ESP® to pull away (→ page 147, 148). This allows the wheels to spin, achieving an increased driving force.

Tyre pressure

Notes on tyre pressure

Driving with tyre pressure that is too high or too low can:

- Shorten the service life of the tyres
- Cause increased tyre damage
- Adversely affect handling characteristics and thus driving safety, e.g. due to aquaplaning

 **WARNING** Risk of accident due to repeated pressure drop in the tyres

The wheels, valves or tyres could be damaged.

Too low a tyre pressure can lead to the tyres bursting.

- Examine the tyres for foreign objects.

- Check whether the tyre has a puncture or the valve has a leak.
- If you are unable to rectify the damage, contact a qualified specialist workshop.

Information on the recommended tyre pressure for the vehicle's factory-fitted tyres can be found on the tyre pressure table in the fuel filler flap and in the tyre pressure tables (→ page 249).

Use a suitable pressure gauge to check the tyre pressure. The outer appearance of a tyre does not permit any reliable conclusion about the tyre pressure.

Vehicles with a tyre pressure monitor: you can also check the tyre pressure using the on-board computer.

Only correct tyre pressures when the tyres are cold. Conditions for cold tyres are:

- The vehicle has been parked with the tyres out of direct sunlight for at least three hours.
- The vehicle has travelled less than 1.6 km.

Notes on trailer operation

The applicable tyre pressure for the tyres of the rear axle is always the recommended tyre pressure for a full load.

Overview of the tyre pressure table

PRESSURE		COLD TYRES			
Warm tyres up to					
+ 30 kPa + 4 psi					
		kPa	psi	kPa	psi
195/65 R16 C					
104T / 100T					
205/65 R16 C					
103H/I					
245/45 R19 XL ¹					
102Y					
¹ XL = Extra large = RF = Reinforced					
100 kPa = 1 bar		XXXXXXXXXXXX			

Additionally, the tyre pressure table may also state tyre pressures for different load conditions. These are defined in the tyre pressure information table as different numbers of passengers and amounts of luggage. The actual number of seats may differ – for more information, please refer to the vehicle's registration documents.

The tyre pressure values given for partly laden vehicles are minimum values which offer you good ride comfort. They are not for trailer operation.

You can also use the tyre pressure values for a fully laden vehicle. These are always allowed and permissible. However, in a partially laden vehicle, the ride is not as comfortable and fuel consumption is only minimally reduced. In addition, wear is greater in the middle of the tyre tread.

Set the correct tyre pressure before loading the vehicle. Once the vehicle is laden, check the tyre pressures and correct them if necessary.

Only correct tyre pressures when the tyres are cold. The tyres are cold under the following conditions:

- The vehicle has been parked with the tyres out of direct sunlight for at least three hours.
- The vehicle has travelled less than 1.6 km.

Vehicles with a gross vehicle weight of 2,800 kg

The tyre pressure values apply to the following vehicles:

- gross vehicle weight of 2,800 kg
- permissible axle load of 1,490 kg on the front and rear axles
- the tyres referred to under "Wheel and tyre combinations" (→ page 261)

Tyre pressure for the spare wheel is 350 kPa (3.5 bar/51 psi).

Tyres/disc wheel	Partially laden vehicle		Fully laden vehicle	
	Front axle	Rear axle	Front axle	Rear axle
195/65 R 16 C	340 kPa (3.4 bar/49 psi)	340 kPa (3.4 bar/49 psi)	360 kPa (3.6 bar/52 psi)	360 kPa (3.6 bar/52 psi)
205/65 R 16 C	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)	340 kPa (3.4 bar/49 psi)	340 kPa (3.4 bar/49 psi)
225/60 R 16 C	300 kPa (3.0 bar/44 psi)	300 kPa (3.0 bar/44 psi)	320 kPa (3.2 bar/46 psi)	320 kPa (3.2 bar/46 psi)
225/55 R 17 C	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)	330 kPa (3.3 bar/48 psi)	330 kPa (3.3 bar/48 psi)
225/55 R 17 XL	270 kPa (2.7 bar/39 psi)	260 kPa (2.6 bar/38 psi)	290 kPa (2.9 bar/42 psi)	300 kPa (3.0 bar/44 psi)
235/55 R 17 XL 103W/V	260 kPa (2.6 bar/38 psi)	250 kPa (2.5 bar/36 psi)	270 kPa (2.7 bar/39 psi)	280 kPa (2.8 bar/41 psi)
245/45 R 18 XL 100W	270 kPa (2.7 bar/39 psi)	260 kPa (2.6 bar/38 psi)	290 kPa (2.9 bar/42 psi)	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)
245/45 R 18 XL 100V	280 kPa (2.8 bar/41 psi)	270 kPa (2.7 bar/39 psi)	300 kPa (3.0 bar/44 psi)	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)
245/45 R 19 XL 102Y	230 kPa (2.3 bar/33 psi)	230 kPa (2.3 bar/33 psi)	250 kPa (2.5 bar/36 psi)	260 kPa (2.6 bar/38 psi)
245/45 R 19 XL 102W	260 kPa (2.6 bar/38 psi)	260 kPa (2.6 bar/38 psi)	280 kPa (2.8 bar/41 psi)	290 kPa (2.9 bar/42 psi)

Vehicles with a gross vehicle weight of 3,050 kg or 3,100 kg without 4x4 all-wheel drive

Tyre pressure for the spare wheel is 350 kPa (3.5 bar/51 psi).

The following tyre pressure values apply to the following vehicles:

- with a gross vehicle weight of 3,050 kg or 3,100 kg
- with a permissible axle load of 1,550 kg on the rear axle
- the tyres referred to under "Wheel and tyre combinations" (→ page 261)

Tyres/disc wheel	Partially laden vehicle		Fully laden vehicle	
	Front axle	Rear axle	Front axle	Rear axle
195/65 R 16 C	340 kPa (3.4 bar/49 psi)	340 kPa (3.4 bar/49 psi)	410 kPa (4.1 bar/59 psi)	410 kPa (4.1 bar/59 psi)
205/65 R 16 C	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)	360 kPa (3.6 bar/52 psi)	360 kPa (3.6 bar/52 psi)
225/60 R 16 C	300 kPa (3.0 bar/44 psi)	300 kPa (3.0 bar/44 psi)	340 kPa (3.4 bar/49 psi)	340 kPa (3.4 bar/49 psi)
225/55 R 17 C	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)	350 kPa (3.5 bar/51 psi)	350 kPa (3.5 bar/51 psi)
225/55 R 17 XL	270 kPa (2.7 bar/39 psi)	260 kPa (2.6 bar/38 psi)	300 kPa (3.0 bar/44 psi)	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)
235/55 R 17 XL 103W/V	260 kPa (2.6 bar/38 psi)	250 kPa (2.5 bar/36 psi)	280 kPa (2.8 bar/41 psi)	290 kPa (2.9 bar/42 psi)
245/45 R 18 XL 100W	270 kPa (2.7 bar/39 psi)	260 kPa (2.6 bar/38 psi)	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)	330 kPa (3.3 bar/48 psi)
245/45 R 18 XL 100V	280 kPa (2.8 bar/41 psi)	270 kPa (2.7 bar/39 psi)	320 kPa (3.2 bar/46 psi)	330 kPa (3.3 bar/48 psi)
245/45 R 19 XL 102Y	230 kPa (2.3 bar/33 psi)	230 kPa (2.3 bar/33 psi)	260 kPa (2.6 bar/38 psi)	270 kPa (2.7 bar/39 psi)
245/45 R 19 XL 102W	260 kPa (2.6 bar/38 psi)	260 kPa (2.6 bar/38 psi)	290 kPa (2.9 bar/42 psi)	300 kPa (3.0 bar/44 psi)

The following tyre pressure values apply to the following vehicles:

Tyre pressure for the spare wheel is 350 kPa (3.5 bar/51 psi).

- with a gross vehicle weight of 3,050 kg or 3,100 kg
- with a permissible axle load of 1,650 kg on the rear axle
- the tyres referred to under "Wheel and tyre combinations" (→ page 261)

Tyres/disc wheel	Partially laden vehicle		Fully laden vehicle	
	Front axle	Rear axle	Front axle	Rear axle
205/65 R 16 C	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)	360 kPa (3.6 bar/52 psi)	390 kPa (3.9 bar/57 psi)
225/60 R 16 C	300 kPa (3.0 bar/44 psi)	300 kPa (3.0 bar/44 psi)	340 kPa (3.4 bar/49 psi)	370 kPa (3.7 bar/54 psi)
225/55 R 17 C	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)	350 kPa (3.5 bar/51 psi)	380 kPa (3.8 bar/55 psi)

Vehicles with a gross vehicle weight of 3,050 kg or 3,100 kg and 4x4 all-wheel drive

The following tyre pressure values apply to the following vehicles:

- with a gross vehicle weight of 3,050 kg or 3,100 kg
- with 4x4 all-wheel drive
- the tyres referred to under "Wheel and tyre combinations" (→ page 261)

Vehicles with a permissible axle load of 1,550 kg on the rear axle

Tyres/disc wheel	Partially laden vehicle		Fully laden vehicle	
	Front axle	Rear axle	Front axle	Rear axle
225/55 R 17 C	320 kPa (3.2 bar/46 psi)	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)	350 kPa (3.5 bar/51 psi)	350 kPa (3.5 bar/51 psi)
225/55 R 17 XL	280 kPa (2.8 bar/41 psi)	260 kPa (2.6 bar/38 psi)	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)
235/55 R 17 XL 103W/V	270 kPa (2.7 bar/39 psi)	250 kPa (2.5 bar/36 psi)	290 kPa (2.9 bar/42 psi)	290 kPa (2.9 bar/42 psi)
245/45 R 18 XL 100V	290 kPa (2.9 bar/42 psi)	270 kPa (2.7 bar/39 psi)	330 kPa (3.3 bar/48 psi)	330 kPa (3.3 bar/48 psi)
245/45 R 18 XL 100W	280 kPa (2.8 bar/41 psi)	260 kPa (2.6 bar/38 psi)	320 kPa (3.2 bar/46 psi)	330 kPa (3.3 bar/48 psi)
245/45 R 19 XL 102Y	230 kPa (2.3 bar/33 psi)	230 kPa (2.3 bar/33 psi)	260 kPa (2.6 bar/38 psi)	270 kPa (2.7 bar/39 psi)
245/45 R 19 XL 102W	260 kPa (2.6 bar/38 psi)	260 kPa (2.6 bar/38 psi)	290 kPa (2.9 bar/42 psi)	300 kPa (3.0 bar/44 psi)

Vehicles with a permissible axle load of 1,650 kg on the rear axle

Tyres/disc wheel	Partially laden vehicle		Fully laden vehicle	
	Front axle	Rear axle	Front axle	Rear axle
225/55 R 17 C	320 kPa (3.2 bar/46 psi)	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)	350 kPa (3.5 bar/51 psi)	380 kPa (3.8 bar/55 psi)
235/55 R 17 XL 103W/V	270 kPa (2.7 bar/39 psi)	250 kPa (2.5 bar/36 psi)	290 kPa (2.9 bar/42 psi)	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)

Vehicles with a gross vehicle weight of 3,200 kg without 4x4 all-wheel drive

The following tyre pressure values apply to the following vehicles:

- with a gross vehicle weight of 3,200 kg
- with a permissible axle load of 1,750 kg on the rear axle

- with a maximum permissible speed limit of 160 km/h
- the tyres referred to under "Wheel and tyre combinations" (→ page 261)

Tyre pressure for the spare wheel is 350 kPa (3.5 bar/51 psi).

Tyres/disc wheel	Partially laden vehicle		Fully laden vehicle	
	Front axle	Rear axle	Front axle	Rear axle
225/55 R 17 C	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)	400 kPa (4.0 bar/58 psi)

The following tyre pressure values apply to the following vehicles:

- with a gross vehicle weight of 3,200 kg
- with a permissible axle load of 1,750 kg on the rear axle

- with a maximum permissible speed limit of 210 km/h
- the tyres referred to under "Wheel and tyre combinations" (→ page 261)

Tyres/disc wheel	Partially laden vehicle		Fully laden vehicle	
	Front axle	Rear axle	Front axle	Rear axle
225/55 R 17 C	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)	350 kPa (3.5 bar/51 psi)	440 kPa (4.4 bar/64 psi)

Vehicles with a gross vehicle weight of 3,200 kg and 4x4 all-wheel drive

The following tyre pressure values apply to the following vehicles:

- with a gross vehicle weight of 3,200 kg
- with a permissible axle load of 1,750 kg on the rear axle

- with 4x4 all-wheel drive
- the tyres referred to under "Wheel and tyre combinations" (→ page 261)

Tyres/disc wheel	Partially laden vehicle		Fully laden vehicle	
	Front axle	Rear axle	Front axle	Rear axle
225/55 R 17 C	320 kPa (3.2 bar/46 psi)	310 kPa (3.1 bar/45 psi)	350 kPa (3.5 bar/51 psi)	440 kPa (4.4 bar/64 psi)

Tyre pressure monitoring system

Function of the tyre pressure monitoring system

The system checks the tyre pressure and the tyre temperature of the tyres fitted to the vehicle by means of a tyre pressure sensor.

New tyre pressure sensors, e.g. in winter tyres, are automatically taught-in during the first journey they are used.

It is the driver's responsibility to set the tyre pressure to the recommended cold tyre pressure suitable for the operating situation (→ page 249).

Note that the correct tyre pressure for the current operating situation must first be taught-in to the tyre pressure monitoring system. If a substantial loss of pressure occurs, the warning threshold for the warning message is aligned to the taught-in reference values. Restart the tyre pressure monitor after adjusting to the cold tyre pressure (→ page 255). The current pressures are saved as new reference values. This will ensure that a warning message will only appear if the tyre pressure drops significantly.

The  warning lamp in the instrument cluster displays a detected pressure loss or a malfunction as follows:

- if the  warning lamp is lit continuously, the tyre pressure on one or more tyres is significantly too low. The tyre pressure monitor is not malfunctioning.
- if the  warning lamp flashes for around a minute and then remains lit constantly, the tyre pressure monitor is malfunctioning.
- a message also appears in the instrument cluster.

System limits

The system may be impaired or may not function in the following situations:

- the tyre pressure has been set incorrectly.
- there is a sudden pressure loss caused, for example, by a foreign object penetrating the tyre.
- there is a malfunction caused by another radio signal source.

If the tyre pressure monitor is malfunctioning, it may take more than ten minutes for the  tyre pressure warning lamp to inform you of the malfunction. When the fault has been rectified, the  warning lamp goes out after you have driven for a few minutes.

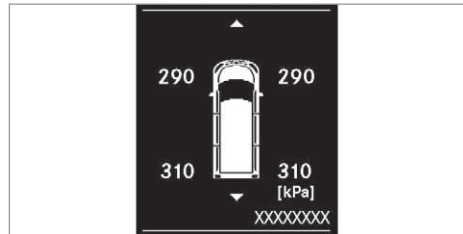
The tyre pressure values indicated by the on-board computer may differ from those measured at a filling station using a pressure gauge.

The tyre pressures shown by the on-board computer refer to those measured at sea level. At high altitudes, the tyre pressure values indicated by a pressure gauge are higher than those shown by the on-board computer. In this case, do not reduce the tyre pressures.

Checking the tyre pressure electronically (only vehicles with steering wheel buttons)

Requirements:

- The ignition is switched on.



- ▶ Press the  or  button to select **Service**.
- ▶ Press the  button.

- ▶ Press the  or  button to select **Tyre pressure**.
- ▶ Press the  button.
The display shows the current tyre pressure of each wheel.

If the vehicle was parked for longer than 20 minutes, the **Tyre pressures will be displayed after a few minutes of driving** message appears in the display.

Make sure to observe the following further related subject:

- Notes on tyre pressure (→ page 249)

Restarting the tyre pressure monitor

Requirements

- The ignition is switched on.
- The recommended tyre pressure is correctly set for the respective operating condition on each of the four wheels (→ page 249).

Vehicles with steering-wheel buttons

- ▶ Use the  or  button to select **Service**.
- ▶ Use the  or  button to select **Tyre pressure**.
- ▶ Press the  button to confirm.
The display shows the current tyre pressure of each wheel or the **Tyre pressures will be displayed after a few minutes of driving** message.
- ▶ Press the  button.
The **Use current pressures as new reference values** message is shown in the display.
- ▶ **To confirm restart:** press the  button.
The **Tyre pressure monitor restarted** message is shown in the display.

After you have driven for a few minutes, the system checks whether the current tyre pressures are within the specified range. The new tyre pressures are then accepted as reference values and monitored.
- ▶ **To cancel restart:** press the  button.
The tyre pressure values stored at the last restart will continue to be monitored.

Vehicles without steering-wheel buttons

The vehicle must be at a standstill. Use the buttons on the instrument cluster.

- ▶ Press the  button to select the **Tyre pressure** menu.

- ▶ Press the  button to confirm.
The **Tyre.pr.mon.active** message is shown in the display.
- ▶ Press the  button to confirm.
The **Tyre pressure OK?** message is shown in the display.
- ▶ **To confirm restart:** press the  button.
The display shows the Distance menu.

After you have driven for a few minutes, the system checks whether the current tyre pressures are within the specified range. The new tyre pressures are then accepted as reference values and monitored.
- ▶ **To cancel restart:** press the  button.
The display shows the **Tyre pressure** menu.

The tyre pressure values stored at the last restart will continue to be monitored.

Radio equipment approval of the tyre pressure monitoring system

Radio equipment approval numbers

Country	Radio equipment approval number
Argentina	 CNC: H-12336 Model: Schrader HSW4
Brazil	 MODELO: GG4 ANATEL: 0381-13-8001 Este equipamento opera em caráter secundário, isto é, não tem direito à proteção contra interferência prejudicial, mesmo de estações do mesmo tipo e não pode causar interferência a sistemas operando em caráter primário.

Country	Radio equipment approval number
Jordan	Kingdom of Jordan Type approval for Tyre Pressure Sensor and ECU Manufacturer: Schrader Electronics Ltd. Model: Mercedes HS Snap in 433 MHz Type Approval Number: TRC/LPD/2013/48 Type Approval Number: LPD
Morocco	AGREE PAR L'ANRT MAROC MR7907 ANRT 2013 Date d'agrement: 05/03/2013
Moldova	
Philippines	 NTC Type Approved. No: ESD-1306995C
Singapore	Complies with IDA Standards DA-103365
South Africa	 TA-2013/461
United Arab Emirates Abu Dhabi and Dubai	TRA Registered No: ER0104996/13 Dealer No: DA0047074/10

Changing a wheel

Notes on selecting, fitting and replacing tyres

You can ask for information regarding permitted wheel/tyre combinations at a qualified specialist workshop.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury through incorrect sizes of wheels and tyres

If wheels and tyres of the wrong size are fitted, the wheel brakes or components in the brake system and in the wheel suspension may be damaged.

► Always replace wheels and tyres with those that fulfil the specifications of the original part.

For wheels, pay attention to the following:

- Designation
- Type

For tyres, pay attention to the following:

- Designation
- Manufacturer
- Type

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury through exceeding the specified tyre load-bearing capacity or the permissible speed rating

Exceeding the load-bearing capacity of the tyres can lead to tyre damage and could cause the tyres to explode.

- Therefore, only use tyre types and sizes approved for your vehicle model.
- Observe the tyre load-bearing capacity rating and speed rating required for your vehicle.

! NOTE Vehicle and tyre damage through tyre types and sizes that have not been approved

For safety reasons, only use tyres, wheels and accessories which have been specially approved by Mercedes-Benz for your vehicle. These tyres have been specially adapted for use with the control systems, such as ABS or ESP®.

Otherwise, certain properties, such as handling characteristics, vehicle noise and consumption could be adversely affected. Furthermore, other tyre sizes could result in the tyres rubbing against the body and axle components when loaded. This could result in damage to the tyre or the vehicle.

- Only use tyres, wheels and accessories that have been checked and recommended by Mercedes-Benz.

! NOTE Driving safety put at risk by retreaded tyres

Retreaded tyres are not checked or recommended by Mercedes-Benz, as previous damage is not always detected during the retread process.

Driving safety cannot, therefore, be guaranteed.

- Do not use used tyres when their previous usage is unknown.

! NOTE Possible wheel and tyre damage when driving over obstacles

Large wheels have a lower tyre section width. As the section width decreases, the risk of wheels and tyres being damaged when driving over obstacles increases.

- Avoid obstacles or drive over them with particular care.
- Reduce speed when driving over kerbs, speed bumps, manhole covers and pot-holes.
- Avoid especially high kerbs.

! NOTE Damage to electronic component parts through the use of tyre-fitting tools

Vehicles with tyre pressure monitoring system: there are electronic component parts in the wheel. Tyre-fitting tools should not be applied in the area of the valve.

Otherwise, the electronic component parts could be damaged.

- Always have tyres changed at a qualified specialist workshop.

Accessories that are not approved for your vehicle by Mercedes-Benz, or are not being used correctly, can impair operating safety.

Before purchasing and using non-approved accessories, visit a qualified specialist workshop and enquire about:

- suitability
- legal stipulations
- factory recommendations

Observe the following points when selecting, fitting and replacing tyres:

- Country-specific requirements for tyre approval that define a specific tyre type for your vehicle.
Furthermore, the use of certain tyre types in certain regions and areas of operation can be highly beneficial.
- Use only tyres and wheels of the same type, design (summer tyres, winter tyres, all-season tyres) and make.

- Only fit wheels of the same size and tread design on one axle (left and right).

It is only permissible to fit a different wheel size to this in the event of a flat tyre in order to drive to the specialist workshop.

- Only fit tyres of the correct size onto the wheels.
- Do not make any modifications to the brake system, the wheels or the tyres.

The use of wheel spacers or brake dust shields is not permitted and results in the invalidation of the vehicle's general operating permit.

- **Vehicles with a tyre pressure monitoring system:** all fitted wheels must be equipped with functioning sensors for the tyre pressure monitoring system.
- At temperatures below 10 °C use winter tyres or all-season tyres with the M+S marking on all wheels.

Winter tyres bearing the  snowflake symbol in addition to the M+S marking provide the best possible grip in wintry road conditions.

- For M+S tyres, only use tyres with the same tread.
- Observe the maximum permissible speed for the M+S tyres fitted.

If this is below the vehicle's maximum permissible speed, this must be indicated in an appropriate label in the driver's field of vision.

- Run in new tyres at moderate speeds for the first 100 km.
- Replace the tyres after six years at the latest, regardless of wear.

For more information on wheels and tyres, contact a qualified specialist workshop.

Also observe the following further related subjects:

- Notes on tyre pressure (→ page 249)
- Tyre pressure table
- Notes on the emergency spare wheel (→ page 262)

Notes on changing wheels

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury through different wheel sizes

Interchanging the front and rear wheels can severely impair the driving characteristics.

The disk brakes or wheel suspension components may also be damaged.

- ▶ Only interchange the front and rear wheels if the wheels and tyres have the same dimensions.

Interchanging the front and rear wheels if the wheels or tyres have different dimensions can render the general operating permit invalid.

On vehicles with the same front and rear wheel size, you can interchange the wheels every 5,000 to 10,000 km depending on the wear. Ensure the direction of rotation is maintained for the wheels.

It is imperative to observe the instructions and safety notes on "Changing a wheel" when doing so.

Size categories of wheels

The determined vehicle speed is displayed in the instrument cluster and is important for controlling the driving safety systems and driving systems. The display accuracy of the speedometer and the odometer is legally prescribed. Determining the speed is dependent on the tyre size or the rolling circumference of the tyres. The rim diameter is always specified in inches.

For this reason, the vehicle control units can be coded for the following wheel size categories:

Wheel size category 1

195/65 R 16 C

205/65 R 16 C

225/60 R 16 C

225/55 R 17 C

Wheel size category 1

225/55 R 17 XL

245/45 R 18 XL

Wheel size category 2

225/55 R 17 XL

235/55 R 17 XL

245/55 R 17 XL

245/45 R 18 XL

245/50 R 18 XL

245/45 R 19 XL

- ⓘ Mercedes-Benz recommends that you stay within a wheel size category when changing a tyre. In this way, you avoid recoding the control units.

Due to the legally prescribed accuracy of the speedometer and odometer displays, the following tyres are not permitted for taxis and hire cars:

- Wheel size category 1
 - 195/65 R16C
- Wheel size category 2
 - 225/55 R17XL
 - 245/45 R18XL

If the wheel size category changes, you must have your vehicle's control units recoded at a qualified specialist workshop.

Information on the direction of the tyres' rotation

Tyres with a specified direction of rotation have additional benefits, e.g. if there is a risk of aquaplaning. You will only gain these benefits if the correct direction of rotation is observed.

An arrow on the sidewall of the tyre indicates its correct direction of rotation.

You may also fit a spare wheel against the direction of rotation. Observe the time restriction on use as well as the speed limitation specified on the spare wheel.

Information on storing wheels

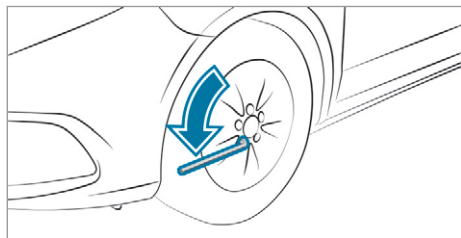
Observe the following when storing wheels:

- Wheels that have been removed should be stored in a cool, dry and, if possible, dark place.
- Protect the tyres from oil, grease and fuel.

Preparing the vehicle for a wheel change

Requirements

- The tyre-change tool kit is available.
- The vehicle is not on a slope.
- The vehicle is on solid, non-slippery and level ground.
- ▶ Apply the parking brake.
- ▶ Move the front wheels to the straight-ahead position.
- ▶ **Vehicles with manual transmission:** engage first or reverse gear **[R]**.
- ▶ **Vehicles with automatic transmission:** shift the transmission to position **[P]**.
- ▶ Switch off the engine.
- ▶ Make sure that the engine cannot be started.
- ▶ **On level terrain:** place chocks or other suitable objects under the front and rear of the wheel that is diagonally opposite the wheel to be changed.
- ▶ **On slight inclines:** place chocks or other suitable objects under the wheels on the front and rear axles opposite the wheel to be changed.



- ▶ If included in the vehicle equipment, take the tyre-change tool kit out of the vehicle tool kit (→ page 245).
- ▶ If included in the vehicle equipment, remove the spare wheel from the spare wheel bracket (→ page 263).
- ▶ If necessary, remove the wheel cover.

- ▶ Using the wheel wrench, loosen the wheel nuts/bolts on the wheel you wish to change by about one full turn. Do not unscrew the wheel bolts/nuts completely.
- ▶ Raise the vehicle (→ page 259).

Raising the vehicle when changing a wheel

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury from incorrect positioning of the jack

If you do not position the jack correctly at the appropriate jacking point of the vehicle, the jack could tip with the vehicle raised.

- ▶ Only position the jack at the appropriate jacking point of the vehicle. The base of the jack must be positioned vertically under the jacking point of the vehicle.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury from vehicle tipping

On slopes, the jack could tip with the vehicle raised.

- ▶ Never change a wheel on a slope.
- ▶ Consult a qualified specialist workshop.

! NOTE Vehicle damage from the jack

If you do not position the jack correctly at the appropriate jack support point of the vehicle, the jack could tip over with the vehicle raised.

- ▶ The jack is designed exclusively for jacking up the vehicle at the jack support points.

Requirements:

- There are no persons in the vehicle.
- The vehicle is prepared for changing a wheel (→ page 259).

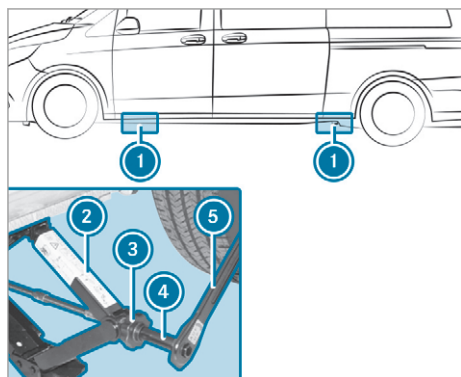
Important notes on using the jack:

- Only use the vehicle-specific jack that has been tested and approved by Mercedes-Benz to raise the vehicle. If the jack is used incorrectly, it could tip over while the vehicle is raised.
- The jack is designed only to raise the vehicle for a short time while a wheel is being changed and is not suitable for carrying out maintenance work under the vehicle.
- Avoid changing a wheel on uphill and downhill slopes.

- The jack must be placed on a firm, flat and non-slip surface. If necessary, use a large, flat, load bearing and non-slip underlay.
- The base of the jack is positioned vertically under the jack support point.

Safety instructions while the vehicle is raised:

- Do not put your hands or feet under the vehicle.
- Do not lie underneath the vehicle.
- Do not start the vehicle and do not release the parking brake.
- Do not open or close any doors.



Jacking points ① (rubber stoppers) are located behind the front wheel arches and in front of the rear wheel arches.

- ▶ Place jack ② beneath corresponding jack support point ①.
- ▶ Turn handwheel ③ until the plate of jack ② sits securely on jack support point ①.
- ▶ Ensure that the base of jack ② is positioned vertically under jacking point ①.
- ▶ Assemble adapter ④ and ratchet ⑤ from the vehicle tool kit.
- ▶ Place adapter ④ and ratchet ⑤ on the hexagon nut of jack ② so that the lettering AUF/UP is visible.
- ▶ Turn ratchet wrench ⑤ in the AUF/UP direction until the tyre is raised a maximum of 3 cm off the ground. When doing so, jack ② may move to one of the side support surfaces.

Removing a wheel

Requirements:

- The vehicle is raised (→ page 259).

When changing a wheel, avoid applying any force to the brake discs since this could impair the level of comfort when braking.

! **NOTE** Damage to threading from dirt on wheel bolts

▶ Do not place wheel bolts in sand or on a dirty surface.

- ▶ Unscrew the wheel bolts.
- ▶ Remove the wheel.

Fitting a new wheel

Requirements

- The wheel is removed (→ page 260).

! **WARNING** Risk of accident from losing a wheel

Oiled or greased wheel bolts can cause the wheel bolts to come loose, as too can damaged wheel bolts or wheel hub threads.

- ▶ Never oil or grease the threads.
- ▶ In the event of damage to the threads, contact a qualified specialist workshop immediately.
- ▶ Have the damaged wheel bolts or damaged hub threads replaced.
- ▶ Do not continue driving.

! **WARNING** Risk of injury from tightening wheel bolts and nuts

If you tighten the wheel bolts or wheel nuts when the vehicle is raised, the jack could tip.

- ▶ Only tighten wheel bolts or wheel nuts when the vehicle is on the ground.

! **NOTE** Damage to electronic component parts through the use of tyre-fitting tools

Vehicles with tyre pressure monitoring system: there are electronic component parts in the wheel. Tyre-fitting tools should not be applied in the area of the valve.

Otherwise, the electronic component parts could be damaged.

- Always have tyres changed at a qualified specialist workshop.

- Observe the information on the choice of tyres (→ page 256).
- Observe the instructions and safety notes on changing a wheel (→ page 256).
- For safety reasons, only use wheel bolts or wheel nuts which have been approved by Mercedes-Benz and for the wheel in question.
- Clean the wheel and wheel hub contact surfaces.
- Slide the wheel which is to be refitted onto the wheel hub and push it on.

Lowering the vehicle after a wheel change

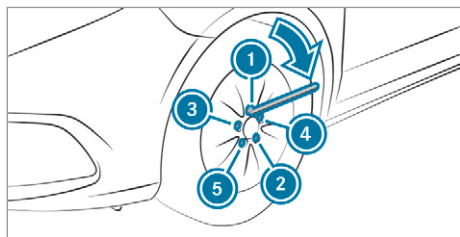
⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to incorrect tightening torque

The wheels could come loose if the wheel bolts or wheel nuts are not tightened to the prescribed torque.

- Ensure that the wheel bolts or wheel nuts are tightened to the prescribed tightening torque.
- If you are not sure, do not move the vehicle. Contact a qualified specialist workshop and have the tightening torque checked immediately.

Requirements:

- The new wheel has been fitted (→ page 260).



- Place the adapter and the ratchet on the hexagon head nut of the jack such that the lettering AB/DOWN is visible.
- **To lower the vehicle:** turn the ratchet of the jack anti-clockwise.
- **Steel wheels:** tighten the wheel bolts or wheel nuts evenly in a crosswise pattern in

the sequence indicated (❶ to ❷) and to a maximum of 200 Nm.

- **Light-alloy wheels:** tighten the wheel bolts or wheel nuts evenly in a crosswise pattern in the sequence indicated (❶ to ❷) and to a maximum of 180 Nm.
- Check the tyre pressure of the newly fitted wheel and adjust it if necessary.

Vehicles with the tyre pressure monitor system: all fitted wheels must be equipped with functioning sensors.

- Retighten the wheel bolts to the specified tightening torque after the vehicle has been driven 50 km.

❶ When using a wheel or spare wheel with a new or newly painted disk wheel, have the wheel bolts or wheel nuts retightened again after approximately 1,000 to 5,000 km. Observe the specified tightening torque.

Information on wheel and tyre combinations

General notes

Information on tyres, wheels and permissible combinations can be obtained at a qualified specialist workshop.

The smaller the cross-section of a tyre of a specific wheel size, the worse the driving comfort on poor road surfaces. Ride and damping comfort are reduced and the risk increases that when you drive over obstacles, damage to wheels and tyres may result.

If you change wheel size on your vehicle, check it is assigned to the correct wheel size category (→ page 258). If the assignment changes without recoding the control units in the vehicle, the speedometer will not display the speed accurately. Driving safety systems and driving systems may then be operationally impaired or may detect a malfunction and switch themselves off.

You will find a table with the recommended tyre pressures for various vehicle loads on the inside of the vehicle's fuel filler flap or under "Tyre pressure tables" (→ page 249).

Check tyre pressures regularly and only when the tyres are cold.

Observe the following notes:

- always fit the vehicle with tyres of the same size on a given axle (left/right)
- always fit the same type of wheels on your vehicle at a given time (summer tyres, winter tyres)

You can obtain information about tyres that have been specially designed and approved for your vehicle from a Mercedes-Benz Service Centre.

 Not all wheel/tyre combinations can be fitted at the factory in all countries.

Tyres
R17

Tyres	Steel wheels
225/55 R17 C 104/102H (106N)	6.5 J x 17 H2 ET 50
225/55 R17 C 109/107H (104H)	6.5 J x 17 H2 ET 50
225/55 R17 C 109/107T (104T)	6.5 J x 17 H2 ET 50

R17

Tyres	Light-alloy wheels
225/55 R17 C 104/102H (106N)	7 J x 17 H2 ET 51
225/55 R17 C 109/107H (104H)	7 J x 17 H2 ET 51
225/55 R17 C 109/107T (104T)	7 J x 17 H2 ET 51

Spare wheel

Notes on the emergency spare wheel and spare wheel

Spare wheel: wheel and tyre dimensions as well as the type of tyre correspond to the other fitted wheels.

A fitted spare wheel changes the driving characteristics and bears risks.

 **WARNING** Risk of accident due to incorrect wheel and tyre dimensions

Driving with the spare wheel fitted can severely impair the vehicle's driving characteristics.

To avoid risks, observe the following points:

- Drive carefully

- Never fit more than one spare wheel which is different from the wheel to be replaced.
- Only use the spare wheel for a short period of time.
- Change a spare wheel which is of a different size at the nearest qualified specialist workshop. Be sure to pay attention to the correct wheel and tyre dimensions as well as the tyre type.

- When using a spare wheel (which is different from the wheel to be replaced) a top speed of 80 km/h must not be exceeded.
- The tyre pressure of the spare wheel must be checked before starting a journey (→ page 249).
- Have the emergency spare wheel replaced by a qualified specialist workshop.

The following should be checked regularly, particularly prior to long journeys:

- the secure positioning of the spare tyre
- the tyre pressure of the spare wheel (adjust the tyre pressure if necessary) (→ page 249)
- the fastenings of the spare wheel bracket

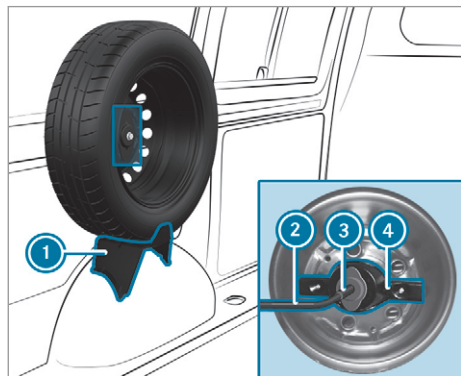
The spare wheel is located either on the left in the rear compartment or in a spare wheel bracket under the vehicle.

Replace the tyres after six years at the latest, regardless of wear. This also applies to the spare wheel.

- i** If you have fitted a spare wheel, the tyre pressure monitor will not function for this wheel. The spare wheel is not equipped with a sensor for monitoring tyre pressure.

Fitting/removing the spare wheel

Removing the spare wheel in the rear compartment



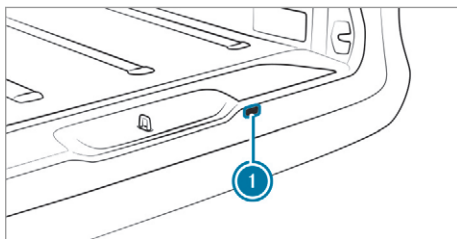
- ▶ Take auxiliary tool **3** and wheel wrench **2** out of the vehicle tool kit (→ page 244).
- ▶ Attach auxiliary tool **3** to wheel wrench **2**.
- ▶ Unscrew the bolt in the middle of the wheel with wheel wrench **2** and attached auxiliary tool **3**.
- ▶ Remove spare wheel bracket **4**.
- ▶ Remove the wheel from spare wheel bracket **1**.

Fitting the spare wheel in the rear compartment

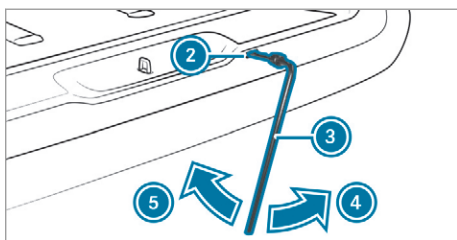
- ▶ Take auxiliary tool **3** and wheel wrench **2** out of the vehicle tool kit (→ page 244).

- ▶ Place the wheel onto spare wheel bracket **1** in the wheel arch.
- ▶ Screw on the bolt along with spare wheel bracket **4**. To do so, use wheel wrench **2** with attached auxiliary tool **3**.
- ▶ Tighten the bolt using wheel wrench **2** and attached auxiliary tool **3**.

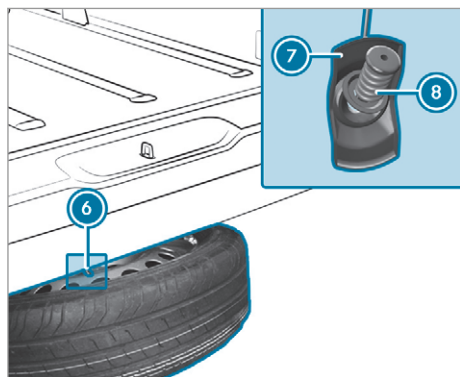
Removing the spare wheel under the rear of the vehicle



- ▶ Take the wheel wrench and auxiliary tool for the spare wheel lifter out of the vehicle tool kit (→ page 244).
- ▶ Carefully prise off cover cap **1** with a suitable tool, e.g. a screwdriver. Be careful not to damage the paintwork or the covering cap when doing so.



- ▶ Push auxiliary tool **2** through the opening into the winch guide.
- ▶ Attach wheel wrench **3** to auxiliary tool **2** for the spare wheel lifter.
- ▶ Turn wheel wrench **3** in the direction of arrow **5** until you feel resistance or until the friction clutch of the winch overwinds. The spare wheel is lowered.



- ▶ Pull the spare wheel out from under the vehicle.
- ▶ Press cable (6) downwards and hold spring (8) at an angle against wheel gripper (7). Wheel gripper (7) is released.
- ▶ Pull wheel gripper (7) out of the wheel brace.

Fitting the spare wheel under the rear of the vehicle

- ▶ **i** Light-alloy wheels cannot be transported under the vehicle. In this case, transport the light-alloy wheel in the load compartment, and only turn up cable (6).
- ▶ Take wheel wrench (3) and auxiliary tool (2) for the spare wheel lifter out of the vehicle tool kit (→ page 244).
- ▶ Place the wheel on the ground with the wheel brace pointing upwards.
- ▶ Guide wheel gripper (7) at an angle on wire (6) from above into the wheel brace.
- ▶ Slide the wheel slightly under the vehicle.
- ▶ Attach wheel wrench (3) to auxiliary tool (2) for the spare wheel lifter.
- ▶ Turn wheel wrench (3) in the direction of arrow (4) until you feel resistance and the friction clutch of the winch overwinds in jerks.
The wheel is firmly secured to the underside of the vehicle.
- ▶ Pull wheel wrench (3) and auxiliary tool (2) for the spare wheel lifter out of the opening for the winch.
- ▶ Close the winch opening with covering cap (1).

- ▶ Stow wheel wrench (3) and auxiliary tool (2) for the spare wheel lifter in the vehicle tool kit.

Information on the technical data

The technical data was determined in accordance with EU Directives. The given data only applies to vehicles with standard equipment. You can obtain further information at a qualified specialist workshop.

Only for certain countries: you can find vehicle-specific vehicle data in the COC documents (CERTIFICATE OF CONFORMITY). These documents are supplied when the vehicle is delivered.

On-board electronics

Notes on work on the engine electronics

! **NOTE** Premature wear through improper maintenance

Improper maintenance may cause vehicle components to wear more quickly and the vehicle's operating permit may be invalidated.

- Always have work on the engine electronics and related components carried out at a qualified specialist workshop.

Two-way radios

Installation notes for two-way radios

! **WARNING** Risk of accident due to improper work on two-way radios

If two-way radios are manipulated or retrofitted incorrectly, the electromagnetic radiation from the two-way radios can interfere with the vehicle electronics and jeopardise the operating safety of the vehicle.

- You should have all work on electrical and electronic components carried out at a qualified specialist workshop.

! **WARNING** Risk of accident from incorrect operation of two-way radios

If you use two-way radios in the vehicle improperly, their electromagnetic radiation can disrupt the vehicle's electronics. This is true in the following situations, in particular:

- The two-way radio is not connected to an exterior aerial.
- The exterior aerial is fitted incorrectly or is not a low-reflection aerial.

This could jeopardise the operating safety of the vehicle.

- Have the low-reflection exterior aerial fitted at a qualified specialist workshop.
- When operating two-way radios in the vehicle, always connect them to the low-reflection exterior aerial.

! **NOTE** Invalidation of the operating permit due to failure to comply with the instructions for installation and use

The operating permit may be invalidated if the instructions for installation and use of two-way radios are not observed.

- Only use approved frequency bands.
- Observe the maximum permissible output power in these frequency bands.
- Only use approved aerial positions.

Use Technical Specification ISO/TS 21609 (Road Vehicles - EMC guidelines for installation of after-market radio frequency transmitting equipment) when retrofitting two-way radios. Comply with the legal requirements for detachable parts.

If your vehicle has fittings for two-way radio equipment, use the power supply or aerial connections intended for use with the fittings. Observe the manufacturer's supplements during installation.

Two-way radio transmission output

The maximum transmission outputs (PEAK) at the base of the aerial must not exceed the values in the following table:

Frequency band and maximum transmission output

Frequency band	Maximum transmission output
Short wave 3 – 54 MHz	100 W
4 m waveband 74 – 88 MHz	30 W
2 m waveband 144 – 174 MHz	50 W
Trunked radio system/Tetra 380 – 460 MHz	10 W

Frequency band	Maximum transmission output
70 cm waveband 420 – 450 MHz	35 W
Two-way radio (2G/3G/4G)	10 W

The following devices can be used in the vehicle without restrictions:

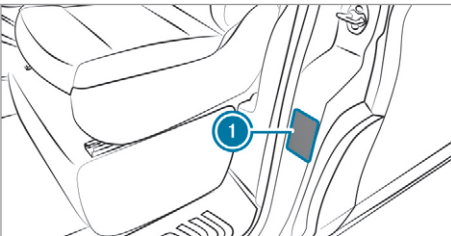
- two-way radios with a maximum transmission output of up to 100 mW
- two-way radios with transmitter frequencies in the 380 – 410 MHz frequency band and a maximum transmission output of up to 2 W (trunked radio system/Tetra)
- mobile phones (2G/3G/4G)

There are no restrictions when positioning the aerial on the outside of the vehicle for the following frequency bands:

- Trunked radio system/Tetra
- 70 cm waveband
- 2G/3G/4G

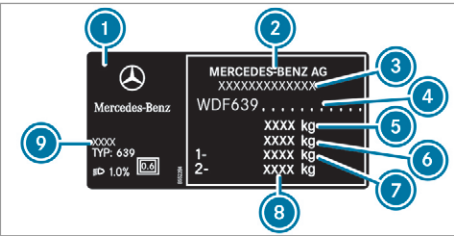
Vehicle identification plate, vehicle identification number (VIN) and engine number

Vehicle identification plate



Vehicle identification plate ① is on the B-pillar on the driver's side.

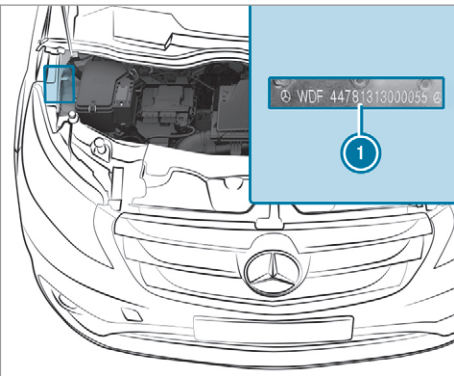
- ① The data is vehicle-specific and can differ from that shown. Always observe the specifications on your vehicle's identification plate.



Example: vehicle identification plate

- ① Vehicle identification plate
- ② Vehicle manufacturer
- ③ EU general operating permit number (only for certain countries)
- ④ VIN (vehicle identification number)
- ⑤ Permissible gross mass (kg)
- ⑥ Permissible gross mass of vehicle combination (kg) (for specific countries only)
- ⑦ Permissible front axle load (kg)
- ⑧ Permissible rear axle load (kg)
- ⑨ Paint code

Engraved VIN in the engine compartment



VIN ① is engraved into the longitudinal member in the engine compartment next to the fuse box.

Engine number

The engine number is stamped onto the crankcase. You can obtain further information from a qualified specialist workshop.

Operating fluids and capacities

Notes on operating fluids

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury from operating fluids harmful to your health

Operating fluids may be poisonous and harmful to your health.

- ▶ Observe the text on the original containers when using, storing or disposing of operating fluids.
- ▶ Always store operating fluids sealed in their original containers.
- ▶ Always keep children away from operating fluids.

🌿 ENVIRONMENTAL NOTE Environmental pollution due to disposing of operating fluids in a non-environmentally responsible manner

Incorrect disposal of operating fluids can cause considerable damage to the environment.

- ▶ Dispose of operating fluids in an environmentally responsible manner.

Operating fluids include the following:

- fuels
- exhaust gas aftertreatment additives, e.g. AdBlue®
- lubricants
- coolant
- brake fluid
- windscreen washer fluid
- climate control system refrigerants

Only use products which have been approved for your vehicle by Mercedes-Benz. Damage caused by the use of products that have not been approved is not covered by the Mercedes-Benz guarantee or goodwill gestures.

You can identify operating fluids approved by Mercedes-Benz by the following inscriptions on the container:

- MB-Freigabe (e.g. MB-Freigabe 229.51)
- MB-Approval (e.g. MB-Approval 229.51)

Further information on approved operating fluids is available at the following locations:

- in the Mercedes-Benz Specifications for Operating Fluids at <https://bevo.mercedes-benz.com> (by entering the designation)
- at a qualified specialist workshop

Additives (special additives) for approved operating fluids are neither required nor permitted.

Approved fuel additives are the exception. Additives can cause engine damage and must therefore not be added to the operating fluids.

The use of additives is always the responsibility of the vehicle operator. The use of additives may result in the restriction or loss of your warranty claims.

⚠ WARNING Risk of fire or explosion from fuel

Fuels are highly flammable.

- ▶ Fire, naked flames, smoking and creation of sparks must be avoided.
- ▶ Switch off the ignition and, if available, the stationary heater, before and while refuelling the vehicle.

⚠ WARNING Risk of injury from fuels

Fuels are poisonous and hazardous to your health.

- ▶ Do not swallow fuel or let it come into contact with skin, eyes or clothing.
- ▶ Do not inhale fuel vapour.
- ▶ Keep children away from fuel.
- ▶ Keep doors and windows closed during the refuelling process.

If you or other people come into contact with fuel, observe the following:

- ▶ Immediately rinse fuel off your skin with soap and water.
- ▶ If fuel comes into contact with your eyes, immediately rinse them thoroughly with clean water. Seek medical attention immediately.
- ▶ If you swallow fuel, seek medical attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting.
- ▶ Change immediately out of clothing that has come into contact with fuel.

Fuel

Notes on fuel grades on vehicles with petrol engines

Observe the notes on operating fluids
(→ page 267).

NOTE Damage due to incorrect fuel

Even small amounts of the wrong fuel could result in damage to the fuel system, engine and exhaust system.

- ▶ Only refuel using premium-grade unleaded petrol that conforms to European standard EN 228 or an equivalent specification.

This fuel may contain up to 10% ethanol by volume. Your vehicle is suitable for use with E10 fuel.

Never refuel with the following:

- diesel
- petrol with more than 10% ethanol by volume, e.g. E15, E20, E85, E100
- petrol with more than 3% methanol by volume, e.g. M15, M30, M50, M85, M100
- petrol with additives containing metal
- ▶ Do not mix such fuels with the fuel recommended for your vehicle.

If you have accidentally refuelled with the wrong fuel:

- ▶ do not switch the ignition on.
- ▶ Consult a qualified specialist workshop.

NOTE Malfunctions due to contaminated fuel

Fuel contamination can lead to malfunctions in the fuel system.

- ▶ If you are using drums or canisters to refuel the vehicle, you should filter the fuel before filling.

The following compatibility indications for fuel apply to your vehicle.



- ① For petrol with maximum 5% ethanol by volume
- ② For petrol with maximum 10% ethanol by volume

According to European standard EN 16942 you can find the compatibility indications at the following locations:

- on the vehicle on the instruction label in the fuel filler flap
- throughout Europe on the fuel pumps or pump nozzles suitable for your vehicle

If the available fuel is not sufficiently low in sulphur, this can produce unpleasant odours.

The recommended octane number for your vehicle can be found on the instruction label in the fuel filler flap (→ page 140).

Further information on fuel can be obtained at a filling station or a qualified specialist workshop.

Notes on additives in petrol

Observe the notes on operating fluids
(→ page 267).

NOTE Damage from use of unsuitable additives

Even small amounts of the wrong additive may lead to malfunctions.

- ▶ Only add cleaning additives recommended for Mercedes-Benz to the fuel.

Mercedes-Benz recommends using brand-name fuels with additives.

In some countries, the available fuel may not contain sufficient amounts of additives. Deposits could build up in the fuel injection system as a result.

In this case, in consultation with a Mercedes-Benz service centre, the fuel should be mixed with the cleaning additive recommended by Mercedes-Benz.

You must observe the notes and mixing ratios indicated on the tank.

Notes on fuel grades on vehicles with diesel engines

General notes

Observe the notes on operating fluids (→ page 267).

⚠ WARNING Risk of fire from fuel mixture

If you mix diesel fuel with petrol, the flash point of the fuel mixture is lower than that of pure diesel fuel.

- ▶ Never refuel using petrol in diesel engines.
- ▶ Never mix petrol with diesel fuel.

! NOTE Damage due to incorrect fuel

Even small amounts of the wrong fuel could result in damage to the fuel system, the engine and emission control system.

- ▶ Only refuel using sulphur-free diesel fuel that conforms to the European standard EN 590 or an equivalent specification. In countries without sulphur-free diesel fuel, only fill up with low-sulphur diesel fuel with a sulphur content of less than 50 ppm.

Never refuel with:

- petrol
- marine diesel
- heating oil
- pure bio-diesel or vegetable oil
- paraffin or kerosene

If you have accidentally refuelled with the wrong fuel:

- ▶ do not switch on the ignition.
- ▶ Consult a qualified specialist workshop.

! NOTE Malfunctions due to contaminated fuel

Fuel contamination can lead to malfunctions in the fuel system.

- ▶ If you are using drums or canisters to refuel the vehicle, you should filter the fuel before filling.

In accordance with the European standard EN 16942, you will find the compatibility marks for fuel in the following places:

- On the vehicle on the information label in the fuel filler flap
- Throughout Europe on the fuel dispenser or pump nozzles suitable for your vehicle



- ① For diesel fuel with a maximum of 7% by volume bio-diesel (fatty acid methyl ester)



- ② For paraffinic diesel fuel

XTL-compatible vehicles

Alternatively, you can also refuel with paraffinic diesel fuel (e.g. HVO=hydrogenated vegetable oil, GTL=Gas-To-Liquid) that complies with the European standard EN 15940. Paraffinic diesel fuels are collectively known as XTL.

- i Refuel with paraffinic diesel fuels to EN 15940 only if the appropriate compatibility mark is present in your fuel filler flap.**

B10- fatty acid methyl ester

Mercedes-Benz approves the use of B10 fatty acid methyl ester (low-sulphur diesel fuel with a maximum of up to 10% by volume fatty acid methyl ester) for all vehicles with Euro 5 diesel engines with Common Rail Direct Injector (CDI).

You may only refuel with the approved fatty acid methyl ester if the fatty acid methyl ester proportion conforms to the ASTM D6751 Standard. It must also have the required oxidation stability of at least 6 h, in accordance with the EN 14112

Standard. The sulphur content of the diesel fuel may not exceed the limit values for the sulphur content of diesel fuel stated above. Only approved fatty acid methyl ester with this fuel grade can avoid damage being caused due to residue build-up and/or corrosion.

Pure fatty acid methyl ester and diesel fuel that has a higher percentage of fatty acid methyl ester, for example, B20, could damage the fuel system and the engine.

The identification of the fatty acid methyl ester on the fuel dispenser must clearly indicate that it fulfils the standard for low-sulphur diesel fuel. If the identification is not clear, do not refuel.

Sulphur content

NOTE Damage to the emission control system for vehicles with diesel particulate filters

If you use diesel fuel with a sulphur content that is too high, the emission control system may be damaged.

▶ In countries without sulphur-free diesel fuel, refuel using only low-sulphur diesel fuel with a sulphur content less than 50 ppm.

Only refuel using commercially available diesel fuel with a maximum sulphur content of 350 ppm, which conforms to the ASTM D975 standard. Fuels such as fatty acid methyl ester FAME (bio-diesel fuel), marine diesel, domestic heating fuel, etc. are not permissible as diesel fuel mixtures.

Vehicle without diesel particulate filter: in countries in which only diesel fuel with a higher sulphur content is available, the vehicle's engine oil change is carried out at shorter intervals. Further information on oil change intervals can be obtained at a qualified specialist workshop.

Information about current country-specific sulphur content is available:

- At any Mercedes-Benz service centre
- At <https://bevo.mercedes-benz.com> under the specifications on Sheet Number 136.2

Notes on low outside temperatures

Refuel your vehicle with as much winter diesel fuel as possible at the beginning of winter.

Before switching to winter diesel fuel, the fuel tank should be as empty as possible. When first refuelling with winter diesel fuel, only refuel using

a small amount, for example, to reserve level. The next time you refuel, fill the fuel tank again normally.

Further information on fuel is available:

- At a filling station
- At a qualified specialist workshop

Tank content and reserve fuel

The total capacity of the fuel tank may vary, depending on the vehicle equipment.

Capacity

Model	Total capacity
Vehicles with a diesel engine:	Approx. 57 litres or Approx. 70 litres
Vehicles with a petrol engine	Approx. 70 litres
Model	Of which reserve fuel
Vehicles with a diesel engine:	Approx. 10 litres
Vehicles with a petrol engine	Approx. 13 litres

AdBlue®

Notes on AdBlue®

Observe the notes on operating fluids (→ page 267).

AdBlue® is a water-soluble fluid for the exhaust gas aftertreatment of diesel engines.

It may be improper or punishable in some countries to operate a vehicle that uses no AdBlue® or one that does not comply with the specifications of these operating instructions.

NOTE Damage caused by additives in AdBlue® or by diluting AdBlue®

The AdBlue® exhaust gas aftertreatment system could be destroyed by the following:

- additives in AdBlue®
- diluting AdBlue®

▶ Only use AdBlue® in accordance with ISO 22241.

▶ Do not mix additives.

► Do not dilute AdBlue®.

! **NOTE** Damage and malfunctions caused by impurities in AdBlue®

Impurities in AdBlue® result in the following:

- higher emission values
- damage to the catalytic converter
- engine damage
- malfunctions in the AdBlue® exhaust gas aftertreatment system

► Avoid impurities in AdBlue®.

AdBlue® residue crystallises after some time and stain the affected surfaces. Clean the dirty surfaces with water as soon as possible.

If you open the AdBlue® tank, small amounts of ammonia vapour may be released. Do not inhale any ammonia vapours that may be released. Fill the AdBlue® tank only in well-ventilated areas.

AdBlue® consumption and filling capacity

Filling capacities

The total capacity of the AdBlue® tank may vary, depending on the vehicle equipment.

Total capacity of AdBlue® tank

Vehicle	Total capacity
All models	11.5 l, 24 l or 25 l

AdBlue® consumption

Like fuel consumption, AdBlue® consumption is highly dependent upon driving style and operating conditions. AdBlue® consumption is usually within a range of 0 and 5% of the fuel consumption. If necessary, AdBlue® must be refilled in accordance with the instructions when the refill message is displayed in the instrument cluster. This may also be necessary between the scheduled maintenance.

Check the AdBlue® fill level before making journeys outside of Europe.

AdBlue® range and fill level

The AdBlue® fill level and range can be displayed via the on-board computer. The AdBlue® range shown depends strongly on the driving style and operating conditions. The actual range can therefore deviate from the range currently displayed in the on-board computer. The information supplied

in the Owner's Manual regarding the reserve quantity at the first display warning in the multi-function display and on the minimum top-up quantity when the fuel tank is empty is also to be understood as guide values.

Display the AdBlue® range and level (→ page 181).

Engine oil

Notes on engine oil

Observe the notes on operating fluids (→ page 267).



! **NOTE** Engine damage caused by an incorrect oil filter, incorrect oil or additives

- Do not use engine oils or oil filters which do not correspond to the specifications explicitly prescribed for the service intervals.
- Do not alter the engine oil or oil filter in order to achieve longer change intervals than prescribed.
- Do not use additives.
- Have the engine oil renewed at regular intervals.

Mercedes-Benz recommends having the oil changed at a qualified specialist workshop.

Only Mercedes-Benz-approved engine oils may be used in Mercedes-Benz engines.

Further information on engine oil and oil filter:

- in the Mercedes-Benz Specification for Service Products at <https://bevo.mercedes-benz.com> (by entering the designation)
- at a qualified specialist workshop

Quality and capacity of engine oil

MB-Freigabe or MB-Approval

Petrol engines	MB-Freigabe or MB-Approval
All models	229.5, 229.6*
Diesel engines	MB-Freigabe or MB-Approval
OM 622 Front wheel drive	228.51, 228.61*
OM 651 and OM 654 Rear-wheel drive and all-wheel drive	228.51, 229.31, 229.51, 229.52*, 229.71*

* recommended for lowest possible fuel consumption (lowest SAE viscosity class in each case; observe possible restrictions of the approved SAE viscosity classes)

To achieve the lowest possible fuel consumption, it is recommended to use the engine oil specifications marked in the table for the lowest SAE viscosity class. Observe any possible restrictions of the approved SAE viscosity classes.

If the engine oils listed in the table are not available, you may add a maximum 1.0 l of the following engine oils once only:

- **vehicles with petrol engines:** MB-Freigabe or MB-Approval 229.3 or ACEA A3/B4
- **vehicles with diesel engines:** MB-Freigabe or MB-Approval 228.5, 229.3 or 229.5ACEA C3

Replacement amount

Petrol engines	Engine oil
All models	Approximately 7.7 l
Diesel engines	Engine oil
OM 622 Front wheel drive	Approximately 6.8 l
OM 651 Rear-wheel drive and all-wheel drive	Approximately 8.5 l
OM 654 Rear-wheel drive and all-wheel drive	Approximately 9.0 l

The engine designation of your vehicle is available from a Mercedes-Benz service centre.

Depending on the national version of your vehicle, you will find the engine designation alternatively in your vehicle or COC documents.

Notes on brake fluid

Observe the notes on operating fluids (→ page 267).



WARNING Risk of an accident due to vapour pockets forming in the brake system

The brake fluid constantly absorbs moisture from the air. This lowers the boiling point of the brake fluid. If the boiling point is too low, vapour pockets may form in the brake system when the brakes are applied hard.

This impairs the braking effect.



Have the brake fluid renewed at the specified intervals.



NOTE Damage to paint, plastic or rubber by brake fluid

There is a risk of damage to property if brake fluid comes into contact with paint, plastic or rubber.



If paint, plastic or rubber comes into contact with brake fluid, rinse with water immediately.

Observe the notes on paintwork/matt finish paintwork care (→ page 224).

Have the brake fluid renewed every two years at a qualified specialist workshop.

Only use brake fluid approved by Mercedes-Benz in accordance with MB-Freigabe or MB-Approval 331.0.

Information on brake fluid is available at the following locations:

- in the Mercedes-Benz Specification for Operating Fluids 331.0
 - at <https://bevo.mercedes-benz.com>
 - in the Mercedes-Benz BeVo app
- at a qualified specialist workshop

Coolant

Notes on coolant

Observe the notes on operating fluids (→ page 267).

⚠ WARNING Risk of fire- and injury from antifreeze

If antifreeze comes into contact with hot component parts in the engine compartment, it may ignite.

- ▶ Allow the engine to cool down before you top up the antifreeze.
- ▶ Make sure that no antifreeze spills out next to the filler opening.
- ▶ Thoroughly clean the antifreeze from component parts before starting the vehicle.

! NOTE Damage caused by incorrect coolant

- ▶ Only add coolant that has been pre-mixed with the required antifreeze protection.

Information on coolant is available at the following locations:

- in the Mercedes-Benz Specification for Operating Fluids 320.1
 - at <https://bevo.mercedes-benz.com>
 - in the Mercedes-Benz BeVo app
- at a qualified specialist workshop

! NOTE Overheating at high outside temperatures

If an inappropriate coolant is used, the engine cooling system is not sufficiently protected against overheating and corrosion at high outside temperatures.

- ▶ Always use coolant approved by Mercedes-Benz.
- ▶ Observe the instructions in the Mercedes-Benz Specifications for Operating Fluids 320.1.

! NOTE Paintwork damage due to coolant

- ▶ Do not spill coolant on painted surfaces.

Have the coolant regularly replaced at a qualified specialist workshop.

Note the proportion of anti-corrosion agent/antifreeze in the engine cooling system within the following temperature ranges:

- at least 50% (antifreeze protection up to about -37°C)
- maximum 55% (antifreeze protection up to -45°C)

Capacities, coolant

Coolant capacity

Model	Capacity
All models	Approx. 10.4 l
	Approx. 13.4 l on vehicles with auxiliary heating

Windscreen washer fluid

Notes on windscreen washer fluid

Observe the notes on operating fluids (→ page 267).

⚠ WARNING - Risk of fire and injury due to windscreen washer concentrate

Windscreen washer concentrate is highly flammable. It could ignite if it comes into contact with hot engine component parts or the exhaust system.

- ▶ Make sure that no windscreen washer concentrate spills out next to the filler opening.

! NOTE Damage to the exterior lighting due to unsuitable windscreen washer fluid

Unsuitable windscreen washer fluids may damage the plastic surface of the exterior lighting.

- ▶ Only use windscreen washer fluids which are also suitable for use on plastic surfaces, e.g. MB SummerFit or MB WinterFit.

NOTE Blocked spray nozzles caused by mixing windscreen washer fluids

Do not mix MB SummerFit and MB WinterFit with other windscreen washer fluids.

Do not use distilled or de-ionised water. Otherwise, the fill level sensor may give a false reading.

Recommended windscreen washer fluid:

- Above freezing point: e.g. MB SummerFit
- Below freezing point: e.g. MB WinterFit

For the correct mixing ratio, refer to the information on the anti-freeze container.

Mix the washer fluid with windscreen washer fluid all year round.

Refrigerant

Notes on refrigerant

Observe the notes on operating fluids (→ page 267).

- i** Your vehicle's climate control system may be filled with the refrigerant R134a. The refrigerant R134a contains fluorinated greenhouse gas.

NOTE Damage caused by incorrect refrigerant

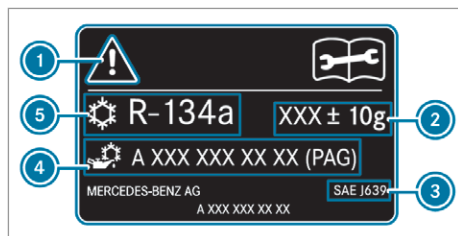
If an incorrect refrigerant is used, this can damage the climate control system.

- ▶ Use only the refrigerant R-134a or the PAG oil approved for your vehicle by Mercedes-Benz.
- ▶ The approved PAG oil must not be mixed with any other PAG oil that is not approved for R-134a refrigerant.

Maintenance work, such as topping up the refrigerant or replacing components, may be carried out only by a qualified specialist workshop. All applicable regulations, as well as SAE standard J639, must be adhered to.

Have all work on the climate control system carried out at a qualified specialist workshop.

The information label for the refrigerant type used can be found on the radiator cross-member.



Example: refrigerant information label

- ① Warning symbols
- ② Refrigerant capacity
- ③ Applicable standards
- ④ PAG oil part number
- ⑤ Refrigerant type

Warning symbols ① refer to the following:

- Potential dangers
- The performance of maintenance work at a qualified specialist workshop

Vehicle data

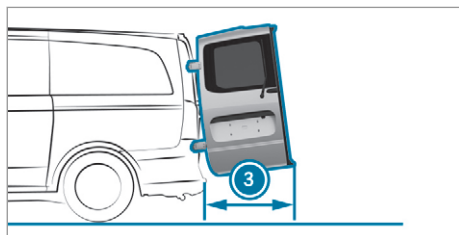
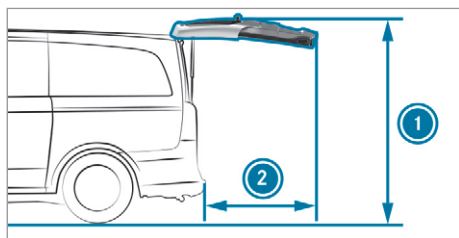
Information on vehicle dimensions

The following section contains important technical data for your vehicle. Your vehicle documents contain further vehicle-specific and equipment-dependent technical data such as vehicle dimensions and weights.

Current technical data can also be found online at <https://www.mercedes-benz.com>.

The values specified may vary as a result of the following variables:

- tyres
- loading
- condition of the suspension
- optional equipment



Opening range

All models	
① Height of the tailgate when opened	2153 mm
② Opening range of the tailgate	1047 mm
③ Opening range of the rear doors	849 mm

Vehicle dimensions

All models	
Vehicle length	
Compact version	4895 mm
Long version	5140 mm
Extra-long body	5370 mm
Vehicle width	
Including outside mirrors	2249 mm
Excluding outside mirrors	1928 mm
Load width	1205 mm
Vehicle height	1901 mm

All models

Loading height

Compact version	1327 mm
Long version	1326 mm
Extra-long body	1297 mm

Wheelbase

Compact version	3200 mm
Long version	3200 mm
Extra-long body	3430 mm

Trailer hitch

Notes on the trailer hitch

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to impermissible attachment of a trailer tow hitch

If you install a trailer tow hitch or other components, the longitudinal frame member is weakened and can break. The trailer may become detached from the vehicle.

There is a risk of an accident.

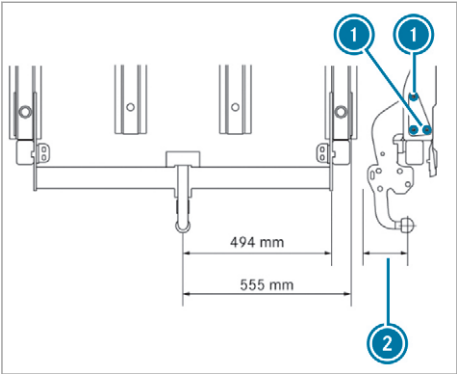
Only retrofit a trailer tow hitch if permissible.

Observe the notes on trailer operation (→ page 169).

Retrofitting a trailer hitch is only permissible if a towing capacity is specified in your vehicle documents.

Only use a trailer hitch which has been tested and specially approved by Mercedes-Benz for your vehicle.

Overview of mounting dimensions



- ① Fastening points
- ② Distance from road surface

The distance of the trailer hitch from the road surface on an unladen vehicle depends on the vehicle type and the vehicle's equipment. Thus, it cannot be specified. The distance to the road surface of a laden vehicle is between 350 and 420 mm.

Trailer loads

When towing a trailer, the permissible gross vehicle weight is increased by 100 kg for vehicles with passenger vehicle approval. The maximum permissible rear axle load may be exceeded by 100 kg when towing a trailer.

The road speed of the vehicle must be limited to a maximum of 100 km/h in accordance with Directive 92/21/EEC.

Vehicles with front wheel drive

Permissible gross mass of vehicle combination	3700 – 4800 kg
Permissible towing capacity, braked	1000 – 2000 kg
Permissible towing capacity, unbraked	750 kg
Permissible noseweight	100 kg

Vehicles with rear wheel drive

Permissible gross mass of vehicle combination	4500 – 5700 kg
Permissible towing capacity, braked	2000 – 2500 kg

The permissible weights and loads which must not be exceeded can also be obtained from the following sources of information:

- Vehicle documents
- The type plates of the trailer hitch, trailer and vehicle

If the values differ, the lowest value applies.

Maximum permissible gross combination weight, trailer loads and noseweight

! NOTE Damage to the clutch due to overload when driving at high elevations

Vehicles with front-wheel drive:

Without a reduction in the gross combination weight, the clutch will be overloaded when driving at high elevations above 1,000 m with gradients greater than 8%. The excessive stress results in abnormal and premature wear on the clutch, which can damage it.

► The following guide value applies: for every 500 m above 1,000 m, reduce the permissible gross weight of the vehicle combination by 5%.

When driving at elevations above 1,000 m with only slight gradients of less than 8%, you are not required to reduce the gross vehicle weight of the vehicle combination.

The following values apply for driving at elevations of 1,000 m above sea level and a minimum start-off gradeability of 12%.

Permissible towing capacity, unbraked	750 kg
Permissible noseweight	100 kg

Lashing points and carrier systems

Loading capacity of the lashing points and tie-down eyes

Observe the notes on securing loads (→ page 206).

Nominal tensile load is the maximum permissible pulling force on the lashing point.

Tie-down eyes

Nominal tensile load of tie-down eyes

Tie-down eyes	Nominal tensile load
Touring motorcycle	350 daN
Panel van and Mixto	500 daN

Guide and loading rails

Rated tensile force of the lashing points of a guide or loading rail

Lashing point	Nominal tensile load
Guide rails	350 daN
Loading rails on load compartment floor	500 daN
Loading rail on side wall	100 daN

The values specified apply only to loads resting on the load compartment floor if you observe the following:

- the load is secured to two lashing points on the rail
- the distance to the nearest load-securing point on the same rail is approximately 1 m

Information about roof luggage racks

Observe the notes on the carrier systems (→ page 213).

! **NOTE** Risk of accident if the maximum permissible roof load is exceeded

If the weight of the roof luggage, including the roof luggage rack, exceeds the maximum per-

missible roof load, there is a risk of an accident.

- ▶ Ensure that the weight of the roof luggage and roof luggage rack does not exceed the maximum permissible roof load.
- ▶ Arrange the supporting feet of the roof luggage rack at an even distance from each other.
- ▶ Install the basic carrier bars for rail in front of and behind the mid-section support.

Maximum roof load / pairs of roof rack supports

Maximum roof load	Minimum number of pairs of supports
150 kg	3

This information applies if the load is distributed evenly across the entire roof area.

If the roof luggage rack is shorter, reduce the load proportionately. The maximum load per pair of roof rack supports is 50 kg. The maximum load of basic carrier bars for rail is 100 kg.

The driving, braking and steering characteristics of the vehicle will change with the type of load, the weight and the centre of gravity of the load. Comply with the loading guidelines and further information about load distribution (→ page 205).

Display messages

Introduction

Notes on display messages

⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to an instrument cluster malfunction

If the instrument cluster has failed or malfunctioned, you may not notice restrictions to safety-relevant system functions.

The operating safety of your vehicle may be impaired.

- ▶ Drive on carefully.
- ▶ Have the vehicle checked immediately at a qualified specialist workshop.

The on-board computer shows messages and warnings from specific systems on the instrument cluster display. Ensure that your vehicle is operating safely at all times.

If you are uncertain regarding the operational safety of your vehicle, park the vehicle safely as soon as possible. Inform a qualified specialist workshop.

Display messages with graphic symbols are simplified in the Owner's Manual and may differ from the symbols on the display.

Vehicles without steering-wheel buttons

A warning tone will also sound for specific display messages.

Please act in accordance with the display messages and follow the additional notes in this Owner's Manual.

You can hide low-priority display messages using the **(R)** button on the instrument cluster. The display messages will be saved to the message memory. Rectify the cause of a display message as quickly as possible.

High-priority display messages cannot be hidden. The display will show these display messages permanently until the cause of the display message has been rectified.

Vehicles with steering-wheel buttons

The display shows high-priority display messages in red. A warning tone will also sound for specific display messages.

Please act in accordance with the display messages and follow the additional notes in this Owner's Manual.

You can hide low-priority display messages using the **OK** or **(S)** steering-wheel button. The display messages will be saved to the message memory. Rectify the cause of a display message as quickly as possible.

High-priority display messages cannot be hidden. The display will show these display messages permanently until the cause of the display message has been rectified.

Calling up saved display messages

Vehicles without steering-wheel buttons

The on-board computer saves specific display messages to the message memory. You can call up the saved display messages. Use the buttons on the instrument cluster.

- ▶ Press the **(S)** button to select the message memory. If display messages are available, the display will show the number of saved messages.
If there are no display messages, the display will show **No messages**.
- ▶ Press the **(R)** button to scroll forwards through the display messages.
After the last saved display message, the display will again show the start screen of the message memory with the number of saved messages.
- ▶ Press the **(S)** button to jump to the start screen of the message memory.

Vehicles with steering-wheel buttons

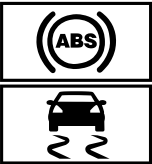
The on-board computer saves specific display messages to the message memory. You can call up the saved display messages. Use the buttons on the steering wheel.

- ▶ With the **(L)** or **(R)** button, select the **Service** menu.
- ▶ With the **(V)** or **(A)** button, select **Announcements**.
The bar will show the number of saved messages.
- ▶ Press **OK** to confirm.
The first saved display message will be displayed.
If there are no display messages, the display will show **No messages**.
- ▶ Press the **(V)** or **(A)** button to scroll through the display messages.
All saved display messages are numbered in the message memory. The current message number is shown on the lowest bar of the display.

play as a means of orientation, together with the number of saved display messages.

- ▶ Press  to exit the display messages screen.

Safety systems

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ▶ Solutions
 ABS, ESP inoperative	* ABS, BAS, hill start assist and ESP® as well as its driving safety systems are unavailable due to a malfunction. ATTENTION ASSIST is deactivated and other driving systems could be automatically deactivated. The brake system continues to function normally, but without the functions listed above. ⚠ WARNING Risk of skidding if ABS and ESP® are malfunctioning The wheels may block during braking and ESP® does not perform any vehicle stabilization. The steerability and braking characteristics are heavily impaired and the braking distance may increase. In addition, other driving safety systems are switched off. ▶ Drive on carefully. ▶ Have ABS and ESP® checked immediately at a qualified specialist workshop. ▶ Switch the engine off, wait briefly and start the engine again. ▶ Check whether the display message has disappeared and ESP® is operational. If the display message continues to be shown: ▶ Drive on carefully. ▶ Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately.
 inoperative See Owner's Manual	* ABS, BAS, hill start assist and ESP® as well as its driving safety systems are unavailable due to a malfunction. ATTENTION ASSIST is deactivated and other driving systems could be automatically deactivated. The brake system continues to function normally, but without the functions listed above. ⚠ WARNING Risk of skidding if ABS and ESP® are malfunctioning The wheels may block during braking and ESP® does not perform any vehicle stabilization. The steerability and braking characteristics are heavily impaired and the braking distance may increase. In addition, other driving safety systems are switched off. ▶ Drive on carefully.

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
ABS, ESP curr. unavail.	► Have ABS and ESP® checked immediately at a qualified specialist workshop. * ABS, BAS, hill start assist and ESP® as well as its driving safety systems are temporarily unavailable. ATTENTION ASSIST is deactivated and other driving systems could be automatically deactivated. For example, the on-board electrical system voltage may be insufficient. The brake system continues to function normally, but without the functions listed above. ⚠ WARNING Risk of skidding if ABS and ESP® are malfunctioning The wheels may block during braking and ESP® does not perform any vehicle stabilization. The steerability and braking characteristics are heavily impaired and the braking distance may increase. In addition, other driving safety systems are switched off. ► Drive on carefully. ► Have ABS and ESP® checked immediately at a qualified specialist workshop. ► Continue to drive carefully on a suitable stretch of road, making slight steering movements at a speed above 20 km/h. ► Switch the engine off, wait briefly and start the engine again. ► Check whether the display message has disappeared and ESP® is operational. If the display message continues to be shown: ► Drive on carefully. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately.
currently unavail. See Owner's Manual	* ABS, BAS, hill start assist and ESP® as well as its driving safety systems are temporarily unavailable. ATTENTION ASSIST is deactivated and other driving systems could be automatically deactivated. The on-board electrical system voltage may be insufficient, for example. The brake system continues to function normally, but without the functions listed above. ⚠ WARNING Risk of skidding if ABS and ESP® are malfunctioning The wheels may block during braking and ESP® does not perform any vehicle stabilization.

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
	The steerability and braking characteristics are heavily impaired and the braking distance may increase. In addition, other driving safety systems are switched off. ► Drive on carefully. ► Have ABS and ESP® checked immediately at a qualified specialist workshop. ► Drive on carefully and, on a suitable stretch of road, make some slight steering movements at a speed above 20 km/h. ► Check whether the display message has disappeared and ESP® is operational. If the display message continues to be shown: ► Drive on carefully. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately.
 Front-passenger airbag disabled	* The front passenger airbag is disabled while the vehicle is in motion even though an adult or a person with a corresponding build is occupying the front passenger seat. If additional forces are applied to the seat or the front passenger is not sitting on the sitting surface properly (→ page 30), the weight the system detects may be too low. ⚠ WARNING - Risk of injury or even fatal injury when the front passenger airbag is disabled If the front passenger airbag is disabled, It will not be deployed in the event of an accident and cannot perform its intended protective function. A person in the front passenger seat could then, for example, come into contact with the vehicle interior, especially if the person is sitting too close to the dashboard. ► Be aware of the status of the front passenger airbag both before and during the journey. ► Stop the vehicle immediately in accordance with the traffic conditions. ► Secure the vehicle against rolling away. ► Ensure that no objects have become trapped beneath the front passenger seat. ► Switch off the ignition. ► The front passenger must get out of the vehicle. ► Make sure that the front passenger seat is unoccupied, close the front passenger door and switch on the ignition. ► Observe the PASSENGER AIRBAG OFF indicator lamp on the centre console and the display messages. ► With the seat unoccupied and the ignition switched on, check the following:

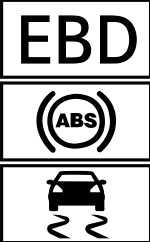
Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
	• The PASSENGER AIRBAG OFF indicator lamp must light up continuously. If the indicator lamp is lit, the automatic front passenger airbag actuation has disabled the front passenger airbag (→ page 30). • The display must not show the messages Front-passenger airbag enabled or Front-passenger airbag disabled. ► Wait for at least one minute until the necessary system checks have been completed. ► Ensure that the display does not show either of the two display messages about the front passenger airbag. If these conditions are met, the front passenger seat can be occupied again. If these conditions are not met, the automatic front passenger airbag actuation is malfunctioning. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately. Further information on airbag shutoff can be found under "Automatic front passenger airbag actuation" (→ page 30).
Front-passenger airbag disabled See Owner's Manual	* The front passenger airbag is disabled while the vehicle is in motion even though an adult or a person with a corresponding build is occupying the front passenger seat. If additional forces are applied to the seat or the front passenger is not sitting on the seat surface properly (→ page 30), the weight the system detects may be too low. ⚠ WARNING - Risk of injury or even fatal injury when the front passenger airbag is disabled If the front passenger airbag is disabled, It will not be deployed in the event of an accident and cannot perform its intended protective function. A person in the front passenger seat could then, for example, come into contact with the vehicle interior, especially if the person is sitting too close to the dashboard. ► Be aware of the status of the front passenger airbag both before and during the journey. ► Stop the vehicle immediately in accordance with the traffic conditions. ► Secure the vehicle against rolling away. ► Ensure that no objects have become trapped beneath the front passenger seat. ► Switch off the ignition. ► The front passenger must get out of the vehicle. ► Make sure that the front passenger seat is unoccupied, close the front passenger door and switch on the ignition. ► Observe the PASSENGER AIRBAG OFF indicator lamp on the centre console and the display messages.

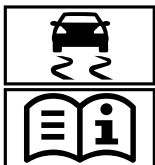
Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
	► With the seat unoccupied and the ignition switched on, check the following: • The PASSENGER AIRBAG OFF indicator lamp must light up continuously. If the indicator lamp is lit, the automatic front passenger airbag actuation has disabled the front passenger airbag (→ page 30). • The display must not show the messages Front-passenger airbag enabled See Owner's Manual or Front-passenger airbag disabled See Owner's Manual. ► Wait for at least one minute until the necessary system checks have been completed. ► Ensure that the display does not show either of the two display messages about the front passenger airbag. If these conditions are met, the front passenger seat can be occupied again. If these conditions are not met, the automatic front passenger airbag actuation is malfunctioning. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately. Further information on airbag shutoff can be found under "Automatic front passenger airbag actuation" (→ page 30).
 Front-passenger airbag enabled	* The front passenger airbag is enabled while the vehicle is in motion although: • the front passenger seat is occupied by a child in a child restraint system or a person of small stature. - or • the front passenger seat is not occupied. The system may detect objects or forces that are adding to the weight applied to the seat. ⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death when using a rearward-facing child restraint system while the front passenger airbag is enabled If you secure a child in a rearward-facing child restraint system on the front passenger seat and the PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp is off, the front passenger airbag can deploy in the event of an accident. The child could be struck by the airbag. Always ensure that the front passenger airbag is disabled. The PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp must be lit. NEVER use a rearward-facing child restraint system on a seat with an ENABLED FRONT AIRBAG. This can result in the DEATH of or SERIOUS INJURY to the CHILD. ► Stop the vehicle immediately in accordance with the traffic conditions. ► Secure the vehicle against rolling away.

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
	► Ensure that no objects have become trapped beneath the front passenger seat. ► Switch off the ignition. ► Open the front passenger door. ► Remove the child and the child restraint system from the front passenger seat. ► Make sure there are no objects applying additional weight to the seat. The system may otherwise detect the additional weight and interpret the vehicle occupant's weight on the front passenger seat as greater than it actually is. ► Make sure that the front passenger seat is unoccupied, close the front passenger door and switch on the ignition. ► Observe the PASSENGER AIRBAG OFF indicator lamp on the centre console and the display. ► With the seat unoccupied and the ignition switched on, check the following: • The PASSENGER AIRBAG OFF indicator lamp must light up continuously. If the indicator lamp is lit, the automatic front passenger airbag actuation has disabled the front passenger airbag. • The display must not show the messages Front-passenger airbag enabled or Front-passenger airbag disabled. ► Wait for at least one minute until the necessary system checks have been completed. ► Ensure that the display does not show either of the two display messages about the front passenger airbag. If these conditions are met, the front passenger seat can be occupied again. Observe the notes on seat occupancy recognition and the result of the classification of the automatic front passenger airbag actuation (→ page 30). If these conditions are not met, the automatic front passenger airbag actuation is malfunctioning. ► Fit the child restraint system to a suitable rear seat. or ► Seat a person of small stature on a suitable rear seat. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately. Further information on airbag shutoff can be found under "Automatic front passenger airbag actuation" (→ page 30).
Front-passenger airbag enabled See Owner's Manual	* The front passenger airbag is enabled while the vehicle is in motion although: • the front passenger seat is occupied by a child in a child restraint system or a person of small stature. or • the front passenger seat is not occupied.

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
	The system may detect objects or forces that are adding to the weight applied to the seat. ⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or death when using a rearward-facing child restraint system while the front passenger air-bag is enabled If you secure a child in a rearward-facing child restraint system on the front passenger seat and the PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp is off, the front passenger airbag can deploy in the event of an accident. The child could be struck by the airbag. Always ensure that the front passenger airbag is disabled. The PASSENGER AIR BAG OFF indicator lamp must be lit. NEVER use a rearward-facing child restraint system on a seat with an ENABLED FRONT AIRBAG. This can result in the DEATH of or SERIOUS INJURY to the CHILD. ► Stop the vehicle immediately in accordance with the traffic conditions. ► Secure the vehicle against rolling away. ► Ensure that no objects have become trapped beneath the front passenger seat. ► Switch off the ignition. ► Open the front passenger door. ► Remove the child and the child restraint system from the front passenger seat. ► Make sure there are no objects applying additional weight to the seat. The system may otherwise detect the additional weight and interpret the vehicle occupant's weight on the front passenger seat as greater than it actually is. ► Make sure that the front passenger seat is unoccupied, close the front passenger door and switch on the ignition. ► Observe the PASSENGER AIRBAG OFF indicator lamp on the centre console and the display. ► With the seat unoccupied and the ignition switched on, check the following: • The PASSENGER AIRBAG OFF indicator lamp must light up continuously. If the indicator lamp is lit, the automatic front passenger airbag actuation has disabled the front passenger airbag. • The display must not show the messages Front-passenger airbag enabled See Owner's Manual or Front-passenger air-bag disabled See Owner's Manual. ► Wait for at least one minute until the necessary system checks have been completed. ► Ensure that the display does not show either of the two display messages about the front passenger airbag.

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
	If these conditions are met, the front passenger seat can be occupied again. Observe the notes on seat occupancy recognition and the result of the classification of the automatic front passenger airbag actuation (→ page 30). If these conditions are not met, the automatic front passenger airbag actuation is malfunctioning. ► Fit the child restraint system to a suitable rear seat. - or ► Seat a person of small stature on a suitable rear seat. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately. Further information on airbag shutoff can be found under "Automatic front passenger airbag actuation" (→ page 30).
 (equipment-dependent) Check brake pad wear	* The brakepads have reached their wear limit. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
Vehicles with all-wheel drive:  Caution Brakes overheated Drive carefully	* The brake system is overheating in vehicles with all-wheel drive. Traction control and braking power will be impaired. ▲ WARNING Risk of accident due to overheated brake system If you rest your foot on the brake pedal during while driving, the brake system may overheat. This increases the braking distance and the brake system may even fail. ► Never use the brake pedal as a footrest. ► Do not press the brake pedal and accelerator pedal simultaneously while driving. ► Drive on carefully. When the brake system has cooled down, the display message will disappear. Traction control will then be fully operational again.
 Check brake fluid level	* There is insufficient brake fluid in the brake fluid reservoir. ▲ WARNING Risk of an accident due to low brake fluid level If the brake fluid level is too low, the braking effect and the braking characteristics may be impaired. ► Stop the vehicle as soon as possible, paying attention to road and traffic conditions. Do not continue driving. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop. ► Do not top up the brake fluid.

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
 EBD, ABS, ESP inoperative	* EBD is unavailable due to a malfunction. This means that ABS, BAS, hill start assist and ESP® as well as its driving safety systems, for example, are also unavailable. ATTENTION ASSIST is deactivated and other driving systems could be automatically deactivated. The brake system continues to function normally, but without the functions listed above. ▲ WARNING Risk of skidding if EBD, ABS and ESP® are malfunctioning The wheels may block during braking and ESP® does not perform any vehicle stabilization. The steerability and braking characteristics are heavily impaired and the braking distance may increase. In addition, other driving safety systems are switched off. ► Drive on carefully. ► Have the brake system checked immediately at a qualified specialist workshop. ► Switch the engine off, wait briefly and start the engine again. ► Check whether the display message has disappeared and ESP® is operational. If the display message continues to be shown: ► Drive on carefully. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately.
 inoperative See Owner's Manual	* EBD is unavailable due to a malfunction. This means that ABS, BAS, hill start assist and ESP® as well as its driving safety systems, for example, are also unavailable. ATTENTION ASSIST is deactivated and other driving systems could be automatically deactivated. The brake system continues to function normally, but without the functions listed above. ▲ WARNING Risk of skidding if EBD, ABS and ESP® are malfunctioning The wheels may block during braking and ESP® does not perform any vehicle stabilization. The steerability and braking characteristics are heavily impaired and the braking distance may increase. In addition, other driving safety systems are switched off. ► Drive on carefully. ► Have the brake system checked immediately at a qualified specialist workshop.

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
 inoperative	* ESP®, BAS and hill start assist are unavailable due to a malfunction. ATTENTION ASSIST is deactivated and other driving systems could be automatically deactivated. The brake system continues to function normally, but without the functions listed above. The wheels could therefore lock up at an early stage if you brake hard, for example. This will severely impair steerability and braking. Braking distance may increase in an emergency braking situation. ▲ WARNING Risk of skidding if ESP® is malfunctioning If ESP® is malfunctioning, ESP® cannot carry out vehicle stabilisation. In addition, other driving safety systems are switched off. ► Drive on carefully. ► Have ESP® checked at a qualified specialist workshop. ► Switch the engine off, wait briefly and start the engine again. ► Check whether the display message has disappeared and ESP® is operational. If the display message continues to be shown: ► Drive on carefully. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately.
 inoperative See Owner's Manual	* ESP®, BAS and hill start assist are unavailable due to a malfunction. ATTENTION ASSIST is deactivated and other driving systems could be automatically deactivated. The brake system continues to function normally, but without the functions listed above. The wheels could therefore lock up at an early stage in the event of maximum full-stop braking, for example. This will severely impair steerability and braking. Braking distance may increase in an emergency braking situation. ▲ WARNING Risk of skidding if ESP® is malfunctioning If ESP® is malfunctioning, ESP® cannot carry out vehicle stabilisation. In addition, other driving safety systems are switched off. ► Drive on carefully. ► Have ESP® checked at a qualified specialist workshop.
 currently unavail.	* ESP®, BAS and hill start assist are unavailable due to a malfunction. Self-diagnosis is not yet complete, for example. ATTENTION ASSIST is deactivated and other driving systems could be automatically deactivated. The brake system continues to function normally, but without the functions listed above. The wheels could therefore lock up at an early stage in the event of maximum full-stop braking, for example. This will severely impair steerability and braking. Braking distance may increase in an emergency braking situation.

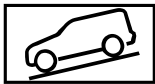
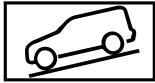
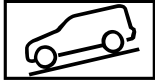
Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
	⚠ WARNING Risk of skidding if ESP® is malfunctioning If ESP® is malfunctioning, ESP® cannot carry out vehicle stabilisation. In addition, other driving safety systems are switched off. ► Drive on carefully. ► Have ESP® checked at a qualified specialist workshop. ► Drive carefully on a suitable stretch of road, making slight steering movements at a speed above 20 km/h. The functions mentioned above will be available again when the display message goes out. ► Switch the engine off, wait briefly and start the engine again. ► Check whether the display message has disappeared and ESP® is operational. If the display message continues to be shown: ► Drive on carefully. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately.
 currently unavail. See Owner's Manual	* ESP®, BAS and hill start assist are unavailable due to a malfunction. Self-diagnosis is not yet complete, for example. ATTENTION ASSIST is deactivated and other driving systems could be automatically deactivated. The brake system continues to function normally, but without the functions listed above. The wheels could therefore lock up at an early stage in the event of maximum full-stop braking, for example. This will severely impair steerability and braking. Braking distance may increase in an emergency braking situation. ⚠ WARNING Risk of skidding if ESP® is malfunctioning If ESP® is malfunctioning, ESP® cannot carry out vehicle stabilisation. In addition, other driving safety systems are switched off. ► Drive on carefully. ► Have ESP® checked at a qualified specialist workshop. ► Drive carefully on a suitable stretch of road, making slight steering movements at a speed above 20 km/h. The functions mentioned above will be available again when the display message goes out. If the display message continues to be shown: ► Drive on carefully. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately.
 Release parking brake	* The red  indicator lamp on the instrument cluster lights up. A warning tone also sounds. You are driving with the parking brake applied or performing emergency braking using the parking brake.

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
 PRE-SAFE inoperative	► Release the parking brake (→ page 144). * Important functions of PRE-SAFE® have failed. All other occupant safety systems, e.g. airbags, remain available. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately. Information on these functions can be found under "PRE-SAFE® (anticipatory occupant protection)" (→ page 33).
PRE-SAFE inoperative See Owner's Manual	* Important functions of PRE-SAFE® have failed. All other occupant safety systems, e.g. airbags, remain available. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately. Information on these functions can be found under "PRE-SAFE® (anticipatory occupant protection)" (→ page 33).
 Malfunction Workshop!	* The restraint system is malfunctioning. In addition, the  warning lamp on the instrument cluster lights up. ⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to malfunctions in the restraint system Components in the restraint system may be activated unintentionally or not deploy as intended in an accident. ► Have the restraint system checked and repaired immediately at a qualified specialist workshop. Further information on the restraint system and its components can be found under "Occupant safety".
 Restraint system malfunction: consult workshop	* The restraint system is malfunctioning. In addition, the  warning lamp on the instrument cluster lights up. ⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to malfunctions in the restraint system Components in the restraint system may be activated unintentionally or not deploy as intended in an accident. ► Have the restraint system checked and repaired immediately at a qualified specialist workshop. Further information on the restraint system and its components can be found under "Occupant safety".
 FL malfunc. -Workshop- (example)	* The corresponding restraint system is malfunctioning. In addition, the  warning lamp on the instrument cluster lights up. ⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to malfunctions in the restraint system Components in the restraint system may be activated unintentionally or not deploy as intended in an accident. ► Have the restraint system checked and repaired immediately at a qualified specialist workshop. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately.

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
 Front left malfunction Consult workshop (example)	* The corresponding restraint system is malfunctioning. In addition, the  warning lamp on the instrument cluster lights up. ⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to malfunctions in the restraint system Components in the restraint system may be activated unintentionally or not deploy as intended in an accident. ► Have the restraint system checked and repaired immediately at a qualified specialist workshop. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately.
Left windowbag malfunction: wkshp (example)	* The corresponding window airbag is malfunctioning. In addition, the  warning lamp on the instrument cluster lights up. ⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or fatal injury due to a malfunction in the windowbag The windowbag might be triggered unintentionally or might not be triggered at all in the event of an accident. ► Have the windowbag checked and repaired immediately at a qualified specialist workshop. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately.
 Left windowbag malfunction: consult workshop (example)	* The corresponding window airbag is malfunctioning. In addition, the  warning lamp on the instrument cluster lights up. ⚠ WARNING Risk of injury or fatal injury due to a malfunction in the windowbag The windowbag might be triggered unintentionally or might not be triggered at all in the event of an accident. ► Have the windowbag checked and repaired immediately at a qualified specialist workshop. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately.

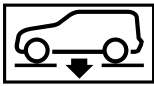
Driving systems

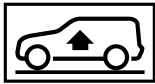
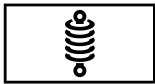
Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
120 km/h or Max. speed 120 km/h	* For certain countries only: the maximum permissible speed has been exceeded. ► Drive more slowly.
120 km/h Maximum speed exceeded	* For certain countries only: the maximum permissible speed has been exceeded. ► Drive more slowly.

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
 Attent. Asst inoperative	* ATTENTION ASSIST has failed. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
 Attention Assist inoperative	* ATTENTION ASSIST has failed. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
 Attent. Asst Take a break	* Based on certain criteria, ATTENTION ASSIST has detected fatigue or increasing lapses in concentration on the part of the driver. A warning tone also sounds. ► If necessary, take a break. On long journeys, take regular and timely breaks that allow you to rest properly.
Attention Assist: Take a break!	* Based on certain criteria, ATTENTION ASSIST has detected fatigue or increasing lapses in concentration on the part of the driver. A warning tone also sounds. ► If necessary, take a break. On long journeys, take regular and timely breaks that allow you to rest properly.
 — km/h	* DSR is switched on but not active as you are driving at a speed greater than 18 km/h. If you drive at less than 18 km/h, DSR will brake automatically until the set speed is reached.
 Off	* DSR was deactivated. If it was not deactivated by the driver, e.g. due to a malfunction in the ESP®, a warning tone will also sound.
 inoperative	* A warning tone also sounds. DSR is unavailable due to a malfunction. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
Active Distance Assist --- km/h	* An activation condition for Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC has not been fulfilled. ► Comply with the activation conditions for Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC (→ page 155).
Active Distance Assist Off	* Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC has been deactivated (→ page 155). In the event of a deactivation not initiated by the driver, a warning tone sounds as well.

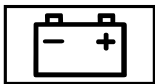
Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
Active Distance Assist inoperative	* A warning tone also sounds. Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC is malfunctioning. In addition, BAS may have failed. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
Active Distance Assist and Limiter inoperative	* A warning tone also sounds. Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC and the limiter are malfunctioning. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
Active Distance Ast suspended	* You are accelerating. Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC does not intervene for the duration of the acceleration process. ► Remove your foot from the accelerator pedal. Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC will be activated again.
Active Distance Assist currently unavail. See Owner's Man.	* A warning tone also sounds. Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC has been switched off and is temporarily non-operational. The following causes are possible: • The function is impaired due to heavy rain or snow. • The radar sensor system is temporarily non-operational, e.g. due to electromagnetic radiation close to TV or radio transmitting stations or other sources of radiation. • The system is outside the operating temperature range. • The on-board electrical system voltage is too low. If the causes mentioned above no longer apply, the display message will disappear and Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC will be operational again. If the display message does not disappear: ► Stop in accordance with the traffic conditions. ► Secure the vehicle against rolling away.
Active Brake Assist System inoperative	* Active Brake Assist is unavailable due to a malfunction. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
Active Brake Assist currently unavail.	* Active Brake Assist is temporarily non-operational. The following causes are possible: • The sensors in the front bumper are dirty. • The function is impaired due to heavy rain or snow. • The radar sensor system is temporarily non-operational, e.g. due to electromagnetic radiation close to TV or radio transmitting stations or other sources of radiation. • The system is outside the operating temperature range. • The on-board electrical system voltage is too low. If the causes mentioned above no longer apply, the display message will disappear and Active Brake Assist will be operational again. If the display message does not disappear: ► Stop in accordance with the traffic conditions. ► Secure the vehicle against rolling away.

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
	► Switch off the engine. ► Clean the sensors in the front bumper (→ page 224). ► Restart the engine.
Limiter --- km/h	* The limiter cannot be activated while you have the accelerator pedal depressed beyond the point of resistance (kickdown). ► If conditions permit, drive at a speed greater than 30 km/h and store the speed.
Active Distance Assist available again	* Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC is operational again following temporary non-availability. You can now switch Active Distance Assist DISTRONIC on again (→ page 156).
Limiter passive	* You have the accelerator pedal depressed beyond the point of resistance (kickdown). While you are accelerating, the limiter does not control your speed. ► Remove your foot from the accelerator pedal. The limiter will be reactivated and will limit your speed.
Cruise control --- km/h	* An activation condition for cruise control has not been met. For example, you are aiming to store a speed below 30 km/h. ► If conditions permit, drive at a speed greater than 30 km/h and store the speed. ► Observe the activation conditions for cruise control (→ page 152).
Cruise control and Limiter inoperative	* A warning tone also sounds. Cruise control and the limiter are malfunctioning. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
Blind Spot Assist inoperative	* Blind Spot Assist is malfunctioning. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
Blind Spot Assist currently unavailable. See Owner's Manual	* Blind Spot Assist is temporarily non-operational. The following causes are possible: • You have coupled up a trailer. • The sensors in the rear bumper are dirty. • The function is impaired due to heavy rain or snow. • The radar sensor system is temporarily non-operational, e.g. due to electromagnetic radiation close to TV or radio transmitting stations or other sources of radiation. • The system is outside the operating temperature range. If the causes mentioned above no longer apply, the display message will disappear and Lane Keeping Assist will be operational again. If the display message does not disappear: ► Stop in accordance with the traffic conditions. ► Secure the vehicle against rolling away. ► Switch off the engine. ► Clean the sensors in the rear bumper (→ page 224).

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
	► Restart the engine.
Park Assist cancelled	* An acoustic signal sounds as well. The active parking assistance systems have been cancelled and Active Parking Assist will automatically be aborted. You have touched the steering wheel, for example, or have driven at too high a speed. ► Steer and brake manually. ► Repeat the parking procedure if necessary. Comply with the deactivation conditions (→ page 163).
Park Assist inoperative	* PARKTRONIC is malfunctioning or defective. ► Comply with the instructions and aids in "Function of PARKTRONIC" (→ page 159). ► If the display message continues to be displayed, consult a qualified specialist workshop: * Active Parking Assist is not available or is malfunctioning. ► Switch off the ignition. ► Restart the engine. If the display message continues to be displayed, or if the display does not show the P symbol: ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
Lane Keeping Assist: System inoperative	* Lane Keeping Assist is malfunctioning. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
Lane Keeping Assist currently unavailable. See Owner's Man.	* Lane Keeping Assist has been switched off and is temporarily non-operational. The following causes are possible: • The windscreen is dirty in the camera's field of vision. • Visibility is impaired due to heavy rain, snow or fog. • Lane markings are absent for a long period of time. • The lane markings are worn, dark or covered by dirt or snow, for example. If the causes mentioned above no longer apply, the display message will disappear and Lane Keeping Assist will be operational again. If the display message does not disappear: ► Stop in accordance with the traffic conditions. ► Secure the vehicle against rolling away. ► Clean the windscreen.
 Lowering	* The vehicle level may be lowered for the following reasons: • You have selected a different drive program. • You have exceeded the speed limit.

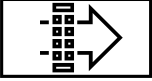
Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
 Vehicle rising	* The vehicle level may be raised for the following reasons: • You have selected a different drive program. • You have fallen below the speed limit.
 Compressor is cooling	* Due to frequent level changes within a short space of time, the compressor first needs to cool down to enable the selected driving level to be set. When the compressor has cooled down, the vehicle will continue rising to the selected vehicle level. ► Drive on in a manner appropriate for the current level. Make sure that there is sufficient ground clearance.
 Malfunction See Owner's Manual	* AIRMATIC is functioning only to a limited extent. The vehicle's handling characteristics may be affected. ! NOTE The tyres on the front axle or the fenders could be damaged by large steering movements ► Avoid large steering movements while driving and listen for scraping sounds. ► If you hear scraping sounds, pull over and stop the vehicle in accordance with the traffic conditions, and set a higher vehicle level if possible. ► Drive in a manner appropriate for the current level, but do not exceed 80 km/h. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.

Engine

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
	* A warning tone also sounds. The battery is no longer being charged for one of the following reasons: • defective alternator • torn poly-V belt • malfunction in the electronics ► Stop immediately in accordance with the traffic conditions and switch off the engine. Do not continue driving. If you do, the engine may overheat. ► Secure the vehicle against rolling away. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
 Exhaust filter: high eng. speed	* The automatic regeneration of the diesel particulate filter is not sufficient or is malfunctioning. ► Drive at an engine speed above 2000 rpm until the display message disappears. If the display message does not go out after approximately 20 minutes, have the malfunction rectified immediately at a qualified specialist workshop.
 Exhaust filter: high eng. speed See Owner's Man.	* The automatic regeneration of the diesel particulate filter is not sufficient or is malfunctioning. ► Drive at an engine speed above 2000 rpm until the display message disappears. If the display message does not go out after approximately 20 minutes, have the malfunction rectified immediately at a qualified specialist workshop.
 (equipment-dependent) Clean the fuel filter	* There is water in the fuel filter. The water must be drained off. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
 Stop vehicle Sw. eng. off	* A warning tone also sounds. The coolant is too hot. ► Stop immediately in accordance with the traffic conditions and switch off the engine. ⚠ WARNING Risk of burns when opening the bonnet If you open the bonnet when the engine has overheated or when there is a fire in the engine compartment, the following situations may occur: • You could come into contact with hot gases. • You could come into contact with other hot, escaping operating fluids. ► Before opening the bonnet, allow the engine to cool down. ► In the event of a fire in the engine compartment, keep the bonnet closed and call the fire service. ⚠ WARNING Risk of scalding from hot coolant If you open the cap, you could be scalded. ► Let the motor cool down before opening the cap. ► When opening the cap, wear protective gloves and safety glasses. ► Open the cap slowly to release pressure. ► Observe the coolant temperature display (→ page 180). ► Wait until the engine has cooled down. ► Ensure that the air supply to the radiator is not obstructed.

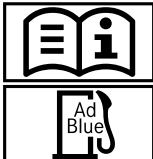
Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
	Vehicles with front-wheel drive: ► Avoiding high engine loads, drive on to the nearest qualified specialist workshop. In doing so, ensure that the coolant temperature display remains below 110°C. Vehicles with rear-wheel drive: ► Avoiding high engine loads, drive on to the nearest qualified specialist workshop. In doing so, ensure that the coolant temperature display remains below 120°C.
Coolant: stop switch engine off	* A warning tone also sounds. The coolant is too hot. ⚠ WARNING Risk of burns when opening the bonnet If you open the bonnet when the engine has overheated or when there is a fire in the engine compartment, the following situations may occur: • You could come into contact with hot gases. • You could come into contact with other hot, escaping operating fluids. ► Before opening the bonnet, allow the engine to cool down. ► In the event of a fire in the engine compartment, keep the bonnet closed and call the fire service. ⚠ WARNING Risk of scalding from hot coolant If you open the cap, you could be scalded. ► Let the motor cool down before opening the cap. ► When opening the cap, wear protective gloves and safety glasses. ► Open the cap slowly to release pressure. ► Stop immediately in accordance with the traffic conditions and switch off the engine. ► Monitor the coolant temperature display  on the instrument cluster. ► Wait until the engine has cooled down. ► Ensure that the air supply to the radiator is not obstructed. Vehicles with front-wheel drive: ► Avoiding high engine loads, drive on to the nearest qualified specialist workshop. In doing so, ensure that the coolant temperature display remains below 110°C. Vehicles with rear-wheel drive: ► Avoiding high engine loads, drive on to the nearest qualified specialist workshop. In doing so, ensure that the coolant temperature display remains below 120°C.

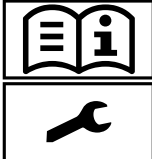
Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
	* The fan motor is defective. Vehicles without steering-wheel buttons: ► Check the coolant temperature (→ page 180). Vehicles with steering-wheel buttons: ► Check the coolant temperature display  on the instrument cluster. If the coolant temperature is below the maximum value specified below, you can continue driving to the nearest qualified specialist workshop. Avoid high engine loads, e.g. driving on hilly roads or stop-and-go driving. During normal driving and if the coolant level is correct, the coolant temperature display is permitted to rise to the following maximum values: • in vehicles with front-wheel drive, up to 110°C • in vehicles with rear-wheel drive, up to 120°C
 Top up coolant	* The coolant level is too low. ! NOTE Engine damage due to insufficient coolant ► Avoid long journeys with insufficient coolant. ► Top up with coolant, following the notes on coolant (→ page 220). If you frequently need to top up the coolant: ► Have the engine cooling system checked at a qualified specialist workshop.
 Top up coolant See Owner's Manual	* The coolant level is too low. ! NOTE Engine damage due to insufficient coolant ► Avoid long journeys with insufficient coolant. ► Top up with coolant, following the notes on coolant (→ page 220). If you frequently need to top up the coolant: ► Have the engine cooling system checked at a qualified specialist workshop.
 Replace air cleaner	* The engine air filter is dirty and must be replaced. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
 Check engine oil level or Check eng. oil lev. when next refuelling	* A warning tone also sounds. The oil level in your vehicle has fallen to the minimum. ! NOTE Engine damage caused by driving with insufficient engine oil ► Avoid long journeys with insufficient engine oil. ► Check the oil level when next refuelling, at the latest (→ page 219). ► If necessary, top up the engine oil (→ page 220). If engine oil frequently needs to be topped up: ► Have the engine checked at a qualified specialist workshop.
Manually check oil level	* Reminder to check the oil level. ! NOTE Engine damage caused by driving with insufficient engine oil ► Avoid long journeys with insufficient engine oil. ► Check the oil level when next refuelling, at the latest (→ page 219). ► If necessary, top up the engine oil (→ page 220). ► To confirm the oil level check: press and hold the (R) button.
 Manually check oil level	* Reminder to check the oil level. ! NOTE Engine damage caused by driving with insufficient engine oil ► Avoid long journeys with insufficient engine oil. ► Check the oil level when next refuelling, at the latest (→ page 219). ► If necessary, top up the engine oil (→ page 220). ► To confirm the oil level: press the [OK] button.
 Stop vehicle Sw. eng. off	* The oil level is too low. There is a risk of engine damage. ► Stop immediately in accordance with the traffic conditions and switch off the engine. ► Secure the vehicle against rolling away. ► Check the oil level (→ page 219). ► If necessary, top up the engine oil (→ page 220).
 Engine oil level: Stop vehicle Switch engine off	* The oil level is too low. There is a risk of engine damage. ► Stop immediately in accordance with the traffic conditions and switch off the engine. ► Secure the vehicle against rolling away. ► Check the oil level (→ page 219). ► If necessary, top up the engine oil (→ page 220).

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
 Reserve fuel level	* The fuel supply has dropped into the reserve range. Operation of the auxiliary heating (stationary heater) is deactivated in the reserve range. ► Refuel the vehicle.
	* There is very little fuel in the fuel tank. ► It is absolutely essential to refuel at the nearest filling station.

AdBlue®

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
 Refill AdBlue	* A warning tone also sounds. The AdBlue® level has fallen into the reserve range. ► Top up with AdBlue® immediately (→ page 142).
 Refill AdBlue See Owner's Manual	* A warning tone also sounds. The AdBlue® level has fallen into the reserve range. ► Top up with AdBlue® immediately (→ page 142).
 Refill AdBlue E op XXX km	* A warning tone also sounds. The AdBlue® supply is almost used up and sufficient only for the indicated distance. If you subsequently switch off the engine, the engine management system will prevent the engine from being started again. You will then be able to start the engine only once you have refilled the AdBlue® tank. ► Top up with AdBlue® immediately (→ page 142).
 Refill AdBlue Em. op. in XXX km See Owner's Man.	* A warning tone also sounds. The AdBlue® supply is almost used up and sufficient only for the indicated distance. If you subsequently start the engine again, you will be able to drive the vehicle only at a maximum speed of 20 km/h for the distance shown. After that, engine management will prevent the engine from starting. ► Top up with AdBlue® immediately (→ page 142).
 20 km/h-No start in XXX km	* A warning tone also sounds. The AdBlue® tank is empty. You can drive the distance shown at a maximum speed of 20 km/h. If you subsequently switch off the engine, the engine management system will prevent the engine from being started again. You will then be able to start the engine only once you have refilled the AdBlue® tank. ► When you stop and park the vehicle, please note the following:

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
	• Stop the vehicle in accordance with the traffic conditions. • Add at least two refill bottles or approximately 4 l of AdBlue® (→ page 142). • Turn the key to position 2 in the ignition lock and wait for approximately one minute. When the new level is detected by the engine management system, you will be able to start the engine again.
 Limp-home mode: 20 km/h No start ... km See Owner's Manual.	* A warning tone also sounds. The AdBlue® tank is empty. You can drive the distance shown at a maximum speed of 20 km/h. If you subsequently switch off the engine, the engine management system will prevent the engine from being started again. You will then be able to start the engine only once you have refilled the AdBlue® tank. ► Stop the vehicle in accordance with the traffic conditions. ► Top up with AdBlue® immediately (→ page 142).
 Refill AdBlue Start not possible	* A warning tone also sounds. The AdBlue® tank is empty. You can no longer start the engine. ► Top up with at least 8 l of AdBlue® (→ page 142). ► Turn the key to position 2 in the ignition lock and wait for approximately one minute. The engine can be restarted once the engine management has detected the new level.
 AdBlue syst. Malfunc.	* A warning tone also sounds. The AdBlue® system is malfunctioning. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately.
 AdBlue system Malfunction See Owner's Man.	* A warning tone also sounds. The AdBlue® system is malfunctioning. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately.
 AdBlue malf. E op XXXkm	* A warning tone also sounds. The AdBlue® system is malfunctioning. The displayed distance is the maximum you can drive. After that, the engine management system will prevent the engine from being started again. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately.

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
 AdBlue malfunction Em. op. in XXX km See Owner's Man.	* A warning tone also sounds. The AdBlue® system is malfunctioning. The displayed distance is the maximum you can drive. If you subsequently start the engine again, you will be able to drive the vehicle only at a maximum speed of 20 km/h for the distance shown. After that, engine management will prevent the engine from starting. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately.
 20 km/h-No start in XXX km	* A warning tone also sounds. The AdBlue® system is malfunctioning. You can drive the distance shown at a maximum speed of 20 km/h. If you subsequently switch off the engine, the engine management system will prevent the engine from being started again. ► Drive on to a qualified specialist workshop. or ► Stop the vehicle in accordance with the traffic conditions and consult a qualified specialist workshop.
 Limp-home mode: 20 km/h No start ... km See Owner's Manual.	* A warning tone also sounds. The AdBlue® system is malfunctioning. You may continue to drive the displayed distance at a maximum speed of 20 km/h. If you subsequently switch off the engine, the engine management system will prevent the engine from being started again. ► Drive on to a qualified specialist workshop. or ► Stop the vehicle in accordance with the traffic conditions and consult a qualified specialist workshop.
 Refill AdBlue Start not possible	* A warning tone also sounds. The AdBlue® system is malfunctioning. You can no longer start the engine. ► Inform a qualified specialist workshop immediately.

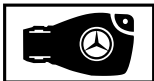
Tyres

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
Rectify tyre pressure	* The tyre pressure is too low in at least one of the tyres, or the difference in tyre pressure between the individual wheels is too great. ► Check the tyre pressure at the next opportunity . ► Correct the tyre pressure as necessary. ► Restart the tyre pressure monitoring system (→ page 255).
Check tyre(s)	* A warning tone also sounds. The tyre pressure in one or more tyres has dropped significantly.

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
	 WARNING Risk of an accident due to insufficient tyre pressure • The tyres can burst. • The tyres can wear excessively and/or unevenly. • The driving characteristics as well as the steering and braking may be greatly impaired. You could then lose control of the vehicle.  Observe the recommended tyre pressures.  Adjust the tyre pressure if necessary.  Stop the vehicle without steering or braking suddenly. Pay attention to the traffic conditions.  Secure the vehicle against rolling away.  Check the tyres. If necessary, replace the wheel (→ page 259).  Check the tyre pressure. Correct the tyre pressure as necessary.
Warning tyre defect	* The tyre pressure in one or more tyres has dropped suddenly.  WARNING Risk of an accident from driving with a flat tyre • The tyres can overheat and cause a fire. • The driving characteristics as well as the steering and braking may be greatly impaired. You could then lose control of the vehicle.  Do not drive on with a flat tyre.  Observe the notes on flat tyres.  Stop the vehicle without steering or braking suddenly. Pay attention to the traffic conditions.  Secure the vehicle against rolling away.  Check the tyres. If necessary, replace the wheel (→ page 259).
Tyre press. mon. currently unavail.	* Due to a source of radio interference, no signals from the tyre pressure sensors are being received. The tyre pressure monitoring system is temporarily malfunctioning. The tyre pressure monitoring system will restart automatically as soon as the cause has been rectified.
Wheel sensor(s) missing	* There is no signal from the tyre pressure sensor of at least one tyre. The display is not showing any pressure value for the tyre in question.  Have the faulty tyre pressure sensor replaced at a qualified specialist workshop.
Tyre pressure monitor inoperative No wheel sensors	* The wheels fitted do not have suitable tyre pressure sensors. The tyre pressure monitoring system is deactivated.

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
	► Fit wheels with suitable tyre pressure sensors. The tyre pressure monitoring system will switch on after a few minutes of driving.
Tyre press. mon. inoperative	* The tyre pressure monitoring system is malfunctioning and switched off. Either the wheels fitted do not have suitable tyre pressure sensors or the system is malfunctioning, e.g. because a tyre pressure sensor is faulty. ► Fit wheels with suitable tyre pressure sensors. The tyre pressure monitoring system will switch on after a few minutes of driving. - or ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
Tyre pressure monitor inoperative	* The tyre pressure monitoring system is malfunctioning. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.

Key

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
 Replace key	* The key needs to be replaced. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.

Vehicle

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
 Positioning active or Positioning not act.	* The Vehicle Tracker has been activated or deactivated depending on the display message. - If the display shows the message Positioning active: The vehicle has activated services from Mercedes PRO at its disposal. Locating the vehicle may be possible within the framework of Mercedes PRO connect. ► Check the status of the activated services at https://mercedes.pro. ► Ask the vehicle owner for the details.
	* The tailgate is open. ► Close the tailgate.
	* The rear-end door is open. ► Close the rear-end door(s).

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
	* A warning tone also sounds. The bonnet is open. ⚠ WARNING Risk of accident due to driving with the bonnet unlocked The bonnet may open and block your view. ► Never release the bonnet when driving. ► Before every trip, ensure that the engine bonnet is locked. ► Stop the vehicle immediately in accordance with the traffic conditions. ► Secure the vehicle against rolling away. ► Close the bonnet.
 or 	* In addition, a warning tone sounds during the trip. The display shows the open door or doors. ► Close all the doors.
 Top up washer fluid	* The washer fluid level in the washer fluid reservoir has dropped below the minimum. ► Top up the washer fluid (→ page 222).
  Pwr. steering malfunc.	* A warning tone also sounds. The steering power assistance could be malfunctioning. You may need to steer more forcefully. ► Carefully continue to a qualified specialist workshop and have the steering checked immediately.
 Power steering malfunction See Owner's Man.	* A warning tone also sounds. The power assistance for the steering could be malfunctioning. You may need to steer more forcefully. ► Carefully continue to a qualified specialist workshop and have the steering checked immediately.
Telephone No service	* Your vehicle is outside the transmission and receiver range of the mobile phone network provider.
To start engine, shift to either P or N	* You have attempted to start the engine in transmission position R or D. ► Shift the transmission to position P or N.
Auxiliary battery malfunction	* The auxiliary battery for the transmission is no longer being charged. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
Apply brake to deselect Park (P) position	* You have tried to shift the transmission to position D, R or N without applying the brake. ► Depress the brake pedal.
Apply brake to select R	* You have tried to shift the transmission to position R without applying the brake. ► Depress the brake pedal. ► Select transmission position R.
N permanently activated Risk of vehicle rolling	* A warning tone also sounds. While the vehicle is rolling or driving, the transmission was shifted to position N. ► To stop, depress the brake pedal and, when the vehicle is at a standstill, shift the transmission to position P. ► To continue your journey, shift the transmission to position R or D.
Risk of rolling away Driver's door open and transmission not in P	* A warning tone also sounds. The driver's door is open and the transmission is in position N, R or D. ► Shift the transmission to position P. ► Secure the vehicle against rolling away.
Without changing gear, Consult workshop	* A warning tone also sounds. You can no longer change the transmission position due to a malfunction. If transmission position D has been selected: ► Without changing the transmission position, consult a qualified specialist workshop. If transmission position P, R or N has been selected: ► Inform a qualified specialist workshop.
Reversing not possible: consult workshop	* The transmission is malfunctioning. Transmission position R cannot be selected. ► Inform a qualified specialist workshop.
Transmission malfunction: stop	* The transmission is malfunctioning. The transmission automatically switches to neutral N. ► Stop the vehicle immediately in accordance with the traffic conditions. ► Shift the transmission to position P. ► Inform a qualified specialist workshop.
Only select Park (P) when vehicle is stationary	* The vehicle is still moving. ► Stop in accordance with the traffic conditions. ► Shift the transmission to position P.
 inoperative Battery low	* The on-board electrical system voltage is too low. The hot-water auxiliary heater (stationary heater) has switched itself off or cannot be switched on. ► Drive for an extended distance. The battery will be charged. The hot-water auxiliary heater (stationary heater) will be operational again as soon as the on-board electrical system voltage is sufficient.

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
 inoperative Refuel vehicle	* There is too little fuel in the fuel tank. The hot-water auxiliary heater (stationary heater) cannot be switched on. ► Refuel the vehicle.
 inoperative See Owner's Manual	* The hot-water auxiliary heater (stationary heater) is malfunctioning. ► When the vehicle is stationary on a level surface and the engine has cooled down, make up to four attempts to switch on the hot-water auxiliary heater (stationary heater), waiting several minutes between attempts (→ page 118). If the hot-water auxiliary heater (stationary heater) does not switch on: ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.

Lights

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
 Left dipped beam (example)	* The corresponding light source is defective. Have defective LED lights replaced at a qualified specialist workshop. ► Observe the notes on changing a bulb (→ page 100). ► Replace the defective bulb at the front (→ page 100) or rear (→ page 102). ⓘ Vehicles with LED lights on the trailer: if the current falls below the minimum of 50 mA, a display message may appear even though the trailer lights are working properly.
Ad. Highbeam Asst. inoperative	* Adaptive Highbeam Assist is malfunctioning. ► Switch high beam on/off manually. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
Adaptive Main-beam Assist inoperative	* Adaptive Highbeam Assist is malfunctioning. ► Switch high beam on/off manually. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
 Ad. Highbeam Asst unavailable	* Adaptive Highbeam Assist is deactivated and temporarily inoperative. The following causes are possible: • The windscreen is dirty in the camera's field of vision. • Visibility is impaired due to heavy rain, snow or fog. ► Clean the windscreen. When the system detects that the camera is fully operational, the display will show the message Ad. Highbeam Asst available again. Adaptive Highbeam Assist is operational again.

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
Adaptive Highbeam Assist currently unavailable. See Owner's Man.	* Adaptive Highbeam Assist is deactivated and temporarily inoperative. The following causes are possible: • The windscreen is dirty in the camera's field of vision. • Visibility is impaired due to heavy rain, snow or fog. ► Clean the windscreen. When the system detects that the camera is fully operational, the display will show the message Adaptive Main-beam Assist available again. Adaptive Highbeam Assist is operational again.
Act. light system inoperative	* The active light function is faulty. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
 Active light system inoperative	* The active light function is faulty. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
 AUTO lights inoperative	* The light sensor is faulty. The automatic driving lights are malfunctioning. ► Switch the light functions on/off manually (→ page 93). ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
 AUTO lights inoperative	* The light sensor is faulty. The automatic driving lights are malfunctioning. ► Switch the light functions on/off manually (→ page 93). ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
 (equipment-dependent) Intell. Light System inoperative	* The Intelligent Light System is malfunctioning. The lighting system remains available without the Intelligent Light System functions. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
 Malfunction See Owner's Manual	* The exterior lighting is malfunctioning. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop. * Vehicles with trailer hitch: a fuse may be defective. ! NOTE Electrical fuses ► Observe the information in the supplement. You may otherwise fail to recognise dangers. ► Check the fuses and replace any blown fuses (see "Fuse assignment" supplement). If the display continues to show the message:

Display messages	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
	► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.

Warning and indicator lamps

Indicator and warning lamps on the instrument cluster

Some systems will perform a self-test when the ignition is switched on. Some indicator and warning lamps may briefly light up or flash. This behaviour is non-critical. These indicator and warning lamps indicate a malfunction only if they light up or flash after the engine has been started or during a journey.

Safety systems

Warning/indicator lamp	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
 Restraint system warning lamp	*The red warning lamp for the restraint system is on while the engine is running. The restraint system is malfunctioning. ⚠ WARNING Risk of injury due to malfunctions in the restraint system Components in the restraint system may be activated unintentionally or not deploy as intended in an accident. ► Have the restraint system checked and repaired immediately at a qualified specialist workshop. ► Pay attention to the display messages. ► Drive on carefully. ► Have the restraint system and its components checked by a qualified specialist workshop immediately. Further information on the restraint system and its components can be found under "Occupant safety".
 Brake system warning lamp  ABS warning lamp	*The ABS and brake warning lamps are on while the engine is running. EBD is not available due to a malfunction. As a result, BAS, hill start assist and ESP® as well as their driving safety systems are not available. ATTENTION ASSIST has been deactivated and additional driving systems may have been switched off automatically. ⚠ WARNING Risk of skidding if EBD, ABS and ESP® are malfunctioning The wheels may block during braking and ESP® does not perform any vehicle stabilization.

Warning/indicator lamp	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
	The steerability and braking characteristics are heavily impaired and the braking distance may increase. In addition, other driving safety systems are switched off. ► Drive on carefully. ► Have the brake system checked immediately at a qualified specialist workshop. ► Switch off the engine, wait a while and restart the engine. ► Check whether the display message has disappeared and ESP® is operational. If the display message continues to be displayed: ► Drive on carefully. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately.
 Brake system warning lamp	*The red brake system warning lamp is on while the engine is running. There is insufficient brake fluid in the brake fluid reservoir. ▲ WARNING Risk of an accident due to low brake fluid level If the brake fluid level is too low, the braking effect and the braking characteristics may be impaired. ► Stop the vehicle as soon as possible, paying attention to road and traffic conditions. Do not continue driving. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop. ► Do not top up the brake fluid. ► Secure the vehicle against rolling away.
 ABS warning lamp	*The yellow ABS warning lamp is on while the engine is running. ABS has been switched off due to a malfunction. As a result, BAS, hill start assist and ESP® as well as their driving safety systems have also been switched off. ATTENTION ASSIST has been deactivated and additional driving systems may have been switched off automatically. ▲ WARNING Risk of skidding if ABS and ESP® are malfunctioning The wheels may block during braking and ESP® does not perform any vehicle stabilization. The steerability and braking characteristics are heavily impaired and the braking distance may increase. In addition, other driving safety systems are switched off. ► Drive on carefully. ► Have ABS and ESP® checked immediately at a qualified specialist workshop. ► Switch off the engine, wait a while and restart the engine.

Warning/indicator lamp	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
	► Check whether the display message has disappeared and ESP® is operational. If the display message continues to be displayed: ► Drive on carefully. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately. If the ABS control unit is defective, other systems may be available only with restrictions or may be unavailable.
 ESP® warning lamp	*The yellow ESP® warning lamp flashes while the vehicle is in motion. ESP® or traction control intervenes because there is a risk of skidding or at least one wheel is spinning. Cruise control has been automatically switched off. ► When pulling away, accelerate only as much as is necessary. ► Depress the accelerator pedal less during your journey. ► Adapt your driving style to suit the road and weather conditions. ► Do not switch off ESP®. In exceptional cases, it may be better to switch off ESP®(→ page 147).
 ESP® warning lamp	*The yellow ESP® warning lamp is on while the engine is running. ESP®, BAS, hill start assist, ESP® trailer stabilization and Crosswind Assist are not available due to a malfunction. ATTENTION ASSIST is deactivated and other driving systems could be automatically deactivated. ▲ WARNING Risk of skidding if ESP® is malfunctioning If ESP® is malfunctioning, ESP® cannot carry out vehicle stabilisation. In addition, other driving safety systems are switched off. ► Drive on carefully. ► Have ESP® checked at a qualified specialist workshop. ► Switch the engine off, wait briefly and start the engine again. ► Check whether the display message has disappeared and ESP® is operational. If the display message continues to be shown: ► Drive on carefully. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop immediately.
 ESP® OFF warning lamp	*The yellow ESP® OFF warning lamp is on while the engine is running or the ECO start-stop function is active. ESP® has been switched off.

Warning/indicator lamp	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
	▲ WARNING Risk of skidding when driving with ESP[®] deactivated ESP[®] does not act to stabilise the vehicle. The availability of further driving safety systems is also limited. ► Drive on carefully. ► Deactivate ESP[®] only for as long as the situation requires. If ESP[®] cannot be activated, ESP[®] is malfunctioning. ► Have ESP[®] checked immediately at a qualified specialist workshop. ► Switch ESP[®] on again. In exceptional cases, it may be better to switch off ESP[®] (→ page 147). ► Adapt your driving style to suit the road and weather conditions. If ESP[®] cannot be switched on: ► Drive on carefully. ► Have ESP[®] checked at a qualified specialist workshop.

Seat belt

Warning/indicator lamp	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
 Seat belt warning lamp	*The red seat belt warning lamp lights up or flashes after the engine has started. A warning tone may also sound. For certain countries only: The red seat belt warning lamp lights up for a maximum of six seconds after the ignition has been switched on. The seat belt warning lamp reminds the driver and front passenger to fasten their seat belts. ► Fasten your seat belt (→ page 27).
 Seat belt warning lamp	*The red warning lamp for the seat belt lights up after the engine starts as soon as the driver's or front passenger door has been closed. The driver's or front passenger's seat belt is not fastened. ► Fasten your seat belt (→ page 27). The warning lamp will go out. In vehicles with automatic front passenger airbag deactivation, there are objects on the front passenger seat. ► Take the objects off the front passenger seat and stow them in a well-secured place. The warning lamp will go out.

Warning/indicator lamp	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
 Seat belt warning lamp	*The red seat belt warning lamp flashes and an intermittent warning tone sounds. The driver's or front passenger's seat belt is not fastened. You are driving at a speed greater than 25 km/h or have briefly exceeded 25 km/h. ► Fasten your seat belt (→ page 27). The warning lamp and the intermittent warning tone will go out. In vehicles with automatic front passenger airbag actuation, there are objects on the front passenger seat. You are driving at a speed greater than 25 km/h or have briefly exceeded 25 km/h. ► Take the objects off the front passenger seat and stow them in a well-secured place. The warning lamp and the intermittent warning tone will go out.

Driving systems

Warning/indicator lamp	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
 Warning lamp for distance warning function	*The red distance warning lamp lights up while the vehicle is in motion. The distance to the vehicle in front is too small for the selected speed. ► Increase the distance to the vehicle in front.
 Warning lamp for distance warning function	*The red distance warning lamp lights up while the vehicle is in motion. A warning tone also sounds. You are approaching a vehicle or a stationary obstacle on your anticipated route at excessive speed. ► Be ready to apply the brakes immediately. ► Pay careful attention to the traffic situation. If necessary, apply the brakes or avoid an obstacle. You can find further information about the distance warning function in "Active Brake Assist" (→ page 149).

Vehicle

Warning/indicator lamp	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
 Power steering system warning lamp	*The red power steering system warning lamp is on while the engine is running. A warning tone also sounds. The power assistance for the steering may be malfunctioning. You may need to use more force to steer. ► Carefully drive on to a qualified specialist workshop and have the steering checked immediately.

Warning/indicator lamp	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
 Door indicator lamp	* The yellow "door open" indicator lamp is lit. A door is not fully closed. ► Close all the doors.
 Clutch pedal indicator lamp	* The yellow clutch pedal indicator lamp is lit when the ignition is switched on. You are attempting to start the engine and the clutch pedal is not fully depressed. ► Depress the clutch pedal as far as it will go for the starting procedure.
 Tachograph warning lamp	* The yellow tachograph indicator lamp is lit. The tachograph (TCO) has malfunctioned, e.g. due to invalid data or a missing driver card. Possible causes of malfunctions can be found in the manufacturer's operating instructions.

Engine

Warning/indicator lamp	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
 Engine diagnostics warning lamp	* The yellow engine diagnostics warning lamp is on while the engine is running. There may be a malfunction in the following vehicle systems: • engine management • injection • exhaust system • ignition system (in vehicles with a petrol engine) • fuel system This can cause the emissions limit values to be exceeded and the engine to run in emergency mode. ► Have the vehicle checked immediately at a qualified specialist workshop.
 Fuel reserve warning lamp	* The yellow fuel reserve warning lamp is on while the engine is running. The fuel supply has dropped into the reserve range. ► Refuel the vehicle.
 Coolant warning lamp	* In vehicles without steering-wheel buttons, the coolant temperature display is at the start of the bar display (→ page 180). In vehicles with steering-wheel buttons, the coolant temperature display on the instrument cluster is at the start of the scale. The temperature sensor for the coolant temperature display is defective.

Warning/indicator lamp	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
	The coolant temperature is no longer being monitored. If the coolant is too hot, the engine may be damaged. ► Stop immediately in accordance with the traffic conditions and switch off the engine. Do not continue driving! ► Secure the vehicle against rolling away. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.
 Coolant warning lamp	*The red coolant warning lamp is on while the engine is running. The coolant level is too low. If the coolant level is correct, the air supply to the radiator may be impaired or the radiator's electric fan may be faulty. The coolant is too hot and the engine is not being adequately cooled. ► Pay attention to the display messages. ► Stop immediately in accordance with the traffic conditions and switch off the engine. ► Secure the vehicle against rolling away. ► Exit the vehicle and keep a safe distance from it until the engine has cooled down. ► Check the coolant level and top up with coolant, complying with the instructions (→ page 220). ► If the coolant has to be topped up frequently, have the engine cooling system checked at a qualified specialist workshop. ► Ensure that the air supply to the radiator is not impaired, e.g. by a plastic bag that has been blown onto the grille. ► Check the coolant temperature: • In vehicles without steering-wheel buttons – via the display on the on-board computer • In vehicles with steering-wheel buttons – via the analogue display on the instrument cluster ► Do not restart the engine until the coolant temperature is below the specified maximum value. If you do, the engine may be damaged. ► Drive on to the nearest qualified specialist workshop. Avoid high engine loads, e.g. driving on hilly roads or stop-and-go driving. During normal driving and if the coolant level is correct, the coolant temperature display is permitted to rise to the following maximum values: • In vehicles with front-wheel drive – up to 110°C • In vehicles with rear-wheel drive – up to 120°C
 Coolant warning lamp	*The red coolant warning lamp is on while the engine is running. A warning tone also sounds. The coolant temperature has exceeded the maximum value specified below. The air supply to the radiator may be impaired or the coolant level may be too low. The engine has not been sufficiently cooled and may be damaged.

Warning/indicator lamp	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
	⚠ WARNING Risk of burns when opening the bonnet If you open the bonnet when the engine has overheated or when there is a fire in the engine compartment, the following situations may occur: • You could come into contact with hot gases. • You could come into contact with other hot, escaping operating fluids. ► Before opening the bonnet, allow the engine to cool down. ► In the event of a fire in the engine compartment, keep the bonnet closed and call the fire service. ► Pay attention to the display messages. ► Stop immediately in accordance with the traffic conditions and switch off the engine. ► Secure the vehicle against rolling away. ► Exit the vehicle and keep a safe distance from it until the engine has cooled down. ► Check the coolant level and top up with coolant, complying with the instructions (→ page 220). ► If the coolant has to be topped up frequently, have the engine cooling system checked at a qualified specialist workshop. ► Ensure that the air supply to the radiator is not impaired, e.g. by a plastic bag that has been blown onto the grille. ► Check the coolant temperature: • In vehicles without steering-wheel buttons – via the display on the on-board computer . • In vehicles with steering-wheel buttons – via the analogue display on the instrument cluster ► If the coolant temperature is below the maximum value specified below, you can continue driving to the nearest qualified specialist workshop. ► Avoid high engine loads, e.g. driving on hilly roads or stop-and-go driving. During normal driving and if the coolant level is correct, the coolant temperature display is permitted to rise to the following maximum values: • In vehicles with front-wheel drive – up to 110°C • In vehicles with rear-wheel drive – up to 120°C

Tyres

Warning/indicator lamp	Possible causes/consequences and ► Solutions
 Tyre pressure monitoring system warning lamp	*The yellow tyre pressure monitoring system warning lamp (pressure loss/malfunction) is on. The tyre pressure monitoring system has detected a loss of pressure in at least one tyre. ▲ WARNING Risk of an accident due to insufficient tyre pressure • The tyres can burst. • The tyres can wear excessively and/or unevenly. • The driving characteristics as well as the steering and braking may be greatly impaired. You could then lose control of the vehicle. ► Observe the recommended tyre pressures. ► Adjust the tyre pressure if necessary. ► Stop the vehicle without steering or braking suddenly. Pay attention to the traffic conditions. ► Secure the vehicle against rolling away. ► Pay attention to the display messages. ► Check the tyres and, if necessary, replace the wheel (→ page 259). ► Check the tyre pressure . In vehicles with steering-wheel buttons, you can check the tyre pressure electronically (→ page 254). ► Correct the tyre pressure as necessary.
 Tyre pressure monitoring system warning lamp	*The yellow tyre pressure monitoring system warning lamp (pressure loss/malfunction) flashes for approximately one minute and then remains lit. The tyre pressure monitoring system is malfunctioning. ▲ WARNING There is a risk of an accident if the tyre pressure monitoring system is malfunctioning The tyre pressure monitoring system cannot issue a warning if there is pressure loss in one or more of the tyres. Tyres with insufficient tyre pressure may impair the driving characteristics as well as steering and braking. ► Have the tyre pressure monitoring system checked at a qualified specialist workshop. ► Pay attention to the display messages. ► Consult a qualified specialist workshop.

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Publication details

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Your operating instructions



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